

Contents

2

		0
Part I	Introduction 1	1
1	Contents	11
2	Program activation	12
3	Registering for web functions	14
4	User Concept with Ribbons	15
5	Screen Layout	19
6	Replaying, entering and saving games	21
7	Playing through games with the mouse wheel	22
8	Finding Games	23
9	Manage Databases	24
10	Printing and Publishing	25
11	Movies in ChessBase	27
12	Correspondence chess management	29
13	Configure the program	31
14	Support	32
Part II	User Interface 3	34

Part II User Interface

1 Program Windows	34
Database window	
Database w indow	
Preview Window in the Database Window	
Double click on the fast board	
Help Menu	
Useful shortcut Ctrl-F6	39
Board window	39
Instant Analysis	39
Endgame probabilities	40
Trends	
Engine w indow	43
Select Default Engine	45
New in selected database	
Extended Engine Information	
Notation w indow	
Replay Training	49
Repertoire training	55
Plan Explorer	58
Use of colours for variations within the notation!	62
Flexible headings in the notation window	65
Diagrams within notation	65
Moves highlighted with a yellow arrow	66
Show ing the name of the opening	67
Notation Window Toolbar	67

Contents	

		<u>ا</u>
	DGT Board	69
	Position Setup using the DGT board	69
	Board window	
	Extended Information in the Board Window	
	Navigating games with the slider	
	Annotation palette	
	Fold notation	
	Search result window	
	Game History in the Board Window	
	Add analysis engine	
	Real 3D Board	81
	Ray Tracing boards	82
	Book analysis window	
	Book w indow	85
	Maximum size of the tree of positions	
	Extended Book Display	
	Different Statistical Displays in the Opening Book	
	3D Board Settings	
	Game overview	
	Score Sheet Notation	
	Table notation	
	Goto Fritz	
	Best game	
	Sending games to the web app Fritz	
	Passing on to the openings app	
List	Window	97
	List w indow	
	Default Text	
	Games list	
	Tips Game list	101
	Customising the display of information	
	Copying games with a right click	
	Top Games in the Database Game List	
	Database statistics	
	Player index	
	No games displayed in Player index	
	Player preparation by mouse click	111
	Tournament index	
	Full text search in the Tournament list	
	Annotator index	
	Source index	
	Teams index	
	Endgame keys	
	Strategy key	
	Tactics key	
	Theme keys	
	Endgame Classification	
	New Index	
Diale	og Boxes	
	Search mask	
	Single Line Search Input	
	Search mask	
	Search mask – Game data	
	Tip Search mask	

	Search mask – Annotations	130
	Search mask – Manoeuvres	131
	Search mask – Material	135
	Search mask - Attacks	140
	Search mask – Medals	144
	Search mask – Position	145
	Searching for time controls	146
	Options	147
	User name	147
	Setting the notation	
	Design Dialog	151
	Standard engine and Heumas	152
	Limits	153
	Tablebase Path	154
	Syzygy Tablebases	154
	Gaviota EGTB files	157
	Clipboard PGN Options	
	Folders	158
	Database file selector	159
	Copy games to book	159
	Parameters for Reference Search	160
	Feedback for training positions	161
	Training questions including those being timed	162
	Database types	
	Edit player's name	165
	Save mask	165
	Save Mask - Annotator and Teams	167
	Board design	168
	ID-Card	170
	Options in the book window	171
	Source edit dialog	172
	Tournament data	173
	Serial Number	174
	Book Window Options	
	Options Player Encyclopedia	175
	Tournament tables	176
	Rearranging windows	178
2	Keyboard Shortcuts	179
	Customize Shortcuts	
	Keyboard shortcuts for commentary symbols	
	Keyboard shortcuts in games lists	
	Keyboard shortcuts in the board window	
	Keyboard shortcuts in the database window	
3	Fonts	
4	Drag & Drop	183
Dart III	Reference	184
raitill	Velei elle	104

1	Entering and Annotating Games	184
	Analysis engine	184
	Enter moves	185
	New input mode for games	187
	Rapid input of games	189

Contents

	Assisted analysis	190
	Trying Out Moves	
	Enter moves with single clicks	196
	Correcting moves	196
	How can you insert a possible continuation into a saved game?	197
	Enter position	197
	Annotating games	199
	Annotation palette	200
	Text commentary	201
	Fonts Commentary Box	203
	Language selection by mouse click	203
	Variations	
	Stopping the variation box from appearing	205
	Editorial annotation	206
	Critical positions	206
	Removing critical positions from notation	207
	Graphic commentary	208
	Coloured circle in the notations?	209
	Medals	210
	Removing medals	211
	Bookmark games in ChessBase	211
	Color bars	213
	Insert a diagram before the first move	
	Pawn structure and piece path	216
	Saving games	
	Changed conventions for the saving and replacing of games!	
	Merging games	221
	Tipp Merging Games	
	Replace game	
	Input and saving of illegal positions	223
	Training	
	Threat Animation	
	Chess Media System	225
	Create training lessons	226
	Solve training lessons	228
	Training notation	229
	Training database	
	Training questions with diagrams	230
2	Finding Games	231
	Filtering a games list	
	Direct Search in a Database List	
	Saving searches	
	Tips on searching for a player	
	Interactive search for structures	
	Search for games between players whose Eo ratings differ greatly	
	Searching for positions	
	Searching for annotated games	
	Sorting games in the list	
	Online database	
	Annotated games	
	Browse Positions	
	Intelligent Searches in the Online Database	
	Position search in the online database	
	Updating the search window of the online database	

	Game History	249
	Clever game handling	251
	Search for sacrifices	252
	Search in the Online database	253
	Search in the reference database	253
	Reference database	254
	Search for similar endgames	256
	Search for similar middle game structures	257
	Search for similar moves	
	Same players	259
	Final Material	260
	Piece probability	260
	Statistics	262
3	Finding Players	
-	Player encyclopedia	
	Player Encyclopedia online	
	No information from the player encyclopaedia?	
	ID-Card	
	Player index	
	Player dossier	
	Search in the player encyclopedia	
	Player Encyclopedia as List	
	Spelling of players' names	
4	Database Management	273
	Databases	273
	Database types	275
	My databases	276
	Database symbols	278
	Creation date of a Database	279
	Directly deleting databases	280
	Tip for a new installation	281
	Default book	281
	Advanced Database Management	282
	Search booster	283
	Clip database	
	Clip database for web-based use	285
	Database file selector	287
	Copy games	
	Choosing good games	
	Import protocol	290
	Delete game	290
	Tip Deleting Games	291
	Deleting a Database	
	Rename a Database	293
	Install database from DVD	293
	Install database on hard disk	
	Update of the Reference Database	
	Games subscriptions	296
	Downloads Reference Database	
	Copy games to book	298
	Manage Databases	299
	Database path	
	Archive database	
	Edit menu in games list	302
	-	

	File names and extensions	
	Check integrity	305
	Search booster	305
	Automatic Correction of Player Names	306
	Filter – Good Games	307
	Database formats	307
	*.cbone	
	Register File Types	308
	Database Indexes	309
	Folders	310
	Find double games	310
	A tip on searching for doubles	313
	PGN format	
	PGN Downloads from the Internet	
	Saving Games in PGN	
	Password	315
	Network capability	315
5	General	316
	Elo ratings	
	ECO classification	
	ChessBase Magazine	
	Commentary symbols	
	Chess notation	
	Mega Database	
6	Openings	
Ŭ		
	Define reference database	
	Opening Reference	
	Name of the opening	
	Searching in the online shop	
	Show Hot Variations	
	Opening reference for databases	
	Opening reference for groups of games	
	Openings report	
	Openings classification	
	Collect Openings	
	Openings book	
	Classify whole database	
	Find novelty/compare	
	Novelty Annotation	
	Openings Key	
	What are classification keys?	
	Show classification positions	
	Openings key	
	Key functions	
	Insert new key	
	Install new key	
	Define/Insert key memo	
	Transfer key	
	Sorting Keys	
	Repertoire	
	Repertoire database	
	Immediate Access to the Repertoire Database	
	Add game to repertoire	
	Creating a Repertoire Database	346

	Repertoire print	349
7	Printing and Publishing	350
	Output menu in games list	350
	Page setup	351
	Page setup - Print games	353
	Publishing of Games in the Internet	354
	Creating Books	356
	E-Mails from ChessBase	359
	Diagram List	360
8	Program Configuration	361
	DirectX	361
	DGT Board	
	Language	
	Limits	
	Line Miscellaneous options	
	Favourites list	
	Optimize Real 3D Board	
٩	Correspondence Chess	
3	•	
	ICCF Correspondence Chess Server	
	Correspondence chess management	
	Correspondence header	
	Correspondence move	
10	Engines	371
	Installed engines	371
	Default engine	
	Load Engine	
	Loading multiple instances of an engine	
	Hash tables	
	Engine parameters	
	UCI Engines	
	Extended Options in the Engine Window	
	Extended Engine Information	
	Deep analysis	
	Cloud Analysis	
	Analysis Jobs	
	Tactical analysis	
	A tip on tactical analysis	
11	Engine - Cloud.com	
	Server Engine-Cloud.com	
	List View	
	Board window with provided engine	
	Engine connection	
	Using a Cloud Engine privately	
	Public Cloud Engines	
	Offering a public Cloud Engine	
	Summary of the auction system	
	Hints Engine Cloud	
	Use of Cloud Engines	
	Providers of Cloud Engines	
	Cloud Engines on Playchess.com	
	Cloud Game Analysis	
	Let's Check	416

Infinite Analysis with a Cloudengine	
Sottingo dialog tor providoro	110
Settings dialog for providers	
0	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
-	
•	
d Databases	451
Cloud Databases	451
DataBase Format Cloud	452
Registration with ChessBase Cloud	453
Create new Cloud Databases	454
Saving Games	455
Storage space for the Cloud Databases	455
Using Cloud Databases offline	456
Database functions with Cloud Databases	456
Deleting a Cloud Database locally	457
Accessing Cloud Databases on other computers	457
Repertoire Databases in the Cloud	
	Engine Computer

Database text	
Database text header	
Database text editor	
Database text multimedia links	
Database text chess links	
Format text	
Default Text	47
Looking for and finding database texts	

Part IV Support

	ouppoint	
1	Optimize Real 3D Board	472
2	Trouble shooting	472
3	Font problems	473
4	Support	473
5	Admin Tool	475
6	FAQ on activating / deactivating	475
7	Updates	476
8	64 bit versions of Windows	476
9	DGT Board 64 Bit	477
10	Error Messages	477
	Can't open database	477
	Database in use, can't delete	477
	Only replace game with multimedia commentary	477
	Not enough RAM memory	
	Read/write error	478
	Wrong database format	478

Index

1 Introduction

1.1 Contents



Finding games Replay, enter and save games Managing Databases Printing, Publishing, E-Mail Correspondence Chess Configure the program

Support

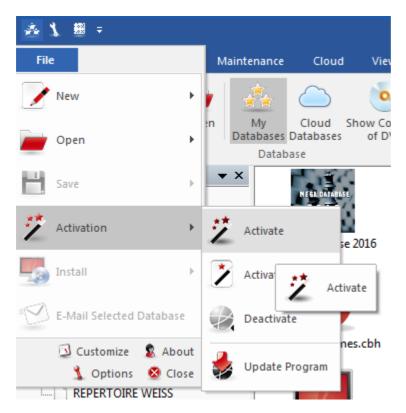
Chess News, New Products: <u>www.chessbase.com</u> Chess Server: <u>www.playchess.com</u>.

1.2 Program activation

The first time you start the program you have to enter the serial number. <u>After doing</u> this you can access the online database.

Some of the program features only work correctly if the program has access to a fast, up to date <u>online database</u>. The program has to be first activated on the Internet to do this.

The program is registered with the command **Menu File** Activation Activate.



Usually the serial number that you entered when installing the program is entered into the dialog box as default.

After activating the program you are given a message about the activation status.

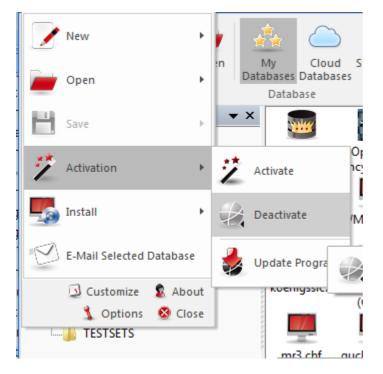
If you want to install the program on a new computer you must first deactivate the old registration. The reason for this is the hardware recognition. When you register the program the server stores details about your computer's hardware configuration.

The program is deactivated with **Menu File** Activation **Deactivate**. This increases the remaining activation count on the server.

Note: It is possible to register the program for use with a <u>maximum of two computers</u> with one serial number.

Introduction	13
--------------	----

If a serial number is not already present in the text boxes type the number that you received with the program. The serial number can be used to install the program on a maximum of two computers. If you want to install the program on a new computer, or you want to re-install your operating system, you should first deactivate the current registration online.



After entering the serial number you have to register the program on the Internet. To do this use the *Menu File* and click on *Activate*.

The online activation is necessary to be able to receive things such as free program <u>updates</u>. It is only possible to use <u>"Let's Check</u>" in the Online Analysis after activationg the program.

Information about ChessBase Admin Tool

Important: If you want to install the program on a new computer you must first deactivate the previous online registration. The reason for this is the hardware recognition. When the program is registered the server stores information about the system configuration of the user's computer.

Note: If you make significant changes to your computer's system configuration you must also deactivate the program and activate it again.

See also the FAQ

1.3 Registering for web functions

In the **Home** Menu you will find the registration box for the use of the web-based services offered by the program. This is where for the whole time you are working you can log in for the web-based services offered by the program.

A click on "Login" starts the dialogue.

Login Edit Account ChessBase	
to Playchess, the Or Let's Check, a	ssbase Account to get access and the Engine Cloud.
Username Password	Pitters
Remember Passwo	ord
ОК	No, thanks

"Create new player name" allows you to enter a new player name.

Should you – like the majority of users of CB – already have registered for an account with ChessBase enter your own data, i.e. user name and password. "Save password" makes access easier when you re-start the program, since you do not have to enter your access data each time.

After you have registered there is a simple way to check whether your log-in has worked. A click on "playchess.com" in the bottom left of the window starts the access to the chess server with your user name. Unlike in earlier versions of the program, therefore, you do not have to keep on entering your access data because the login now follows "seamlessly".

The panel reappears in those windows which require logging in to a server.

These are as follows:

1. Chess server: login is automatic. You can start working immediately.

2. Games cloud: here too the login is automatic. But there is the additional option of working on the databases offline.

3. Engine cloud: here too the login is automatic. You can start working immediately.

4. Online database: if your ChessBase account has premium access and you are logged in, when you access the online database you also receive games in annotated form.

5. <u>Let's Check</u> / Live book: automatic login only works here if you have indicated this in the appropriate setup dialog.

The entries for name and password are prefilled with your CB Account data. Otherwise there is no change here from the previous version.

6. Games subscriptions: here too, login is automatic. If you have already registered your weekly games updates under your CB account, there is no more you need to do. Everything works as previously.

1.4 User Concept with Ribbons

ChessBase uses a completely new design which is based on the proposals of the "Microsoft Fluent UI". The so-called Ribbons were first used by Microsoft in Office 2007. The ribbon is a graphical concept for combining menus and icons. This user concept is very useful for complex programs.



Ribbons are used throughout the program, for instance in the <u>database window</u> and the <u>board window</u>.

The main advantage is that the user no longer has to navigate through a tree of menus and submenus to find the function he needs. Instead of this he is shown icons for the program functions that are available in the current context.



At the top of the program window there are expressions that represent command, such as *Home*, *Reports* or *Maintenance*.

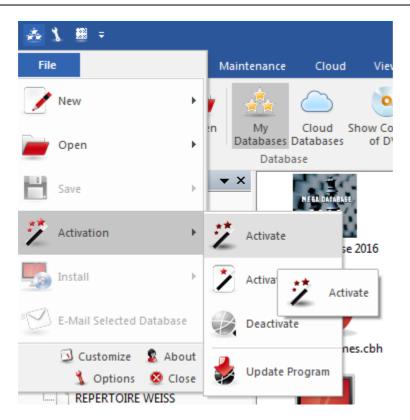
Clicking on one of these expressions does not open a menu, but a toolbar that contains the commands that are available. Every "menu" has its own toolbar, which is called a *ribbon*.

In its default setting the ribbon takes up more room on the screen than the classical combination of menus and toolbar. The symbols are ordered sensibly within the ribbon, depending on the monitor's resolution and the size of the program window. Since there is more room for commands in the ribbons dialog boxes are less common. It is also possible to "minimize" the ribbons to make more room on the screen. This is done by right clicking on a ribbon and selecting *Minimize ribbon*.

Minimize Ribbon

In this case the ribbon is hidden until you click on one of the expressions.

A very important element in this user concept is the **Menu File**. This is activated by the symbol in the top left corner of the program window.

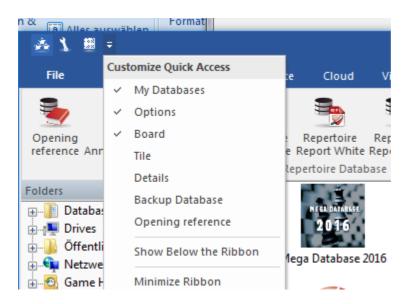


This menu is used to change the program options and start essential program functions.

For instance, in the application menu there is a list of the last databases opened with the program.

File	Home	Report	M	aintenance	Cloud	View	Help
	ew		•	Recent Datat	ases		
				<u>1</u> 2014_10_18	_Samstag.cb	h	
P 📄	pen		۲	<u>2</u> 2014_11_6_	Donnerstag	.cbh	
🤣 A	ctivation		•	<u>3</u> C:\Users\\	New Databa	ise.cbh	
				<u>4</u> C:∖ChessBa	se Daten\ille	gal.cbh	
I 🗐 In	istall		•	<u>5</u> kasparov.cl	bh		
E	-Mail Selecte	d Database		<u>6</u> Mega Data	base 2014.cb	h	
				7 MyInternet	Games.cbh		
				🐧 Option	ns 🛛 🕺 Clos	se 🔟 Cu	ustomize 🙎 About

Another important element is the Quick Access toolbar with a list of icons that can be used to start commonly used functions with a single mouse click.



The user can decide whether the toolbar is displayed beneath the ribbons or in the program's title bar.

The user can also configure the quick access toolbar. Right clicking on one of the icons opens a context menu with the following options:

Add to Quick Access
Show Quick Access Above the Ribbon
Minimize Ribbon

Add to Quick Access gives the user the possibility to add the functions he uses most often to the toolbar.

This user concept has a lot of advantages in day to day work with ChessBase, for instance you can access your favourite functions faster, such as selecting boards or accepting offers on the chess server. Since the symbols in the ribbons are automatically ordered by the frequency of their use this greatly increases your speed.

When you work with the program you should pay attention whether a small arrow is shown next to a command. This arrow means that additional functions are available for this command.



This example shows the menu for adding annotation symbols. If you click on the small arrow you will see a submenu with more functions.

Using ribbons makes it much easier to use the program. Obviously you need to get used to ribbons if you have worked with conventional menus for years, but the new user concept is much more transparent and faster to use.

1.5 Screen Layout

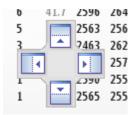
The latest version of the program offers a way to format the screen with intuitive "docking". This allows you to adapt the screen to your own needs.

Click on the title of a window pane (window inside a window) and move it by moving the mouse while holding down the mouse button. In this example we have moved the window with the openings book on top of the chess board.



There are several arrow buttons in the window which are displayed every time you move the window and want to dock it. You can use these buttons to position a window exactly.

To dock a window move the mouse over the coloured area of an arrow button while holding down the mouse button. This gives you a <u>preview of the new window position</u>.



In our example we have chosen the upper arrow, so the window with the openings book notation will be placed directly above the chess board. We have to move the mouse to the blue area and release the mouse button.

Ë	\$		ė	W	' 🔹	÷		Ï	
			ŝ	Ż				1	
	2					$\langle \rangle$			
Buch							×		
_	N	%		Perf					
F	4421	56.4	2599				_		
49.6 49.67	2658 1558	56.2 57.1	2607 2586	2560 2536	-		-		
4	240	56.0	2587	2547					
4. £e7?	13	53.8	2609	2552					
4	6	41.7	2596	2640					
4c5?	5	50.0	2563	2565					
4d5?	3	33.3	2463	2622				Ω	
4 £a6	1	50.0	2632	2574				Ω	
4 2 d6	1	50.0	2590	2550					
4 £c6	1	50.0	2565	2551				0.0.0	
								Ë	
			1/2:1	40 = 28% 509 = 57% 09 = 15%	N = 2658 (3108) 2603-2651 (286) 2607-2560 (287)	0			-

The preview shows the <u>exact position the window will be placed in blue</u>. When you release the mouse button the window will be docked here.

Note: A window can also be dropped anywhere on the screen without docking it.

1.6 Replaying, entering and saving games

You replay games in the <u>board window</u> after you load them from a <u>games list</u> with a double-click or the enter key.

Click in the <u>notation window</u> to jump to any position. Use the cursor to play forward and backward.

Or click on the navigation buttons below the board:





If the replay arrows are not visible, right-click below the board to switch them on. The white arrows in the green circle navigate in the <u>game history</u>. The stop arrows lead to the begin/end of the current variation. The single arrows go forwards/backwards move by move. The red undo button in the center cancels the last move entered.

ChessBase has a new, intuitive way to navigate games. The slider below the board can be dragged or clicked, as in a media player, to get to different parts of the game very quickly. This is especially useful in long, commented games. You can install the slider by using the menu right-clicking the board and using <u>Board Design</u> -> Slider.

You <u>enter moves with the mouse</u> or by typing the coordinates ("e2e4"). You can <u>annotate</u> a game with variations, text, chess symbols and many other special features like colored arrows.

While you replay or enter a game, you can start an <u>analysis engine</u> for move suggestions and evaluations.

When you are done entering and annotating a game, you <u>save</u> it into an existing or new <u>database</u>.

Mousewheel

If you would like to navigate quickly through the notation of a game, you can do so very quickly with the mouse wheel.

You can activate this function via Menu File – Options– $\underline{\text{Misc}}$. – Mouse wheel executes moves

1.7 Playing through games with the mouse wheel

If you would like to navigate quickly through the notation of a game, you can do so very quickly with the mouse wheel.

You can activate this function via *Menu File Options Misc*.



Select "Mouse wheel executes moves".

1.8 Finding Games

How to find games by

Openings

Opening Reference Openings key Openings report ECO-Code

Players, Tournaments, Source, Annotator, Team

Double click a database symbol in the database window. In the database browser, click the tabs <u>Players</u>, <u>Tournaments</u>, <u>Annotators</u>, <u>Sources</u>, <u>Teams</u> to see the related index.

Alternatively, you can use the search mask in any <u>games list</u> to filter the list by those attributes.

Material

Double click a database symbol in the database window. In the database browser, click the tab <u>Endgames</u>. If the database has no endgame key installed, click on the button Install big key to create an endgame key for it.

Alternatively, you can use the search mask in any <u>games list</u> to filter it by <u>material</u>. Or check the <u>final material</u> column in the games list.

Positions and Patterns

You can <u>filter</u> any games list by positional patterns using the <u>position tab</u> in the search mask.

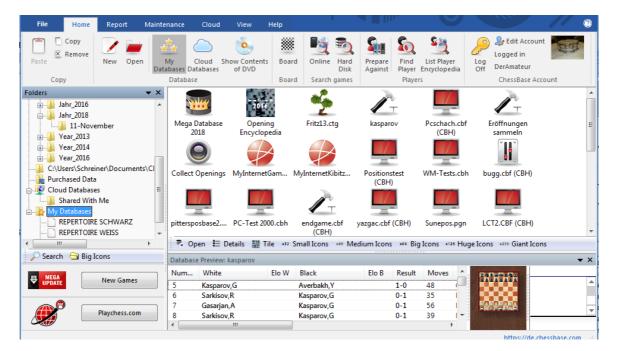
In the search mask you can define the search criteria you wish via the tab "Attacks".

See also:

Filtering a games list Sorting a games list Finding games online

1.9 Manage Databases

ChessBase stores games in <u>databases</u> The <u>database window</u> is your control center to access, copy, delete, edit, merge and backup databases.



• Open a database for browsing in a <u>list window</u> by double-clicking on its symbol in the database window.

- Copy games by <u>Drag & Drop</u> or by menu Edit Copy and menu Edit Paste.
- Edit type and title of a database by right-clicking on the symbol Properties.

• Call <u>advanced database management</u> functions by right-clicking on the symbol – Tools.

• The most important tool is to <u>backup</u> a database into a single compressed file: *Right-click, Tools* Backup Database.

-165L2	Ean		,	1911	COLLICOT (COLL)	-		Elo B
ls 🔡	Remove Delete All Files	Entf Umschalt+Entf		Hug	e Icons x256 Giant Icons	▼ ×	h,Y v,G v.G	
	Tools		۲		Backup Database		Strg+Z	
	Properties	Alt+Eingabe			Remove Deleted Games Check Integrity	•		
	Kasparov, G Kasparov, G	0-1 56 0-1 39			Find Double Games			e data
			'		Sort Database Unannotate DB			
	Edit type and t	title of a database I	by		Cannibalize			

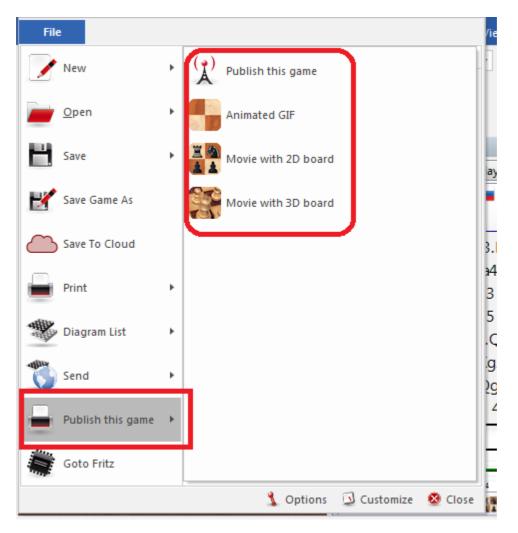
1.10 **Printing and Publishing**

ChessBase prints formatted games, diagrams, game score sheets, and encyclopedic opening tables. You can create text files in different formats like RTF and HTML for further editing in a word processor including embedded diagrams. Finally you can publish games as web pages with Java script.

Printing diagrams

To print diagrams, load a game or <u>enter a position</u>. Call menu *File -> Print -> Print Diagram*.

Our program offers the possibility of generating game notation in the form of an <u>animated film</u>. With this you can present interesting games on the different social networks.



To print several diagrams one one page, use the <u>Diagram List</u>. You can also embed diagrams into a printed game notation with right-click on the notation -> Insert Diagram.

See also Diagram list

Printing games

Print a loaded game with menu *File -> Print -> Print Game* in the board window. ChessBase uses a print preview showing the page layout of the printout. You can cancel this without printing.

From a <u>games list</u> you can print several games in one go. Use Ctrl-mouseclick to select several games, then *right-click -> Output -> Print Selection*.

Note: To change the order of games for layout purposes, drag & drop them to the desired position in the games list.

Printing repertoires

A heavily annotated opening is called repertoire in ChessBase. <u>Printing a repertoire</u> is different from printing games: Repertoires are layouted like tables in the Encyclopedia of Chess Openings (ECO).

Up to move XX" option

"Up to move XX" option - this option, found among the print settings, appears to be new, but I can't seem to use it as it is inactive. Can this option be used to limit the number of moves when printing repertoires, e.g. to 25? Or is there another way to limit printing to a number of moves when printing a repertoire?

Repertoire		Correspon	dence	Coordinates			
Print Diag	yram	Diag	jram title	Fonts			
Layout	Page	numbers	Title	Print games			
🔲 Game nur	Game number						
🔽 ECO code		V	lo numbers				
Annotations			✓ Annotator				
Justify columns			V Paragraphs				
Diagrams			Diagrams directly				
Analysis diagrams small			Use colour				
Up to move			×				
			<u> </u>	<u>Cancel</u>			

The option becomes selectable/active if the "Comments" checkbox is deselected. The value is used when printing multiple game annotations and limits the number of moves printed. This means that variations are then not printed.

Creating textfiles

You can create a textfile from a loaded game or from selected games in a games list. In a games list, select games with Ctrl-mouseclick after bringing them in the desired order by drag & drop. Right-click -> Output -> Selection to Textfile leads you to a dialog box querying the desired format. For your word processor, RTF is a good choice.

Publishing games on the Web

It is possible to <u>publish</u> one or more games on the Web. This is also possible using Facebook's "Share link". *Board Window - File - Publish to Web*

E-Mailing games

In a games list, *right-click -> Output -> E-Mail selected games* <u>backups</u> the selected games into a single file for attachment to an e-mail. If you have a registered e-mail client like Outlook, this will be automatically started with an appropriate e-mail form.

	New	۲	Publish this game	1
	<u>O</u> pen	×	Animated GIF	Ha D
Ľ.	Save	ŀ	Movie with 2D board	ļ
Ľ	Save Game As		Movie with 3D board	
	Save To Cloud		Movie with raytraced board	
	Print	×		i
	Diagram List	×		
	Send	×		
Publish	this game	Þ		
	Goto Fritz			
			🐧 Options 🛛 Customize 🛛 Second	

In any <u>board window</u>, with a game on the screen, click "*File* > *Publish this game*" to get the following formats:

- Animated GIF (for Twitter, What's App, etc) In just a few seconds the program will
 produce a gif like this.
- Movie with 2D board This will produce an animated MP4 movie in a few seconds.
- Movie with 3D board This takes a few minutes to render.

1.11 Movies in ChessBase

28 ChessBase 15

The Graphics Interchange Format (abbreviated to GIF) is a popular data format for coloured images. It allows extensive loss-free compression of these images and thus is frequently used on the internet.

Over and above that, several individual images can be stored in a single file and can later be interpreted by suitable viewing programs such as web browsers as animation, or film.

As this happens the individual images are played by browsers or image editors one after the other with a time lapse. This enables the broadcast of short film-like files and so animated GIFs are very common.

Our program offers the possibility of generating game notation in the form of an animated film. With this you can present interesting games on the different social networks.

The program plays through the individual sequences of moves from the notation and offers the user the possibility to save the animated GIF file. You can then make use of this file on Twitter, What's App, etc..

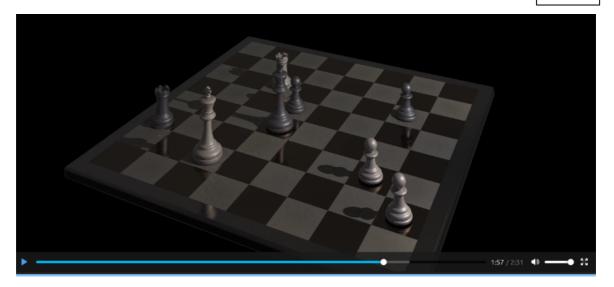
Alternatively you directly export the notation from the program as an animated film in MP4 format.

In the settings dialog which is displayed you can specify the pathway and the resolution for the film; the game headers are used as the standard for the name of the file which will be created.

Movie with 3D board	• •	\$
Directory C:\\ChessBase\NoGam	es\CapablancaMarshall.mp4	
Seconds per Move	1 🛋	
Resolution	 ○ 426x240 ○ 640x360 ○ 1280x720 ● 1920x1080 	
Camera animation	○ Fixed camera ○ Rising Camera Orbiting Camera	
<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel	

Additionally, the dialog allows you to determine the length of the delay between game moves, in our example 1 second per move.

The result of the export is displayed in a window.



You have a number of options:

If you select the standard settings you will get a 3D MP4 film, one you can publish on YouTube or Facebook.

The procedure for producing films in 3D format is identical.

Movie with raytraced board (64 bit only) – These can take a long time to render, hours or even days, depending on the quality, resolution, frame rate, camera movement, etc. And of course the speed of your hardware. The moves are accompanied by sound effects.

Of course you can very easily uplode such films to social media.

1.12 Correspondence chess management

See also ICCF Chess Server

ChessBase has extensive management functions for correspondence chess players. It will look after correspondence games, keep track of progress, present them in the best way possible, print out cards, and send email to your opponents.

	Open	Þ	Database			Board Board	Online Search	Hard Disk games	Prepare Against	Find Player Playe	List Player Encyclopedia rs	Log Off	Edit Accour Che
HH.	Save		Open Clipboard	1	Forma	ormat Path					Date		
					Refere	C:\C	hessBase	Daten\[Datenbanke	n\Mega	Database 2016	.cbh	5.11.2
22	Activation					C:\	.\ChessBa	ase\Ency	∧Bases\201	6\Openi	ing Encycloped	ia 2016	. 5.11.2
1	Activation	'	Chess Media Fil	CTG	C:\C	hessBase	Daten\8	Books\Fritz	L3.ctg			7.11.2	
					CBH	C:\C	hessBase	Daten\B	Bases\kaspa	arov.cbh			5.11.2
-10	Install		Correspondence	e Server Games	CBH	C:\C	hessBase	Daten\[Datenbanke	n\Tests	ets\Pcschach.cl	bh	11.10
-						- 010		.					11.10
1	E-Mail Selected Database		-				nce chess	server (ICCF et al.)	and disp	lay the list of my	y games	11.10
			Search Mask										5.11.2
	🔟 Customize 🛛 🧕 Abo	ut	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CBH	C:\	.\Datenba	anken\T	estsets\Big	Book of	Combinations.	cbh	5.11.2

These are the available functions:

• To start a correspondence game you must first fill out the <u>correspondence header</u> for the game:

Board window: Insert – Annotations – Special annotation – Correspondence chess header (Ctrl-Alt-W)

• For each move you are going to send you must enter a <u>correspondence move</u> commentary:

Board window: Insert – Annotations – Special annotation – Correspondence move (Ctrl-W)

▶ To send a correspondence chess move click: Board window: Menu File - Print Print Correspondence card.

▶ To get a report on the status of the game click: Board window: File - Print - Print Correspondence report.

• To e-mail a correspondence move or report click: Board window: *Menu File Send Send correspondence move/report*.

Note: The correspondence header only needs to be entered once for a game, but every move of the game must get a "correspondence move" commentary. This keeps track of the time spent by each side. When you have executed a move for yourself and inserted the correspondence move commentary you can print out the letter or postcard you send to your opponent.

How to play a correspondence game

This is basically how you start and maintain a correspondence game:

Click the New game button or press Ctrl-N.

Press Ctrl-Alt-W to get the header mask. Fill out the header form as explained in the next sections.

Enter your opponent's first move (e.g. 1.e4)

Press Ctrl-W and fill out the commentary form.

Save the game (Ctrl-S) and ponder your reply.

Load the game and enter your move (e.g. 1...e5).

Press Ctrl-W and fill out the commentary form.

Click File – Print – Print Correspondence card. Mail the card to your opponent. [Alternately click File – Send – Send correspondence move if you are playing by E-mail]

Replace the game (Ctrl-R) in the database.

Special games list for correspondence games

In the <u>games list</u> of your correspondence database you find special correspondence columns: Last Move, Move sent, Time White, Time Black. On the games list use *right-click List Format Correspondence Info* to make those columns visible.

Correspondence Notation

ChessBase supports entering games and printing in correspondence notation. Just type 5254 in the starting position. To switch to correspondence notation, call Menu Tools – Options – Notation – 1.4244.

Question: Why is there no shortcut for the option "Send correspondence chess move by E-Mail"?

Answer: You can create a keyboard shortcut yourself via Customize .

Customize keyboard shortcuts

You can find this on the programme's file menu.

1.13 Configure the program

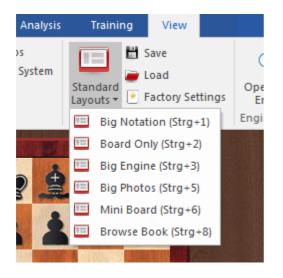
`` ''

To work comfortably with ChessBase, it is essential that you understand two small things about the window layout:

How to resize and rearrange window panes.

Also font size is essential for your individual comfort. In all text display windows (notation windows, game lists, etc), you have right-click menus containing a Choose Font item (or List Format -> Choose Font).

Every window contains *Menu View* Standard Layouts, giving you a choice of five default skins for the program. The default skin is wood.



For every menu function you can assign a <u>keyboard shortcut</u>. Call *Menu File* -Customize for a list of commands in the present frame window. This is also a helpful mini reference of available functions. Select a command, click on Input new shortcut then type. Finally click Assign to link this shortcut to the chosen command.

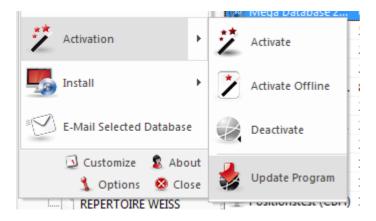
💧 🐧 Options 🛛 🕸 Close	🖸 Customize 💈 About 🧍	
2751406 Knoll,H	2365 Sucher I	
2751407 Kreindl,H	2230 🛛 🞑 Customize key	yboard shortcuts 📗
2751408 Krivoshey,S	2498 Wege,J	

<u>Hint</u>: Call *Menu File - Shortcuts* for a list of all keyboard shortcuts. Click the Copy button to copy this list into the Windows clipboard for pasting into a text processor to print out a handy reference.

1.14 Support

First of all: Check for <u>updates</u> in the chess server.

Automatic updates as required



Updates are actively supplied for the program

The program is supplied with a help file. When in the program, click on the symbol with a question mark on the top right-hand edge of the screen to open the help file.

Visit the <u>support page</u> on www.chessbase.com for answers to frequently asked questions.



ChessBase Wiki

Do you have any questions about Fritz or ChessBase? Are there any problems in using your Fritztrainer? Please take a look in the new ChessBase Wiki! Find answers, instructions and troubleshooting for the latest ChessBase products. <u>Click here for ChessBase Wiki</u>

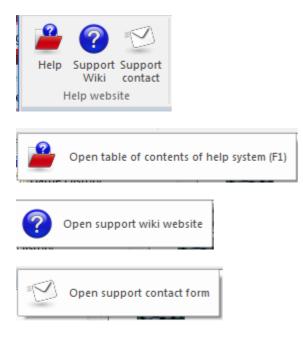
Check the <u>download page</u> of www.chessbase.com for further resources.

Write a mail to our support if this does not solve your problem.

Check for Windows Updates.

You can also access our Help ressources.

Menu Help



2 User Interface

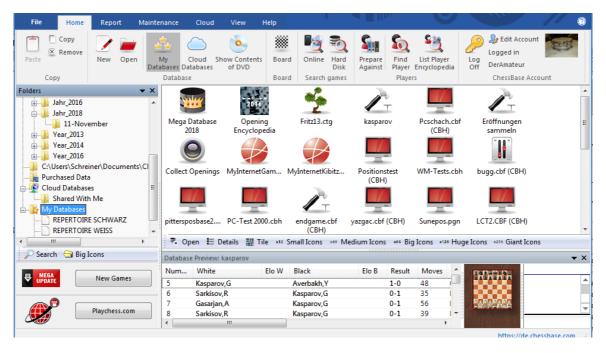
2.1 **Program Windows**

2.1.1 Database window

2.1.1.1 Database window

The database window is the control center and start screen of ChessBase. From here you install, access and manage your databases.

In the database window is the main window of ChessBase which always appears when you start the program. Here you can open, browse and generally look after databases. On the left you find the "Folder" window.



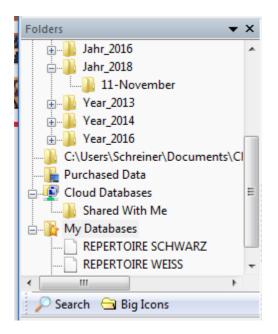
You can click on the plus symbol to reveal the contents of a drive or directory. If you click on the drive or directory itself the databases it contains are shown in the window on the right. If you click Details in the View (or in the right-click) menu the database symbols are replaced with a full filename and path display.

The database window has a window pane called Database Preview. If you click once on a database symbol, this shows a <u>games list</u> of the database. You can switch this of in the Window menu or toggle it with Ctrl-Alt-L.

Double-click a database symbol to list out its contents in a full list window.

To find your database window, hit Alt-Tab to switch between the running Windows applications and select the ChessBase Icon. Or click on the ChessBase button in the task bar at the bottom on the screen:

<u>My databases</u> is a special place in the folder window, containing links to your favorite databases and folders. It is your "home" database window. Ctrl-F12 always takes you to the My databases window.



In the folder window, you also find an entry $\underline{\mbox{Game History}}$ containing the daily work databases.

Large database symbols for high resolutions

This can be selected using the buttons underneath the database explorer.



It is also possible to view a DVD's contents with a single click.

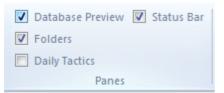


2.1.1.2 Preview Window in the Database Window

The <u>database window</u> is the nerve centre of ChessBase. This is where you load and view databases installed on your computer.

A very useful feature is the Database Preview.

This preview is activated by the ribbon *View* Database Preview.

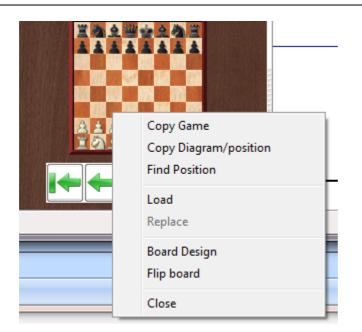


The database preview opens an <u>additional window</u>, which contains the game list of the database that you have selected.

Database I	Preview: kasparov													
Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mov	ECO	Tournament	Date	VCS	R	Medi *	* ******	Sax,Gyula 2530 - Adorjan,Ar
1750	Kasparov,G	2825	Topalov,V	2740	1-0	37	B43	Sofia m 25' rapid	03.05.1998	VCS	4			C09 HUN-ch (17) 23.12.197
1751	Kasparov,G	2825	Alterman,B	2615	1/2-1/2	25	B36	ISR-Kasparov ha	19.05.1998	rCS	1.1			1.e4 c5 2.c3 e6 3.Sf3
1752	Sutovsky,E	2590	Kasparov,G	2820	0-1	53	B85	ISR-Kasparov ha	19.05.1998	rCSt	1.2			d5 4.exd5 exd5 5.d4
1753	Kasparov,G	2820	Smirin,I	2595	1/2-1/2	39	B43	ISR-Kasparov ha	19.05.1998	rCSt	1.3			Sc6 6.Lb5 Ld6 7.dxc5
1754	Huzman,A	2610	Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	42	E15	ISR-Kasparov ha	19.05.1998		1.4		AA AAA	Lxc5 8.0-0 Sge7 9.Sbd2 0-0 10.Sb3 Ld6 11.Sbd4
1755	Alterman,B	2615	Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	50	D37	ISR-Kasparov ha	21.05.1998		2.1			Lq4 12.Da4 Lh5
1756	Kasparov,G	2825	Sutovsky,E	2595	1-0	41	B30	ISR-Kasparov ha	21.05.1998		2.2			12.004 LID
1757	Smirin,I	2590	Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	54	D12	ISR-Kasparov ha	21.05.1998	VCs	2.3			
1758	Kasparov,G	2825	Huzman,A	2610	1-0	41	B90	ISR-Kasparov ha	21.05.1998		2.4		Doubleclick to load th	ne game into a big board, rightcl
1759	Ariela		Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	51	E90	Internet blitz 5'	25.05.1998				Doublechek to load th	le game med a big board, righter
1760	Ariela		Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	44	E16	Internet blitz 5'	25.05.1998					
1761	Gambrinus		Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	42	E32	Internet blitz 5'	25.05.1998					
1762	Kasparov,G	2825	Ariela		1-0	21	A57	Internet blitz 5'	25.05.1998					l
1702		2025			10	20	105	1.	25 05 1000			•		
= 2549 G													55. CHASH 5175 2010 1110 2019	https://de.chessbase.com

A miniature board can also be displayed in the database preview, by right clicking in the window and selecting *List Format Quick Board*. The notation is automatically loaded when a game is selected.

Games can be replayed in the database window using the <u>four arrow keys</u> without having to open a <u>board window</u>. The up and down arrows select a game, the left and right arrows replay the game. It is also possible to load replay buttons beneath the board if you prefer to replay games with the mouse.



By right clicking on the miniature board and selecting <u>Board Design</u> you can add buttons or the slider beneath the board.

2.1.1.3 Double click on the fast board

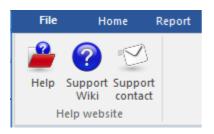
Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mov	ECC ^		-			Richter, Kurt1 - Abramavicius,
2	Horwitz, B		Bird, H		¥2-¥2	54	A10			18 A	_	C13 Hamburg ol (Men) [Germany
3	Kieseritzky, L		Anderssen, A		0-1	20	B20				1 2 2	1.d4 d5 2.Sc3 Sf6 3.Lg5 e6 4.
4	Loewe, E		Wyvill, M		0-1	29	A34		100		2 1 1007	dxe4 5.Sxe4 Le7 6.Lxf6 Lxf6 7.
5	Loewenthal, J		Williams, E		0-1	44	C01					Sd7 8.Ld3 0-0 9.De2 c5 10.0-0
6	Mayet, C		Kennedy, H		0-1	39	C00				X 🕹 🗌	cxd4 11.g4 g6 12.h4 Lg7 13.h
7	Mucklow, J		Kennedy, E		1-0	62	D00		1.1	A 111		Te8 14.hxq6 hxq6 15.q5 e5
8	Staunton, H		Brodie, A		1-0	15	C44			2 1	3	16.Th4 Sf8 17.Tdh1 Lf5 18.Df1
9	Szen, J		Newham, S		1-0	64	B44	8	8		 NO 	Tc8 19.Th8+ Lxh8 20.Txh8+ Kx
10	Anderssen, A		Kieseritzky, L		¥2-¥2	55	C39	82	20		*	
11	Bird, H		Horwitz, B		1-0	59	C65		12			21.Dh1+ Sh7 22.Sf6 Kg7 23.Dh
12	Brodie, A		Staunton, H		0-1	52	A30					1-0
13	Kennedy, E		Mucklow, J		0-1	43	B44					
14	Kennedy, H		Mayet, C		1-0	60	A21					
10	N		C		0.1	40	C01 T					(j) II

Easy loading of games from the fast board (the board in the game lists).

Double clicking on a move in the notation loads the game into the normal board at this exact place.

2.1.1.4 Help Menu

You can access information on how to use the program or provide the developers with feedback using the Help menu in the Database window.



Here you have three possibilities:

- Open the Help File.
- Open the Support Wiki.



ChessBase Wiki

Do you have any questions about Fritz or ChessBase? Are there any problems in using your Fritztrainer? Please take a look in the new ChessBase Wiki! Find answers, instructions and troubleshooting for the latest ChessBase products. <u>Click here for ChessBase Wiki</u>

• Contact the Support!

2.1.1.5 Useful shortcut Ctrl-F6

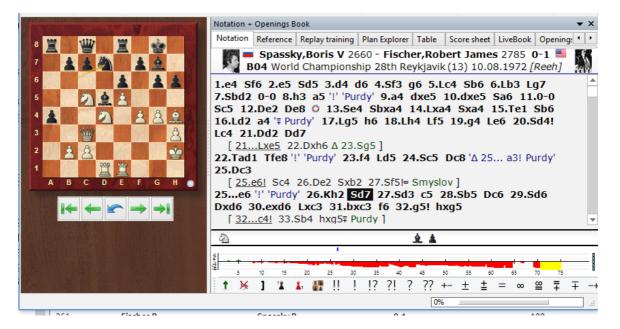
When you have opened a lot of windows whilst working with ChessBase, you can switch between opened ChessBase windows with the key combination (hotkey) **Ctrl-F6**. That is the same hotkey as in Microsoft Word.

The advantage of this solution compared to the task manager is that here you are switching only between the windows opened in the current application (here CB 14). With task manager all open windows are displayed; changed to the desired window there is more laborious.

2.1.2 Board window

2.1.2.1 Instant Analysis

If you load a game from the games list into the board window, an evaluation profile is automatically generated for that game.



Fritz users are acquainted with this valuable guidance and help. With its positional evaluation the program shows in graphic form the course of the game, allowing the user to see at a glance the point at which the game tipped one way or the other.

Calculating the evaluation profile takes place without delay in the background on fast computers. In that case, right after a game is loaded valuable guidance and help for considering the game is available.

It was invented for engine testing in Fritz and later became the standard to visualize the drama of a chess game: the Evaluation Profile. ChessBase 15 introduces Instant Analysis, which creates an evaluation profile for any game, while loading. It just takes a few seconds and uses one core of your processor and works smoothly without changing the game notation. And it is a very useful guide to unannotated games.

Naturally you can click on the graph and the board will jump to the corresponding

position.

Of course this rapid analysis is no substitute for deep analysis, but for a rapid glance at games, above all unannotated games, it is extremely helpful.

Should the program be installed on a slow computer or should you not wish to set up rapid analysis for the evaluation profile, you can switch off the function in the database window under *File Options Engines*.

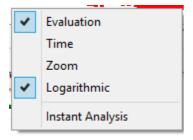
Instant Analysis	
Endless	

Uncheck the box for "Enable" to switch off rapid analysis.

The setting "*Endless*" brings about a hidden form of "Permanent analysis" by the engine working in the background. The program continues to calculate the game notation and updates the display of the evaluation profile when that evaluation changes.

A right click starts the following dialog.

"Instant analysis" starts a dialog for setting times.



The analysis seen in the evaluation profile continues working while you are playing through the game. Here is where you set the thinking time per move.

Seconds per Move					
ОК	Cancel				

2.1.2.2 Endgame probabilities

In the <u>Reference</u> view the program offers a preview of possible endgame probabilities for a selected opening variation.

When entering or replaying a game you can check the probability for different

endgame types in the current opening variation.

-

This information is displayed after a click on the tab **Endgames** .



The bottom line of the graphic shows the frequently occurring types of endgame, the left-hand axis shows the percentage probability for the possible endgame constellations.

The following screenshot shows the program's evaluation when considering the main line of the Advance Variation in the French Defence after the moves 1. e4 e6 2. d4 d5 3. e5 c5 4. c3 Nc6 5. Nf3 Qb6.

	Notation +	Openings Bo	ok					
	Notation	Reference	Replay training	Plan Explore	r Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Open
	Moves	Games	s Score I	Last pla Ho	ot I	Best players		^
7 4 4 4	6.a3	13514	55.3% 2	2016	(Grischuk;Caruar	na;Morozevi	ch;.
	6.Le2	6477	44.9% 2	2016	ł	Harikrishna;Ada	ams;Movsesi	an;
6	6.Ld3	5985	50.2% 2	2016				
	6.b3	500	24.9% 2	2016				
5 👲 🛓 🤶	6.Sa3	318	36.1% 2	2016	۱	Volokitin;Efimer	nko	
	6.Db3	304	30.9% 2	2016				
4 100 100 👲 100 100	6.Le3	199		2016				
	6.dxc5	188		2016				
3 🛓 🖏	6.g3	120		2016				
	6.a4	115		2016				
2 & 4	6.Sbd2	72		2016				
	6.Da4	49		2016				
1 🗒 🖏 🛓 👹 🕁 🚊	약 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27	15 1% 7	0015				>
1 三句 主響 当 皇 .					6			-
ABCDEFG	H Variations	Popularity	Endgames					
$i \leftarrow \frown \rightarrow \rightarrow i$		s=13.0%	N vs B RB vs RB	N SV N		RN vs RB	Q VS Q RN VS RN	

The user can see here that in the endgames which arise from this variation it is particularly frequently rook endings or bishop endings which are the result.

The value *Endgames* shows how high the percentage of games was which resulted in an endgame.

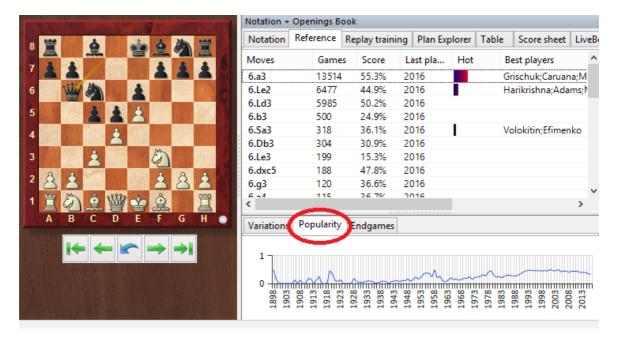
2.1.2.3 Trends

For openings research the <u>Reference</u> search is one of the most important tools in ChessBase.

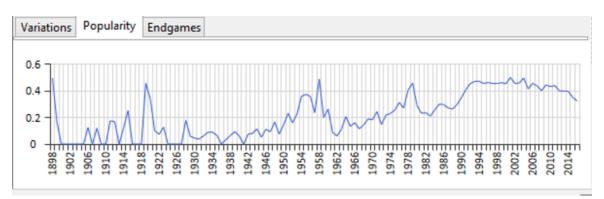
When you investigate opening variations the program makes available with its access via optimised search routines informative displays for the evaluation of various continuations. Even in searches in the early stages of the game, where of course extremely large numbers of games are collected and evaluated, the search function very quickly produces meaningful displays of information.

The Fashion Index plots the popularity of the current opening variation over time. This can show you how an opening evolved historically.

Below we have an example of a display for the Advance Variation of the French Defence. What is interesting here is the display of the Tab *Popularity*.



What is the significance of the values on both axes?



The horizontal axis represents the various years; the values on the vertical axis are

percentages. These refer to all the games which meet the search criteria.

In the example being displayed the user can see at once that the Advance Variation was frequently played towards the end of the 1890s.

2.1.2.4 Engine window

Board window: Add default engine (Alt-F2) – Add Kibitzer (Ctrl-L)

8			😤 Remove All Kibitzers
06 Default	a 6 bbA	Remove	📱 Engine Management
Kibitzer		Kibitzer	🥨 Create UCI Engine
		Eng	ines

The engine window displays the progress and results of the <u>analysis engines</u>.

Komodo 12.1.1 64-bit 🔍 🔍 🍳 2 CPUs 🔒	
• ± (1.43) Tiefe=24 36.e4 (1/24) 1281 kN/s	
36.e4 a4 37.Kd3 g5 38.e5 gxh4 39.d5 b4 40.Kc4 a3 41.Kxb4 Rd7 42.bxa3 Rxd5 43.Re1 Kc7 44.Re4 h3 45.e6 Kd8 46.e7+ Ke8 47.Re2 Rd1 48.a4 Rd4+ 49.Kb5 Rf4 Weiß steht deutlich besser: ± (1.43) Tiefe: 23 00:00:23 29906kN, tb=28340	>

This is what the engine window displays:

Top line from left to right:

Engine name; the move currently under investigation (number x of y legal move); stop engine; increase (+) or decrease (-) the number of variations calculated simultaneously.

Second line from left to right

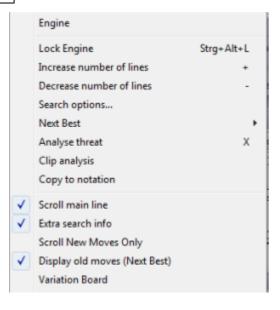
Fail high/fail low display; position evaluation in pawns (+ is good for White, - good for Black); search depth (full width/selective); time used on current search; number of positions per second (in thousands).

The first three lines are coloured red because the evaluation for White is dropping. There after the lines are in default black because the evaluation does not drop any longer. The evaluation in the header is always the same as in the one in the last line in the variation window, e.g. the last evaluation found.

Functions in the engine window

Right-clicking the variation window produces a function menu for the analysis engine.

44 ChessBase 15



• Engine: Selects an <u>analysis engine</u>.

• **Lock**: Normally the engine follows the board notation. But you can lock it to a specific position, after which it will ignore what happens on the board.

1 CPU 📝 🔒
8Lb4 (1/39) Unlock the engine
Lxc3 12.bxc3 Sdf6 13.c4 Te8 14.Tab1 Te7 15.Le5 Le6

You can lock the Engine with one single Mouse click.

• **Increase/Decrease number of lines**: You can instruct the engine to calculate the n best lines in the position.

• **Next best**: This is only supported by some engines (e.g. Fritz). The engine ignores the best move found so far and uses its full power to search for an alternative (the next best move).

• **Threat**: Calculates the "threat" in the current position.

• **Clip analysis**: Copies the entire analysis history into the Windows clipboard. It can be pasted into any text editor.

• **Copy to notation**: Copies the best line found so far into the game notation (Ctrl-Space).

• **Scroll main line**: New lines are added to the end of the list. If this is switched off, new lines overwrite the previous ones.

• **Extra search information**: Records evaluation, search depth and number of positions after each main line.

Scroll new moves only: New lines are recorded only if the first move changes.

• **Variation board**: Produces on a small board on which you can replay the main line.

- **Choose font**: Select font and size for the the analysis display.
- **Properties**: Allows you to set the <u>engine parameters</u>.
- **Close**: Closes the window and shuts down the engine.

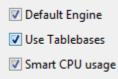
2.1.2.5 Select Default Engine

The default engine is the engine that is used as the analysis engine in the board window with the keys Alt-F2.

Menu Options - Engine

Default Engine	
Fritz 15 (307MB)	
Browse	

In the engine dialog the default engine can be selected.



The option Load Engine appears if you want to start an engine in the board window with *Add Kibitzer*.

The list contains all the engines that have been installed on your computer.

Please note that if you are connected to the <u>Engine Cloud</u> server you can also use cloud engines.

Select on of the engines in the engine list and check the box marked Default Engine.

See also <u>Standard engine</u> ...

<u>Tip</u>: If you select an engine in the list which is not the default engine the tick will be removed from the box.

Note: UCI Engines can also be used as default analysis engines in Chessbase.

46

2.1.2.6 New ... in selected database

Database window: Menu File New Board in... / Position in... / Text in...

File		Maintenance Cloud	View Help
Vew	F	Database	
Dpen	Þ	Position Setup	
Save	F	Board In Database	🛬 🚣 💻 🖹 💪 🏈
ź Activation	•	New1 Oper	n a new board window to be saved into the selected database (Umschalt+Strg+N)
Install	Þ	Text In Database	yazgac.cbf Sunepos LCT2.CBF koenigssic mr1.cbf bt2630.cbf (CRH) (CRH) (CRH) (CRH)

This produces a new board, position input or text window which will be stored in the currently selected database (pressing Ctrl-S will automatically store it in that database).

See also: <u>Save game</u>.

2.1.2.7 Extended Engine Information

In Chessbase's analysis mode the <u>standard engine</u> displays new information in the engine window.

		MANAGERS - AND BREEKS	THE OWNER OF THE OWNER		Lxc3 11.bxc3 L	f5 12.Tab	1 Dc8 13.Sh4 Le6
		Engine			15.fxe4 gxf4 16	6.Txf4 Sh5	5 17.Sf5 Lxf5 18.Txf
	\checkmark	Lock Engine	Strg+Alt+L		19.Lc4 Sg7 20.	.Te5+ Se6	21.d5 Dc7 22.Tf5
		Goto Lock Position	Strg+L		23.Lxd5 Td8 24	4.Txb7 Txc	15 25.Txc7 Sxc7 26
		Increase number of lines	+		1-0		
١		Decrease number of lines	-				
		Search options					
		Next Best	•	Next Bes	t	Y	
2		Analyse threat	х	Search B	etter Ums	schalt+Y	
		Clip analysis		Search C	learly Better	Alt+Y	
		Copy to notation		Propertie	5	t	
		Scroll main line					
	\checkmark	Variation Board					
P		Choose Font				\sim	Disconnect
_		Properties					
1		Close		4 16.f3		8.	Lb4 9.0-0 f5 0.81

Right clicking in the engine window opens a context menu.

Next Best calculates the second best alternative for continuing. While the engine is calculating this information can be accessed faster by typing the key \mathbf{Y} .

At the beginning of the <u>engine window</u> the best line found so far is displayed in light gray letters.

Tip: This information is at the beginning of the list view. If you cannot see this information use the scroll bar to scroll back to the beginning of the list.

<u>Hint</u>: The next best move option is only available while the engine is only analysing one line !

Display of the current main line

At the bottom of the engine window the line that is currently being examined is displayed.

The main advantage of this display is that it is constantly updated even if the best line displayed remains unchanged during lengthy processing.

Repeatedly pressing the ${\bf Y}$ key increases the number of rejected continuations at the beginning of the list.

2.1.2.8 Notation window

Board window: View Notation (Ctrl-Alt-N)



1.c4 e6 2.Sf3 d5 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 Le7 5.Lg5 0-0 6.e3 h6 7.Lh4 b6 In this window you see the <u>game notation</u> with any variations or commentary it may contain.

Headers are displayed in a more flexible manner in ChessBase 14. They are now made up of three lines and allow the possibility of displaying larger photos from the player encyclopaedia especially when using higher definition monitors.

There is now much more <u>information</u> in the top line of a game in the board window. Next to the player name a flag and a photo from the game's year are displayed, if available.

In the board window there is a toolbar that contains the most important functions for editing the notation. These buttons allow you to easily enter comments or change the structure of the notation. The program first checks to see if there is any text in the

game notation. It first checks the "All" section before going on to check all other languages for comments. If no text is found then the default program language is used as before.

Right-clicking the window opens a menu in which you will find all functions relevant to the game notation.

+ Openings Book		
Reference Table	Training Score sheet LiveBook Openings Book	
🛯 💻 Lputian,Sn	mbat G 2605 - Kasparov,Garry 2851 1⁄2-1⁄2 🥃	Set Medal "
f6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc c5 8.Dd2 cxd4	Wijk aan Zee (8) 24.01.2000 [Krasenkow,M] 3 d5 4.cxd5 Sxd5 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 9.cxd4 Sc6 10.Td1 Lg4 About this variation ht issue. 11.Le2 Lxe2 12.Sxe2 Sa5N	Critical Opening Position Critical Middlegame Position Critical Endgame Position Delete Critical Position
	fighting for the c4 square. It is worth mentioni	Pawn structure
he Gruenfeld def	ionso the black knight is usually perfectly place	Piece Path
ne edge of the	Add to White Repertoire Umschalt+Strg+Alt+A	Delete Path/Structure
c1!? Δb5 (13	Enter Variation T	Game Quotation
g7 Kxg7 18.0-	Promote Variation Strg+Alt+Nach-Oben	Delete Ouotation
14.0-0 b6 1	Delete +	Enter Weblink
xd6 exd6 17.	Text Before Move Umschalt+Strg+A	Delete Weblink
5 Kasparov fin	Text After Move Strg+A	Training Annotation Strg+Alt+M
a of this move	l, ?, I >	
	+-,=, = >	Correspondence Header Strg+Alt+W
1 10 0	Set Prefix \$►	Correspondence Move Strg+W
] <u>1</u> <u>1</u> [Special Annotation # •	Variation Colour
	Insert Diagram	
	Fold	
\checkmark	Show Material	
\checkmark	Show Tooltips	
	Choose Font	
	Close	

▶ You can <u>fold or unfold</u> variations, enter new ones, and promote or delete them. You can enter commentary or mark positions for diagram printing. "Material" displays the material balance at the bottom of the notation window.

• You can also set the font type and size of the notation.

• Clicking any move in the notation window causes the board to jump to that position. A double-click opens the editor to enter text commentary.

Notation	Reference	Table	Training	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book

At the top of the notation window you find the following tabs:

Table notation Training notation Score Sheet <u>Openings Book</u> <u>Reference</u> LiveBook

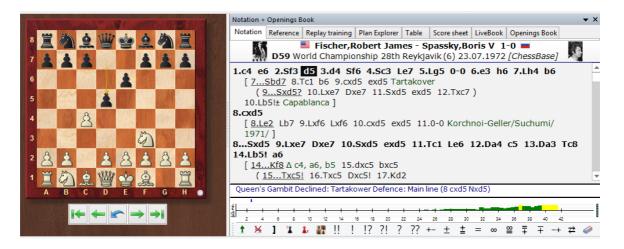
2.1.2.9 Replay Training

In the <u>notation</u> window you will find the tab "Replay Training".

Notation +	Openings Bo	ok						•
Notation	Reference	Replay trainin	g Plan Explorer	Table S	core sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book	
		Fischer	,Robert Jan	nes - Spa	assky,Bo	oris V 1	-0 💻	
6.1 S	D59 Wo	rld Champ	ionship 28th	Reykjavi	ik (6) 23.	07.1972	[ChessBase]	

It enables you to switch off the usual overview of the notation and be pushed by the program to work out the game continuations yourself. The intention behind this function is that. following the watchword *Learning by doing*, the user becomes more intensively involved with the content of the game and that as a result he or she learns more efficiently.

When playing through the game the procedure is generally always the same. The user navigates within the notation and makes use of the numerous ways the program can help, e.g. LiveBook, the evaluation profile or an analysis engine.



The disadvantage: many users often do not get into the content of the game intensively enough and in such a case the effect of the training remains minimal. In training mode the program offers the opportunity to work out the continuations in the game independently and supports the user with decent hints as to possible continuations.

Load a game into the board window and click in the notation view on the tab for " *Replay Training*".



Now set in the window whether you want to find the moves in the game for only one side or for both players. During the analysis there is a chess engine running in the background, calculating both tips and hints.

Your knight is attacked.

You played the Fischer Move 18.Sf3-d4. Your move is ok.

The position is equal. (Depth=13)				
Your Move: Game Move:	Nf3-d4 Nf3-d4	Points=5/5	0.09	
Engine Move:	h2-h3		0.14/16	
Total Score:	43 points	s of 46 (=93%). Very good!		

The tips which are displayed give decent hints as to the best continuation possible, but they are never categorical. If the move in the game can be found by simple calculation, the program points it out and does not display a tip.

If you do not want to receive constant help in the form of hints, deactivate the setting for "Tips".

If the continuation you choose is playable, but not identical to the move in the game, then the game move is automatically executed on the board and you can continue with the game.

51

Attack a pawn.

You played 19.Sd4-b3. Your move is ok. The game continued with 19.Sd4xe6 f7xe6.

The position is equal					
Your Move: Game Move: Engine Move:	Nd4-b3 Nd4xe6 Qa3-c3	Points=3/5	-0.18 0.16 0.20/14		
Total Score:					

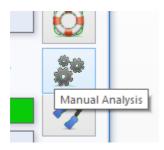
The training dialog constantly displays an evaluation. On the right you will find an evaluation of the moves by the chess engine which is running in the background and the number of points you have scored.

In the event of a blunder the game is not continued and the program offers you a new attempt at working out the correct move or the game move.

You played 21.Da3xc5. This is not so good because of 21Sd7xc5. The best engine move is 10.7 pawns better. Please try again.						
	Mistake = 10.7 pawns					
Your Move:	Qa3xc5	Points=0/5, Mistrials=1	-10.07			
Game Move: Engine Move:						
Total Score:						

This "quiz function" of the program encourages you to work more intensively with the games you have loaded and we recommend that you make intensive use of this opportunity!

One elementary component of practical playing strength is the ability to calculate variations accurately without seeing the board. You can switch on "Blindfold play" with a click on the button for "Supported calculation".



52 ChessBase 15

After calculation training has been activated you can then input further moves on the chess board but the actual position on the board remains the same. So the user then sees the follow-up variations in the notation, but not on the graphical chess board.

In that way, at any point within critical phases of the game you can quite specifically target your calculation of variations. With a click within the notation you can start working out alternative variations at a different place and in this way you can produce complete variation trees with alternative deviations.

Holding down the right mouse button allows you to control the calculated final position directly on the chess board. It is particularly recommended that you activate this function whenever you reach a highly tactical phase of the game.

As you try out the function you will quickly become aware of its importance for training. The program efficiently supports the exact calculation of variations and with a right click it indicates more clearly the final position of the variations you have calculated. The function focusses totally on the task of calculating a position quite specifically and visualising the final position.

Be aware also of the help available via Assisted Analysis

Hint: If while in training mode no tips are being displayed even though the function has been activated, check in the options under Engines whether Assisted Analysis is active.

Heumas Heumas Ply (1-6): Assisted Analysis Legal moves	
Single click entry Forced moves entry	
Threat	
Generate threats	
✓ Enable Endless	

If you choose the function "Manual Analysis", there will be no hints from the program. You enter – as usual – the game moves you wish on the chess board.

Below the dialog with the evaluation there is the "Radar board".

			User Interface 53
Play White	🗹 Play Black	☑Hints	Repertoire
	Use t	he Radar Board to play the openi	ng.
	i. This move is theory. with 4d7-d5 5.2f1-b5		
5		Known Theory	
		Known meory	
Your Move:	Ng8-f6	Points=2/2	Theory
Game Move:	d7-d5		Theory
Engine Move:			
Total Score:	8 points of	3 (=100%).	
	6		

The radar board offers a display showing a position three moves (six half moves) ahead of the position actually on the board. It constitutes, along with the tips, useful guidance for working out which moves are available in the game.

Using the preview of the position does not let you spot with absolute clarity which move was specifically played in the game meaning that you are challenged to work out the game move for yourself.

It displays the preview if you follow the known theory.

🗹 Play Black

✓ Hints

Use the Radar Board to play the opening.

To understand matters better: the Radar board is thus a useful guide which also makes sense in the <u>"Repertoire"</u> mode of replay training.

When the final move within theory is reached, for the first time no preview is displayed on the radar board.

In this case the user can switch the preview on with a click on the function button. We recommend not activating the radar board after you are out of theory so that the "Quiz function" does not become too simple.

Disk Button



The disk button is used to take over the changes you have made. All existing annotations are deleted and the program puts into the notation your own mistaken tries and analyses, so that you can see them there. It is not saved into a database, since mostly you will only want to take a quick look at what went wrong and not save it for eternity.

Summary

In the quiz mode/replay training it is all about finding the correct continuations in the game. The program supports you with hints and a click on the relevant button brings up further hints.

In this mode the program supports only the main continuation, possibly available variations are ignored!

In the opening phase, that is to say within the bounds of established theory, there are no hints. In this case the radar board, which can be switched on or off as you require it, can be helpful. The radar board offers a preview of the position on the board three moves later; thus the preview helps you find the correct continuation.

With a click on the Notation tab you can at any point get to an overview and if appropriate navigate to another position in the game.

The functions "Manual Analysis" and "Assisted calculation" interrupt replay training; a second click will restart the training.

The disk button is used to take over the changes you have made. All existing annotations are deleted and the program puts into the notation your own mistaken tries and analyses, so that you can see them there. It is not saved into a database, since mostly you will only want to take a quick look at what went wrong and not save it for eternity.

2.1.2.10 Repertoire training

<u>Replay training</u> can be used for more than just a "quiz" for playing through games; it is eminently suitable for examining and training your own opening variations!

Should you – as we absolutely recommend you do – have started your own repertoire databases and use them to organise your "openings card index", you can make use of this within Replay training.

To do so, load a game from a **repertoire database**.

Our screenshot shows a complex of variations from the Advance Variation of the French Defence.



The example shows a structured variation tree with the relatively rarely played continuation 6...Bb5, with which Black is trying to solve the problem of the "bad French bishop" in a radical way with a rapid exchange but in doing so is neglecting his development.

Now click to change to *Replay Training* and activate the repertoire training with a click on *Repertoire* and establish which side you wish to play for;, here it will be the second player therefore Black.

Unlike in <u>Replay Training without repertoire</u> the program also takes into <u>account</u> <u>variations contained with the game notation</u>, as is usually the case with structured repertoire games. This difference is important for the understanding of the function.

In Replay training without the *Repertoire* button variations within the notation are not taken into account, with "Repertoire" on the other hand, they are!

If in a particular position there are several alternative moves, the program takes into account the number of moves saved and by preference executes moves followed by deeper variations.

While you are playing through the game even in this mode the program is always there to help you with advice. It consequently displays "Hints" and at any time you can ask for further hints by clicking on the function button next to the chess board.

	Notation + Openings B	ook						▼ X
20 L	Notation Reference	Replay training	Plan Explorer	Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book	z
山里			sische Vert nachspiel					
<u> </u>	Play White	✔ Play Bla	ck	√ Hi	nts		Repertoire	Speech
2		Мол	ve your light	squar	ed bishop.			
	You played the move 6g7-g6. This move has not been played yet. Please try again					ease try again.	More Hints	
			The positi	on is e	qual			- 1
¥	Your Move: Game Move: Engine Move:	g7-g6 	Points=	0/2, Mist	trials=2		0.40	×
2 2	Total Score:	3 point	s of 5 (=60	%).				

These are relatively simple, but not too trivial. It is assumed that the user is prepared to try to find the move on his or her own.

This puts at your disposition valuable help for refreshing and memorising your knowledge of the variations in your repertoire.

By changing to the <u>standard notation tab</u> the user can at any point select a move or variation in order to train more deeply in a specific continuation. Control/Navigation is achieved simply by a click on "Notation", when the user will see at first glance exactly where he or she is in the complex of variations.



Choose the variation you wish and simply change back to *Repertoire Training*.

You can then continue directly with your memorising of the variation.

Below the evaluation dialog you will find the "Radar board", which gives you as support a preview of the position after three further moves in the game. Once the end of theory has been reached the program no longer shows a preview of the position on the radar board. Otherwise the user is able to <u>switch the preview on or off by clicking on the function</u> <u>button</u>. In any case the training helped by the preview continues in an effective way.

The points system mercilessly exposes the extent of the user's theoretical knowledge within his or her own repertoire.

	White is slightly better. (Depth=14)				
Your Move: Game Move: Engine Move:	Qa6xc4 	Points=0/3, Mistrials=1	7.94		
Total Score:	11 points	s of 33 (=33%). Failed.			

Negative evaluations should motivate you to study the variations in your own repertoire more closely. If you deactivate the Hints you are to great extent reliant on your own resources. Alternatively, you can simply change here to the mode "*Manual Analysis*". In this mode the <u>Assisted Analysis</u> simply offers you specific hints to what is the best possible continuation!

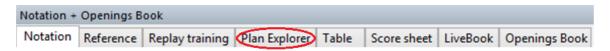
If you make changes to the game notation, e.g. as a result of manual analysis, the save dialog will be displayed. Here, after confirmation, you have the option to save the changes you have made off to replace them.

2.1.2.11 Plan Explorer

Good theoretical knowledge together with the accompanying rote learning of the most important complexes of variations are indispensable for every ambitious tournament player.

But one aspect of the study of openings is frequently underestimated: in order to play an opening well, it is extremely important to get to know the middlegame positions which arise from it and above all to understand the positional plans appropriate to these <u>middlegame positions</u>.

Help is available here with the *Plan Explorer* which lists in a Windows Explorer type view the various plans including the relevant games employing each of them.



The function is started by a click on the tab "*Plan Explorer*" in the <u>notation window</u>.

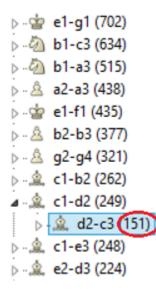
The following example demonstrates the function through the basic position for the Advance Variation of the French Defence, a variation which is rich in strategic plans.

1. e4 e6 2. d4 d5 3. e5 c5 4. c3 Nc6 5. Nf3 Qb6 6. Be2 cxd4 7. cxd4 Nge7



Plan Explorer lists next to the chess board the possible continuations for White whose move it is in the position displayed. The sort order is determined by the number of games taken into account.

The number of games is displayed in brackets beside the move.



As in Windows Explorer the user can see from the small arrow symbol in front of an entry that in this case there is more content to be seen.

A click on the arrow in front of Nb1-c3 opens up the sub-structure:

Plan Explorer now lists plausible continuations for the knight in the board position displayed.

The Plan Explorer view then offers further help.

Below Plan Explorer you will find a <u>list of games</u>. There the program lists games in which the search for manoeuvres has found the motifs displayed. Here you will immediately find material to review about how to proceed and you can take a look at

how other players have employed the typical plans in their games.

Next to the display of the list with the possible continuations you will find further useful supplementary information.

Notation Reference Replay training Plan Explorer Table Score shee	et LiveBook Openings Book
Number of games Move • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 Move 2 Move 3 Move 4 Move 5 a3-c2 c3-a4 c3-

Plan Explorer creates a points system for those manoeuvres which offer the best prospects of success. With it the user quickly recognises which manoeuvres are particularly promising in the board position which is currently being displayed.

The function offers, e.g., useful hints as to which squares specific pieces are best posted on within a system.

Where is the rook best placed? Where is the best place for me to put the knight?

On the basis of the games evaluated, the program is able to give specific answers to these questions.

Let us take for example the Exchange Variation in the Queen's Gambit which arises after the following moves.

1. d4 d5 2. c4 e6 3. Nc3 Nf6 4. cxd5 exd5 5. Bg5 Be7 6. e3 O-O 7. Qc2 Nbd7 8.Bd3 Re8

	Notation + Openings Book
8 💾 👌 🗤 🗒 🐽	Notation Reference Replay training Plan Explored
	▷ ··☆ e1-g1 (653) ▲ ··⊘ g1-e2 (432) ▷ ··⊘ e2-g3 (106)
	 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
	 > - ▲ h2-h3 (313)
	 ↓ b2-b4 (227) ↓ · 2 a1-b1 (206) ↓ · 2 e1-c1 (167)
	😑 Toggle Expand/Collapse 🛛 🔚 Threshold

The standard procedure for White consists of the minority attack by means of b2-b4.

In the present position this move would simply give away a pawn and for that reason is displayed neither in the <u>reference</u> search nor in <u>LiveBook</u>. *Plan Explorer* shows the correct procedure here because you can see immediately from the high evaluation accorded to the pawn move that in the given position this way of proceeding is positionally and strategically justified.

In the Plan Explorer you can define a threshold for manoeuvres.

e	Threshold		
	Blac Set f	threshold for manoeuvre %	Result

That allows the user to define when a plan is to be displayed in the Explorer.

Filter (%)	8 🛋
ОК	Cancel

Reference value is the most frequently played plan.

2.1.2.12 Use of colours for variations within the notation!

Games deeply annotated with variations, as e.g. opening analyses, are much more clearly structured with ChessBase 14 and much more readable.

The program makes it possible to steer one's way through deeply nested variation trees; this is enabled with the <u>support of colours</u>.

The settings for how the <u>notation</u> is displayed are chosen under *Menu File* Options *Notation*.

Notation Engines Folders Limits Tablebases	 ● 1.d4 ○ 1.d2-d4 ○ 1.P-Q4 ○ 1.4244 K Q N B R P . x + KQNBRP Figurines
Clipboard	
Encyclopedia	 Structured Variations Slightly structured Varia
Misc	Indented Variations Variation Colour
User	Dye actual Variation
Design	✓ Material ✓ Training Font
Language	

Here we have the heading "Dye actual Variations". It is easy to find out for yourself how it

works by giving it a try.

There follows an example with the setting "Structured variations" but without the present

variation being highlighted in colour.

Notation	Reference	Table	Training	Score sheet	Openings Book								
	King's Indian Attack - 4.0-0 e6 5.d3												
	A05 Survey 2007 [Ftacnik,L]												
1.Sf3 S	6 2.g3	b5 3.	Lg2 Lb7	4.0-0 e	5 5.d3 d5								
[5L	.e7 6.e4												
<u>A)</u>	<u>6c5;</u>												
<u>B)</u>	<u>60-0</u>												
Į	B1) 7.e5	Sd5 8	.c4 bxc4	9.dxc4 S	66 10.Dc2 5	c6 (10d5? 11.c5±;10d6;10c5!?) 11.Lf4 d5 12.cxd5							
(12.c5 Sa	<i>17∓)</i> 12	2Sb4 1	3.Dd2 Dx	d5 (13Lxd5	5 14.a3\$13S4xd5 14.Lg5 Lxg5 15.Sxg5 Sc4 16.Dd4;							
i	13S6xd5	5!? 14.l	.g5 La6	15.Td1 c5	5)14.Se1 Dx	d2 15.Sxd2 Lxg2 16.Sxg2 Tfd8 17.Tfc1 S6d5 (17Sd3							
i	18.Txc7 S	xf4 19	.Sxf4 Txa	12 20.Txe	7 Txb2 21.To	c1†) 18.Sf3 Sd3 19.Tc2 c5 (19S3xf4! 20.Sxf4 Sxf4							
2	21.gxf4 c	5=)20	.Ld2 1-0	Libeau, R ((2420)-Emun	ds,H (2315)/Muenster 1992/ (71);							
E	B2) 7.Sba	<u>d2;</u>											
E	B3) 7.Te1	;											
I	B4) 7.a4;												
I	B5) 7.Sd4	<u>4</u> a6 8	Sb3 Sc6	Bilek-Por	tisch/HUN/19	985/ 9.d4∞ '≛' Horn,Pe.;							
<u>C)</u>	<u>6d6</u>												
9	C1) 7.c3	Sbd7	(7 <i>c5</i> ; 7	0-0 8.Te	e1 c5 9.Sa3 o	a6 10.Sc2 Sbd7 11.Sg5 h6 12.Sh3 e5 13.f4 Te8 14.Sf2							
l	.f8 15.f5	d5 16	.h4 c4 1	7.exd5 cx	d3 18.Dxd3	Sc5 19.De2 Lxd5 20.Td1 e4 21.Se3 Ta7 22.Sfg4 Td7	-						

After the option has been chosen things look like this:

Notation + Openings Book	• ×
Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Openings Book	
King's Indian Attack - 4.0-0 e6 5.d3	
A05 Survey 2007 [Ftacnik,L]	
1.Sf3 Sf6 2.g3 b5 3.Lg2 Lb7 4.0-0 e6 5.d3 d5	
[5Le7	
A) 6	
<u>B)</u> 60-0	
B1) 7.e5 Sd5 8.c4 bxc4 9.dxc4 Sb6 10.Dc2 Sc6 (10d5? 11.c5±; 10d6; 10c5!?) 11.Lf4 d5 12.cxd5	
(12.c5 Sd7∓) <mark>12Sb4 13.Dd2 Dxd5</mark> (13Lxd5 14.a3≛13S4xd5 14.Lg5 Lxg5 15.Sxg5 Sc4 16.Dd4;	
13S6xd5!? 14.Lg5 La6 15.Td1 c5 14.Se1 Dxd2 15.Sxd2 Lxg2 16.Sxg2 Tfd8 17.Tfc1 S6d5 (17Sd3	
<mark>18.Txc7 Sxf4</mark> 19.Sxf4 Txd2 20.Txe7 Txb2 21.Tc1↑) 18.Sf3 Sd3 19.Tc2 c5 (19S3xf4! 20.Sxf4 Sxf4	
21.gxf4 c5=) 20.Ld2 1-0 Libeau,R (2420)-Emunds,H (2315)/Muenster 1992/ (71);	
B2) 7.Sbd2;	
B3) 7.Te1;	
B4) 7.a4;	
B5) 7.Sd4 a6 8.Sb3 Sc6 Bilek-Portisch/HUN/1985/ 9.d4∞ ' ± ' Horn,Pe.;	
C) 6d6	
<u>C1)</u> 7.c3 Sbd7 (7c5; 70-0 8.Te1 c5 9.Sa3 a6 10.Sc2 Sbd7 11.Sg5 h6 12.Sh3 e5 13.f4 Te8 14.Sf2	
Lf8 15.f5 d5 16.h4 c4 17.exd5 cxd3 18.Dxd3 Sc5 19.De2 Lxd5 20.Td1 e4 21.Se3 Ta7 22.Sfg4 Td7	-
<u>a</u> a <u>e</u>	

When playing through the game, you spot within the notation alternative moves which

are at the same hierarchical level because they are highlighted with the same colour. The alternatives to the present variation are pointed out to you with colour, as are the move order leading to the present position and what the continuation looks like.

It is easy to learn about the function of the button "*Text colour/Variations*" by trying it out. In the colour palette set the colour you wish to be used for textual commentary within variations.

You can immediately check the result in the game notation.

2.1.2.13 Flexible headings in the notation window

Headers are displayed in a more flexible manner in ChessBase.



They are now made up of three lines and allow the possibility of displaying larger

photos from the player encyclopaedia especially when using higher definition monitors.

2.1.2.14 Diagrams within notation

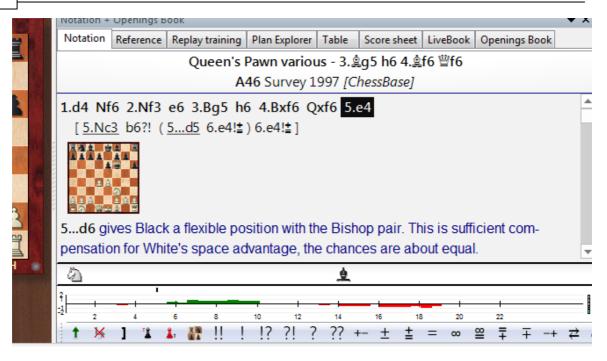
Diagrams represent a valuable resource in the annotation of a game. In general a diagram is always inserted into the notation whenver a position which especially needs to be remarked upon crops up.

A mouse click allows you to position a diagram at any desired point in the notation.

This is achieved via the annotation toolbar below the notation.



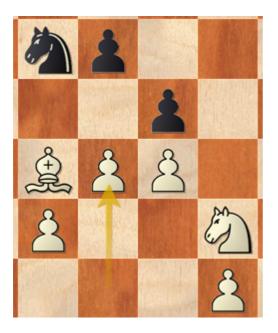
The result appears as follows.



 $\underline{\text{Tip:}}$ You can remove the most recently added diagram with the key combination CTRL- Z.

2.1.2.15 Moves highlighted with a yellow arrow

When you load a game from a database and play through it the move which was last played (as in the case of our chess programs) is highlighted on the chess board with transparent yellow arrow.



That allows you t see at a glance which was the last move played in the game which is in our view helpful. If you do not wish to see this move highlighted you can

\overline{d} eactivate the display under F	ile Options	Misc.
Mark Move With Arrow		

2.1.2.16 Showing the name of the opening

Mouse Wheel executes moves

After you have loaded a complete game into the board window, the opening is displayed by name.

At last, V	Vhite accep	ots the b	ait an	d his positior	n rapidly dis	integrate	es. Lxe5	25.Sc4	4 Sxg3 2
Modern	Benoni: Fian	chetto Va	ariation: 9	Nbd7 10 No	d2 a6 11 a4 F	le8			
t 😣] 🗓 🧎			?! ? ??		= ∞	8 ∓	∓ -+	₹ 🥔
LiveBook									
Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluation	Visits	[%]		
5d6	108	51%	2429	2016-Okt-16	=	4969	51		

You will find the information immediately above the $\underline{toolbar}$ along with the functions needed to edit the notation.

In this line you will also find information concerning differences in the distribution of material in the game in question.

2.1.2.17 Notation Window Toolbar

In the board window there is a toolbar that contains the most important functions for editing the notation.

11	c5 12.L	.e2!?																		
<u>ģ</u> ,													-	h						
1	× 1	1	1.		!!	!	!?	?!	?	??	+-				18	Ŧ	Ŧ	-+	₽	0
Kibitze	er: Komodo	8 32-	bit	Ins	ert D	iagr	am					ŕ	 							

These buttons allow you to easily enter comments or change the structure of the notation.

The program first checks to see if there is any text in the game notation. It first checks the "All" section before going on to check all other languages for comments. If no text is found then the default program language is used as before.

ChessBase 15		
All English Deutsch Francais Espanol Italiano Nederlands Portuguese Polska	All Interesting moves here !!!	

Entering moves has been made much easier.

OK

The variation dialog pops up less often, and if an alternative move is entered in the notation a variation is usually created without a variation dialog being displayed. If the User press the **CTRL Key** when he inserts an alternative Move, then the old Variation dialog with the different options is shown on the Screen.

Help

The variation dialog is displayed if an alternative move to the last move is entered, because this is a case in which errors frequently have to be corrected.

<u>Tip</u>: The menu Home -> Undo takes back the last changes.

	n c 🎕	7 🦝	₹ De Labo	ourdonnai	s,Louis C	harles Mahe	- Cochra	ne,John, Paris 182					
File	Home	Insert	Board	Report	Analysis	Training	View						
Ē	📓 Paste Po	sition	- 💥 🔊 v	Jndo 🔤		🛃 Mega Datal	base 2013	🝷 💐 In this Game					
	🔲 Copy Ga	ame	💛 🥂 P	Redo 🛁	6 6	🍇 Repertoire \	White						
Paste Game	😹 Copy Po	sition	Game -	Onli	ne Hard Disk	🍇 Repertoire I	Black						
	Clipboard		game			Find Po	osition						
Strated.	🖸 Undo last change to game (Strg+Z)												
Sold and					C PECEMAN								
SEN.								CHARLES THE					

It is even faster to use the key combination CTRL-Z.

Cancel

2.1.2.18 DGT Board

Board window: Board DGT Board

The DGT board is a wooden sensor board.



You can connect it to ChessBase for move entry.

The connection of the DGT board and the operation of the driver is described in the DGT manual.

There are different drivers available for the <u>32-bit and 64-bit versions</u> of our programs. You can download the appropriate driver from the <u>support pages</u> of the DGT website.

2.1.2.19 Position Setup using the DGT board

The normal chess start up position is automatically detected by Fritz or Chessbase.

If you have a different position on the board and you want Chessbase/Fritz to start from this different position, you have to lift both Kings and put them back on the same position on the board. To determine which colour should do the first move, do place the King of that colour back as last on the e-Board.

Example: You have to set a position on the e-Board and white is to move first: Lift both Kings, put the black King on the e-Board and then put the white King on the e-Board.

If this is done correctly, all moves played on the e-Board should now be registered correctly by our Programs.

Please keep in mind that there might be positions on the board that will not recognise your move. E.g. the black King is in check and you want to move a different move that does not solve the check. Chessbase does not show anything at that moment as the move is an illegal move.

In Fritz you can setup a position in the same way.

Important remark: to make this work you have to enable "Start/Stop setup" in the extra tab of the RabbitPlugin.

Extra DGTXL Sound Battery A	Autosave About Help Log
SI	pecial commands
	Detect result
	Use MoveNow
	Use Start/Stop setup

2.1.2.20 Board window

In the board window you can enter and replay games, analyse and annotate them, search for relevant material and generally study chess.



The board window consist of the following "panes" which you can <u>rearrange</u> and switch on or off in the menu **View**.

	✓ Notation Reference Search Players Photos ✓ Status Bar Extra Book Pane LiveBook Chess Media System Online Database Best Book Line ✓ Plans	2
l	Panes	
l	Plan Explorer	
	8 🗮 🎬 🗮 🎃	

Board

This is used to follow or <u>enter moves</u>. Right-click the board to start a position search.

Notation (Ctrl-Alt-N)

This window has six tabs for <u>full notation</u>, <u>table notation</u>, <u>score sheet</u>, <u>training</u> <u>notation</u>, <u>book</u> and <u>reference</u>.

Players Photos (Ctrl-Alt-P)

If ChessBase has access to the <u>players encyclopedia</u> this pane will display pictures of the players, the flags of their countries, their full names and their ages. Clicking a picture will produce a more detailed profile.

Extra Book Pane

A special book window allows you to compare the moves in the notation window and the openings book.

Best Book Lines

The <u>Best Book Line</u> calculates and displays entire variations from the book.

Reference search

The best way to search for a position is the <u>openings reference</u>, hidden behind the notation as tab. If you want to see it together with the notation, open the opening reference as extra pane.

► LiveBook Access to the <u>LiveBook</u>.

Reference database (Shift-R)
 Shows the search results from the reference database.

• Online database

Shows the results of a <u>search in the ChessBase online database</u> (i.e. over the Internet).

Search result

This presents the <u>search results</u> of any search. You can use Drag & Drop in the list of games that appear.

Chess Media System

Opens the video window for replaying Chess Media material.

Engines

In the Window menu you can also switch on the <u>default engine</u> (Alt-F2) or select one of the <u>analysis engines</u> that are currently installed.

Plans

Plan Explorer which lists in a Windows Explorer type view the various plans including the relevant games employing each of them.

You can close windows with a right-click and Close, or you can repeat the keyboard shortcuts given above.

Click here to see how to rearrange panes.

Loading and saving layouts

In the menu **View** you can load predefined layouts for different purposes or save your own setup for later use. If you have one or several Kibitzers running, their configuration will be stored as well and they are loaded automatically upon loading this layout.



2.1.2.21 Extended Information in the Board Window

There is now much more information in the top line of a game in the board window. Next to the player name a flag and a photo from the game's year are displayed, if available.

Notation +	Notation + Openings Book 🗸 🗸 🗸												
Notation	Reference	Replay training	Plan Explorer	Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book						
	Kasparov,Garry - Kantsler,Boris 1-0 💷 Masses 1-0 🔤 A08 Leningrad 27.07.1975 [Petronijevic,Z]												
		5 3.Nd2 c5 4 9.Oe2?!	4.g3 Nc6 5	i.Bg2 g	g6 6.Ngf3	Bg7 7.	0-0						

Clicking on these elements displays additional information.

1. A bigger picture of the player.

73



2. Double clicking on the name displays a <u>description of the player</u>.

3. Double clicking on the tournament displays the results table. You can also open a tournament table by clicking on the tournament data of a game header in the notation window.

In order to display the pictures and the flags it is necessary to have installed the player lexicon or to allow access to the <u>online lexicon</u>.

2.1.2.22 Navigating games with the slider

ChessBase has a intuitive way to navigate games.

The slider below the board can be dragged or clicked, as in a media player, to get to different parts of the game very quickly. This is especially useful in long, <u>commented</u> games.



You can install the slider by using the menu right-clicking the board and using <u>Board</u> <u>Design - Slider</u>.

If you would like to navigate quickly through the notation of a game, you can do so very quickly with the mouse wheel.

You can activate this function via Menu File – Options– $\underline{\text{Misc.}}$ – Mouse wheel executes moves

2.1.2.23 Annotation palette

Board window: Insert (Ctrl-Alt-S)

There is a special annotation palette that helps you insert <u>chess commentary symbols</u> with a single click.

$\begin{array}{c c} ! & ? & !? & ?! \\ +- & \pm & = \\ \cong & \swarrow & \uparrow & \rightarrow \\ \mathbb{RR} & \bigcirc & \leq & = \end{array}$!! ?? □ ∞ ∓ ∓ −+ ○ ⊕ N △ ▼ None							
Text Before Move	After Move							
Variation								
Start	End Variation							
Promote	Delete							

• The first line contains move evaluations (good move, blunder, etc.) that appear after a move.

• The next two lines are mainly position evaluations (White is better, unclear). They also appear after a move.

• The symbols in the fourth line (better is, with the idea, etc.) are automatically inserted before the move.

None" removes any symbols attached to the current move.

When you move the mouse cursor onto a symbol its meaning is displayed.

Text before move / after move

Use this to enter text commentary in front of or behind the current move.

Start variation

Takes back the current move and allows you to add an alternate line (equivalent to pressing "T").

Promote variation

The current variation is promoted to the next-higher level, and the variation there becomes the subvariation. Ctrl-Z will undo this action.

Delete variations

Removes the current variation and all subvariations from the game. Ctrl-Z will undo.

End variation

Ends the variation and jumps to the main line, so you can continue entering the moves of the main line.

See also the Information about Notation Toolbar

2.1.2.24 Fold notation

Complex analysis and large repertoire trees often have very deeply nested variations. To make the notation easier to read ChessBase provides a folding facility. This is activated with a right click in the notation.

	Fold +	✓	Enable Training
> >	Show Material Show Tooltips Choose Font		Fold All Unfold All Fold next node Strg+-
_	Close		Unfold next node Strg++ Disable Folding

In the fold menu you can select the following:

Fold all: The notation only displays short lines. At points where sublines are

present there is this symbol: 🛅. Click on this to unfold individual sublines.

• **Unfold all**: The variations are all unfolded. At the branching points you will find

this symbol 📒. Click on this to fold away individual variations.

• **Disable folding:** This switches off folding completely. All folding buttons disappear from the notation.

Some things to note:

When you replay a "folded" game the variations are still offered in the variation window and are automatically unfolded if you enter them.

Pressing Delete folds the current variation complex and jumps to the last branching point, which appears in the variation menu.

Pressing "+" and "-" fold and unfold the next branch (unless an <u>analysis engine</u> is running).

2.1.2.25 Search result window

Database window: Home - Harddisk ...



This allows you to start a search in the <u>reference database</u> or in the currently selected database. The <u>search mask</u> appears and allows you enter your search criteria. The results are displayed in a search result pane in the <u>board window</u>.

Image: Paste Position Image: Paste Position Paste Copy Game Paste Copy Position Game New Clipboard game	🞗 🖳 🚽	Mega Datab Repertoire V Repertoire B Find Po	White Black	[In this Game	 Default Kibitzer Add Kibitzer Remove Kibitzer Engines 	¥	 Edit Game Data Load Previous Game Load Next Game Database 	0 0 Game Histo	ry
	Search Resu	ult							▼ X
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Restore G	Same			Search Result				
	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B Re	sult Year	Notati	ion	VCS	ECO
	Kasparov,	G 2785	Lurie,M	2070 0-1	l 1996	1.c4 Sf	f6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5	4.Sf3	A16
2 0 ± 0 ± 0 ± 0 ± 1 ± 0 ± 0 ± 0 ± A B c D E F G H Notation + Openings Book ✓ ×	<			m					+ × ×
	LiveBook	Games	Result Elo			Visits	[%]		+ • X
1 1 <td>LiveBook Move</td> <td>Games 1318</td> <td>Result Elo</td> <td>-Av Date</td> <td>Evaluation</td> <td>Visits 29867</td> <td>[%]</td> <td></td> <td></td>	LiveBook Move	Games 1318	Result Elo	-Av Date	Evaluation	Visits 29867	[%]		
1 A B C D E F G H	LiveBook			-Av Date 6 2016-Ok	Evaluation		52		
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.Sf3 4.e4	1318 501 69	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 3 2016-Ok	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 =	29867 13436 5440	52 23 9	-	
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book X Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet * Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 0- A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4	1318 501 69 62	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238 61% 246	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 3 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ap	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 = rr-30 =	29867 13436 5440 5826	52 23 9 10	_	
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book X Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet * Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 0- A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3	1318 501 69 62 7	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238 61% 246 86% 246	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 3 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ap 0 2015	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 = rr-30 = = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617	52 23 9 10 1	-	
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book X Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Y Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 O-A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4 c5 9.0-0 Dc7 10.De2 Lg4 11.h3 Lxf3	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 4.Db3 4.Da4+	1318 501 69 62 7 3	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238 61% 246 86% 246 33% 236	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 3 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ok 0 2015 8 2015	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 = r-30 = = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617 268	52 23 9 10 1 0	-	
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book X Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet * Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 0- A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3	1318 501 69 62 7	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238 61% 246 86% 246	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 3 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ap 0 2015 8 2015 8 2015	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 = rr-30 = = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617	52 23 9 10 1		
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book X Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Y Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 O-A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4 c5 9.0-0 Dc7 10.De2 Lg4 11.h3 Lxf3	LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 4.Db3 4.Da4+ 4.e3	1318 501 69 62 7 3 2	63% 246 60% 244 46% 238 61% 246 86% 246 33% 236 50% 224	Av Date 6 2016-Ok 5 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ok 4 2016-Ap 0 2015 8 2015 8 2015 0 1982	Evaluation tt-28 = tt-5 = tt-3 = r-30 = = = ±	29867 13436 5440 5826 617 268 360	52 23 9 10 1 0 1		

• Clicking on a game displays its notation. The board jumps to the position in which the search criteria are met.

• Right-clicking the search result window allows you to perform many different operations, just like in the <u>list window</u>.

76

						User Interface	
Kasparov,G	2715	Karpov,A	2705	0-1	1984	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 e6 3.S	f
Karpov,A		Edit				.Sf	
Kasparov,G		Luit				5.g	3
Karpov,A		Copy to notation	on		Umschalt+S	Strg+Alt+Eingabe .Sf	3
Kasparov,G		Opening refere	nce on sele	ction	9	Strg+Alt+Eingabe 3.St	f.
Karpov,A		Selection to Bo	ok		u	mschalt+Eingabe	3
Kasparov,G					Ŭ	B.St	f.
Karpov,A		Replay games a	automatical	ly		3.0	3
Kasparov,G		Output				▶ 3.S	f
Karpov,A		Cross Table				т 3.0	d
Kasparov,G		6					f
Karpov,A		Statistics				S 3.0	D
Kasparov,G		Piece Probabili	ty			Umschalt+S 3.S	f
Karpov,A		Overview				O 3.0	C)
Kasparov,G						3.0	3
Karpov,A		List Format				▶ 3.0	C)
Kasparov,G		-				3.g	Ξ
Karpov,A		Close				3.0	D
Kasnarov G	2715	Karnov A	2705	1/1-1/1	1984	1 Sf3 Sf6 2 c4 c5 3 S	2
(*	

▶ The four cursor keys can be used to browse through the search results. Press cursor up/down to select a game from the list and cursor left/right to play through the moves. Page up/down scrolls entire pages.

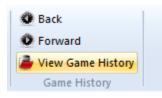
2.1.2.26 Game History in the Board Window

Apart from the <u>database window</u> it is also possible to access the games that you have loaded during the current sitting <u>in the board window</u>.

This is possible by using the *Game History section* of the Home ribbon.



The two arrows, **Back** and **Forward**, allow you to scroll through the games you have loaded in this session. They are loaded directly into the <u>game notation</u>.



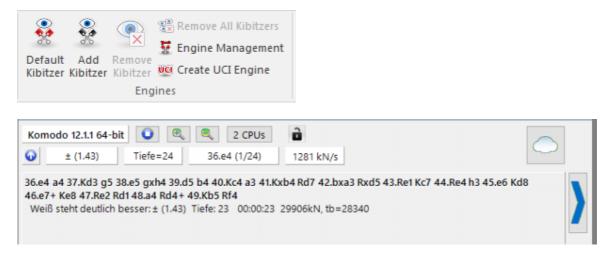
If you click View *Game History* the program opens a game list containing all the games loaded during this session.

78 ChessBase 15

	🗸 Quick	Board 🔻	7-Friday: 15	Games	2-1	-	-	-	-	_		-	-		x
File	Home	Stat	istics Game	es Players	Opening	Keys	View								0
Paste	Deleti	r Unclip	Segoe UI First	e Header • • 13 • 0 •	Board Board	Filter List Filter	Edit Game Data	🖂 Go	ect All to Line	Cross	Next Irnament nents	Activate/de Fritztra Activ	eactivate ainer		
Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator Sou	rces Tear	ns Gam	e title Ope	nings							
Number	White		Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mo	ECO	Tourna	ment	Date	^ ۷		THEFE A	
7	Adar	ns,M	2715	Kasparov, G	2851	1/2-1/2	61	B50	Corus	Wijk aan Z	19.01.20	000			
8	Kasp	arov, G	2851	Morozevich,A	2748	1-0	45	D17	Corus	Wijk aan Z	20.01.20	00 V			
9	Shor	,N	2683	Kasparov, G	2851	1/2-1/2	34	B26	Corus	Wijk aan Z	22.01.20	00 V			
10	Kasp	arov, G	2851	Anand,V	2769	1/2-1/2	56	E20	Corus	Wÿk aan Z	23.01.20	00 r(╞
11	Lput	an,S	2605	Kasparov, G	2851	1/2-1/2	30	D85	Corus	Wÿk aan Z	24.01.20	00 v			
12	Stein	itz,W		Sellman, A		1-0	35	C11	Baltim	ore	1885	V _	r r		
13	Shqa	hu,O		Onur, C	1631	0-1	59	D45	EU-ch	U12 Girls.	29.09.20	13	e e e		*
14	DerA	mateur	1580	Emre	1516	0-1	32	D05	Wertu	ngspartie, 3	14.02.20	11 c			
15	Smys	lov		Kotov		1-0	4		Moska	u	1943	V:			Ŧ
•												+			
											1009	6		_	

2.1.2.27 Add analysis engine

Board window: Window Add Kibitzer



A Kibitzer is an analysis engine which evaluates the board position. You can have more than one kibitzer though the quality of calculation will degrade if engines share the available processing power.

In the dialog you can select the engines (if you have no <u>chess playing programs</u> <u>installed</u> on your system you will only see two engines instead of the long list shown above). You may want to set the <u>Engine parameters</u> and the <u>Hash table size</u> before clicking Ok.



	Engine parameters	
	Clear Hashtable	
Hashtable size Maximum Hashtable size		1536 MB
2 Default Facine		
 ✓ Default Engine ✓ Use Tablebases ✓ Smart CPU usage 		
ОК	Help	Cancel

After you select an engine a new <u>engine window</u> appears in which you can analyse the board position with the program.

You can store the configuration (and the window layout) of one or two (or more on a fast computer) kibitzers. Use *View - Load* to restore your layout including the kibitzers.

The list contains all the <u>engines</u> that have been installed on your computer.

Please note that if you are connected to the <u>Engine Cloud server</u> you can also use cloud engines.

Engine Parameters: Many engines have options that influence the way they play.

<u>Clear Hashtable</u>: This initialises the hash tables, clearing results that might be contained from previous evaluations. Only important for experts.

Hashtable size: This tells the engine how much temporary memory it has to store evaluations.

<u>Use Tablebases</u>: If endgame <u>tablebases</u> have been installed the program can play the best moves from the tablebases without using the engine, as long as a position with five or less pieces is on the board.

Smart CPU Usage

A deep engine starts on a computer with hyperthreading (i7 4 Cores + 4 Hyperthreading) with only 4 Threads/Processors. On a computer without hyperthreading (i5, AMD) it starts with n-1 Threads/Processors. If this option is turned off it runs as in older versions.

Exception: The user has defined the number of threads/processors explicitly, for

instance by defining a UCI engine.

<u>Cloud</u> loads the main window of Engine Cloud so that you can load cloud engines.

If you select an engine in the list that has been defined as not the standard engine the tick before the engine's name is removed.

Note: <u>UCI engines</u> can also be used as the standard engine in ChessBase.

Select Default Engine

The default engine is the engine that is used as the analysis engine in the board window with the keys Alt-F2.

Default Engine	
Deep Fritz 14 (307MB)	
Browse	

Menu File - Options - Engine

This is the easiest way to set the Default engine.

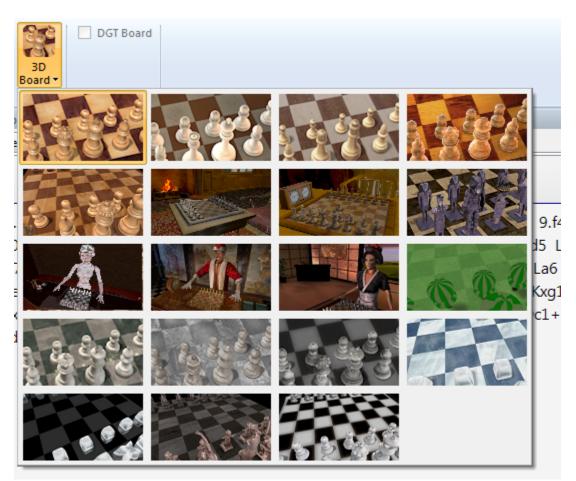
In the engine dialog the default engine can be selected.

Default Engine

Select on of the engines in the engine list and check the box marked Default Engine. If you select an engine in the list which is not the default engine the tick will be removed from the box.

2.1.2.28 Real 3D Board

Board Window: Board - 3D Board



Click <u>Settings</u> to configure the 3D board. Move the board by right-clicking on the margin, then moving the mouse without holding down the button. Click again to release the mouse coupling.

Keyboard navigation:

- .: Rotate right
- ,: Rotate left
- 9: Move view point to the left
- 0: Move view point to the right
- v: Move board up
- z: Move board down
- i: Move board closer

Note: There is also a key which moves the board further away, but it has been assigned to "Overview". When you change the shortcut for "Overview" to e.g. Shift-O, by means of menu: Tools - Customize, then the "o"-key will move function. You need <u>DirectX</u> for the 3D board. Also a fast graphics adapter for smooth operation in real time play.

2.1.2.29 Ray Tracing boards

With the new program you get access to new <u>3D views</u> for the graphical chess board.



Raytracing is used above all for 3D computer graphics and most realistic representation possible 3D views.

Calculating the graphical representations is demanding and presupposes a high performance computer setup. The result of this technology is very attractive with perfectly calculated shadows and reflections which make these views very realistic.



The 3D views are available under *Board* Raytraced Board. That is where you can load the style you wish.



You can also make use of the graphics for documents related to chess. Via *Start Copy position* the graphics are copied into the Windows clipboard.

Below the 3D board you will find the button *Settings*. A click starts the settings dialog.

84	ChessBase 15
----	--------------

Number of Threa	ds	2
Quality	 Low Average Good High Perfect 	
Narrow	30	Wide
Looks to the	0	Looks to the
Dark	21	Bright
ОК		Cancel

2.1.2.30 Book analysis window

Board window: View Best Book Line



The <u>openings book</u> displays all moves that were played in any given position, including statistics, in the <u>book window</u>. It is often much more instructive to see full variations. These are displayed in the book analysis window. Before you can use it you have to open a book or generate one by merging games into a temporary book (mark all games from an openings variation and hit Shift-Enter).

This is what the book analysis window looks like:

85

Best Book Line	2	▼ 🛛							
N=5, 50% N=6, 42% N=6, 33% N=6, 50%	6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Ld7 8.Le3 0-0-0 9.Sd2 Se' ▲ 6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Ld7 8.Le3 0-0-0 9.Sc3 Ld4 6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Ld7 8.0-0 0-0-0 6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Ld7 8.Se2 Ld7 6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Ld6 8.Sc3 Se7 6Dxd4 7.Sxd4 Sf6 6Lg4								
<Critical: 6	.Dxd4 7.Sxd4 c5 8.Se2 Ld7 9.Le3, 33% White (1 Games)	<< < >>>							
100%									

Beside each variation you can see the number of games ("N=") and the success in percentage from the point of view of White. Double-clicking a line jumps to the end of the variation and inserts it into the game notation.

If you right-click the book analysis window you get a menu with the following options:

Min %

Only variations with a minimum on n% of the games are shown (you will be prompted to enter a numer).

• Copy to notation

Copies the right-clicked variation into the notation of the current game.

• Copy all to notation

Copies all variations displayed into the notation of the current game.

Variation board

Opens a small board which allows you to play through the highlighted variation.

Critical line

The critical line is the one in which both White and Black make the statistically most promising moves. It is displayed in red at the bottom of the book analysis window.

Font

The font can be set to a different size than that of the main game notation.

Close

Closes the book analysis window.

2.1.2.31 Book window

Board window: Notation Openings Book

Menu View - Extra Book Pane

The book window displays the moves and statistics of an openings "tree".

THE THE REPORT OF T	Notation +	Openings Bo	ook							▼ ×
8 🗮 🦄 🛓 👑 🍲 🚖 🦄 🗮	Notation	Reference	Replay	training	Plan	Explorer	Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book
			Ν	%	Av	Perf				
	Fritz12		179	52.8	2580	2557				
6	3Nf6		123	51.6	2584	2571		-		^
5	3c5		47	56.4	2576	2528		Searc	h games	
4 <u>A</u>	3Nc6?		7			2462		Delet	e whole tree	
3 8	3b6?		3			2666		Allov	v Move Addi	na
	3g6		0		2385	0			erties	
2 <u>2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2</u>									se Font	
ABCDEFGH									Book File	
								Close	•	
						-0: 19 = 40		= 47 (56)		
						/2: 15 = 32 -1: 13 = 28		71-2620 (39) 76-2528 (40)		
							7	0%		15 sec

This is what the book window displays:

• N: Number of games. At the top you see the total number of games which led to the current board position. In the column itself you see the number of games in which each move was executed.

▶ %: The percentage score achieved by the move is always given from the point of view of the colour to play. If the number of games is low then the percentage is given in grey because it does not have great statistical significance.

• Av: The Elo average of the players who used the move. If only a small percentage of the players had a rating then the number is given in grey.

• **Perf** : The Elo performance of the move is the rating a player would have achieved in a fictitious tournament playing the move in all his games.

▶ Statistics: For any highlighted move the program displays at the bottom the exact number of games that were won, drawn or lost. The bar graphics on the left make it easy to take in the information at a glance. On the right you can see the total number of games in which the move was made, plus the average ratings of the players. (You need to have switched "statistics" on in the properties of the bookwindow in order to see it.)

If you right-click a blank area of the tree window you get a menu in which you can sort the list (you can also click the column headers), search for games that led to the current positions, set the font size, delete the entire book, etc. <u>Properties</u> allows you switch the statistics, the retro move and unplayed transposition display on and off

You can browse around the book using the cursor keys or clicking moves.

Right-clicking a move opens a menu in which it can be annotated.

"Tournament move" determines whether Fritz and other ChessBase programs will consider the move in tournament mode or not.

Forbidden moves are displayed in red.

2.1.2.32 Maximum size of the tree of positions

The program plays the first moves of a game from the "<u>Openings book</u>" which comes with it. That is a folder of approximately a million opening positions in which the program finds how frequently specific opening moves have been played and how promising they are.

In addition the program can also store in the file its own experiences with opening variations – it learns from its successes and its defeats.

In the program the openings book is also called the "tree of positions" (tree of variations). The files which make it up are quite big – the program requires approx. 70 Bytes per position.

Question: Apart from the hardware resources is there any limitation to the size of the tree of positions? If so, what happens when this is reached?

Answer: At the moment the limit for the size of the tree is 16 TB. So far, no user has managed to generate a tree of positions of that size. Theoretically nothing happens if the limit is exceeded, but this has not yet been tested in practice.

2.1.2.33 Extended Book Display

In the <u>book options</u> you can use "*Show Next Move*" (Rightclick) to change to an informative table display.

Number of positions: 4159377
Unplayed transpositions
Retro moves
Show Elo numbers
Show next move
Result from white side
Statistics
OK Help Cancel

This makes it easy to see the continuations and statistics that are stored in the position tree.

Notation	Reference	Replay tra	ining	Plan Explorer	Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book
Notation	Reference		in ing [rian explorer	Table	Score sheet	LIVEDOOK	
A		N	%	Av Perf				
Fritz12		179 5	52.8 25	580 2557				
3Nf6		4.Ngf3		4.g3		4.e5?		
123	51.6%	102	50.0%	18	58.3%	3	66.7%	
3c5		4.Ngf3		4.g3		4.Qe2		
47	56.4%	75	56.0%	16	65.6%	1	50.0%	
3Nc6?		4.Ngf3		4.c3		4.g3		
7	64.3%	6	66.7%	1	50.0%	0		
3b6?		4.Ngf3						
3	33.3%	3	33.3%					
3g6		4.Ngf3						
0		0						
				1-0: 19 = 40 1/2: 15 = 32	2% 257			
				0-1: 13 = 28	8% 257	6-2528 (40)		
					10	0%		

Inside each box a move is displayed, the number of games in which this move was displayed, and the success rate as a percentage.

If the percentage is displayed in gray it means that not enough games were played to provide a meaningful statistic.

<u>Tip</u>: The subsequent moves are displayed next to one another. If you click on the next move, both moves are entered on the board. This can be tested by using the start position. Click on the move that follows 1.e4, which is 1...c5 in the Fritz 12 opening book.

Both moves will be entered on the board immediately.

2.1.2.34 Different Statistical Displays in the Opening Book

The program has access to an <u>opening book</u> in which a variety of proven opening moves are saved. A ChessBase opening book is a database which exclusively contains positions. For this reason the format of the opening book is also referred to as a positional tree.

A positional tree offers the following advantages when studying openings:

For any random board position you receive an overview of all the moves which have been played including detailed statistics.

This concept allows the reliable recognition of move transpositions. Some users are irritated by the new version because various statistical information is displayed.

Here's an example:



1.e4 e5 2. Nf3 Nc6 3. d4 exd4 4. Nxd4 Bb4+ 5. c3 Bc5 6. Be3 Bb6 7. Nf5

-	N	%	A	N %
Mega 2300	280	53.8	Mega 2300.ctg	280 53.8
7.Nf5	118	60.6	7.Nf5	118 60.6
	N	%	<i>(</i>	N %
Mega 2300	118	60.6	Mega 2300.ctg	118 39.4
7Bxe3	69	59.4	7Bxe3	69 40.6
7g6	47	60.6	7g6	47 39 4
7Qf6	2	100.0	7Qf6	2 0.0

The diagram shows the various positional evaluations with ChessBase 9 and the current version of ChessBase.

What is the reason for these differences?

ChessBase always shows all the results and evaluations <u>from the white side</u>. This is the critical difference compared to previous versions. The diagram from the white side makes more sense when analysing a position with a chess engine.

2.1.2.35 3D Board Settings

To configure the <u>DirectX</u>-based real 3D board, either click Settings in the tool bar below the board:

General GPU Info Caps Noble Wood	Knight	
- Pieces - Board - Render options	White	
·	-90 	+90
	Mirror -90	+90

Material

Select the material of your board. ChessBase comes with the wooden piece set "Modern". If you have a reasonably fast machine and graphics adapter, try to use the highest resolution (Texture resolution) for best quality.

Effects

Set the shadow type. Recommended is Rendered as compromise between speed and aesthetics.

You can experiment with the different reflections, though usually the default values yield best results.

The slider Animation determines the speed of animated moves. If you have a strong graphics card, try moving the slider to the right.

Geometry and Board

Square Size determines the ratio between board and king height. A small square size creates a somewhat crowded board.

Knight controls the orientation of the knight's heads.

Gamma

The gamma values control the color intensity of your monitor. This is only visible in Extreme 3D Mode.

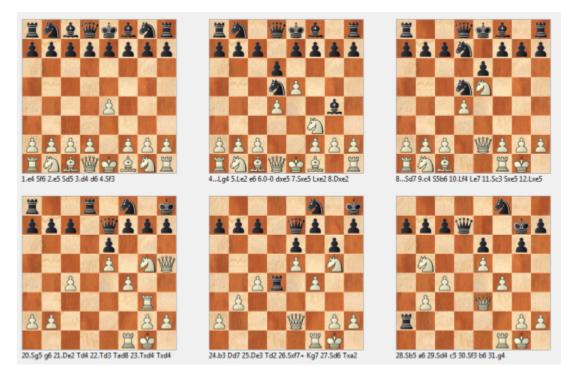
Info

Shows technical information about your graphics adapter. This is important if you experience problems with your 3D board. You can measure the performance of your

hardware. A decent card should yield a frame rate of 25 frames per second with the Modern board.

2.1.2.36 Game overview

Right-clicking a game and selecting Overview (or pressing O) produces an overview of the game in small diagrams.



The number of moves between the diagrams is the same. You can click any of the boards to load the game and jump to that position in the notation.

The button Board at the bottom cycles through different sizes of diagrams.

2.1.2.37 Score Sheet Notation

92

 Click Score Sheet in the notation pane of the board window to see the score sheet notation.

	Notation +	Openings B	look				1	▼ ×
-	Notation	Reference	Replay training	Plan Explorer	Table	Score sheet	LiveBook	Openings Book
	Kaspa	arov,Garry	,		Kant	sler,Boris		
	Tournament	t <u>Leningra</u>	d					
	Round		Date <u>27</u>	.07.1975		Res	ult <u>1-0</u>	
	eco <u>A08:</u>	King's Ind	lian Attack					
		1 (e4 e	6 2	1 hxg5	Rh8		
		2 (d3 a	15 2	2 Nf6+	Кдб	;	
		3	Nd2 c	5 2	3 Rh1!	Nf5		
<u> </u>		4 (g3 N	Vc6 2	4 Rxh8	Bxh	8	
		5	Bg2 g	16 2	5 Nd4	Nxa	14	
Н		6	Ngf3 E	3g7 2	6 <u>Qh5</u> -	+ <i>Kf</i> 5		
newski we		7 (0-0 N	lge7 2	7 <u></u> g6+	Kf4		
		8	Re1 C	-0 2	8 Re1	Bxf6	5	-
					10	0%		

This is in the style of a hand-written score sheet used in over-the-board chess.

You can also print this with **Menu File Print Score Sheet** (also handy to print empty score sheets for a quick game at home).

2.1.2.38 Table notation

Clicking the **Table tab** in the notation window converts the notation to table form.

	TRANT No. 1		15270	10 M M	26.3.2	FILE SOL	ATTAC	Not	ation +	Openin	gs Boo	k											•	×
8	1	5	4	1117 a	. 4	-	Ë	No	tation	Referen	nce R	eplay trai	ning F	lan Expl	orer	Table	Sc	ore sheet	LiveBook	Ор	enings Bo	ok		
8 2						•	-	A08	3		1.e4	e6 2.d3	d5 3.N	d2 c5 4.	g3 I	Nc6 5.Bg	j2 g(6 6.Ngf3	Bg7 7.0-0	Nge	e7 8.Re1 (0-0		
P 1	2		2		2	2	2		9	10	11	12	13	14		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
6						RE		1	c3															
5	Part .			1																				
4		STR.	and a	1	3	14	3 2		e5	Qe2														
	2.45		ALC: N	C	2	102245	10		Qc7	g5=														
3		163		2			12.0		Qe2?!	e5	Nf1	h4	Bf4											
2	8	8	8	2h		8	A 14		b5	a5	Ba6	b4												
1- 10	0		5			5		4	Qe2?!		Nf1	h4	N1	12 Ng4	4∞									Ŧ
1	Ï	12	9		bê	2	Ï	4															Þ	
	A	В	С	DI	F	G	Н																_	_
				1000																				_
	4				- 1			3	5 4.g3	Nc6	5.Bg2	g6 6.No	af3 Bq	7 7.0-0	Ng	e7 8.Re	1 0-	-0 9.Qe2	?!					1
	<u> </u>			165					9.631		- ⁻	- ·				·								

Table notation is useful in games that have very dense opening lines. You should also use it if you <u>merge</u> a number of games from a particular variation.

At the bottom of the table notation you will find the "footnote" window: clicking a move in the table displays the rest of the game and all variations here. If you are

using the cursor keys to navigate, the cursor will jump into the footnote when you hit the right edge of the table.

The fonts of both sections of the notation can be modified independently.

Printing

Using the <u>print repertoire</u> function will produce a printout that looks much like the table notation.

2.1.2.39 Goto Fritz

Board window: Menu File Goto Fritz



This fires up the chess program Fritz and hands over the complete game. Fritz has advanced analysis functions such as natural language annotation, blunder check, correspondence chess analysis, etc. You can also simply play out the game against Fritz.

In order to use this function you will need a copy of Fritz, Hiarcs, Junior or Shredder. In the programs mentioned there is the corresponding command **Menu File Goto ChessBase**.

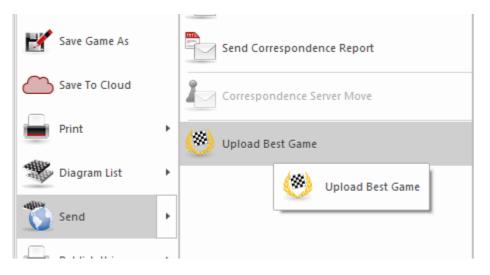
2.1.2.40 Best game

You have played a particularly good game and are of the opinion that this game should be made available to a wider public?

ChessBase offers an interesting function for sending a selected game to the editors of <u>Mega Database</u>, which is recognised as the standard reference database.

Load you game into the board window.

Then via the menu item *File* Send Upload best game you can carry out the upload.



Then a dialog box is displayed in which you can check, correct and then send the data.

Submit then immediately sends the game to the editors of Mega.

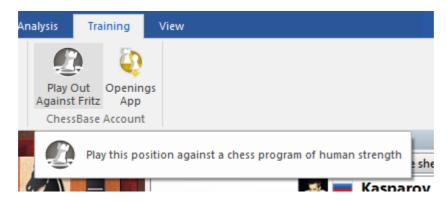
2.1.2.41 Sending games to the web app Fritz

You have several possibilities for investigating in practical fashion against a chess program a game which you have loaded.

In the board window <u>Menu File – Goto Fritz</u> allows you to analyse or to continue to play through the game with Fritz.

Within CB14 we have integrated direct linkage to our web apps. One example of this is the possibility to send a game which has been loaded to the online version of Fritz.

Menu Training Play Out against Fritz



Be sure that you have logged into the database window with your ChessBase account name! if transferring does not work with your user name, before continuing the game enter your user name and the level Club Player.

You can now continue your game against the online version.



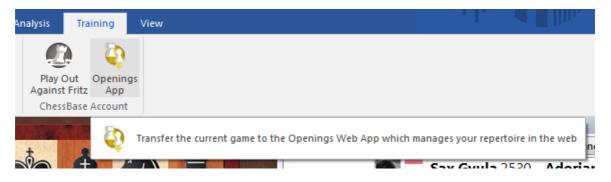
Why then transfer the game to the online version when it is possible to make use of the very strong Fritz stored on your own hard disk?

Going to "Online fritz" makes sense above all when you take into account the function of "Calculation training".

With calculation training you simply input the variation via the chess board whereas the position from the real game remains unchanged. In addition within the notation you get information about how the program evaluates the position. Click again on Calculation training and you go straight back to the game and can simply continue from where you left off. With this function the program is offering a valuable support for the learning of how to calculate variations accurately, one of the most important preconditions for success in competitive chess!

2.1.2.42 Passing on to the openings app

In the ChessBase board window it is possible to transfer directly to the openings app and interesting game which is relevant for your own opening repertoire.



Menu Training Openings App.

This transfers the <u>complete game directly</u> to the openings app. There you can continue to work on the game, e.g. mark individual moves as being relevant for your own <u>repertoire</u>.



2.1.3 List Window

2.1.3.1 List window

Double-clicking a <u>database symbol</u> opens a list window. You can also click and hit Enter.

Playe	k Board □ Games ers ☑ Status Bar naments	Maximiz All	Top 2 Vertical Top 2 Horizontal	Full Screen							
	Panes		Arrange Main Windows								
Text	Games Players Tourn	aments	Annotator Sources	Teams	Game Title	Openi	ngs	Themes Tactics	Strategy	End	games
Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mov	ECO	Tournament		E *	And the second sec
71878	Ambartsumova,K	2359	Garifullina,L	1936	1-0	49	B90	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	
71878	Stepanyan,E	1952	Nebolsina,V	2220	0-1	25	B92	RUS-chT rapid	Wome.	0	
71878	Belova,O	2094	Chekletsova,D	1636	1-0	25	B84	RUS-chT rapid	Wome.	0	
71878	Murzina,A	1637	Shafigullina,Z	2117	0-1	32	B33	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	
71878	Pogonina,N	2466	Charochkina,D	2321	1/2-1/2	79	A85	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	
71878	Vasilevich,T	2360	Girya,O	2505	1/2-1/2	74	D11	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	1 2 <u>2</u> 2 2
71878	Nechaeva,M	2431	Gritsayeva,O	2373	1/2-1/2	5	A40	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	1 🖄 🖄 🕹 1
71878	Potapova,M	2163	Kovanova,B	2371	0-1	43	E11	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	I 🖕 I
71878	Strukova,K	2052	Ubiennykh,E	2308	1/2-1/2	98	B25	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	The solution sector strike to be to be the
71878	Bivol,A	2356	Granovskaya, E	1845	1-0	38	A07	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	
71878	Ilyina,L	1736	Travkina,A	2221	0-1	38	B51	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	Pogonina,Natalija 2466 - Charoch A85 RUS-chT rapid (Women) [Kha
71878	Tomilova,E	2307	Nur Mukhameto	1850	1-0	36	A20	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	
71878	Garifullina,L	1936	Strukova,K	2052	1/2-1/2	78	B42	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	1.d4 f5 2.c4 Nf6 3.Nc3 e6 4.Oc2 Bb4 5.e3 b6 6.Bd3
71878	Granovskaya,E	1845	Stepanyan,E	1952	0-1	55	C53	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	Bb7 7.f3 c5 8.Nge2 Nc6
71878	Chekletsova,D	1636	Ilyina,L	1736	0-1	72	D10	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	9.a3 cxd4 10.exd4 Bd6
71878	Nur Mukhametova,A	1850	Murzina,A	1637	1-0	51	C66	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	11.Be3 0-0 12.0-0 Qb8
71878	Charochkina,D	2321	Ambartsumova,K	2359	0-1	42	A45	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	13.h3 Qd8 14.Qd2 Rc8
71878	Nebolsina,V	2220	Vasilevich,T	2360	1/2-1/2	26	B28	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	0	15.b4 Nh5 16.Bf2 Bb8 17.Kh1 Qc7 18.f4 Ne7
71878	Gritsayeva,O	2373	Belova,O	2094	1-0	71	D02	RUS-chT rapid	(Wome.	• 0	17.KHI QC/ 10.14 NE/
•										Þ.	
									0%		

The list window has a number of tabs at the top which take you to the different indexes for the games of the database.

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game title	Openings
------	-------	---------	-------------	-----------	---------	-------	------------	----------

The "Games" tab produces the <u>games list</u> with all entries in the order in which they are physically stored in the database. You can scroll up and down the list, filter or sort it.

The other indexes are all described in their own sections:

Default Text Players index Tournament index Annotators Source index Teams Openings key Theme keys for tactics, strategy, endgames and general themes. Game Title A new Index.

Note: Theme keys are only available optionally. Searching for <u>similar endgames</u> or <u>similar structures</u> is more precise and delivers much more exact results.

The Ribbons

Ē	🗵 Delete	Full Game Heade	er	•	# (1	🎸 Select All		0	**
	🦲 Сору	Segoe UI 🔹	13	-	-			🜁 Goto Line	-		
Paste	📔 Clip or Unclip	First	0 月	Bo		ilter List	Edit Game Data		Cross Table	Next Tournament	Activate/deactivate Fritztrainer
	Clipboard	Properties		Во	ard F	ilter	E	Edit	Tou	irnaments	Activate
Text	Games Players	Tournaments Annot	ator S	ources	Teams	Game	title Oper	nings			

The Ribbons at the top of the list window offers direct access to frequently used functions. If you move the mouse onto a button, after a second or two a description of the function appears. For example:

Copy selected games, i.e. mark them for copying Paste games which were marked for copying Filter games, i.e. use the <u>search mask</u> to list specific games Edit the game data of the selected game Compress a database into a single file for backup purposes Generate <u>tournament table</u> Show statistics for selected games

In the **Menu File** you find a selection of databases recently opened.

File	Home	Statistics	Games	Players	Opening Keys	View
	lew	•	Recent Data	abases		4
			<u>1</u> 2014_11_7	_Friday.cbh		E.
— •	Open	+	<u>2</u> 2014_10_1	.8_Samstag.cl	bh	d
- P	rint	•	<u>3</u> 2014_11_6	j_Donnerstag	ı.cbh	iii
alline			<u>4</u> C:\Users	\New Datab	ase.cbh	E
S •	-Mail Selecte	ed Games	<u>5</u> C:∖ChessB	ase Daten\ill	egal.cbh	Þ
() 	ublish to We	eb	<u>6</u> pitterspos	base1.cbf		
txt			<u>7</u> WM-Tests	.cbh		с
0 5	election To T	lext file	<u>8</u> MyInterne	tGames.cbh		c
	Goto Fritz		<u>9</u> kasparov.	cbh		c
			1 <u>0</u> Mega Da	itabase 2014.	cbh	c c

Open the list and switch to one of your recent databases quickly from here.

2.1.3.2 Default Text

When a database contains a <u>database text</u> at the first position, you can open this by clicking on the text tab in the <u>database list window</u>:

The Albin Counter-Gambit <u>Training</u>



This training section provides games featuring ideas and plans typical for the Albin Counter-Gambit which should be looked at both from White's and from Black's point of view. The entire training includes the solving of concrete game positions to improve your understanding of typical ideas and plans.

The following games are proposed for training:

Games featuring typical manoeuvres for Black in the Albin Counter-Gambit:

There is no language selection tab in this editor, the text is shown in the program language. To switch between possible other languages, load the database text by double-clicking it from the games list:

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Opening	s Th	emes	Tactics
Number	White			Elo W	Black		E	o B	Resu	lt Mov
	The '	World C	hampions						Text	
	The	Challen	gers						Text	
	Cond	litions							Text	
	Alek	hine							Text	

2.1.3.3 Games list

Naturally the games list is the most frequently used window type in ChessBase. You use it to browse a database, a search result, contents of an openings key, game of a player and so on. Please try to understand how to configure a games list, it will considerably increase the usability of the program for you. Other lists (players, tournaments) work the same.

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game Titl	e Ope	enings							
Number	Whit	e	Elo W	Black	Ele	DB F	Result	Mo	ECO	Tournament	Date	VCS	R	Medals	Ai ^	
6466271	Tode	ev,S	1195	Bozhilov,G	130)2 1	-0	16	C44	Sofia MGU op 15	26.09.2015		3.8			
6466272	Mete	ev, M	1976	Todorov,P	194	16 ³	2-1/2	35	B72	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		4.1			
6466273	Gele	merov, Y	2064	Orev, P	205	50 0	-1	33	B02	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		4.2			
6466274	And	reev, D	1921	Krustev, K	190)5 ³ /	2-1/2	46	C63	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		4.3			
6466275	Vasi	lev,L	1832	Sapareva, M	156	57 1	-0	36	B22	Sofia MGU op 15	27.09.2015		4.4			
6466276	Geor	giev, N	1545	Todev,S	119	95 1	-0	21	C61	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		4.5			ALALALAL
6466277	Orev	,P	2050	Todorov,P	194	16 ³	2-1/2	18	A36	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		5.1		Double	eclick to open! 🖉 💁 🧟 🦄 🚊
6466278	Geor	giev, N	1545	Andreev, D	192	21 0				Sofia MGU op 15	27.09.2015				1	的一般。 後日期の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の時間の 時間の時間の 時間の時間の 時間の
6466279	Krus	tev,K	1905	Gelemerov,	Y 206	54 ³ /	2-1/2	72	C53	Sofia MGU op 15.	27.09.2015		5.4		1	
6466280	Karja	akin, S	2762	Svidler, P	272	27 0	-1	38	C95	FIDE World Cup	02.10.2015		7.2			
6466281	Svid	ler, P	2727	Karjakin, S	276	52 0	-1	30	B53	FIDE World Cup	03.10.2015		7.3		-	
6466282	Karja	akin, S	2762	Svidler, P	272	27 1	-0	56	D06	FIDE World Cup	04.10.2015		7.4			
6466283	Karja	akin, S	2762	Svidler, P	272	27 1	-0	89	A56	FIDE World Cup	05.10.2015		7.5			
6466284	Svid	ler, P	2727	Karjakin, S	276	52 1	-0	58	C00	FIDE World Cup	05.10.2015		7.6			
6466285	Karja	akin, S	2762	Svidler, P	272	27 0	-1	40	E61	FIDE World Cup	05.10.2015		7.7			
6466286	Svid	ler, P	2727	Karjakin, S	276	52 0	-1	27	B51	FIDE World Cup	05.10.2015		7.8			
6466287	Karja	akin, S	2762	Svidler, P	272	27 1	-0	43	C89	FIDE World Cup	05.10.2015		7.9		*	
•					111										F .	
C:\ChessB	ase Dat	en∖Datenb	oanken\Mega D	atabase 2016.	cbh = 6466	5288 Gar	nes									10

Use the separation marks between the column headers to resize columns. <u>Drag & Drop</u> columns to a new place. The program will remember any changes in the configuration of the games list.

Obvious but important: You sort the list by clicking on the column title. Right-click on the column title to get a menu for toggling single columns:

Optimize column widths All Columns	Ctrl-+
Hide 'Black' Auto Fit Column ('Black')	
Hide all columns to right ('Black' ->)	
Show 'Round' Show 'White Team' Show 'Black Team'	

<u>Hint</u>: your mouse over symbols like ECO, medals, annotation types and get a tool tip explanation.

		Avrukh,B	Top Game	0	
_	Mode	el game (openin	g plan), Novelty	y, Pawn structure, Strat	egy, Strategical blunder, User
	-	Dat 2 91	THE GAME	1.1	

Most important in the games list is the <u>right-click menu</u>. It offers standard column layouts and a lot of functions on selected games.

You can select games with Ctrl-click or Shift-cursor keys. Use Ctrl-A to select all elements of a list.

At the Top of each game list, you find the Ribbons:



Click *Filter List* to filter the games list with a <u>search mask</u> Click *Copy* to prepare the selected games for copying to another database. Click Edit to enter game data for one or more games. If you select more than one game of the same player, the player name is offered for editing. Clip copies the selected games to the <u>clip database</u>. Delete marks the selected games for deletion.

2.1.3.4 Tips Game list

The most important thing. To open a game always double click on the game item in the list.

This open the board window with the game!

Selection of more than one game in the game list.

Click with the left mouse button on the first game you want.

Press the <u>Ctrl key and hold it down</u>. Now you can click on any other games to highlight them.

Release the Ctrl key and you have all desired games selected.

Selection of a small range of games in the game list

Click the first game with the left mouse button.

Now hold the Shift key down (not the CTRL Key !!!) and press it down.

In the next step click on the last game you want to highlight.

Release the Shift key and the selection is done!

Selection of a large range of games in the game list

Click the first game with the left mouse button.

Now hold the **Shift** key down (not the CTRL Key !!!) and press it down.

In the next step press the key ", Page Down " to select the games.

Release the Shift key and the selection is done!

Selection of all games in the game list

This could be done with **Ctrl-A**.

Note: you can easily unselect a selection with a simple mouse click in the game list.

2.1.3.5 Customising the display of information

Problem: In previous versions, the parameters chosen in the games list were the ones which were installed for all new databases. Thus if I chose for one database to hide the entries for team, White or source, these headings were automatically hidden whenever I set up a new database. After one of the most recent updates, these headings now appear in every new database. How can I hide these annoying headings once and for all?

Answer: Try to do so with the function "*Hide all columns to right*". Within the present session, then the information will also be hidden within new databases insofar as the new database is created during the same session. If you switch the computer off and then back on again, all the column headings will be displayed once more. Basically that is what is intended to happen. The user should be provided with the maximum amount of information.

2.1.3.6 Copying games with a right click

The program makes it possible for you to copy into a new database games which you have selected (highlighted) from the <u>games list</u>. To do so you proceed as follows.

In the games list of the database, highlight the games you wish to copy into a separate database. You are able to highlight games with $Ctrl+mouse\ click$ or $SHIFT+mouse\ click$.

					User Interface	103
	Edit	Þ	36	B85	World Champi	onsh
	Opening reference on selection	Strg+Alt+Eingabe	21	A17		
	Merge Selected Games	Eingabe	27	B85		
	Selection to Book	-	28	C80	World Champi	onsh
		Umschalt+Eingabe	25	B85	World Champi	onsh
	Replay games automatically		22	C45	World Champi	onsh
	Output	•		Print Selection		
	Cross Table	Т		Print multiple training		
	Statistics	S		Page Setup		
	Piece Probability	Umschalt+S				Ļ
	Overview	0	o	Printer Setup		
			-	E-Mail Selected Games		
	Create game title			Selection	To Text file	
	Tactical Analysis			Database		
List Format		•		Publish to	o Web	
	Close		rov,0	-	2795 1/2-1/2	63 12

Then right click – Output – Datenbank starts the Windows file selection dialog, from where you can select the target database into which you want to copy the new games.

After the choice of the target database the game(s) are immediately copied.

2.1.3.7 Top Games in the Database Game List

In a database game list there are some new columns.

Theoretical Weight	Players (CBF)
•	Anand,Viswanathan 21
•	Carlsen,Magnus 2826

Sorting by the **Top Game** uses only the search criteria evaluation, ie the average Elo of the players.

Top Game Top Game Top Game Top Game

Sorting by the **Theory Weight** takes into consideration not only the Elo values of the players, but also when the games were played.

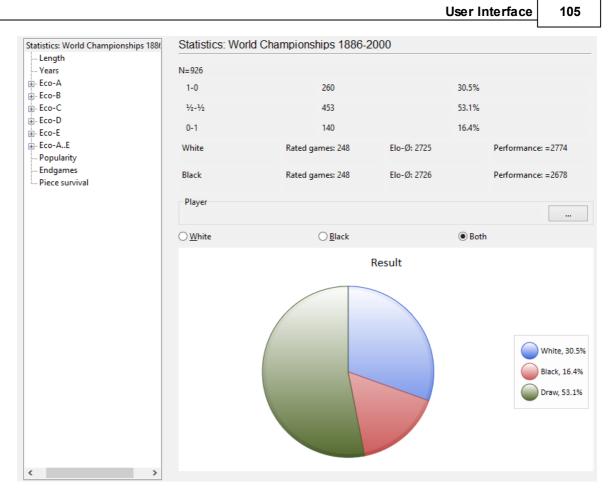
2.1.3.8 Database statistics

Whenever you open the games list of a database you can immediately access statistical information about the database you have loaded.

	Edit	*
	Opening reference on selection	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
	Selection to Book	Umschalt+Eingabe
	Replay games automatically	
	Output	•
2	Cross Table	Т
L	Statistics	S
	Piece Probability	Umschalt+S
	Overview	0
	Create game title	
	Tactical Analysis	
	List Format	•
	Close	

Right click Statistics or key S

In the start dialog the statistics function shows a great deal of information, e.g. the number of games, results and the average rating for the database loaded.



It is possible to search directly from the dialog box for the results of a specific player

106	ChessBase 15		
	Select Player		×
	Player	Ка	
	Last Name	First Name	
	Karpov	Anatoly	
	Kasparov	Garry	
	<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel	

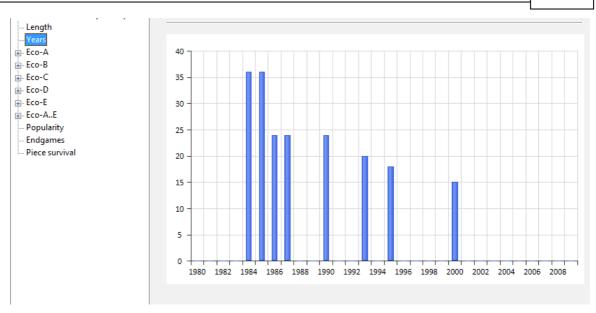
ChessBase 15

As soon as the player's name has been input, the relevant entries from the list of players are displayed from the index and the individual results are listed opposite the player.

The choice of colours is selected under "White/Black" or "Both".

The headings Length/Years/ or Eco show the length of games, the number of years in which they were played or an overview of the games according to the classification system of the Chess Informant. The interpretation of the results is self-evident.

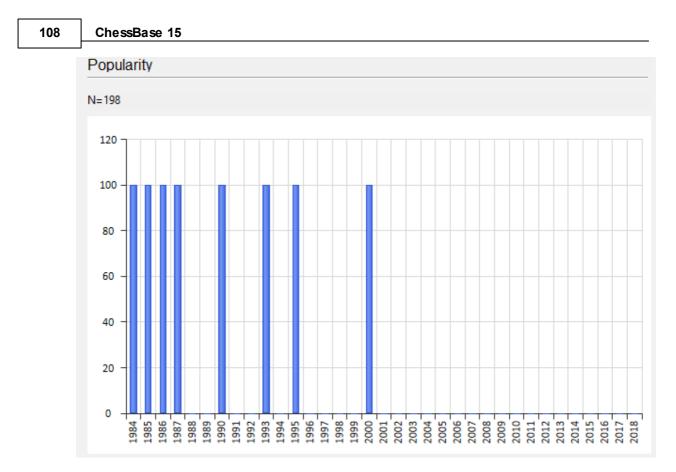
Here is an example of the division of the games according to the years in which they were played.



In the chart the bottom axis gives the year, the left-hand one gives an overview of the number of games played.

Within the games list of a database you can play through games directly without having to specifically load these into the board window. This alternative option is especially useful when you are taking a quick look at games in a database.

Are you interested in statistical information on games which were played in a specific opening variation?



The position serving for the classification is displayed including the distribution of the ratings and the number of games. Under Endgames you see the possible endgames which occurred in the games n the database with the selected opening variation.

How long pieces remained on the board is shown by the statistics function.



Take the example of the black rook on a8. How do we interpret the values displayed? The rook on a8 survives in 67% of the games and remains on the board until the end of these games.

2.1.3.9 Player index

List window: Click **Player** tab

The players index is sorted alphabetically.

Text Games	Players Tou	maments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game Title	e Openi	ngs					
last name	First Name	Total	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou	Native	*	Game	s			
Kortschnoj	Viktor	41	2499	GM	m		_		Whit	e	Elo W	Black	
Korzubov	Peter	1	2456	IM	m	=			Kas	parov,G	2812	Kortschnoj,	۷
Kostayiolas	L	1							Kort	tschnoj,V	2600	Kasparov, G	
Kouatly	Bachar	3	2454	GM	m				· ·	parov,G	2827	Kortschnoj,	V
Kozul	Zdenko	1	2618	GM	m		_		Kor	tschnoi.V	2639	Kasparov.G	
Krabbe	Tim	1	2274		m				Tourn	aments			
Kramnik	Vladimir	123	2810	WC.	m	_			Co	Title		Place	
Krasenkow	Michal	1	2627	GM	m	_		-	11	Candida	tes sf1	London	
(Þ		5	Paris Im	mopar.	Paris	
Search:									•				

Type the first letters of a player into Search below the list to find a player.

Text Games	Players Tourna	aments 🛛	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game
Last name	First Name	Total	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou.
Kortschnoj	\ /:1-+	7-1 	2400	CN 4	 Chara 1 M	, 7
Korzubov	Prepare aga				Strg+W	
Kostayiolas	Prepare aga				Strg+E	
Kouatly	Search white	-		Imschalt+Sti	-	
Kozul	Search black	c games		Umschalt+St	rg+Alt+E	в 🛌
Krabbe	ID-Card			St	rg+Alt+E	в 🛓
Kramnik	Dossier				Strg+E	> 🛓
Krasenkow	Player statis	tic				
•	Improve Pla	yer Name	s			
Search:	Edit				E	2
	Delete				Ent	f
Control for al	Choose Fon	+			2110	
] Search for si	chooseron					
] Search for si	Close				Alt+F4	4
] Same players			This a	ives vou o	only the	- whi

Right-click a player to get the following menu:

Search White/Black

This gives you only the white or black games of the player.

ID-Card, Dossier

This calls up the <u>ID-Card</u> or generates a <u>Dossier</u> of the player.

Player statistic

This shows <u>statistics</u> of the player's games in the current database (opponents, results, openings).

Edit

This allows you to edit the <u>player's name</u>. If there are a number of entries of the same player with different spellings mark them all with Crtl-click and use Edit to unify them. But be careful: if you include a different player by mistake you will not be able to find him again after you have changed the names.

Most of the above functions are also in the Tools and Edit menus.

See Player preparation by mouse click

You can close the games list or tournaments list panes by right-click close. To reopen them, use menu Window -> Panes. You can rearrange the window panes in the usual fashion with the splitter bars.

2.1.3.10 No games displayed in Player index

Problem: When clicking on the <u>Player</u>/<u>Tournament</u> tab no games are displayed in the right view for the corresponding <u>game list</u>.

If you are confronted with this problem it is recommended that you carry out maintenance on the database by executing an integrity test.

Select the database in the database window and select the menu **Maintenance** - **Integrity test**.



<u>Alternative</u>: Delete the <u>Search Booster</u> and create a new one.

2.1.3.11 Player preparation by mouse click

Apart from the <u>dossier</u> Chessbase 10 offers another way for you to prepare to play against a particular player.

Open the <u>player index</u> in a database list and select the player against whom you want to prepare yourself.

Right clicking on a player's name opens a context menu that offers amongst other things the options **Prepare against White** and **Prepare against Black**.

Ciocaltea	Victor 1476	GM m
Ciocan	Prepare against White	Strg+W
Ciocanaru	Prepare against Black	Strg+B
Cioce	Search white games	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+W
Ciochina	Search black games	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+B
Cioffi	ID-Card	Strg+Alt+B
Cioglia	Dossier	Strg+D
Ciola		Stig+D
Ciolac	Player statistic	
Ciolek	Improve Player Names	
Ciolek	Edit	F2
Ciolek	Clip or Unclip	F5
Cioltea	Delete	Entf
٠	Choose Font	
Search: Ci	Close	Alt+F4

The same information is displayed as in the <u>Opening Reference</u>. The contents of the display have to do with the white and black repertoires of the selected player.

2.1.3.12 Tournament index

List window: Click Tournament tab

📳 🔒 📃 Quick	Board 🗧 Mega Da	tabase 2014: 602	282 Tournam	ents	in the second						_			• X
File Home	Statistics C	Sames Playe	rs Open	ing Keys	View									0
Paste Clipboard	Segoe UI	Game Header 15 0 Properties	▼ ● Boar Boar	d Filte List	Dat	ame a			xt Activat ment Frit	e/deactiva tztrainer	te			
Text Games	Players Tourname	nts Annotator	Sources 1	Feams G	ame title	Oper	ings							
Title	Place	Date	Туре	Nation (Cat R	*	Games							▼ 🗈
ALG-ch sf (W	Chenoua	22.12.2011	Open		9		White	Elo W	Black	Ele	B R	esult	Year	T ^
ARM-ch 1st L.	Kajaran	18.08.2011	Tourn	📕 V	/II 13		Beaumont, A		Moskvichev		0		2011	A
ARM-ch 71st	Yerevan	10.01.2011	Tourn	X	III 11		Bhat, V	636	Willathgam	uw 85		-	2011	A
AUS-ch Major	Cammeray	02.01.2011	Open		11		Bhat,V	636	Moser, N		0	-	2011	A
AUS-ch Major	North Geelo	27.12.2011	Open		11		Bhat,V ∢	636	Salasan,H		0		2011	A -
AUS-ch Minor	Cammeray	02.01.2011	Open		11									
AUS-ch U08	Mooroolbark	15.01.2011	Open		9		Players							▼ 🖾
AUS-ch U10	Mooroolbark	15.01.2011	Open	-	9		Last name	First Na	me Total	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou	Native ^
AUS-ch U10	Mooroolbark	15.01.2011	Open	1	9	-	Cannon	David	31	2067	THUE	m		INDUVE
AUS-ch U12	Mooroolbark	19.01.2011	Open		9		Fan			2007				
AUS-ch U14	Mooroolbark	19.01.2011	Open		9			Enoch	20	1500		m		
<						Ŧ	Dingfelder	Carl		1508		m		
Search:							Bhat	Vishal	9	1713	WFM	w	¢.	
										100%				
						_				100%				

The tournament index window has three panes. You can switch off e.g. the players pane with right-click -> Close. To resize or rearrange the player and games list pane, use the mouse on the splitter bars.

Full text search in the Tournament list is possible

Right-click a tournament to get the following menu:

Cross Table Improve	т
Edit	F2
Clip or Unclip	F5
Delete	Entf
Choose Font	
Close	Alt+F4
Show Map	М

Cross Table

This produces a <u>tournament table</u> of the selected tournament.

Clip or Unclip

Copies the games from the selected tournaments to the <u>clip database</u>.

Improve

Automatically completes tournament data like category and number of rounds if they

are missing.

Delete

Marks all games from the selected tournaments as deleted.

Edit

This allows you to edit the <u>tournament data</u>. If there are a number of entries of the same tournament with different spellings mark them all with Crtl-click and use Edit to unify them. But be careful: if you include a different tournament by mistake you will not be able to find it easily after you have changed the name.

Show Map

Display the Location of the Tournament on the World Map

You can copy a tournament by <u>Drag & Drop</u> with the mouse to another database.

2.1.3.13 Full text search in the Tournament list

For instance, type "Candidates 1953", "Bonn 2006" or "Linares".

File	Home St	atistics Gam	es Players	Opening Ke	eys Vie	:w									0
Paste	Delete Copy Clip or Unclip Clipboard	Segoe UI First	ne Header		Filter List Filter	dit Game Data Edit	ne Cross Table	Next Tournament urnaments							
Text	Games Players	Tournaments	Annotator Sou	urces Teams	s Openin	gs									
Title		Place	Date	Туре	Nati	Games			_			_			- 💌 🖻
Bonn I	Man-Machine	Bonn	25.11.2006	match		White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	R	esult	Year	Tourna	ment	
Lisbon	ne CEAX op 1	st Lisbonne	10.03.2006	open		Report				т	ext		Bonn M	lan-Ma	chi.
					-	Comp Deep	1	Kramnik,V	2750	7	2-1/2	2006	Bonn M	lan-Ma	chi.
						Comp Deep	1	Kramnik, V	2750	1	-0	2006	Bonn M	lan-Ma	chi.
						Comp Deep	I	Kramnik,V	2750	1	-0	2006	Bonn M		
						Kramnik, V	2750	Comp Deep	F.,	7	2-1/2	2006	Bonn M		
						Kramnik,V		Comp Deep			2-1/2	2006	Bonn M		
						Kramnik,V	2750	Comp Deep	F	4	a-¥a	2006	Bonn M	an-Ma	chi.
						Players		_						_	- 🔻 🖻
						Last name	First Nam	ne Total	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou	Native	Ph	Born
						Kramnik	Vladimi	r 2026			m				
						Comp Deep Fr		6							
•					•										
	Bonn 2006														,
2610MB										1	100% =			_	

Only a second after finishing typing the search begins automatically.

2.1.3.14 Annotator index

List window: Click **Annotator** tab

File	Home	Stat	istics Game	es Player	s Opening	Keys	View						Ø
Paste	E Delete Copy Clip or U	Jnclip	Segoe UI First	e Header 15 0 perties	Board Board	Filter List Filter	Edit Game Edit Game Data		Cross Next Table Tournament Tournaments	Activate Fritz	/deactivate trainer tivate		
Text	Games PI	ayers	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources Tea	ms Gar	ne title Openings						
Vame		#				-	Games						▼ 🛙
Aagaan	ď	29					White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Tournamer
	/Alexop	1					Rytshagov, M	2525	Aagaard, J	2435	1/2-1/2	1998	Excelsior C
	Razik/Ad.						Aagaard, J	2395	Houska, M	2385	1-0	1998	Hampsteac
Adams		1					Aagaard,J	2395	Williams,S	2315	1-0	1998	Hampsteac
		-					Aagaard, J	2395	Cobb,J	2330	1-0	1998	Hampsteac
Adams,	,M	7					Sasikiran,K	2470	Aagaard, J	2420	1-0	1998	Hampsteac
Adly,A		2					Baklan,V	2585	Aagaard, J	2420	1-0	1998	Groningen
Adorjar	n	1					Jonkman, H	2310	Aagaard, J	2420	0-1	1998	Groningen
Adorjar	n/Vogt,L	1					Aagaard,J	2420	Reinderman,D	2540	1/2-1/2	1998	Groningen
Agnos		1					Ernst,S	2420	Aagaard, J	2420	1/2-1/2	1998	Groningen
Agrest		11					Aagaard,J	2420	Kempinski, R	2545	1/2-1/2	1998	Groningen
Akkha		1					Hillarp Persso	2507	Aagaard, J	2403	1/2-1/2	1999	Politiken C
Alapin.	c	2					Aagaard,J	2403	Schandorff,L	2514	0-1	1999	Politiken C
mapin,	<u>ی</u>	2				-	•						

The annotator is entered in the <u>save mask</u> when you save or replace a game. If you yourself add commentary to a game that was not previously annotated, ChessBase will automatically insert <u>your name</u> as the annotator in the save mask.

2.1.3.15 Source index

List window: Click **Source** tab

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game Tit	le (Openings	Themes	Tactics	Strategy	Endgames		
Title		Pub	lisher	Publicatio	on Da	ate	Vers	• •	Games						▼ ×
EXT 2	018	Che	essBase	13.10.20	17 13	3.10.201	71		Number	r	White		Elo W	Black	-
CBM :	180 Extra	a Che	essBase	06.10.20	17 06	5.10.201	71		707909	92	Bartmey	/er,J	1691	Katscher,G	_
CBM :	180	Che	essBase	13.09.20	17 13	3.09.201	71		707909	93	Camarg	o,L	1730	Oliveira,C	1
CBM [•]	179 Extra	a Che	essBase	23.08.20)17 23	3.08.201	71		707909		Da Cunł		1495	Moraes Silva,	C 1
CBM ·			ssBase	12.07.20		2.07.201		-	707909	-	Da Silva		1872	Labussiere,Y	1
									707909	-	De Borb		1888	Goncalves,O	1
	178 Extra		essBase	22.06.20		2.06.201			707909	97	De Borb	a,G	2232	Peroza,E	1
CBM :	178	Che	essBase	14.05.20	17 14	1.05.201	71		707909	98	De God	oy,S		Cezar,R	1
CBM :	177 Extra	a Che	essBase	27.04.20	17 27	7.04.201	71		707909	99	De Olive	eira,G	1868	Marcolino,M	- 1
CBM :	177	Che	essBase	16.03.20	17 16	5.03.201	71		707910	00	De Olive	eira,W	1800	Caetano,R	1
CBM :	176 Extra	a Che	essBase	02.03.20	17 02	2.03.201	7 1		707910	-	Do Valle	Card	1929	Herrera,J	1
CBM	176	Che	essBase	17.01.20	17 17	7.01.201	7 1		707910)2	Frois,V		2011	Tanide,G	1
CDIVI .	110	Che	ssbase	17.01.20	1/ 1/	.01.201	/ 1		707010	12	Havachi	ĸ	1500	Almaida G	

Any game may contain information on its <u>source</u>, i.e. the place where it was originally published. The source index lists all sources in alphabetical order.

2.1.3.16 Teams index

List window: Click **Teams** tab

File	Home Stat	istics	Games	Players	(Oper	ning Keys	View													(
Paste	Delete Copy Clip or Unclip Clipboard	Segoe U First	II Game H JI Proper	• 15 0	•	Boa Boa	rd Filte	er Edit t E		Select All Goto Line	Cro Tab	55	Next rnament nents	Fr	te/deactiva itztrainer Activate	te					
Text	Games Players	Tournam	nents A	nnotator	Sourc	es	Teams 🤅	iame title	Opening	s											
Title		Rank	Season	Year	-	^	Players														- 🕶 🗄
Texas	Tech	П		2012			Last nam	e	First Nar	ne To	otal	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou	Native	Ph	Born		Died	
Texas	Tech	III		2012			Meier		Georg	10	39 3	2465	GM	m	•		-	1990			
Texas	Tech Knight Ra			2013			Moradi	abadi	Elshan	78	39 3	2496	GM	m	0		30	1988			
Texas	Tech Univ			2011			Bykhov	sky	Anatoly	y 36	6 3	2647	GM	m	-		3	1987			
Texas	Tech Univ			2012		Ę	Diamar	nt	Andre	65	5 3	2568	GM	m			1	1985			
Thaila	and			1976			Boros		Denes	94	3 3	2470	GM	m			-	1988			
Thaila	and			1977																	_
Thaila	and			1979			•							III. 							
Thaila	and			1980			Games														- 6
Thaila	and			1981			White		Elo W	White T	eam	B	ack		Elo B	Black Te	eam	Re	esult	Mo	Tourr
Thaila	and			1982			Bykhov			Texas T			osenber	g,E	2161	New Yo				37	USA-(
Thaila				1984			Camero			New Yo			pros,D		2487	Texas T			-	43	USA-(
Thaila				1986		-	Diamar			Texas T			oisor,S olt C		2361	Marylar				48	USA-(
•					÷		Diamar	ht Δ	2504	Texas T	ech l Ini				2499	Dallas I	11 20	12 4	- 1/2	57	11S∆-1 ♦
Search:																					
																100	%			_	

This displays a list of all games which were played by the members of a team.

When a team championship game is entered this is specified in the <u>save mask</u>. If all the team championship games are correctly specified and have the same tournament name then a correct <u>tournament table</u> can be generated in the <u>tournament index</u>.

2.1.3.17 Endgame keys

List window: Click Endgame tab.

Note: Theme keys are only available optionally. Searching for <u>similar endgames</u> or <u>similar structures</u> is more precise and delivers much more exact results.

Notation	📝 Always Promote To Queen	Mark Move With Arrow
Engines	Rightclick Retracts	Mouse Wheel executes moves
Folders	Register as PGN Reader	
Limits	Announce moves	
Tablebases	Board sounds	
Clipboard	Evaluation sounds	
Encyclopedia	Engine load sounds	
Misc	📝 Show opening	
User	Game History	Save Last Game in CloudClip
Design	Vse 'Theme Keys'	
Language		

Theme keys are only available <u>optionally</u>. Searching for similar endgames or similar structures is more precise and delivers much more exact results.

The endgame key is like any <u>theme key</u>, in which each entry is defined by the <u>search</u> <u>mask</u>. The contents of the endgame key are generally devoted to the different material configurations and the different tactical and strategic motifs found in the endgame.

File Home Statis	tics Games Players Opening Keys View	(
Paste Clipboard	Image: Search Result Image: Search Result <td< th=""><th></th></td<>	
ext Games Players	Fournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game title Openings Themes Tactics Strategy Endgames	
а- <u>А</u>	Pawn Endings Bauernendspiele	347054
D- <u>2</u> A	Pure Rook Endings Reine Turmendspiele	1111276
-E : A/40/g	Rook vs. Other Pieces Gemischte Turmendspiele	386122
- E4)/ Eg	Rook and Minor Piece Turm und Leichtfigur	1741755
- <u>88</u>	Two rooks Zwei Türme	434209
- W A	Pure Queen Endings Reine Damenendspiele	181265
-₩ : Δ/@/ <u>@</u> /	2 Queen vs. Other Pieces Gemischte Damenendspiele	205516
- <u>122</u> / <u>12</u> 2/ <u>12</u> 2	Queen and One Piece Dame und Figur	342981
⊡ 42/2	One Minor Piece Eine Leichtfigur	1025619
- එඑ/ එද/ දුදු	Two Minor Pieces Zwei Leichtfiguren	256384
ames	innunnun.	•
Vhite Elo W	Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS ECO T Annotator	
	100%	

• If you load a game from an endgame key the program will jump to the position that led to the match (if that is possible).

See also Endgame Classification

2.1.3.18 Strategy key

List window: Click Strategy tab.

The strategy key is like any <u>theme key</u>, in which each entry is defined by the <u>search</u> <u>mask</u>. The contents of the strategy key generally concern pawn structures and strategic ideas.

Theme keys are only available optionally.

File	Home	Stati	istics Gam	es Playe	ers Op	ening Keys	View							(
	Delete		Search R	lesult • 13	-			Select All Goto Line		D Next	Activate	Ż		
Paste	📔 Clip o	r Unclip	First	0	BC	ard Filter List	Edit Game Data		Cross Table To	urnament		/deactiva trainer	ate	
	Clipboard	i i	Pro	perties	Bo	ard Filter	Edit		Tourna	aments	Ad	tivate		
Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotato	r Sources	Teams Gar	ne title Opening	s Themes	Tactics	Strategy	Endgames			
Mat Typ Kin Out Med Sym	g's po post lals to bols	Alloc piece i psitio p stra ments	ation behavior ns tegy strategy		Materi Typiso Königs Vorpos Medail Symbol Textko	position ten len zur e	lung renverhalt en Strategie Strategie	ən						50287 429884 51501 108959 21531 417 23946 29786 2853
ames White	ining s	FloW	Black	Flo		-			_	VCS	ECO	T., 4	Annotator	₹
													100%	

• If you load a game from a strategy key the program will jump to the position that led to the match (if that is possible).

2.1.3.19 Tactics key

List window: Click **Tactics** tab.

Theme keys are only available optionally.

The tactics key is like any <u>theme key</u>, in which each entry is defined by the <u>search</u> <u>mask</u>. The contents of the tactics key generally concern sacrifices combined with positional fragments and manoeuvres.

File Ho	me Stati	stics Game	s Players	i Openii	ng Keys	View					(
Paste Clipbo	opy ip or Unclip	FigurineCB Lee First	tterS 🝷 15	Board Board	List	Edit Game Data	Cross Table	Next Tournament Irnaments	Activate/dead Fritztrain Activate	er	
Text Game	es Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources T	eams Gam	e title Openings Them	es Tactic	s Strategy I	Indgames		
Attack				/ Angr	iff						28108
Defence	•			/ Vert	eidigun	a					6051
Medal	l defenc	e		/ Me	daille	Verteidigung					945
Text	comment	defence		/ Tex	tkommen	tar Verteidigun	g				5100
Medals	tactica	L		/ Meda	illen t	aktisch					5098
Textcom	ments ta	actic		/ Text	komment	are Taktik					17071
🛛 Trainin	ng quest:	ions		/ Trai	ningsfr	agen					3732
ames							7				• (
Vhite	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation		VCS	ECO T	Annotator	

• If you load a game from a tactics key the program will jump to the position that led to the match (if that is possible).

2.1.3.20 Theme keys

List Window - Themes

Theme keys are only available optionally.

ChessBase has two main methods for accessing a database. On the one hand the search mask offers you a flexible method of searching by various criteria; on the other the keys (openings, players, endgame, etc.) give you a structured means of access which has the additional advantage of being virtually instantaneous.

File Home Statistics Games Players	Opening Keys View	0
☑ Delete ☑ Search Result ☑ Copy Segoe UI ☑ Clip or Unclip First ☑ Clipboard Properties	Board Filter Edit Game Cross Next Activate/deactivate Board Filter Edit Game Table Tournament Activate/deactivate Board Filter Edit Edit Activate Activate	
Text Games Players Tournaments Annotator So	urces Teams Game title Openings Themes Tactics Strategy Endgames	
■ Quick wins until 20 moves	/ Schnelle Siege bis 20 Züge	225559 🔺
⊕ Sea snakes >= 99 moves	/ Seeschlangen >= 99 Züge	16618
Brilliant moves	/ Brillante Züge	9457
Blunder	/ Grobe Patzer	22718 ≡
• Stalemate	/ Patt	4644
-Hitting succession 10x	/ Schlagfolgen 10x	115
Critical opening positions	/ Kritische Eröffnungsstellungen	6189
Critical middlegame positions	/ Kritische Mittelspielstellungen	5390
-Piece path	/ Figurenpfad	1559
Medals	/ Medaillen	5916 -
Games		▼ 🗵
White Elo W Black Elo B	Result Year Notation VCS ECO T Annotator	
	100%	

The theme key of ChessBase combines both methods. A key is defined by the contents of the <u>search mask</u>, and this definition is permanently stored with the key. So the key can be used to classify new games or even a completely different database.

The <u>classification keys</u> for themes, strategy, tactics and endgames can all be viewed by clicking tabs in the <u>list window</u>. When you <u>classify a database</u> each game is examined to see whether it matches all the search criteria in the theme keys.

✤ If you right-click an entry in a theme key and select Edit (F2) you will get the search mask that defines the key. You can change it to modify the criteria for games to be classified into that key.

• If you load a game from a theme key the program will jump to the position that led to the match (if that is possible).

I want to transfer a thematic classification key that I have created myself to another database.

Unfortunately, this only works with opening keys. The "Transfer" option cannot be selected from the thematic key context menu. Transfers don't work for any other keys (other than <u>opening keys</u>). The program does <u>not support the transfer of thematic keys</u>.

2.1.3.21 Endgame Classification

There is a new menu "Endgames" under the Games option in the database window.

This adds an endgame classification to the games in a database.

The endgame key can be found in the folder "Documents \ ChessBase \ Key".

The classification is not entered in the key, but in the game itself. There is a new column "Endgame", in which the longest endgame in the list can be seen, for instance RB-RN. This column can also be sorted.

The classification is used in the openings overview and in the player report. There is a new item called "*Endgames*":

The most common endgames in the list of games is displayed, as well as the deviation as a percentage from the games in the reference database.

Apart from this the deviation from the lengths of the endgames in the reference database is displayed.

RB-RN (+8.9) means that the endgame RB-RN occurs about 9% more often than in the complete database.

This is an indication of factors such as a certain opening position leading to a particular endgame, or a player preferring a particular endgame.

2.1.3.22 New Index

When a game is saved a description text can be added to it, dependent on the default language. The dialog has been extended to take this into account.

Under the "*Game Title*" the text and the language in which it is to be displayed are input.

120	ChessBase 15

Players and Result	Annotator and Teams	Extended Rating	Game title	
English	~	?		
Critical Tactic po	sitions in my games!			
		<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> anc	el <u>F</u>	<u>l</u> elp

These texts can be used to quickly find certain types of games. The texts that you have created are listed in the game index and player index to reference games.

These texts are displayed when you click on the button "*Special Titles*" in the menu *Player - Games - Tournament Index*. This gives you the possibility to freely classify games however you want without having to access them via the player names. This gives you another way to quickly access games of a specific type.

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game title
Title					C	ount	
Positio	onal Mo	1					
Tactic	al Game	es with I	solani!		1		

		-						
Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Sondertitel	Openings
Title								Count
Komp	lexes Po	sitions	spiel mit Isola	ani!				3
Matt in 2								
Meine	Lieblin	gsvaria	nte. Führt zu	scharfem	Spiel.			1
Bad po	ositiona	al Play a	gainst isolate	ed Pawn				1
Critica	I Tactic	positio	ns in my gan	nes!				1
Good	Endgar	nes!						1

Double clicking on a text entry opens a game list with the games that have this text description. Typical examples are "Mate in 3" or the difficulty level of training examples.

The new index is excellent for the easy classification and access of games which might be very difficult to filter with other options.

Tip: In the dialog there is a small question mark next to the pull down menu for the language selection. This makes it easy to be consistent in the way you describe the classifications.

Clicking on the question mark opens the dialog "Game Title".

Ë	Replace -> C:\\user\Documents\ChessBase\MyWork\test.cbh
2	Players and Result Annotator and Teams Extended Rating Game title English ?
	Good Endgames!
<u>è</u>	Meine Lieblingsvariante. Führt zu scharfem Spiel. Matt in 2 Komplexes Positionsspiel mit Isolani! Critical Tactic positions in my games! Bad positional Play against isolated Pawn Good Endgames! Help Garry - Va: S Youth Gar 6 4.La4 d6 5.0-0 Ld7 6.c 12.Le3 Sh4 13.Sxh4 Lxh4 5 20.c6 f4 21.Dd3 bxc6 2
F	Сапсе! 5 20.00 14 21.003 6.00 2 ок Сапсе!
	<u> t ≽ 1 % ↓ !! ! !? ?! ? ?? +- ± ±</u>

Now choose the appropriate classification text and confirm it with OK. The game is now classified, and you can easily find it in the index because the text has been written consistently.

2.1.4 Dialog Boxes

2.1.4.1 Search mask

2.1.4.1.1 Single Line Search Input

Frequently when you are searching within databases only a few search criteria are required. For such cases the program offers the option to input the desired search criterion (players' names, tournaments, rating, etc.) directly by entering it into the input line.

Search Text	Karpov Anand	
	Reset	
	Advanced	
	Examples	
Always advan	nced dialog	

This dialog is started by default for every search.

The example shows a search for all games between GM Karpov and GM Anand.

You will find the result – as always with searches – after it in the window Search result.

User Interface

123

"																	
					ALC SOLAR	No. Cold				Search Res	sult					•	××
	-	the	4	+127+	-t-	*	-	-		Restore	Game	Sea	rch Result				
8		1	1	W	Ŷ		$\langle \rangle$	1		Number	White		Black		Year	Result	^
7	8		8		2		1			1	Karpov, A		Anand,V		1991	0-1	
1										2	Anand,V		Karpov, A		1991	1/2-1/2	
6	1.12									3	Karpov, A		Anand,V		1991	¥2-¥2	
•	- State									4	Anand,V		Karpov, A		1991	1/2-1/2	
	100	denter ((1995)	NUMBER OF	ALC: N	C. State	aller.		5	Karpov, A		Anand,V		1991	1-0	
5	and a	States al								6	Anand,V		Karpov, A		1991	¥2-¥2	\sim
		10 m	(COLERCE)	1100	COLUMN I	12/3	10000	Selection of		<						>	>
4		R. S.					day of			Notation +	+ Openings B	Book				•	• ×
3	AL MAR	1. All	15-146	a list			170			Notation	Reference	Replay training	Plan Explorer	Table	Score she	et Li 1	•
				1						Anar	1d,Viswa	nathan 2650) - Karpov,	Anatol	y 2730	1/2-1/2	2
2	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		E	311 Cand	idates qf4 Br	ussels (3) 1	991 [Ha	ansen,C	Cu]	
					\Box					1.e4 B	atny,P 1.	c6 2.Sc3	d5 3.Sf3	Lg4 4.	h3 Lx	f3	
1	Ë	En	ġ.	W	Ś	È	En	買			e6 6.d3			2			
		B	-The	8	8	25	G			[6	.Sf6 7.a3	Lc5 8.e5 S	6fd7 9.Dg3	Ld4 1	0.f4 0-	0	
Line .	A	D	C	U	0458.0		9	.		11.S	e2 Lb6 1	12.Le3 Lxe3	13.Dxe3 [0b6 14	.Dxb6		
1 m		and the							CARGE	axb6	= Hickl,J-	-Schlosser,P	Altensteig 1	990]			
				- 5		>				7.Le2			5	-			
States.		1		1000					ale for	[7]	do i de la	0 44 -6 0 0	0.0 bE 10	a chir	07m		

The button *Examples* lists clear possibilities of the type of searches which are possible with this most efficient tool.

Title	Text	^
Player and Result	Kasparov 1-0	
Player and Ga	Carlsen blitz	
Pairing	Anand Polgar	
Elo	2500	
Elo and Year	2500 2018	
ECO Najdorf	B90-B99	
Position	wBh7,c1,Qd1,Nf3,bKg8,Pg	
Manoeuvre	Bxh7+ Kxh7	
FEN	8/8/8/8/8/8/8/k6K w -	
<	>	×
ОК	Cancel	

Clicking on the button "*Advanced*" starts the <u>search mask</u> via which you can define more complicated searches and refine the search results.

If in general you prefer the classical search mask for your searches and do not want to have this dialog selection box displayed, you can so define it.

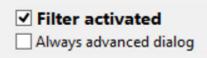
In in the search mask there is the new entry "Always advanced dialog".

Always advanced dialog

"

With it you can switch on or off text entry and start directly with the search mask.

Alternatively you can also define this setting directly in the dialog for text entry.



2.1.4.1.2 Search mask

The *search mask* is used to retrieve games that match some specific criteria. It is a filter that allows games which fit the criteria to pass and appear in the list, while others are held back.

There are two different applications of the search mask. One applies to a games list and the other to one or more databases in the database window. Both searches can be started with *Ctrl-F*.

This produces a search mask with a number of tabs.

Game data Annota	tions Position Medals Material	Manoeuvres Attacks
<u>W</u> hite:	Carsen	. Wins only
<u>B</u> lack:	Caruna	
	Ignore colours	
Tournament:		Elo 2500 - 3500 -
<u>A</u> nnotator:		None
<mark>▼ ⊻</mark> ear:	2015 - 2018 -	Difference 0
<u>E</u> CO:	A00 - E99/99	D h
Moves:	0 - 22	Result
		Mate Stalem. Check
In Repertoire No	🔘 White 🛛 🔘 Black	Text Good games
Any Text		Not <u>R</u> eset
Time Control	─ Blitz	Rapid
V Game data	Annotations <u>P</u> osition	Material Manoeuvres Medals
	Filter activated Always advanced dialog	Load Save

Game data

Search for players, tournaments, years, results, etc.

Annotations

Search for different types of commentary contained in games.

Position

Search for positional fragments, themes and <u>sacrifices</u>.

Material

Seach for material distribution and balance.

Manoeuvres

Search for manoeuvres.

Medals

Search for medals.

Attacks

In addition to the search for manoeuvres and material constellations, in any database the program can conduct a targeted search for pre-defined defensive – or attacking – motifs. In the search mask you can define the search criteria you wish via the tab Attacks .

All of these sections are connected with a logical "and". This means that if a number of criteria are defined all of them must be fulfilled in order for a game to be retrieved. When there are definitions present in any section a check box at the bottom of the search mask is switched on. You can unclick it to switch off that section.

🔲 Game data	Annotations Position	Material	Manoeuvres	Medals
	Include lines in search	Attacks		

Include lines in search

Causes ChessBase to search not just in the main lines but also in the analysis contained in the games.

Reset

Clears all sections of the search mask completely.

Calling up the search mask

<u>Database window</u>: Click Ribbon Harddisk - Search games in - <u>Reference database</u>.
 Database window: Rightclick - a <u>database symbol</u>, Search.
 <u>List window</u>: Edit - Filter games.
 List window: Right-click list, Edit - Filter games.
 <u>Board window</u>: Rightclick Chess board - Find position in reference database.
 Board window: Rightclick Chess board - Edit - Find position in (selected database).

The program offers the option of permanently saving pre-defined searches and loading them again when required. Above all that saves a lot of time with frequently used searches and speeds up your work with the program.

Either start the games list of the database which is to be searched or right click on a database symbol - > Search. Define your search criteria.

Click in the search dialog on the "Save" button. The file dialog is now brought up via which you can save the settings for your search. The file extension for search files is ***.dbsearch**, the standard pathway to the saving of search criteria can be found in the sub-directory "SearchMask" in the user directory.

Take care than when choosing a <u>name for your search</u> that it is a meaningful one so that when you have a lot of them it is easy to pick out the one you are looking for.

The program offers the option of permanently <u>saving pre-defined searches</u> and loading them again when required. Above all that saves a lot of time with frequently used searches and speeds up your work with the program.

Either start the games list of the database which is to be searched or right click on a database symbol - > Search. Define your search criteria.

Click in the search dialog on the "Save" button. The file dialog is now brought up via which you can save the settings for your search. The file extension for search files is

User Interface	127
----------------	-----

*.dbsearch, the standard pathway to the saving of search criteria can be found in the sub-directory "SearchMask" in the user directory.

2.1.4.1.3 Search mask – Game data

Search mask, Game data.

Game data Annota	ations Position Medals Material	Manoeuvres Attacks
<u>W</u> hite:	Carsen	. 🔲 Wins only
<u>B</u> lack:	Caruna	
	Ignore colours	
<u>T</u> ournament:		Elo 2500 - 3500 -
<u>A</u> nnotator:		None ○ One ○ Both ○ Avg
<mark> </mark>	2015 🔹 - 2018 💌	Difference 0
<u>E</u> CO:	A00 - E99/99	Result
Moves:	0 - 22	<u>1</u> -0 <u>0</u> -1 <u>½-</u> ½ 0-0
		Mate Stalem. Check
In Repertoire No	○ White ○ Black	Text Good games
Any Text		Not <u>R</u> eset
Time Control	Blitz	Rapid
📝 Game data	Annotations <u>P</u> osition	Material Manoeuvres Medals
	Include lines in search	Attacks
	Filter activated Always advanced dialog	Load Save

Search for players (White/Black)

- All games of Kasparov:
 - Type in White: "kasparov" or "kasp", leave Ignore colors on.
- White games by Kasparov:
- Type in "kasparov" or "kasp", switch Ignore colors off
- All games between Kasparov and Kramnik:
 - White = "kasparov", Black = "kramnik", switch Ignore colors on.
- White games of Kasparov against Kramnik:
 - White = "kasparov", Black = "kramnik", switch Ignore colors off.

You can use wildcards in the search, e.g. "H*bner" to retrieve both Hübner and Huebner, or "?ussup" if you are uncertain whether it is Yussupov, Jussupov or Jussupow.

Tournament

The search for tournaments and annotators is similar to the search for players. Here too, the search is case sensitive. If the <u>tournament data</u> contains the search string not in the title but in the place, the games will still be retrieved.

Elo

When you search for the games of players within a certain Elo range (e.g. "2600 - 2875'') you can also determine whether the average rating of both players, that of at least one player or the individual ratings of both players must lie within the given range.

Year

You get games from a particular year or period (e.g. "1997" – "2000").

ECO

This allows you to search for games from a specific $\underline{\text{ECO code}}$ – in conjunction with other criteria, for instance all D20 games played by Vishy Anand.

Moves

You can specify the minimum and maximum lengths of the games you wish to retrieve. This is usually combined with other criteria, e.g. all white games of a certain player that are less than 25 moves long, all short wins or draws.

Any Text

Find this text in any of the game data field, including tournament details, teams, etc.

Result

Click on any of the checkboxes to search for white wins, black wins, draws, games without result, mates, stalemates and games that ended with a check.

Mate, Stalemate, Check

All games in which the final position was mate (or there was a forced mate ahead); all games which ended in stalemate or with a check.

Chess training: Do a mate search on the latest issue of <u>ChessBase Magazine</u> or TWIC. In the <u>search result window</u> switch the <u>notation to training</u>. Use cursor down to put one game after another onto the screen. ChessBase will always jump to the position just before the forced mate, which you must try to find. In this way you can go through dozens or even hundreds of games in quick succession, sharpening your eye for mating positions.

Difference

In the search mask the program offers the possibility of targeting your search on games played between a particularly strong player and an opponent with a drastically inferior rating.

Such searches can be carried out with the aid of the button "Difference" in the search mask. Let us assume you are interested in those games of Garry Kasparov which he played during his active career against players whose Elo rating was clearly much lower than his.

Text

All database texts.

Good Games

In the dialog for game search Chessbase 10 offers the parameter <u>"Good Games</u>". Using this parameter the results can be greatly be improved by considering the quality of the games in the list. For instance, this function only considers games in which at least one player has an Elo rating above 2350 or one player had an IM or GM title. This function excludes blitz, rapid and simultaneous games. It also excludes games with less than seven moves and drawn games with less than 20 moves.

Not

Find all games not matching the search criteria for game data.

• In Repertoire

All games which contain lines from your openings repertoire (as defined in the <u>repertoire database</u>).

Reset

Remove all data from search mask.

2.1.4.1.4 Tip Search mask

Suppose you have a collection of games where the same name is spelt or recorded differently in a database, e.g. "Mueller" and "Müller". If you search for Müller's games as White by entering "M" under the first and last names (with "Ignore colours" active), then only the games where the player was recorded as "Mueller" are returned, or in which Black also had a name beginning with M.

This is due to the way that the program has been implemented - it operates on the assumption that players' names can only be composed of letters from A-Z and does not include other characters, such as umlauts other diacritics.

Solution: Use the * wildcard and enter "M*" instead of "M"

2.1.4.1.5 Search mask - Annotations

Search mask, Annotations.

Se	arch Mega Da	tabas	e 2014	-	-		-	-	
	Game data	Anno	tations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoeu	ivres	
	Text <u>1</u> : Text <u>2</u> :		Mygar	nes					Vhole word
	Symbols					📃 De	leted		
			<u>P</u> osit	tion		960:		0	A Y
			Pawr			An An Cri	tical Mid	ening l Idlega	Position Ime Position Position
									Reset

Text1, Text2

You can enter two text strings, and ChessBase will retrieve all games in which either is contained. All variations and all languages are considered. "Whole word" will retrieve only games in which the word stands alone, i.e. "dramatic" will not find "dramatically".

<u>Please note</u>: If you only enter a blank character as Text1 ChessBase will retrieve all games that contain a lot of text commentary.

Symbols

Enter <u>commentary symbols</u> like "!!", "??", "+-", etc. and ChessBase will find all games that contain these symbols. There are special <u>keyboard shortcuts</u> for entering commentary symbols.

Chess training: You can use this function to search for games with "!!". Set <u>Training</u> <u>notation</u> and move the cursor down the list in the <u>search result window</u>. Each game is displayed with the position before the brilliancy on the board. Try to find the brilliant move.

Deleted

Search for games marked for deletion.

Position

Search for games which start from an <u>entered position</u>.

Other criteria

You can search for other criteria such as games which have coloured squares and arrows ("Colours"), training positions, multimedia elements, graphics commentary for pawn structure, piece paths, critical positions, games with <u>variations</u>, games with any <u>text commentary</u> and games with any <u>commentary symbols</u>.

2.1.4.1.6 Search mask - Manoeuvres

Search mask, Manoeuvres.

Quick-witted spotting of tactics is an important component of practical playing strength. The program offers a plethora of options for filtering out of a database games in which tactical motifs are present.

The program can find games containing all common combination motifs. This is part of the new and extended search. Just open the search mask, click "*Advanced*" and then the *Manoeuvres* tab, click on one of the motifs and hit Enter to start the search.

Game data Annotations Po	sition Medals	Material Manoeuvres Att	acks	
Insert/New Delete		□ Not ○ W	OB OWB	? 🗸
		Check	Double check	
Check move order		Tactics Pin Skewer Discovered Attack Deflection	Double Attack Overworked Piece Remove Defender Decoy	
Mirror Horizontal g1=g8		Trapped Piece Back Rank Promotion X-Ray Attack	Zwischenzug Clearance Demolition	
Examples		Sacrifice	*	
Reset	Moves		Length 6	•

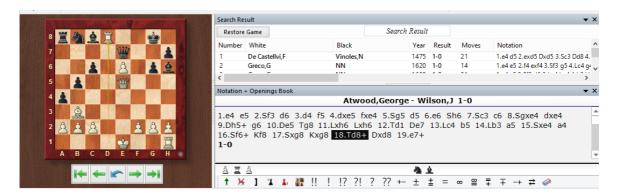
For targeted training in clearly defined tactical motifs there is a useful extension to the tab for *Manoeuvres* in the search mask.

Here you simply select by ticking the desired motif and after a click on OK the database is immediately searched for the tactical motif.



Tactics	
Pin	Double Attack
Skewer	Overworked Piece
Discovered Attack	Remove Defender
Deflection	Decoy
Trapped Piece	Zwischenzug
 Back Rank 	Clearance
Promotion	Demolition
X-Ray Attack	
<u>S</u> acrifice	*

It jumps to the relevant position when you click any of the games. The program lists the relevant games in the window for Search result. A click on an entry in the list and the game is displayed on the board with the program "leaping" directly to the key position in the game with the tactical motif you were looking for.



This function offers above all to chess trainers a simple option for putting together appropriate instructional material. Alternatively it makes it possible for every user to search through his or her own games for these elementary tactical motifs.

The material and manoeuvre parts of the search mask were always a bit difficult to understand. Both have now been enhanced with a long list of samples, containing relevant motifs

133

Cancel

Manoeuvre	Position search
🗑 Queen mates on f7	Black king on e8
🌲 Bishop sacrifice on h7	
🌲 Lasker's double bishop sacrifice	
Black sacrifies the exchange on c3	White king on b1 or c1
4 Knight sacrifice on d5	Black king on e8, white rook on e1
🌲 Bishop sacrifice on b5	Black king on e8
Rook sacrifice on g7	
W Queen sacrifice on h8	
🚊 Rook double check	
W Queen decoys into fork	

The Manoeuvre search finds specific sequences of moves. Unlike the position search it also looks for the starting squares of the pieces.

On the left of the input mask there is a list in which the moves of the manoeuvre appear. This is where you enter the individual moves (should the move order be respected, activate Check move order; should manoeuvres with pieces of the opposite colour be searched for, then e.g. B??xh7 to also find B??xh2, activate Mirror).

This function offers above all to chess trainers a simple way to compile suitable teaching materials. Alternatively it allows every user to search through his or her own games for these elementary tactical motifs.

The definition of a manoeuvre is not always a trivial matter. The pre-defined motifs in the dialog box cover a great deal of ground and in addition the user is able to modify these.

With a click on the example you can load other pre-defined searches.

After your selection you will see in the dialog box specifically how the manoeuvre you have selected has been defined. This will help in the understanding of how to define search criteria.

Searching for manoeuvres retrieves sequences of moves. This is unlike the <u>position</u> <u>search</u> which provide a static picture and is insufficient when you interested in finding out how a certain position has come about. In addition, the manoeuvre search can be used to find a wide range of tactical motifs.

How to define a manoeuvre

OK

• **Colour:** The boxes W, B and WB select which side makes the move in question.

• Piece: The piece type is selected from the list of pieces that appears when you click the arrow down symbol. Use the question mark to denote an arbitrary piece.

▶ Squares: The start and destination square are given in long notation ("e2e4"). Use the question mark as a joker: For example, "?3?3" means any move along the third rank, "??h7" means from anywhere to h7. You must first delete a question mark before entering a number or a character in its place.

▶ Capture: If the check box between the squares and the destination piece is clicked on, then the move must be a capture. You can specify which piece is to be captured in the pull-down menu on the right. Once again "?" means any piece, and "0" means that the move only counts when it does not capture anything.

Promotion: You can specify whether the move should be a promotion and to what piece.

▶ Sacrifice: Click the "sacrifice" checkbox and give a material value (in pawn units) to find manoeuvres in which material was sacrificed for a certain period of time (this must be specified under "Length"). The program checks whether the moves defined won or lost material to the specified extent.

• Move window: This defines the area of the game in which the program is to search for the manoeuvre in question. The "length" value refers to the maximum number of ply (half-moves) in which the whole manoeuvre must occur.

• Check move order: In a manoeuvre over a number of moves you may or may not want to restrict the search to games in which the moves occurred in a specific order.

• Not: Switching this on will retrieve games in which the defined manoeuvre did not occur. Example: White promotes to a knight and Black does not capture it in the next five moves.

Examples

A. Kingside attack with Qg3/Qg4 and Bh6 wQ??g? wB??h6 Suggested move window settings: 5–40, length 8.

B. Knight manoeuvre f3-e1-c2-e3-d5 wNf3e1 wNe1c2 wNc2e3 wNe3d5 and perhaps also: b???d5xN wP??d5x? Suggested move window settings: 5-50, length 20.

C. Bishop sacrifice on f7 followed by knight check on g5 wB??f7xP bK??f7xB wN??g5 Suggested move window settings: 5–40, length 3. 2.1.4.1.7 Search mask - Material

Search mask, Material.

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Game data	Annotations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoeuvres	Attacks	

Searching for pre-defined constellations of material has been simplified. In the search mask you define your search for specific distributions of material via the tab *Material*.

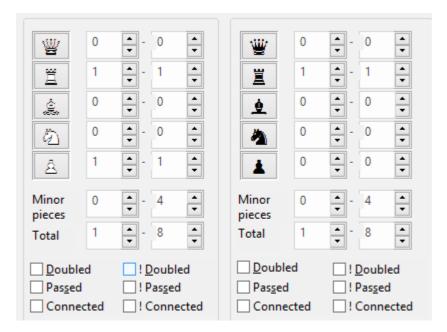
● ● ● ●		● ■ 0	 ▲ - 0 ▲ ▼ - 0 ▲ ▼ - 0 ▲ 	✓ Ignore colours Difference Total
0 الأي الأي		● 0 ▲ 0		Opposite bishops
<u>A</u> 0				☐ <u>G</u> ood bishop ☐ <u>B</u> ad bishop
Minor 0 pieces 1	▲ - 4 ▲ ▼ - 8 ▲	Minor 0 pieces 1	▲ - 4 ▲ ▼ - 8 ▲	Blocked
Total	▼ ° ▼	Doubled	▼ ° ▼	Symmetric
Pas <u>s</u> ed Connected	☐ ! Pas <u>s</u> ed ☐ ! Connected	Pas <u>s</u> ed	☐ ! Pas <u>s</u> ed ☐ ! Connected	☐ <u>B</u> oth wings ☐ One <u>w</u> ing
		Le <u>ng</u> t	th 1 🛉	<u>R</u> eset
Examples	Position	n Setup Las <u>t</u>	999	<u>A</u> ny pieces
				<u>N</u> o pieces

The search for material was and is an efficient tool, but in earlier versions the definition of the search parameters was in no way easy. Here CB 15 offers some functions which help to make this efficient tool simpler to use.

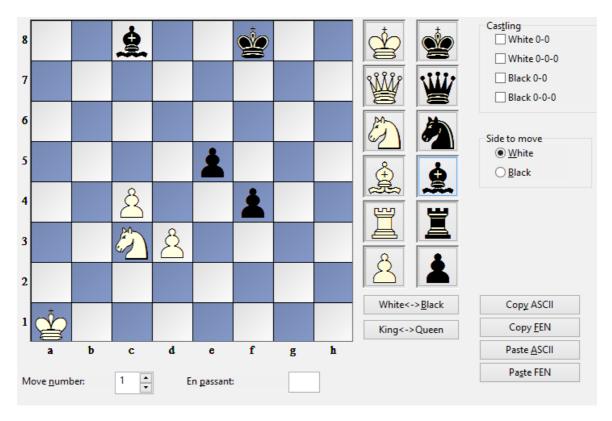
A click on *Examples* in the dialog box offers a selection of typical material constellations, which are frequently the object of searches:

ndgame		Туре
👻 🗒 🛓	- 🖆 🗵	
99 I & &	- 알프 츠	Connected, Passed
99 I & & &	- 空王	Not connected
99 I & & &	- 空王	Doubled
🖕 🗒	- <u>*</u> * *	Connected
🖕 🏩 🖄	- 塗点	Even bishops
92 2 2 2 2 2	- 塗点	Opposite bishops
🖕 🏩 🖄	- 🗁 🖄	
🚖 🏩 🖄 🖄	- <u>*</u> 24 ± ± ±	Blocked,Bad bishop
🚖 🏩 🙆 🖄	- <u>*</u> 24 ± ± ±	Blocked, Good bishop
🚖 🔔 🖄 🖄 🖄		Both wings, Symmetric, Not blocked
🖕 🖄	- <u>*</u> ± ±	Connected
🖕 🕗	- ****	One wing
20 I I	- <u>*</u> X A + +	Both wings
🍲 🎬 🔔	- 🚽 🖤	-
李 墨	- 슐프	
李 墨		
🖕 & & & &		Connected, Passed

Let us take as an example the first entry for the distribution K+R +B – K+R. A double click on the entry and you will see the required parameters transferred into the <u>search</u> mask.



There is an important function for the button "Position setup". With it you start to set



up a position and simply enter the desired material constellation.

After inputting the position and OK you will also see the effects it has in the search dialog.



At any point you can make use of the additional parameters in the search dialog in order to fine-tune your search. The result of the search will be displayed in the window *Search result*. A click on a list or game entry loads the game immediately with the key position according to the search criteria in the board window.

	Search Re	sult					• ×
8	Restore	Game	Search Result				
7	Number	White	Black	Year	Result	Moves	Not 1
6 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	1	Lipschuetz,S	Marshall,F	1900	1-0	54	1.e4
	2	John,W	Exner,V	1902	¥2-¥2	60	1.e4
5	3	Lewitt,M	Caro,H	1905	1/2-1/2	60	1.e4
4 🛓 🐇 🛃	4	Creyghton,J	Schapiro,M	1905	1-0	73	1.d4
3	5	Krticka,F	Adamec	1911	¥₂-¥₂	68	1.e4
	6	Alekhine,A	Manseau,C	1923	1-0	58	1.d4
	7	Marshall,F	Bigelow,H	1923	1-0	57	1.d4
	8	Nimzowitsch,A	Gruenfeld,E	1925	1-0	45	1.e3
ABCDEFGH	9	Banks,N	Marshall,F	1926	1-0	63	1.d4
	10	Maroczy,G	Landau,S	1930	1-0	53	1.d4
$\mathbf{i} \leftarrow \mathbf{i} \rightarrow \mathbf{i}$	11	Baratz,A	Thomas,G	1931	¥2-¥2	57	1.Sf:
	12	Schwartzman,P	Roodzant,C	1939	¥2-¥2	62	1.d4
	13	Filchev,R	Popov,V	1952	¥2-¥2	44	1.e4
	14	Kahn,M	Franz,J	1955	0-1	56	1.d4
	15	Ajanski, J	Bobekov, R	1955	0-1	53	1.d4 '
	<						>
	Notation	+ Openings Book					• >
		🛿 🚺 Alekh	ine,Alexander - Mans	seau,C	1-0		
	50 e6	Sh7 51 Kf4 Kf8	52 Ke5 d4 53 Kyd4	Ke7 54	Kes st	fg 551a	5.

How to define material distribution

• The search for material distribution is usually used to look for specific endgame types. You can specify what material should be on the board. For each white or black piece you can set the minimum and maximum numbers that must appear on the board.

• "Any pieces" and "No pieces" are used to switch on or off all pieces without having to do this manually for each.

• If the range for white pawns is set at 0-8'' it does not matter how many white pawns are on the board. If it is set at 3-4'' only positions with at least three and at most four white pawns are retrieved. 1-1'' pieces means that exactly one piece of that kind must be present.

▶ "Ignore colors" allows you to search for material distributions with the colours reversed. If you have entered "Knight: 1-1" for White and "Bishop 1-1" for Black (and all the other piece values are set at zero) the "ignore colors" option means that the program will find endgames with a white knight against a black bishop, but also endgames with a white bishop against a black knight.

▶ You can include criteria like "Black has a pawn for the exchange" or "Queen against three minor pieces" by using the option "Difference". When you switch this on the values given for the black pieces have a different meaning. They denote the difference in material value between the white and black pieces.

Examples

- 1. Search for material imbalance in which Black has two or three pawns less:
 - Click "Any pieces" and then "Difference"

Enter a difference for black pawns: minus three to minus two.

Deactivate the "Ignore colour" option, otherwise you will also get games in which White was down by two or three pawns.

2. Search for positions in which one side has a pawn for the exchange: Activate "Difference" White rooks: "1" - "2", difference: "-1" - "-1"

(one side has one or two rooks, the other a rook less).

```
White Bishops: "0'' - 2'', difference: "-1'' - 2''
```

White knights: "0'' - 2'', difference: "-1'' - 2'' (these two lines are not

- important and simply set upper limits for each minor piece type).
- White pawns: "0'' "8'', difference "1'' "1''

(the side with a rook less has an extra pawn). White minor pieces: "0'' - 4'', difference 1'' - 1''

(the side with a rook less has an extra minor piece).

These last two lines are crucial for defining "pawn for the exchange".

Other criteria

Doubled, passed and connected pawns

Under both the white and black material you can specify whether doubled, passed or connected pawns may or may not be present. "Doubled" means that doubled pawns must be present, "!Doubled" that they may not be present, i.e. a match will only occur if no doubled pawns (for that side) occurred during the game. The same applies for "! Passed" and "!Connect".

Opposite/Even bishops

Both sides have a single piece each on the different or same coloured squares.

Good bishop/Bad bishop

At least one bishop is present with a majority of the opponent's pawns on the same colour and a majority of its own pawns on the opposite colour squares. "Bad bishop" is the opposite. If you click on both the program will retrieve games in which one side had a good and the other a bad bishop.

Blocked/Not blocked

All pawns of one side are blocked. "Not blocked" means that a majority of the pawns are not blocked. If both are clicked on then at least two thirds of the pawns of one side must be blocked.

Symmetric/Not symmetric

Both White and Black have the same number of pawns on each file. "Not symmetric" means there is a difference on at least one file.

Both winas/One wina

There is at least one pawn on the queenside (a to d files) and one on the kingside (e to h). "One wing" means that all pawns are on one side only.

Lenath •

The material balance must be on the board for at least n moves.

The definition of these criteria may not seem easy or immediately intuitive, but it is extremely flexible and allows you formulate a vast number of different kinds of material distribution.

140	ChessBase	15
-----	-----------	----

2.1.4.1.8 Search mask - Attacks

In addition to the search for manoeuvres and material constellations, in any database the program can conduct a targeted search for pre-defined defensive – or attacking – motifs.

In the search mask you can define the search criteria you wish via the tab Attacks .

Game data	Annotations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoe	euvres Attacks		
Piec	e under attack	Atta	cked by			Defended by		
	p 🗸	¥	1	0	•	¥	0	•

An example of how to use this: you would like to find games in which the knight on c3 is attacked by a knight and a bishop; the knight which is under attack is to have the queen and a pawn to defend it.

Piece under attack	Attacked by		Defended by	
n 🗸	¥	0 •	\	1
	Ï	0 🔶	Ë	0 🔺
	é.	1 +	<u>.</u>	0
Courses	5	1	2	0 +
Square	A	0 +	*	1 •
c3 ♥	÷	0	÷	0
	Additional	0	Additional	0
No other attackers	or defenders			

The definition of these search criteria appears as follows in the dialog box:

In the box for the piece you specify the type of piece which is specifically "under fire". In addition you can also determine the square on which that piece stands, in our example that would be c3.

As the next step you specify the types of piece which are attacking and defending and start the search with OK. As in all other searches the program displays all the

games which fulfil the search criteria. A click loads the game with the pre-defined position from the "*Search result"* window.

Hint: Be aware that in the box for selecting the piece the colour is defined by whether you use a capital or a small letter!

Piece	unde	er at	tack	
	n	~		
	p b			
	n q			
Square	r			
square	N			
	Q R			
	_			

Let us take a look at how the setting ``n'' (small letter) works out with our pre-defined example.

	Search Result				▼ X			
8 🗮 🦄 🚖 🔹 🚖 🗮	Restore Game	Search Res	sult					
	Number White	Black	Year Result	Moves Nota	ation ^			
	10 Tihlarik,K	Lugo Sanchez,M 1	1991 0-1	46 1.e4	c5 2.b4 cxb4 3.a3 Sf6 4.e5			
6 🛓	11 Mora Martinez,L	Velasco Garcia,J 1	1992 1-0	40 1.Sf3	3 c5 2.c4 Sf6 3.g3 d5 4.cxd			
	12 Kaspereit,H	Mettendorf,G 1	1993 1/2-1/2	28 1.e4	c5 2.b4 cxb4 3.d4 d6 4.Sf			
5	13 Tozer,R	Howell,J 1	1993 0-1	26 1.d4	d5 2.c4 dxc4 3.Sf3 e6 4.e3			
	14 Hellborg,T	Bator, R 1	1996 0-1		Sf6 2.c4 c5 3.d5 b5 4.a4 C			
3 3 20 40	15 Finwiller B	Heinl T 1	1997 0-1	32 1.c4	Sf6 2.Sc3 a6 3.a3 La7 4.Le* ≯			
2 2 2	Notation + Openings Book				▼ ×			
	Notation Reference Replay training	Plan Explorer Table Sco	re sheet LiveB	Book Openings Bo	pok			
	Tihlarik,Karol - Lugo Sanchez,Maximo 0-1 B20 Bratislava Slovan op (8) 1991							
$i \leftarrow \checkmark \checkmark \rightarrow i$	B20 Bratislava Slovan op (8) 1991 1.e4 c5 2.b4 cxb4 3.a3 Sf6 4.e5 Da5 5.Lb2 Sd5 6.Sf3 e6 7.Sd4 a6 8.Sb3 Dc7 9.d4 Sc3 10.Lxc3 bxc3 11.Dd3 b5 12.Le2 Lb7 13.0-0 b4 14.axb4 Lxb4 15.Sa3 0-0 16.f4 f5 17.Lf3 18.Txf3 Sc6 19.Sc4 a5 20.d5 Se7 21.d6 Da7+ 22.Kh1 Sd5 23.Scxa5 Db6 24.Sc4 Txa1+ 25.Sxa1 Da6 26.Sb3 Tc8 27.Sca5 Dxd3 28.Txd3 Lxa5 29.Sxa5							

All the games in the list do meet the chosen search criteria, but only when there is a <u>black knight</u> on c3.

Anyone who plays against the Nimzo-Indian as White will be interested in constellations in which the <u>white knight</u> on c3 is attacked by the black knight from e4/ d5 and the bishop from b4. How can we find those games in which the knight is of the "correct" colour?

In that case in the dialog box you go for the capital letters.

The search results window now displays games with a white knight on c3.

	Search Re	sult							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Restore	Game		Search R	lesult				
	Number	White		Black		Year	Result	Move	
	1	De Saint An	nant,P	Walker,G		1836	1-0	36	
	2	Evans,W		Perigal,G		1839	1-0	32	
	3	Hamppe,C		Loewenthal,J		1846	0-1	32	
4	4	Harrwitz,D		Horwitz,B		1849	0-1	36	
3	5	Von Jaenisc	h,C	Staunton,H		1851	0-1	70	
28 4 8 4 4 8 4	6	Williams,E		Loewenthal,J		1851	0-1	71	
	7	Kieseritzky, L	-	Potier,M		1851	1-0	20	
	8	Anderssen, A	4	Horwitz,B		1851	1-0	31	
ABCDEFGH	9	Anderssen, A	4	Meyerhofer,K		1851	1-0	48	
	10	Falkbeer, N		Bayer,C		1855	¥₂-¥₂	56	
	<						1		
	Notation + Openings Book								
	Notation Reference Replay training			Plan Explorer	Table	Score she	et Live	Book (
	Hamppe,Carl - Loewenthal,Johann Jacob 0-1 🛨 C27 Germany m 1846								

<u>Hint</u>: The search criteria from the *Attacks* tab can be combined with any other search criterion, e.g. <u>Game data</u>.

Under Additional one can enter unspecified additional attacking/defending pieces.

<u>"</u>				L
Piece under attack	Attacked by		Defended by	
Q ¥			1 1 1 1	
Square * ¥	2 ▲ *			
	Additional	3	Additional	0

The following motif is the object of our search: all games in which the white queen is attacked by the black queen. In addition, three unspecified attacking pieces are entered under *Additional*.

The search finds the relevant games and lists them in the *Search result window*. A click on an entry in the list displays the game directly on the graphical chess board at the relevant position according to the pre-defined search criteria.

ENGINE AND				10 10 10				Search Re	sult					
		11172 1	ł	NU.	藚	38888	-in	Restore	Game		Search	Result		
8		¥ 4			-	副	2	Number	White	Black	Year	Result	Moves	Notation
7		2225				相關	1000	14	Kanmazalp,O	Rosberg,S	2006	1-0	27	1.e4 c5 2.d4 e6 3.Sc3 Sc
20								15	Buttell,D	Fathallah,J	2007	0-1	23	1.d4 f5 2.c4 Sf6 3.Sf3 gi
6	1	100			ġ.	e.14		16	Amit,S	Safin,S	2008	0-1	43	1.e4 e5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lc4
		No.		-				17	Karpov, A	Caruana, F	2008	¥2-¥2	29	1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.Sf3 Sf
5			1 200	CO.				18	Margariti,A	Harmon Vellotti,	2009	0-1	19	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cx
				A REAL	No.	TRAN I	10110	19	Rivera,C	Saenz,A	2009	0-1	20	1.e4 e5 2.Sf3 Sf6 3.Sc3 !
4		154	1	1212	181	调中人	State of the	20	Galdunts,S	David, V	2010	0-1	27	1.e4 e6 2.Sf3 d5 3.Sc3 d
				and the second	1000			21	Peichel,R	Marjanovic,S	2010	0-1	49	1.e4 e5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lc4
3		Jug Proger	a land	2	8			22	Mastrovasilis,A	Marechal,A	2011	1-0	36	1.c4 e5 2.g3 Sf6 3.Lg2 h
	IN STR	100000					ALC: NO	23	Tapie Amione,P	Martin Del Camp	o C,R 2012	1/2-1/2	30	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Sc3
2	a		100	Part of the		å	A	24	Pozo Vinuesa, A	Rodriguez Redor	ido,A 2013	0-1	33	1.e4 e5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lb5
120				No. of Concession, Name				25	Langie,J	Reichardt, M	2013	0-1	26	1.c4 f5 2.b3 Sf6 3.Lb2 e
1		ch i	Ĩ				H I	26	Kasioumis,V	Papadimitrakis,G	2014	1-0	81	1.e4 c5 2.Sc3 g6 3.Sf3 c
		B	C D	E	F	G	H	27	Erice Alonso,S	Perez Mitjans,O	2014	0-1	26	1.c4 e5 2.g3 Sc6 3.Lg2 !
Sales a	A	в	- U	E		G	H U	28	Vukotic Jovsic,D	Lopez de Turiso, J	2016	¥2-¥2	63	1.d4 f5 2.Lf4 Sf6 3.Sf3 e
Sec. 1								<						
		- I	-		-	▶		Notation	+ Openings Book					
), rai		()))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	LOL IN		1916				N	📕 Karpov,Anatoly	2651 - Car	uana,F	abiano	2640 1⁄2-1⁄2 📕 📱
100														
								AA				2		
								+ ×	1 12 2 20		?? +- +	+ =	∞ ∞	₹ ∓ -+ 之 🥔

The entry "*No other attackers or defenders*" defines exactly the relationship between attacking and defending pieces. If this button is deactivated, the number shown for the pieces will be interpreted as a minimum.

2.1.4.1.9 Search mask - Medals

Search mask, Medals.

Sea	rch Mega D	atabase 2010						×
	Game data	Annotations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoeuvres		
			tournamer ame (open			Sacrifice Defense Material Piece play	•	
		Strategy Tactics				Tactical b Strategica User		
							Rese	et
	🔲 Game		Annotations		osition h	Material	Manoeuvres	V Medals

Searches for <u>medals</u>. If you click more than one medal type then only the games which were awarded all the selected medals will be considered.

2.1.4.1.10 Search mask - Position

Search mask, Position.

	 	 Or' E 'Or' E 'Exclusion 'Exclu	ude' board
Game data	Annotations V Position	Material 🔲 Manoeuvres Attacks	Medals
	Filter activated	Load	Save

This allows you to search for positional fragments, including strategic and tactical manoeuvres based on pawn structures and piece constellations.

There are three definition boards:

- □ The "Look for" board: Here the pieces are set on the squares on which they must be in the positions you are looking for.
- □ The "Or" board: This allows you to define fuzzy positional fragments such as "all positions in which piece x is on square a, b or c".
- □ The "Exclude" board: With this you can establish which pieces should not be on specific squares in the positions you are looking for.

To put a piece on a square, first select a piece type on the right. A click on the square on the board will put the piece there. Clicking with the right mouse key will insert a piece of the opposite colour. The **"joker" symbols** on the bottom mean any white and any black man (pieces or pawns).



On the Exclude board you can place up to four different pieces on a square. To remove any one of them press Crtl and click it. The same also applies to the Or board.

Mirror horizontal/vertical

The "Horizontal mirror" and "Vertical mirror" reflect the board horizontally and vertically. In the above example the horizontal mirror will ensure that games with a black bishop penetration on h2 will also be retrieved.

First, length, last

These options define when and how long the positional fragment should be present during a game. If the positional constellation appears in the game before the "first" or after the "last" move specified than it is ignored. "Length" refers to the minimum number of consecutive ply (half-moves) the pieces must be on the board.

Sacrifice

This specifies if a <u>sacrifice combination</u> must be involved.

Get board

This inserts the position from the last active board window.

Examples of strategic themes

A.Rook on open c-file Search board: wRc1. Exclusion board: White and Black jokers on squares c2-c7 B.White isolated pawn on d4 Search board: wPd4 Exclusion board: wPc2-c7,e2-e7,d5-d7 C.White passed pawn on e5 Search board: wPe5 Exclusion board: bPd6,d7,e6,e7,f6,f7

2.1.4.1.11 Searching for time controls

In recent years many chess tournaments have been played with <u>shortened time</u> <u>controls</u>.

On the chess server the majority of games are played with short thinking times. The games of these Blitz and rapid chess tournaments are also recorded and stored in Mega.

In the search dialog for <u>game data</u> you can also filter out from the database those games which were played in blitz mode.

Zeitkontrolle		
	Blitz	◯ Schnellschach
OAlle	C Ditz	O Schneisen

Alternatively the search for blitz games can be initiated via the input box.

Suche		
Text	Blitz	
	Rücksetzen	
	Erweitert	
	Beispiele	
Immer erwe	iterter Dialog	

2.1.4.2 Options

2.1.4.2.1 User name

Encyclopedia	Misc	User	Design	Languag
Last Name	Schreiner			
First Name	Peter			
Find M	e In Player Encycl	opedia		
	e In Player Encyclo y Player Encyclop			

At certain points ChessBase uses your name – for instance when you annotate a game or send an email, or when it looks after your repertoire. You should enter your name here.

148 ChessBase 15

Find me in player encyclopedia / Update my encyclopedia entry

Check whether your picture is included in the <u>player encyclopedia</u>. If it is missing, or the pictures are too old or not nice, you can click "*Update my encyclopedia entry*" and send us a picture to us through the ChessBase web site.

Your picture will be included in the next update of our player encyclopedia.

2.1.4.2.2 Setting the notation

Menu: Tools Options Notation

Here you can set the game notation.

▶ d4

Short algebraic notation.

▶ d2-d4

Long algebraic notation.

P-Q4

Anglo-American descriptive notation, which is to be found in old chess books.

KQNBRP

Notation with piece letters. You can type in other letters.

Figurines

Notation with figurines.

▶ .x+

You can choose to include or not to include capture or check signs (x, +) and the period after the move number. If you choose the underline character ("_") instead of the period, ChessBase will insert a period and a blank after the move number (45. Kg3), which is preferred for some typesetting purposes.

Justify

The notation is right justified, with blanks inserted for this purpose.

Paragraphs

For each main line a new paragraph is used. If you switch this off the entire notation, commentary and all, is given as running text.

Alternative Format

A different style of variation numbering and indentation which you might have got used to in version six of the program.

Dye Actual Variation

we have the heading "*Dye Actual Variation*". It is easy to find out for yourself how it works by giving it a try. There follows an example with the setting "Structured variations" but without the present variation being highlighted in colour.

Material

Should the "material balance" be normally displayed below the notation? You can switch this display on or off by right-clicking the notation window.

Beep at end of variation

If you are using the cursor right key to replay a game you will hear a beep when you reach the end of the variation, and the replay will stop. This prevents you from suddenly jumping from a very complex line back into the main line of the game. If this is not a problem you can switch off the beep and the cursor will simply move into the next line.

Text color

Select a colour for the text commentary.

Variation color

Select a colour for variations (second level or deeper).

Font

Select font type and size for the main notation. The fonts for <u>table</u> and <u>training</u> <u>notation</u> can be set separately by right-clicking in the corresponding notation windows.

Colours for text and variations

It is easy to learn about the function of the button "*Text colour/Variations*" by trying it out.

In the colour palette set the colour you wish to be used for textual commentary within variations.

150	ChessBase 15
Γ	
- 1	
Γ	
<u> </u>	Fatty [100] Daty [100]

You can immediately check the result in the game notation.

```
4. ①xd4 d5 Delaire,H 'Une innovation risquée'

[ <u>4...é6</u>]

[ <u>△4...②f6</u> 5. ②c3 d6 ]

5. ②b5

[ <u>5.exd5</u> 營xd5 6. ②e3 e6 7. ③c3 ②b4 8. ③db5 Rubinstein-Nimzowitsch, Karlsbad, 1923. 營e5! ]

[ <u>5. ②xc6</u> bxc6 6. exd5 營xd5! 7. ③c3

( <u>7. 營e2</u> ②f5= Adams,J)

( <u>7. ③d2</u> ④f6 8. ③e2 e6 9.0-0 ③e7 10. ③f3 營d7 Adams,J)

7...營xd1+ 8. ③xd1= (27) Schulz,J-Kostic,B Trencianske Teplice 1926']

[ <u>5. ③c3!</u> dxe4 6. ③xc6 營xd1+ 7. 肇xd1 bxc6 8. ④xe4 ③f5 9. ③d3 0-0-0 10. 肇e2 e6 11. ③f4 肇b7

12. 鼍ad1 ③e7 13. f3 ± Adams,J]
```

2.1.4.2.3 Design Dialog

Menu: Tool	s Options	Design			
Notation Encyclope	Engines dia Mis	Folders	Limits User	Tablebases Design	Clipboard Language
Backgrour Board Wood			<u>B</u> oard Desi		
	(<u>O</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel	Apply	<u>H</u> elp

Background

You can set the background of all windows and menu bars. You can use plain colours or any of the textures given. "User BMP" allows you to select your own picture or texture for the windows background. Create a square picture of 64x64 pixels in a drawing program.

```
Background – Board
```

Sets the background of the board window.

Board design
 This opens the <u>board design</u> dialog.

▶ 3D Board Settings

Opens the <u>3D Board Settings</u> dialog.

152 ChessBase 15

2.1.4.2.4 Standard engine and Heumas

Menu File	Options	Engines			
Notation	Engines	Folders	Limits	Tablebases	Clipboard
Default Er Fritz 15 (Br					
✓ Assiste ✓ Legal i ✓ Single	as Ply (1-6): ed Analysis moves click entry d moves entry	1 1	<u> </u>		
Threat Threat Gener	s ate threats				
		ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help

Select your standard engine and the <u>hash table</u> size (ChessBase will suggest a reasonable value for this).

See also <u>Default Engine</u>

Heumas

<u>Heumas</u> is the move input assistant and is itself a small, fast chess engine. You can switch it off if you want. "Heumas Ply" determines how deep Heumas looks into the position. With depth the quality improves, but this also requires more processing power.

- Heumas Ply sets the search depth for the Heumas function.
- Assisted Analysis: switches on or off this analysis function.
- Legal moves carries out a search for legal moves.
- **Singe click-entry:** This corresponds to what in older versions was the version of the Heumas function which was implemented. This works with or without Assisted Analysis. With Assisted Analysis the function can be activated with a right click while holding down the left mouse button. Should Assisted Analysis be deactivated, then instead of it the legal moves of a piece can be shown. In this case all the squares are highlighted alike, in grey. If a piece only has a single move, one-click entry can then be activated immediately.
- Forced Moves entry: Insert the only possible move

Threats

Set a search depth for the <u>threat animation</u> in the board window.

2.1.4.2.5 Limits

Menu File Options Limits

Notation		
Engines	Maximum Board Windows	8
Folders	Maximum Database Windows	5
Limits		
Tablebases	RAM: 3263MB	700
Clipboard	Cache Size Reference DB	700
Encyclopedia		
Misc		

Maximum board windows

This determines how many board windows may be opened at any one time. When you load a new game ChessBase will automatically replace the previous game when the limit is reached. This helps you keep the desktop manageable.

Maximum database windows

Determines how many <u>list windows</u> can be opened simultaneously. Again ChessBase replaces the last one when the maximum is reached.

Number of recent games

This determines how many recently loaded games should be displayed in the *Menu File Recent games*.

Number of recent databases

This determines how many recently loaded databases should be displayed in the *Menu File Recent databases*.

RAM

Displays how much memory is available on your system. It refers to installed, not free memory.

> Cache for reference database

ChessBase reacts to repeated searches in the <u>reference database</u> by caching (holding) large chunks of the database in memory, making all operations much faster. If you have a lot of RAM (512 MB or more) most of the reference database will be cached. After the first search you will notice that there is no more hard disk activity, and that the search has speeded up by a factor of more than ten.

154	ChessBase	15
-----	-----------	----

2.1.4.2.6 Tablebase Path

Menu File Options Tablebases

The Endgame Turbo vol I - vol III contain five and six-men endgames for perfect play. You can configure the paths where you have installed your endgame turbo tablebases and the amount of memoy for caching.

Path 1	Programmdaten \Tablebases	Browse
Path 2		Browse
Path 3		Browse
Path 4		Browse
Cache	8 💌 MB	

🔽 Load at program start

2.1.4.2.7 Syzygy Tablebases

ChessBase supports a relatively new endgame database format, the **Syzygy Endgame Tablebases**. Older versions only supported the Nalimov Endgame Tablebases, which are still supported in this version. The new format was designed by **Ronald de Man** from Holland. Most new chess engines already support this format.

You can activate the Syzygy Endgame Tablebases in the program settings, in the menu *File Options TableBases More*.

Nalimov (GUI)	Syzygy (Engine)	
Nalimov (Engine) Syzygy (GUI) Syzygy (Engine)	Path 1 D:\syzgy	
Gaviota (Engine)	Path 2 D:\syzgy\Syzygy345	
	Path 3	
	Path 4	
	Clear	
ОК	Help	Cancel

Enter the path of the folder where the Syzygy tablebases are stored in the "GUI" and " *Engine*" tabs. Clicking on the button with the three dots activates the standard Windows dialog to select the folder. Click OK to confirm the settings, and the program will now use the information in the tablebases.

You can check whether the access is working by looking at the output of a chess engine.

Engine:	Houdini 4 x64			
Houd	lini 4 x64	Stop 🕂 💻	🔹 🛛 4 CPUs	
	+- (3.88)	Depth=28	35.Rc3 (1/20)	8521 kN/s
+- (3	.88) Depth:	25/55 00:00:12	100MN tb=281	
35.Rc	3 Kb6 36.a4 f	5 37.Kc4 Be3 38	.Kd3 Bc5 39 Rc2 g4 40).hxg4 hxg4 41.
			132MN_tb=503	
35.Rc	3 Kb6 36.a4 f	5 37.Kc4 Be3 38	.Kd3 Bc5 39 Bc2 g4 40).hxg4 hxg4 41.
+- (3	.88) Depth:	27/55 00:00:21	181MN_tb=1379	
•				

In this example you can see entries "tb= xxx", which show how often the Houdini chess engine is accessing the endgame tablebases. A big advantage of the Syzygy Endgame Tablebases is that they are much smaller. The 6-man Syzygy tablebases need 150 GB disc space, whereas the Nalimov tablebases need more than 1 TB.

The Syzygy Endgame Tablebases pay attention to the 50 move stalemate rule. If

there are 50 moves without a piece being taken or a pawn being moved, the game is drawn. Since the data can be accessed in RAM very fast and effectively the Syzygy Endgame Tablebases are now used exclusively by many modern chess engines.

For instance, the Komodo chess engine only uses the Syzygy tablebases during the search, but it also uses the Nalimov tablebases when a position is on the board. It is to be expected that the Syzygy tablebases will become increasingly popular with engine developers.

The best way to get the complete Syzygy Endgame Tablebases is to buy the Endgame Turbo 4 from our online shop.

Because of the size of the tablebases it is best to install them outside of the Documents folder, for instance in **C:/Tablebases/**.

There are two different types of Syzygy tablebases.

WDL (Win-Draw-Loss).

In these files only information about the result of the position is stored. This is the only information used in the search. Based on this information the chess engine cannot tell how many moves it will take to win the game. The engine is merely informed whether the position is a Win, a Loss or a Draw.

DTZ (Distance to zero).

These tablebases are used by the GUI to generate a value which states how many moves it will take to win the game. Some engines use this information during the search.

The Syzygy tablebases support bitbases in both WDL and DTZ format. The latter format is only used when an exact position is already on the board. However, only the number of moves to reach another endgame (or sometimes checkmate). Another endgame begins after any move that resets the 50 move rule. By this definition, every time a piece is taken or a pawn moves a new endgame has begun and the count is set to 1. If a pawn keeps advancing, after every move the count is 1 again. That means that the count is reset after every move which changes the position irreversibly.

This means that the Syzygy Endgame Tablebases are different to the tablebases that have been used until now. This means that the moves to mate are not necessarily displayed, but the moves to the transition into another endgame. When sorting the moves pawn, capture and promotion moves are put first, because these are the moves that bring the game forwards.

For example, if you are using the Komodo 8 engine to analyse a 5 or 6 piece endgame that can definitely be won, the Syzygy tableBases might give an evaluation of +250. There is no longer a display of "Mate in x moves".

As in the case of the Nalimov tablebases there are 290 files for the 3/4/5-piece endgames, but they are differently distributed. The Nalimov tablebases have two files per endgame, one for "White To Move", one for "Black To Move". The Syzygy tablebases only need one file, regardless of who is moving, but there are two versions of each tablebase: one contains the WDL (Win-Draw-Loss) result and the other contains the DTZ (Distance-To-Zero) result. 2.1.4.2.8 Gaviota EGTB files

The program integrates the Gaviota EGTB probing code © Miguel A. Ballicora + the <u>Nalimov</u> EGTB probing code © Eugene Nalimov.

Gaviota EGTB

For the Gaviota EGTB support you'll need to download the Gaviota EGTB files. At the time of writing this text they are available for download at the address <u>http://www.olympuschess.com/egtb/gaviota</u>.

Download all 145 files and save them in a directory on your hard disk. The total disk space required is about 7 GB.

Menu File - Options - TableBases Gaviota

The location of the Gaviota EGTB files is specified in the TbPath option.

Notation		Engines Fo		olders		Limits		
Encyclopedia		Misc	Use	er 🚽	r Design		Language	
Tablebases		Table	ebase	s Gavio	ta		Clipboard	
Path 1						Brov	wse	
Path 2						Brov	wse	
Path 3						Brov	wse	
Path 4						Brov	wse	
Cache	1	MB						

158 ChessBase 15

2.1.4.2.9 Clipboard PGN Options

Menu: Tools Options tab Clipboard

Configure the format of text and PGN which you put in the Windows Clipboard with Board Window: Edit - Copy - Copy Game.

Jame Text	Position Text
PGN	FEN
Old format	Old format
PGN New format Old format	

Copy HTML format

2.1.4.2.10 Folders

otation	Database path
ngines	C:\Users\Schreiner\Documents\ChessBase Browse
olders	Tamanan Basha
mits	Temporary Books
blebases	D:\TempTree Browse
ipboard	
ncyclopedia	
isc	
er	
sign	
anguage	
	OK Casad

Here you tell ChessBase where you normally keep your databases, where it should store temporary books, and where the <u>players encyclopedia</u> and the endgame tablebases are located.

2.1.4.3 Database file selector

The *file selector* is used to open a database, create a new one or add it to the database window.

	🖷 LU12.cbh	12.06.2001 16:12	ChessBase Datenb	Z KB tur	
🜉 Computer	mobil.cbh	13.10.2001 17:47	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB Vorse	
🐔 System (C:)	moretest.cbh	30.05.2001 00:42	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	15.
関 Daten1 (D:)	💭 mr1.cbh	12.06.2001 22:00	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	
🔞 Daten2 (E:)	mr2.cbh	24.05.2002 12:48	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	
	mr3.cbh	25.01.2001 02:13	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	
📮 Netzwerk	anehour.cbh	15.05.2001 03:40	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	
	pawnstru.cbh	13.10.2001 21:55	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	
	Pcschach.cbh	25.01.2001 21:57	ChessBase Datenb	39 KB	
	PC-Test 2000.cbh	13.10.2001 08:42 ""	ChessBase Datenb	3 KB -	
Dateiname:			Database PGN files	s (*.CBH,*.PGN,*.CBV,* (*.PGN)	.CBZ.*.CBONE.*.CBCLOUD)
ate Überschrift			Cloud (*.0	e (*.CBONE) CBCLOUD)	1
			Databases Books (*.0	s old (*.CBF)	
ellcode Topic Eigenschaften				(*.CBV, *.CBZ)	2.00
			All Databa		BV, *.CBZ, *.CTG, *.CBONE, *.CBCLOUD, *.CBF)

Look in: allows you to find a drive and directory. The window displays directories and ChessBase database files. A double-click on a file will open it directly.

Folder Shortcut

Database window: Right-click, Folder shortcut

View	+
Sort Symbols	•
Open Database	Ctrl+O
New Database	Ctrl+X
Database	Strg+O
Add Folder Shortcut	
Windows Explorer	

This is used to add a folder shortcut to your <u>My databases</u> window.

2.1.4.4 Copy games to book

You can copy games into an <u>openings book</u> to extend it. You can <u>drag & drop</u> another database symbol onto the book symbol, or drag & drop a selection of games list or opening keys onto it.

160	ChessBase 15
	Games 1 - 927
	 Absolute length ECO-relative length Length 20
	Include variations

Games

You can set the number of games you want to copy.

Length

Crucial for the size of the resulting tree is the length of the variations which are put into the tree. It is not very meaningful to put entire games into it, so you should truncate them at a specific point.

ChessBase allows you to limit the length of the variations in two different ways.

- 1. You can specify that the absolute length of every variation should be exactly "n" moves.
- 2. It is usually much more sensible to limit the length of the variations relative to the ECO classification. This results in long variations for theoretical main lines (ECO classification position found late in the game) and short variations for side lines i.e. early deviations.

Obviously, if you choose a shorter length the tree will be compact. But then you are liable to lose some valuable information. If you choose a very large value then the tree will be gigantic, and it will contain a lot of superfluous information. A good practical value for adding games to the tree is the default of ECO + 20.

Variations

You can also include variations, i.e. analysis that might be included in the games. But these are not included in the statistical analysis.

2.1.4.5 Parameters for Reference Search

In the <u>Opening Reference</u> the number of common variation lines can be altered by using the + and - buttons.

.∢ Ma		1e:7.h	3 Lg7 8.Sf3 0-0 9.Ld3 b5, (513 Games)		
	_				
N=	482,	60%	7.f3 Lg7 8.Lg5	-	
N=	953,	52%	7.Ld3 Lg7 8.Sge2 0-0 9.0-0		
N=1	.614,	63%	7.Sf3 Lg7 8.h3 0-0 9.Ld3		
N=	505,	50%	7.Sf3 Lg7 8.Le2 0-0 9.0-0 Te8 10.Sd2		Q
N=	723,	50%	7.f4 Lg7 8.Sf3 0-0 9.Le2		
N=	699,	58%	7.f4 Lg7 8.Lb5+ Sfd7 9.a4 0-0 10.Sf3 Sa6	^	Ð,

Clicking the button next to the list opens the Parameters tor Reference Search dialog.

Minimum %		4	
Line length		8	* *
	Font 1]	
	Font 2]	

These values have the following meaning:

The smaller **Minimum%** is, the more variations are displayed. (The buttons + and - alter this value).

The higher the value for the **variation length** is, the longer the displayed lines are. High values for this setting mean a lot of calculation is necessary and the processing will take longer.

Font 1 + Font 2 -> Select a Font for the display.

2.1.4.6 Feedback for training positions

ChessBase allows you create chess <u>training material</u> in which the teacher inserts quiz questions into a game.



In such lessons you enter feedback for each correct solution. If you do not ChessBase will provide standard answers.



In the help dialog you can add coloured squares and arrows on the chessboard to demonstrate themes. You can even remove pieces (by dragging them off the board – click the original square to get them back).

You can type in the feedback, which will be displayed, but you can also click the microphone button and record it. You can also use <u>coloured lines and squares</u> by pressing the Alt and drawing on the board.

2.1.4.7 Training questions including those being timed

In ChessBase training questions integrated into a training database are presented somewhat differently from the way they were in previous versions. In order to indicate the thinking time for a task (as, e.g., was customary in earlier versions) you have to do a little preliminary work in preparation.

First of all give to the database which contains the stored training questions the attribute "Training" or alternatively "Tactics". This can be done quite simply with a right click on the database symbol in the database window. -> Right click -> Properties

Unspecific A Work	Training
My games	
Large database	Show Protocol
Informant	
Openings	Reset Protocol
Magazine/Express	
Classical Tournaments	
Recent Tournaments	33 Games
Correspondence	0.1/2 0.0
Tactics	0 Keys, 0 Positions
Analysis	
Training Endings	
Studies	
Blitz	Reference-DB
Computer chess +	
:	Repertoire White
Name	Repertoire Black
koenigssicherheit1.cbh	Always open text
	Pin to favorites

Now when you open a game which contains a training question, you can move forward by clicking on the right arrow key.

The training question is shown in the well-known dialog form including a clock for the thinking time.

164 ChessBase 15

2.1.4.8 Database types

You can set the database type by right-clicking the icon in the <u>database window</u> and selecting Properties. The type you select determines which icon is associated with it.

C:\ChessBase Daten\D)atenbanken∖Mega Database 2018.cbh
Blitz Computer chess Problems Patzer Gambit BdF Match Biography Multimedia Important Text Download E-Mail	Training Show Protocol Reset Protocol 7187893 Games 106707 Keys, 100339 Positions
Opening book Chess Media Reference Name Mega Database 2018	 Reference-DB Repertoire White Repertoire Black Always open text Pin to favorites

You can also set a number of other options for a database in the Properties menu.

Name

The descriptive name under the database icon can be different from the more technical filename.

Training

Makes it a special <u>trainings database</u> where you store lessons, while ChessBase keeps track of the score.

Show protocol

This displays all the databases that were copied into the current one (the "import protocol").

Reset protocol

Clears the import protocol, e.g. before the publication of a database.

Reference database

This makes it a special <u>Reference database</u> which ChessBase consults on all major questions (unless you specify otherwise).

• Repertoire database

This is a database in which ChessBase looks after your <u>Repertoire</u>.

Always open text

When the first entry in a database is a text report it is automatically opened when you first start the database. After that you can only open the text manually. You can click this option to make it open every time you start the database.

Pin to Favorites

This entry allows you to determine which database will be offered when you are saving a game.

Whenever the user saves a new game, instead of the file dialog box what is displayed first is the <u>Favourites</u> list. By following the procedure described previously the user can permanently enter a DB so that it can be immediately selected in the dialog box for saving.

See also <u>database formats</u>.

2.1.4.9 Edit player's name

If you select more than one game of a player in the <u>Player Index</u>, this dialog will allow you to edit the name in all games:

Gamuo Fema	Daniei	L	2240	m	5	197 00	l itie	PR
Garza Castro	Ramon	1 (Edit Player	-	-	x	URS-ch47	Μ
Gasarjan	Aram	1		-	-		URS-ch46	Tb
Gaspar	Joao	1	Geller		Efim P	?	Moscow	Μ
Gavrikov	Viktor	3					Moscow Inter	Μ
Gazet Van An		1	Set Elo		0			
Gelfand	Boris	21						
Geller	Efim P	4	Team Nam	e		?		
Geller	Ι	1						
Georgaras	S	1	ОК		Help	Cancel		
•		III						
Search:								

Enter the last and first names of the player. The "?" button allows you to consult the <u>player encyclopedia</u> in order to check the spelling. If you use this function on more than one entry it will unify the spelling of them all. In this case you can also change the Elo rating.

2.1.4.10 Save mask

When you save a game a special save window appears in which you can type in all the relevant data about the game.

Please read also "Saving Games"



You can also call up the save mask and enter all the game data in advance, i.e. long before you actually save the game. In the board window click *Edit Edit game data*. You can also edit the game data in the games list, without actually loading the game. Right-click it and select Edit – Edit game data (or press F2).

Players' names (White/Black)

Type in the last name and first name(s) of the white and black players. Try to use the standardized spellings. To facilitate the standardization of names you can use the players encyclopedia which contains the names of over 100,000 players – practically everyone who has an international rating. Type in a name or part of it and then click the question mark button on the right. A list of names appears from which you can choose the correct one.

Tournament

In the tournament line you normally enter the name and place of the tournament. If you want to do it properly you should click Details. A special <u>tournament data</u> dialog appears where you can add a number of other important details.

ECO code

The $\underline{\text{ECO code}}$ is automatically inserted by ChessBase. You can correct it if you disagree with the program.

• Elo ratings

Enter the ratings for White and Black, if available.

Round, subround

Specify the round and, in case of knockouts or Grand Prix, the subround.

Date (year, month, day)

Here you specify the year, month and day on which the game was played. This is not to be confused with the tournament date (see <u>tournament data</u>). If the exact date is not available leave the day or month empty.

Result

Enter 1-0 (White won), $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ (draw) or 0-1 (Black won). If you haven't entered a complete game, i.e. if the moves merely represents analysis, then you may want to

use an evaluation symbol instead of the result. By clicking the arrow in the result box you get the menu shown on the right of evaluation symbols from which you can choose.

Reset

This clears all data from the save mask.

Click the tab <u>Annotator and Teams</u> to enter additional game data.

When a game is saved a description text can be added to it, dependent on the default language. The dialog has been extended to take this into account. Under the "Game Title" the text and the language in which it is to be displayed are input.

Players and Result	Annotator and Teams	Rating	Game title	
English		?		
Linglish	•	:		
My finest Games	!			

These texts can be used to quickly find certain types of games. <u>The texts</u> that you have created are listed in the game index and player index to reference games.

2.1.4.11 Save Mask - Annotator and Teams

You reach the second page of the save mask by clicking the Annotator and Teams tab.

Players and Result	Annotator and Team	s Rating	Game Title	
<u>W</u> hite <u>B</u> lack <u>T</u> ournament	Enter New Game Sofia m 25'	, ,	Details	?
ECO code: Elo White: Elo Blac <u>k</u> : Round: Subround:	B31 ○ 1-0	© +:-	<mark>▼ Y</mark> ear: ▼ Mo <u>n</u> th: ▼ <u>D</u> ay:	1998 - 5 - 2 - <u>R</u> eset

168 ChessBase 15

Annotator

If you have entered variations and text annotations you should type in your name here. ChessBase will automatically offer you the user name that is entered in the menu Tools – Options – User. A list of all annotators appears in the <u>annotators index</u> of a database.

White/Black teams

If a game is part of a team championship you should enter the names of the teams here. They are displayed in the $\underline{\text{teams index}}$ of the database.

Source

You can give a source for the game. If you want to do so properly you should click Details for the <u>source edit dialog</u>. The source is given in the <u>source index</u> of the database.

You can also set the <u>Rating</u> and the Game Title.

2.1.4.12 Board design

Board Design (right-click the board)

The "Board design" is used to change the appearance of the board.

Colour sc <u>h</u> emes:	Maple	
User:	White	Light squares
	Black	Dark squares
<u>P</u> ieces:	Fritz	•
Propor <u>t</u> ion	Ma <u>rg</u>	in width
	An <u>i</u> mation	-
✓ Shadows	☑ <u>R</u> o	ounded
No scaling	📝 An	nti aliasing
Coordinat <u>e</u> s		
Bac <u>kg</u> round:	Wood	•
Apply	Replay Arrows Belo None Buttons Slider	w Board
<u>O</u> K	<u>H</u> elp	Cancel

You can choose different materials (wood, marble, etc.) and colour schemes for the light and dark squares, and also for the background. You can have co-ordinates around the board and replay control buttons below it. There are also a number of different pieces styles. Here are the specifics:

• **Color schemes** selects the colour and texture of the dark and light squares of the chessboard. If you want to mix your own colours click "Plain color" and select the colours you want for the squares and pieces. You can also give a different material by clicking "User BMP" in the colour schemes.

▶ **Pieces:** There are at least three piece sets to choose from. "USCF" is a set in the style of American chess publications, and "Oldstyle" a nostalgic set that was used in books earlier in this century.

- **Proportion** regulates the relative size of the pieces with respect to the board.
- **Margin width** determines how wide the sides of the board should be.
- Animation determines how fast the pieces glide over the board.

• **Shadows** gives the pieces a shadow, so they appear to be slightly raised above the board.

• **Rounded** makes the pieces appear slightly rounded.

• **No scaling** switches to fonts with fixed sizes. This switches off background textures and other effects.

Background is used to change the area surrounding the board. Here too you can use your own "User BMP".

• **Coordinates** switches on the board coordinate 1–8 and a–h.

• **Replay arrows** below board puts recorder-style replay and forward buttons below the board.



Functions: Load previous game in <u>game history</u>; jump to beginning of game; take back move; cancel move (take back and overwrite with next move entry); one move forward; jump to end of game; load next game from <u>game history</u>.

2.1.4.13 ID-Card

In the **ID-Card** of a player you can find all the information available in the player encyclopedia.

Player Index - ID Card
Show personal information (Strg+Alt+B)

For the pictures there is a date and the name of the photographer. Click $\langle - \text{ or } - \rangle$ to browse through all the photos available.

If you click on Elo profile you can track the <u>Elo development</u>.

Last Name. First Name.	Kortschnoj Viktor Lvovich	
Birthday.	1931	
Deceased.	06.06.2016 (85)	The fair and the
<u>T</u> itle.	GM	
	2499 (05.2016) Trend: 0-0	
Country. Elo Profile Dossier	Switzerland	
		Photo: Benjamin Bartels
		ca. 2006
		<> 1/81>
Close]	

The Dossier function goes through the games of your reference database to create a <u>player dossier</u>.

2.1.4.14 Options in the book window

Right-click the **book window** and select Properties.

Number of positions: 4159377
Unplayed transpositions
Retro moves
✓ Show Elo numbers
📝 Show next move
Result from white side
✓ Statistics

Np

The number of different positions contained in the book. White and Black are not differentiated, nor are positions mirrored on the middle axis. Try entering the moves 1. e3 e5 2. e4 Nf6 3. Nc3 Bb4 and how this becomes a reverse Ruy Lopez.

• Unplayed transpositions

Shows moves that have never been played in the current position but which lead to another position known to the tree.

Retro-moves

Displays all moves that lead from positions in the tree to the current board position.

Statistics

Displays bar graphs of the move statistics, and also gives the exact number of Elo rated games.

Show next move

2.1.4.15 Source edit dialog

The source of a game is entered in the <u>save mask</u>. The details are stored in the <u>source index</u> of a database.

<u>T</u> itle	CBM 001
Publisher	ChessBase
Publication	01.12.1987 🗐 🔻 Version
Date	01.12.1987
Quality	© <u>n</u> ormal
Ingn	

▶ Title

This is the name that appears in the source index.

Publisher

Who is publishing this game?

Publication/Version dates

This is used for internal records and for the final publication.

Quality

Enter your estimation of the quality of the data (moves, results, names, <u>spellings</u>).

2.1.4.16 Tournament data

The *tournament data* of a game appears in the <u>tournament index</u> of the database.

General Place	General			
Tiebreak	Title	Tatran Cup	26th	
	Date			
	V Yes	er		1978 💠
	V Mo	onth		11 🔶
	<u>⊡</u> Day	ý		0 💠
	⊘ Cat	tegory		5 🔶
	Rot			13 💠
	🔽 Тур		Round ro	
		mplete		
		oints for win		
	Team T	ournament		
	🖂 Tea	am Tournamen	vt	
	E Boa	ard Points		
	Time			
	🔘 Blit			
	Rap No			
		rrespondence		

Title, Place

Type in the official name and place of the tournament. If the tournament has no name (e.g. New York 1924) then enter the place in both lines. Only one will appear in the games list.

Date

The year, month and day are for the tournament, not the individual game (this is entered in the save mask). Usually the day of the opening ceremony or the first round defines the tournament date. If the exact date is not available you can leave the month and day empty and ChessBase will only store the year.

Complete

This should be clicked on if you have all the games of a tournament. A tournament marked as complete will have the (green) check mark shown at the right in the tournament list.

Nation

Click the pull-down button on the right to produce a list of national abbreviations and select the one you want.

Rounds

Enter the number of rounds. In special tournaments (like knockouts and Grand Prix) you can specify "subrounds" in the save mask. This allows the program to sort games properly according to rounds. It can also generate clean progress tables in open tournaments if the rounds are properly entered.

Category

Enter a category between 1 and 25. This is displayed in the tournament list.

Туре

Here you can specify match, tournament, Swiss, team, knockout, simul, etc. This too is displayed in the tournament list.

Time controls

Here you can specify the speed of play (blitz, rapid, normal or correspondence chess).

2.1.4.17 Serial Number

Please type in a serial number after the Program start. They are eligible for updates.

The serial number is needed for the first program start. After entering the serial number the program has unlimited access to the <u>online database</u>.

Some program functions require access to the fast, up to date online database. To do this the program has to be activated online via the Internet.

The Internet activation is carried out with the program's Menu File.

2.1.4.18 Book Window Options

This configures the <u>book window</u>.

This is the menu *Right Click Menu - Properties* In the book window.

Number of positions: 4159377

Duplayed transpositions

Retro moves

Show Elo numbers

Show next move

Result from white side

Statistics

The format of the position tree can be configured by the user. The dialog for this can be started by right clicking in any empty area of the book window, then clicking Properties.

"Number of Positions" is the number of unique positions in the book. White and Black are not differentiated. Left-right mirroring is also ignored. Try it by inputting 1.e3 e5 2. e4 .

"**Unplayed Transpositions**" displays moves which did not occur in the games, but would have led to known positions in the games.

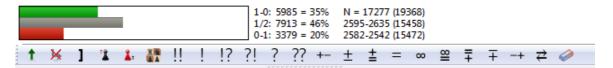
"**Retro Moves**" displays moves which lead from known positions to the position on the board.

"Show Elo numbers" integrates the strength of the players into the statistical data of the games.

"**Show next move**" displays in table form the next moves with statistical data for every possible continuation from this position. See <u>Extended Book Display ...</u>

"Result from white side" means that the result of every move is always displayed from White's perspective.

"**Statistics**" displays the win/loss/draw statistics as a graph, with an exact count of the games that were evaluated by Elo.

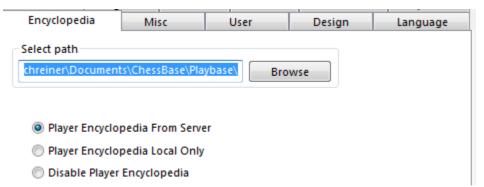


Retro moves are the moves leading to this position from other positions in the trees. Unplayed transpositions are moves which have not actually been played in the games which were merged into the tree, but which would lead to another known position. Those unplayed moves appear grey. With the checkbox for Show Elo numbers you can toggle the display of the columns Av(erage) and Perf(ormance).

Statistics shows additional statistics at the bottom of the window.

2.1.4.19 Options Player Encyclopedia

Menu File - Options - Encyclopedia



You can automatically update the player encyclopedia that you have installed. We regularly publish an updated version of the encyclopedia with new players and updated Elo ratings. Depending on your settings the program accesses the encyclopedia on the server and updates the enclyclopedia that you have stored locally.

Off = No player encyclopedia

This option is useful for slow computers with very little free disk space.

Local = Use the installed player encyclopedia

This option should be used on a computer that has no Internet connection, or a very slow Internet connection.

Server = The program accesses the data on the server and gradually updates the locally stored encyclopedia.

Path = Where the local player encyclopedia is stored. If the path is left empty an empty encyclopedia is created which will be filled with data from the server.

Note: If you start with an empty player encyclopedia you will only see the data in the main window that has already been received from the server, i.e. the cache. In case of doubt use the locally installed encyclopedia, because it will automatically be improved by the server data.

2.1.5 Tournament tables

Right-click an item in the <u>Player index</u> and select **Cross table** to get a full table of the current tournament.

You can also open a tournament table by clicking on the tournament data of a <u>game</u> <u>header</u> in the notation window.



ChessBase knows the following kinds of tournaments and is able to generate correct tables for them:

- Round robins (cross tables)
- Individual matches (match tables)
- Swiss tournaments (progress tables)
- Team championships (list of individual results)
- Scheveningen system (double cross tables)
- Knockout system (Knockout tree)
- Simultaneous exhibition (list of individual results)
- Incomplete tournaments (simple ranking list)

If the <u>players encyclopedia</u> is available the flags of the players will be displayed.

Tatran Cup 26th 1978

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		Perf.	+/-
1	Ftacnik, Lubomir	2380	*	1/2	3/2	1/2	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/2	9.0 / 12	2555	+28
2	Plachetka, Jan	2470	3/2	*	0	3/2	3/2	1/2	1	1	1	1	1/2	1	1	8.5 / 12	2511	+7
3	Peresipkin, Vladimir	2430	1/2	1	*	1/2	1	1/2	1/2	0	1	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	7.5 / 12	2449	+4
4	Treybal, Dusan	2200	1/2	1/2	1/2	*	1	1	1/2	1/2	1	0	1/2	1/2	3/2	7.0 / 12	2438	+38
5	Djuric, Stefan	2350	1	1/2	0	0	*	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1/2	1	0	1	6.5 / 12 37.50	2396	+8
6	Joksic, Sinisa	2405	0	3/2	1/2	0	1/2	*	1/2	1/2	0	1	1	1	1	6.5 / 12 33.25	2392	-2
7	Cvetkovic, Srdjan	2390	0	0	1/2	3/2	1/2	1/2	*	1/2	1/2	1	1/2	1/2	3/2	5.5 / 12 30.00	2335	-9
8	Moehring, Guenthe	2405	0	0	1	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2		0	0	1/2	1	1	5.5 / 12 29.25	2334	-12
9	Franzen, Jozef	2290	0	0	0	0	0	1	1/2	1	×	1/2	1	1	3/2	5.5 / 12 27.50	2343	+9
10	Sikora Lerch, Jan	2415	0	0	1/2	1	1/2	0	0	1	1/2	*	1/2	1/2	3/2	5.0 / 12 28.00	2304	-19
11	Banas, Jan	2385	0	3/2	1/1	1/2	0	0	1/2	1/2	0	3/2	*	1	1	5.0 / 12 26.00	2306	-13
12	Ujtelky, Maximilian	2280	0	0	1/2	1/2	1	0	1/2	0	0	3/2	0	*	1	4.0 / 12	2253	-5
13	Novak,Ivan	2355	1/2	0	0	1/2	0	0	1/2	0	1/2	3/2	0	0	*	2.5 / 12	2135	-33

Double-clicking a result will load that game.

(The second seco	🗵 Delete	🗐 Search Result		Ŧ		🥜 🕑 Select all		0
Dente	📃 Сору	Segoe UI	- 1	.4 -		🖉 🖂 Goto line		News
Paste	📔 Clip or Unclip	First	0) 🌲	Filter List	Edit Game Data	Cross Table	Next Tournament

With the buttons on the top right you can:

- browse to the next/previous tournament in the database
- force a round robin display of an incomplete tournament ("RR");
- copy the table into the Windows clipboard (ChessBase will ask whether to format it with table or enables);
- it with tabs or spaces);
- print out the table;
- generate an HTML table;
- set the font size.

Sort Table

In Chessbase tournament tables can be sorted by player. This function is called by **Sort by Player Name**.



5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/2	9.0 / 12

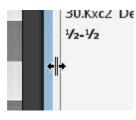
It is also possible to sort by **player name**.

2.1.6 Rearranging windows

The following is essential for usability of ChessBase software: The individual elements of the windows (the "panes") can be moved and resized. A pane will "dock" when you move it to a place which makes sense. This ensures that you will never "lose" a window or have it partially covered by another one.

Changing the size

Move the cursor onto a horizontal or vertical separation bar. It will turn into a "resize cursor".



You can now press and hold down the left mouse button to resize the window. ChessBase will adjust the other elements correspondingly.

"Docking" windows

If you move the mouse cursor onto the two parallel lines below the separation bar, it will turn into a hand.



Press and hold down the left mouse button. You can now drag the window to some other place on the screen. Watch the window outline – when it snaps into place you have a proper docking place.

Once you have arranged everything the way you want you can save the layout in the menu Window – Layout – Save.

Finally, if you release a menu in a non-docked state, it will be laid over the other windows, until you click the close box in the top left.

Note: The program offer the useful shortcut Ctrl-F6

When you have opened a lot of windows whilst working with ChessBase 14, you can switch between opened ChessBase windows with the key combination (hotkey) Ctrl-F6. That is the same hotkey as in Microsoft Word.

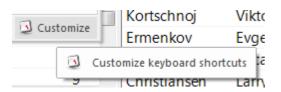
User Interface	179
----------------	-----

The advantage of this solution compared to the task manager is that here you are switching only between the windows opened in the current application (here CB 14). With task manager all open windows are displayed; changed to the desired window there is more laborious.

2.2 Keyboard Shortcuts

2.2.1 Customize Shortcuts

Menu File - Customize



You can customize ChessBase by assigning a keyboard shortcut to each menu function:

Shortcuts				
Commands:	Current key:			
About - About this program Activate - Activate Program	Alt+F12			
Add Folder Shortcut - Add a shortcut to a windows folder to your Backup Database - Compress all files of a database into a single a Board - Open a new board	Input new shortcut:			
Board In Database - Open a new board window to be saved into Cannibalize - Extract games which are not yet in the reference dat Check Integrity - Check the technical integrity of all database files Chess Media File Open a Chess Media System file	Currently assigned to:			
Cloud Databases - Load your cloud databases Cloud Offline - Work on the local copy of your cloud databases, c Collect Openings - Create a new database which merges games b Convert to CBH Format - Convert To ChessBase Format				
Copy - Prepare the selected games for copying Correspondence Server Games - Login to correspondence chess se Create Cloud Database - Create a cloud database on cloud server Create Search Booster - Create Search Booster (Big index files for 1 Customize - Customize keyboard shortcuts				
	Defaults			
OK Cancel	Apply Help			

Select the function in the Commands list. Click in the edit field Input new shortcut. Click Assign to link this shortcut to the function.

This is also a useful command reference.

Click the button Copy to copy the list of shortcuts into the windows clipboard so that you can paste it for printing in your text processor.

180 ChessBase 15

2.2.2 Keyboard shortcuts for commentary symbols

When you type in text commentary, key names or game data you can use chess figurines and the special symbols used to annotate games. This assumes that the ChessBase <u>fonts</u> have been correctly installed and selected for that purpose. Here are the symbols you can use and the keyboard shortcuts to input them:

Ctrl-K	¢	King
Ctrl-Q	£	Queen
Ctrl-N	×	Knight
Ctrl-B	¥	Bishop
Ctrl-R		Rook
Ctrl-P	§	Pawn
Ctrl-A	'	Attack
Ctrl-I	f	Initiative
Ctrl-Shift-C	"	Counterplay
Ctrl-Alt-I		With the idea
Ctrl-S	+	Space
Ctrl-Shift-Z	``	Zeitnot (time trouble)
Ctrl-Alt-D	+	Development
Ctrl-L		File (line)
Shift-Ctrl-D	,	Diagonal
Ctrl-Alt-Z	‡ ″	Zugzwang
Ctrl-Alt-C		Centre
Ctrl-Shift-W	X TM	Weak point.
Ctrl-O		Only move
Ctrl-W	a	with
Ctrl-Alt-W	0	without
Ctrl-Alt-Q	«	Queenside
Ctrl-Alt-K	»	Kingside
Ctrl-E	V	Endgame
Ctrl-Alt-P	~	Pair of bishops
Ctrl-Alt-O	R	Bishops of opposite colour
Ctrl-Alt-E	•	Bishops of same colour
Ctrl-M	0	With compensation for material
Ctrl-1	±	White has the upper hand
Ctrl-2	2	White stands somewhat better
Ctrl-3	÷	Unclear
Ctrl-4	3	Black stands somewhat better
Ctrl-5	μ	Black has the upper hand
Ctrl-Alt-B	1	Better is
Ctrl-Alt-R	1/2	Draw
Ctrl-Shift-P	þ	Passed pawn.

2.2.3 Keyboard shortcuts in games lists

Home/End	Jump to beginning/end of list
Shift-Cursor down / Ctrl-click	Mark games
Shift-Page down	Mark page-full of games
Shift-End	Mark all games to end of list
Ctrl-A	Mark all games

Load/merge marked game(s)	
Load next/previous game in list	
Automatic scrolling	
Scroll page up/down	
Move highlight bar and scroll	
Go to game number	
Toggle list format, e.g. show notation/ game data	
Set start move	
Show statistics for marked/all games	
Show piece probability for marked/all games	
Copy marked games into <u>clip database</u>	
Game overview in many diagrams	
Generate tournament table	
Call up search mask to define search	
Switch search mask on/off. If no search mask is defined, next game index	
Set user <u>medal</u> for game.	
Mark selected games as deleted	
Mark selected games for copying	
Paste games marked for copying	

2.2.4 Keyboard shortcuts in the board window

Ctrl-F	Flip board
Cursor keys	Play moves forwards and backwards.
*	Replay games automatically
Ctrl-G	Go to move number x.
Ctrl + move (mouse)	Make the move a variation without query
Shift + move (mouse)	Overwrite next move without query
Т	Takeback move, make next move a variation ("T-Note")
Ctrl-Alt-0	Enter null move
Ctrl-Y	Delete variation
Ctrl-Alt-C	Classify game according to opening in reference database
Ctrl-Alt-Shift-C	Classify game according to themes
Shift-F6	Find novelty/compare in reference database

Shift-F7	Show Opening Reference for board position
Tab	Switch notation
Μ	Close variation
+/-	With the <u>analysis engine</u> on: increase/decrease the number of lines calculated.
Page up/down	Scroll one page up/down in the notation
Home / End	Go to beginning/end of notation
]	Cut remaining moves
[Cut previous moves
Ctrl-Shift-Y	Remove all variations and commentary
Ctrl-A	Enter text commentary after move
Ctrl-Shift-A	Enter text commentary before move
Shift-1 or "!"	Annotate with !, ? etc.
Ctrl-Alt-Y	Delete all graphic commentary
Ctrl-Alt-M	Enter training commentary
Ctrl-Alt-W	Enter correspondence chess header
Ctrl-W	Annotate correspondence chess move
Ctrl-S	Save game
Ctrl-R	Replace game
F10	Load next game in list
Ctrl-F10	Load previous game in list
Alt-F2	Start/stop the default analysis engine
Space	Insert best engine move into notation
Ctrl-Space	Insert best variation of all engines into notation
x	Show threat
у	Calculate next best move(only Fritz engine).
Ctrl-Alt-B	Open/close photos window
Ctrl-Alt-N	Open/close notation window
Esc	Close window
Ctrl-Z	After deleting or reordering variations: Undo

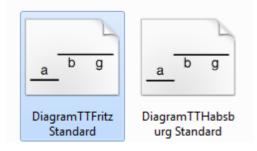
2.2.5 Keyboard shortcuts in the database window

Tab	Switches between window "panes"
Tab	Switches between window panes
F3	Next higher directory level
Ctrl-F12	Go to <u>My databases</u>
Enter	Open selected database/start training.
Ctrl-F	Search for games in selected database.
Ctrl-Alt-L	Switch database preview pane on/off.
Ctrl-O	Open database and add it to My databases.
Ctrl-X	$\label{eq:create} \mbox{Create a new database in the current directory.}$

- Ctrl-Z <u>Archive</u> current database.
- Ctrl-L Show <u>games list</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-P Show <u>players index</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-T Show <u>tournament index</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-A Show <u>annotator index</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-S Show <u>source index</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-K Show <u>openings key</u> of the selected database.
- Ctrl-C Mark all games for copying.
- Ctrl-V Paste all games marked for copying in the selected database.
- Ctrl-D Display databases as detailed list.
- Ctrl-I Display databases as large icons.

2.3 Fonts

ChessBase automatically installs *TrueType fonts* on your system.



For example :

Fonts for notation (including <u>commentary symbols</u>): FigurineCB AriesSP FigurineCB LetterSP FigurineCB TimeSP

Fonts for diagrams: DiagramTTFritz DiagramTTUSCF DiagramTTOldStyle

2.4 Drag & Drop

Drag and drop is the action of clicking something – a database symbol, a game or a piece on the chessboard – holding down the mouse key and letting go somewhere else. ChessBase makes extensive use of Drag & Drop:

• Copy all games from one database into another

Simply drag the symbol of the database onto the destination database and drop it

there.



• Copy games from the <u>clipboard</u> into a proper database

In the database window drag the clipboard onto the database symbol.

> Copy selected games from a games list into a database

Mark the games in the list (Ctrl-click or Shift-cursor keys). Now move the mouse cursor onto one of the marked games and hold down the mouse key. Drag the games onto a database symbol or into another games list.

Merge selected games into the current game notation

Mark the games in the list and drag them into the game notation of the board window. The games will all be inserted as variations of the current game.

> Copy a variation from one annotated game into another

Use the function Window – Compare notations (or F8) to make both games visible together on the screen. Grab the first move of the variation by clicking with the mouse and drag it into the notation of the other game. It will be inserted as a variation.

Copy a player or tournament

Copy a player from the player index or a tournament from the tournament index to another database.

3 Reference

3.1 Entering and Annotating Games

3.1.1 Analysis engine

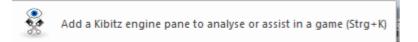
An analysis engine or kibitzer is a chess playing program that runs in the background and always analyses the current board position. When you install the program you will normally get Fritz and Crafty to analyse with. You can add more engines, which are available as stand-alone chess playing programs.

Default Engine	
Fritz 15 (307MB)	
Browse	

To start an engine you must open a new "pane" in the <u>board</u> <u>window</u>. This is done with *Home - Default Kibitzer*. You can also press Ctrl-K. Finally there is a Ribbon for the engine in the tool bar (right). You can add a number of engines and set them to work simultaneously on the position.



But remember they have to all share the processor power and will therefore not be able to analyse so deeply.



Keyboard shortcuts:

Ctrl-K = <u>add new analysis engine</u>. Alt-F2 = start <u>default engine</u>.

Locking an engine to a position

Right-click the engine window and select Lock This will lock the engine to the current position.

You can do this also with a simple Mouse click on the Button in the Engine window.



After that you can move to another position on the board, while the engine continues working on the original position. You can start a second engine and lock it to a different position. The only limit to the number of engines running in parallel is processor power. If you have a multi-processor board each engine can run at 100% speed and use the full power of a processor. If you run two or more engines on a single processor ChessBase will divide the processor power equally amongst the engines.

3.1.2 Enter moves

Move the mouse cursor to the piece you want to move, press and hold down the left mouse key, and place the piece on its destination square. You will notice that when you click the piece ChessBase suggests a destination square. This is done with a "Heuristic move assistant" (<u>Heumas</u>).



If the suggestion is correct simply let go, if not drag the piece to the destination square.

Note:To put games into ChessBase 14 rapidly you can opt for a special <u>input mode</u>. Begin by opening a new board window. Either by clicking on the ribbon "Board" in the database window or with the key combination Ctrl-N. There you will find the ribbon "Input mode".

PLease take also a look to the function Assisted Analysis ...

You can also click the destination square first. Heumas suggests a piece to move there. If it is correct simply let go, if not move the cursor to the correct piece and then let go. In both cases you can also hold down the left mouse key and click the right one to cycle through possible destination squares or pieces. Let go when you hit the correct one.

To cancel the move drop the piece off the board or on an illegal square.

Variations

If you enter a move in the middle of the game and this deviates from the text move ChessBase will ask you what to do with it.

Input new move	×
Old moves	
A) 12Se5	New variation
	New <u>M</u> ain Line
	Overwrite
	Insert
	Cancel

• **New variation** will start a different line of play that will appear parallel to the original moves;

• **New main line** will enter the move as the main line and make the original game a variation;

Overwrite the original moves and replace them with new ones;

• **Insert** the new move into the game, i.e. retain as many of the moves that come after it as possible.

The last function is useful when you have entered a number of moves and discover that one was incorrect (wrong rook or knight, wrong destination square). Instead of entering all moves again use Insert, which will retain as much as possible. Naturally ChessBase will make sure all moves are legal.

Express correction



The express retraction button under the board suppresses the above guery and assumes that the next move you enter

should overwrite the previously entered ones.

should overwrite the previously enter

Useful keyboard shortcuts

T Take back move and enter new one without query

Ctrl-move Hold down the Ctrl key and enter move to start variation without query

Shift-move Hold down the Shift key and enter move to overwrite without query

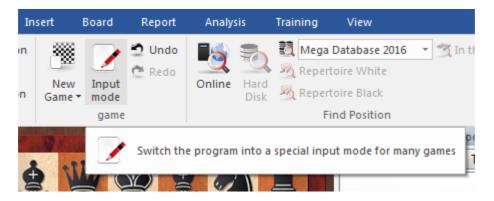
See also: How to correct moves during game entry

3.1.3 New input mode for games

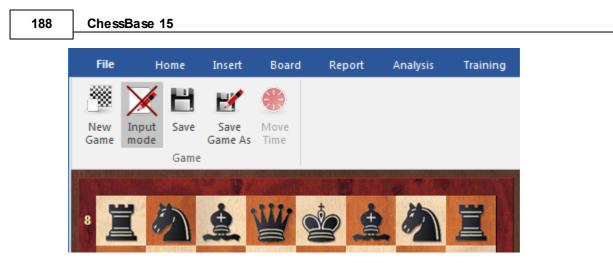
To put games into ChessBase 14 rapidly you can opt for a special input mode.

Begin by opening a new <u>board window</u>. Either by clicking on the ribbon "Board" in the database window or with the key combination **Ctrl-N**.

There you will find the ribbon "Input mode".



The function is also available after you have loaded any game from a <u>database</u>.



The differences from the standard input are:

- The analysis function "Assisted Analysis" is switched off.
- Unlike in standard input mode, the variation dialog is logically displayed when there are deviations in the moves.

There is the opportunity to set thinking time.

Move Time	<mark>01</mark> :40:00	
Move Time (Black)	01:40:00	
 Move Time 0 min 1 min 	 Remaining time 2 min 3 min 	4 min
5 min 6 min	7 min 8 min	9 min
	Delete	

In this mode the program retains to a great extent tournament information after a new game has been started. So this input mode is ideally suited to those users who, e.g., would like to continue adding games from the same tournament.

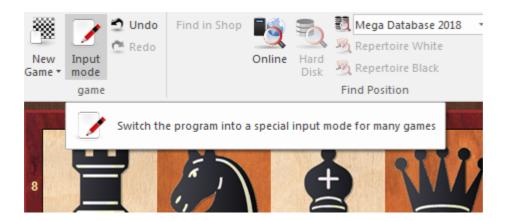
kasparov MyInternetGames Mega Database 2016 Opening Encyclopedia 20 CloudClip bs2830 CloudClip	16	
ОК		Cancel

3.1.4 Rapid input of games

Within the <u>Mega Database</u> you will find at the moment over 7 million games which you can make use of for the numerous statistical functions on offer in ChessBase. This impressive number of games is only possible because for many years the program has been employed for the entering of tournaments. The input and storing of games has always been very smooth, but with a new input mode the new ChessBase 14 makes things even more easy for tournament organisers who wish to enter and publish the games of a tournament.

The decisive difference from the input mode you have known until now is that information contained in the game data is transferred automatically with a consequent saving of time. Let us take a look at how this works with a practical example. You will find the new method for rapid input of games in the board window. First of all start a new board window either by clicking on the ribbon "Board" in the database window or by means of the key combination *Ctrl-N*.

There you will find the ribbon "Input mode" with which you start this special mode.



Moreover, this function is also available after you have loaded any game from a database.

Be aware that in this mode the <u>"Assisted Analysis</u>" function is switched off. Here the focus is on the rapid input of game notation. Another difference from standard game input is that when there is a point at which moves diverge, the variation dialog box is consequently displayed.

In this mode the program retains to a great extent information about the tournament for which a new game has been started. For that reason this input mode is ideally suited to users who, e.g., would like to continue entering games for the same tournament.

3.1.5 Assisted analysis

A new function for ChessBase 14 is "Assisted Analysis", which provides valuable hints to the tactical consequences of a possible move by means of coloured highlights on the board.

×.	Assisted Analysis
Tactical Analysis Tactical Analysis	Assisted Analysis
gs Book nce Table Tra	Activate or deactivate Assisted Analysis
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

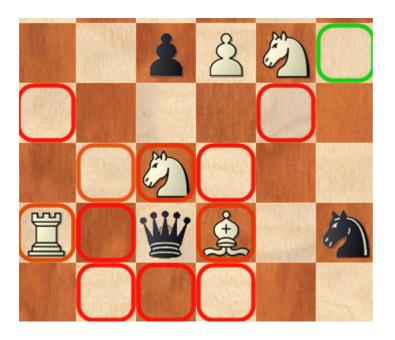
Board window Analysis menu Assisted Analysis

<u>Tip</u>: Make sure that this function is also activated in the options dialog under <u>Engines</u>! Make

sure that this function is also activated in the options dialog under Engines!

				Re	ference	191
Notation Engines	Folders	Limits	Tablebases	Clipboard		
Default Engine Fritz 15 (307MB) Browse					-	
Heumas Heumas Ply (1-6): Assisted Analysis Legal moves Single click entry Forced moves entry	1 1	<u> </u>			c	
Threat Threats Generate threats	1 1					
L	ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help		

This function is available to you when you are entering games or when you are analysing games which have already been saved, for example when adding your own variations. When entering moves, if you click on a piece all the squares it can possibly go to are highlighted with different colours.



The idea behind this analysis function is that in tactically complex situations present day chess engines frequently come up with the best move in mere millisseconds. When you click on a piece, the consequences of a move to all possible target squares are evaluated and each evaluation is highlighted in colour on the board.

The sample diagram shows all possible squares to which the black queen could go. Those marked in green are safe and indicate a good move. Squares highlighted in yellow point to a mediocre, but nevertheless playable move, and the squares highlighted in red a clear mistake. The colour blue represents moves from an opening book and black indicates mating moves. Neutral moves are highlighted in orange.

This function is an extension of the classic way an analysis engine has worked until now when a move in entered. The user inputs the move whilst the chess engine is working in the background and displaying the evaluation of the actual position on the board. It is only then that the user has to decide whether to take back the move or to pursue his analysis.

The decisive difference from the new Assisted Analysis is that the evaluation of the move which has been played was only available after it had been played. The new function therefore makes a more efficient use of the analytical capacities of modern engines and shows the user an evaluation before the move has been played on the board. Thus it quickly becomes apparent whether there is a better move than the one which was originally intended.

This procedure is a less laborious way of discovering alternative continuations. An additional positive effect is that the user is continuously being encouraged to hone his or her calculation skills. Whenever you click on a piece and see that what was presumably a plausible target square is outlined in red, this leads to your searching for the refutation of that move and stimulates you in chess terms whereas the classical engine evaluation tends rather to lead to a passive approach to your chess.

Let us sum up the advantages of the Assisted Analysis function:

- You recognise immediately how a move is to be evaluated in terms of quality.
- Whist you are inputting the move, you can focus your whole attention on the chess board without continually looking at what is being displayed in the evaluation window of a running chess engine.
- The function stimulates the calculation of variations and in doing so promotes/trains the user's chess ability.

Tip: Assisted Analysis is not compatible with <u>one-click move entry</u>. If the function is active, it is frequently not the most likely move which is made. The reason for that consists in the fact that Assisted Analysis leads to the user clicking on several pieces one after the other to test how good they are. To avoid such conflicts a <u>new input</u> method has been implemented which is conceived exclusively for the rapid recording of games.



Board window -Start menu Input mode

194	ChessBase 15
-----	--------------

Alternatively you can set it simply for rapid move input by clicking on the target

square.

3.1.6 Trying Out Moves

When you are replaying games it is often interesting to see what reply would have been made if a different move had been made. The <u>board window</u> offers various functions to find this out quickly.

Let us take the following position as an example:



What would happen if White captured the black pawn with his knight on e2? Move the white knight from e2 to d4 without letting go of the mouse button. The following information is displayed on the board with arrows:



In the opinion of the program the most likely continuations would be Na6 or Nb6. This is shown with green arrows on the chess board. These are not necessarily the best continuations, because only a quick search is made, but the information is a useful help while entering or replaying games.

3.1.7 Enter moves with single clicks

The heuristic move assistant "Heumas" is responsible for suggesting plausible moves during game entry.



It is an embedded full-fledged chess program. Using Heumas allows you to enter most moves with a single click of the mouse.

Click on a piece (not recommended)

ChessBase will suggest a plausible move. If you accept this suggestion just release the mouse button. If not you can cycle through other alternatives using the right mouse key. Or you can drag the piece onto its destination square.

Click on a square (usually scores best)

Alternatively you can click on a square or an enemy piece and Heumas will highlight the piece which it thinks should move to that square. If the suggestion is correct simply let go, if not move the mouse to the piece you intended while holding down the mouse button. You can also use the right mouse button to cycle through other possibilities.

The quality of Heumas's move suggestions depends on the search depth and can be set in the $\underline{Options} - \underline{Engine}$ menu.

How to correct falsely entered moves.

3.1.8 Correcting moves

One wrong move

• Retract the move and enter the correct move. Click Overwrite in the variation window that appears.

• Retract, hold down the Shift key and enter the correct move.



Retract with the express retraction button and enter the correct move.

One wrong move in the middle of the game

Click on the move before the wrong move in the notation, enter the correct move and click Insert.

Wrong line in the middle of the game

Enter the correct moves as a <u>variation</u>. Click Insert – Variations – Exchange moves. The moves of the variation replace moves in the game. Naturally all the rest of the moves must be legal, otherwise they are cut off.

Missing moves in the game

Click on the position before the missing moves, enter the move pair or pairs (always an even number of moves) as a <u>variation</u>. Click *Insert* Variations Insert into game.

ChessBase will insert the moves and add as much of the rest of the notation to it as makes sense.

3.1.9 How can you insert a possible continuation into a saved game?

There are two ways to do this.

a) You can insert a variation from the last move and repeat the last move in the variation.

b) You can insert a null move (Ctrl-Alt-0) after the last move and then input the analysis as a variation.

3.1.10 Enter position

Menu File New Position Setup ("S").

You can also use Position in... if you know which database you are going to save it in.

• Pieces are selected from the piece bars on the right. Click one or more squares to deposit pieces there.

• The left mouse key gives you the selected colour, the right key the opposite colour.

Click a second time to remove the piece or drag it off the board.

• You can also drag a piece you have already deposited to another square on the board.

• If you start position entry in a board window then the board position will be offered (which you can modify). The Reset button sets up the starting position, Clear board removes all pieces.

▶ Mirror the position along the x- and y-axis with King <-> Queen, White <-> Black. When you have entered all the pieces you must specify which side it is to move, whether either side can still castle and if an en passant capture is possible in the next move (give the file a - h on which the capture can be made). If the notation shouldn't begin with move number 1 you can enter a different move number.

Copying and inserting ASCII and FEN

In text files you will often find positions described in something like the following form: wKh3, Qh1, Nf2, Pe5, f6, h6, bKd2, Qf4, Ne3, Bd3, Pd4.

Two other diagram formats often used in the chess software community are called FEN (for "Forsyth-Edwards Notation") and EPD (for "Extended Position Description"). Both are very similar and can also be pasted in the ChessBase looks like this:

8/8/5P1P/4P3/3p1q2/3bn2K/3k1N2/7Q w - - 0 1

Here's how transfer these positions into ChessBase:

Mark a position description in an editor or Internet browser and press Ctrl-C to copy it into the Windows clipboard. Switch to ChessBase, press "S" for position entry and click the button Paste ASCII or Paste FEN. The position will appear on the board. You can test it in this help file: copy one of the strings given above and paste it in ChessBase. You should get the position shown in the top picture.

To generate position descriptions click Copy ASCII or Copy FEN in the position input window. The description is copied into the Windows clipboard and can be inserted in any word processor by pressing Ctrl-V.

Note:

• ChessBase is pretty flexible in interpreting ASCII diagram descriptions. For instance it ignores text that surrounds the description, unless there is a word that can be interpreted as a piece and square. You can test this by copying all of the above text and pasting it as ASCII.

▶ White and black pieces can alternate. After it finds a "w" ChessBase will switch to white pieces, after "b" to black pieces. The above position will be correctly read even if the pieces are mixed (wKh3, bKd2, wQh1, bQf4, bBd3, wNf2, bNe3, wPe5, f6, h6, bPd4).

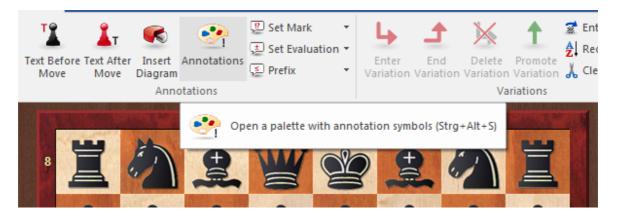
• The piece names must be in capitals, the colours in small letters (wK, not WK or wk).

▶ You can put one piece on a number of squares, e.g. wPa2, b2, d4, e5, f2, g2, h2. Actually wPa2b2d4e5f2g2h2 works fine as well.

▶ When you Paste ASCII or FEN the board is first emptied and then the pieces are inserted. This means that you do not have to click Clear board first, but it also means you cannot paste a few additional pieces to an existing position (you can add them with the mouse).

3.1.11 Annotating games

There are many different forms of annotation:



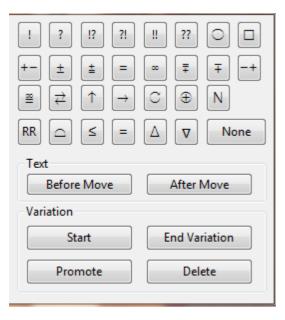
- Variations alternative continuations that can be replayed on the board.
- <u>Text commentary</u> embedded in the game (e.g. "This is the critical position.").

• <u>Symbol commentary</u> – in the form of special chess symbols inserted before or after a move.

- <u>Graphic commentary</u> in the form of coloured arrows and squares on the chessboard.
- <u>Training commentary</u> with training questions, answers, points, times, help, etc.
- <u>Correspondence chess commentary</u> to automate the management of correspondence chess games.
- <u>Critical position</u> critical openings, middlegame and endgame positions.

• <u>Pawn structure and piece path</u> – to highlight the pawn structure or graphically display a piece path.

• <u>Medals</u> – a special award for best game, tournament decider, model game, novelty, repertoire, strategy, tactics, etc.



The <u>annotation palette</u> is a helpful tool for quick entering of symbol commentary and variations.

	16.Ld2 1c8 17.1ad1 L	Enter Variation	т
		Promote Variation	Strg+Alt+Nach-Oben
Delete Variation	Strg+Y	Delete	
Delete Remaining Moves	1	Text Before Move	Umschalt+Strg+A
Delete Previous Moves	1	Text After Move	Strg+A
Delete All Commentary	Umschalt+Strg+Y	l, ?,	
Delete Multimedia Commentary		+-, =,	=
Delete Correspondence Commentary		Set Prefix	\$
Delete Colour Commentary	Strg+Alt+Y	Special Annotation	#
Delete Fritz Commentary	Umschalt+Alt+Y	Insert Diagram	
		Fold	
		Show Material	

3.1.12 Annotation palette

Board window: Insert (Ctrl-Alt-S)

There is a special annotation palette that helps you insert <u>chess commentary symbols</u> with a single click.

$\begin{array}{c c} ! & ? & !? & ?! \\ +- & \pm & = \\ \underline{\cong} & \not{} & \uparrow & \rightarrow \\ RR & \underline{\frown} & \leq & = \end{array}$!! ?? □ ∞ ∓ ∓ ○ ⊕ N △ ∇ None
Text Before Move	After Move
Variation	
Start	End Variation
Promote	Delete

• The first line contains move evaluations (good move, blunder, etc.) that appear after a move.

• The next two lines are mainly position evaluations (White is better, unclear). They also appear after a move.

• The symbols in the fourth line (better is, with the idea, etc.) are automatically inserted before the move.

"None" removes any symbols attached to the current move.

When you move the mouse cursor onto a symbol its meaning is displayed.

> Text before move / after move

Use this to enter <u>text commentary</u> in front of or behind the current move.

> Start variation

Takes back the current move and allows you to add an alternate line (equivalent to pressing "T").

Promote variation

The current variation is promoted to the next-higher level, and the variation there becomes the subvariation. Ctrl-Z will undo this action.

Delete variations

Removes the current variation and all subvariations from the game. Ctrl-Z will undo.

End variation

Ends the variation and jumps to the main line, so you can continue entering the moves of the main line.

See also the Information about Notation Toolbar

3.1.13 Text commentary

Board window: Insert Text before/after move



Annotate with text before move (Umschalt+Strg+A)

You can also right-click a move, press Ctrl-A / Shift-Ctrl-A, or use the <u>annotation</u> <u>palette</u>.

All	English	
English Deutsch Francais Espanol Italiano Nederlands Portuguese Polska	Interesting move in this game !!!!	
ОК	Help	Cancel

Most of the Windows edit commands are available during text annotation. For instance you can use the cursor keys, Ctrl-X to cut, Ctrl-C to copy, Ctrl-V to paste. It is also possible to copy a text from a different source, e.g. a word processor, and paste it into the game. Enter inserts a new paragraph. You leave the editor by clicking Ok or pressing Alt-0.

Notation +	Openings E	Book				▼ ×
Notation	Reference	Table	Training	Score sheet	Openings Book	
				😭 💻 A	nderssen,Adolf - Dufresne,Jean 1-0	
					52 Berlin 'Evergreen' 1852 [Kasparov]	
Heute w Geschick des Scha Lxb4 5	verden wi hte einge achspiels' . c3 La5	r eine l ganger ganze 6.d4	Partie bet n ist. Dufi Generat exd4 7.0	trachten, d resne war tionen von)-0 d3 8. I	d its contemporaries and became known as the "evergreen". ie ihre Zeitgenossen bezaubert hat und als "Immergrüne" in die ein deutscher Jurastudent und Journalist, dessen "Kleines Lehrbuc Schachspielern begleitet hat. 1.e4 e5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lc4 Lc5 4.I Db3 Df6 9.e5 Dg6 10.Te1 Sge7 11.La3 b5 12.Dxb5 Tb8 16.Lxd3 Dh5	
1 🕺	11	1. 11	!! !	!? ?! ?	?? +- ± ≛ = ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+ ⇄ ⊘	

Language

When adding text commentary you should specify the language you are writing in. This determine whether the commentary is displayed in the notation or not (see Language). The language is set the top of the annotation window: "ALL" is for neutral commentary which will always appear, "Eng" is English, "Deu" German, "Fra" French, "Esp" Spanish", "Ita" Italian, "Ned" Dutch. There are a few more languages to the right (click the arrow button to view them). Hit the Tab key to toggle languages.

See also Language selection by mouse click

Chess commentary symbols

You can use figurines and chess commentary symbols to annotate games. This can be done from the <u>keyboard</u> or in the <u>annotation palette</u>.

Diagrams

Right-click a move and use "Insert Diagram". When you print out the game or generate a text or HTML file a diagram will be inserted in this position. You can mark as many positions as you like for diagrams in a game notation.

3.1.14 Fonts Commentary Box

When annotating games in Chessbase and you open up the commentary box (Enter text after move), how can you increase/decrease the font size within this box?

All	English	
English		
Deutsch	Font Size	
Francais		
Espanol		
Italiano		
Nederlands		
Portuguese		
Polska		
	,	
<u>0</u> K	Help	Cancel
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

There is no way to change the font size in the annotation dialogue.

3.1.15 Language selection by mouse click

ChessBase offers the possibility of assigning <u>text commentaries</u> to a paricular language, so commentaries can be made in parallel in <u>different languages</u>.

The program offers a comfortable way of switching between languages.

Next to the notation the languages used for the text commentary are displayed by miniature flags.

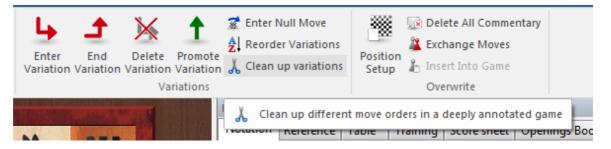
You can change to another language by clicking on one of the flags.



t century Anderssen was confident enough to

3.1.16 Variations

Board window: Insert Variations.



A variation is an <u>alternative</u> to the next text move. Basically you take back a move and enter another one instead. In the game notation the variation is given in brackets and indented.

A variation can be started by simply entering an alternative move, which automatically produces a <u>variation window</u>. You can also use the <u>annotation palette</u> or the actions available in the Insert – Variations menu:

Enter variation

Takes back the current move and allows you to add an alternate line (equivalent to pressing "T").

End variation

Ends the variation and jumps to the main line, so you can continue entering the moves of the main line.

Delete variations

Removes the current variation and all subvariations from the game. Ctrl-Z will undo.

Promote variation

The current variation is promoted to the next-higher level, and the variation there becomes the subvariation. Ctrl-Z will undo this action.

• Exchange moves

The moves of the variation replace moves in the game. Naturally all the rest of the moves must be legal, otherwise they are cut off.

• Insert into game

Allows you to insert a number of moves into the game notation (see $\underline{correcting moves}$).

Reorder variations

The variations will be reorganized on the basis of chess criteria. The most important continuations become the main variations, i.e. all lines that have a large number of subvariations will be promoted at all levels to main variations.

Cleanup variations

This function merges variations from different parts of the game which go from the same position.

Entering moves has been made much easier. The variation dialog pops up less often. If an alternative move is entered in the notation a variation is usually created without a variation dialog being displayed.

The variation dialog is displayed if an alternative move to the last move is entered, because this is a case in which errors frequently have to be corrected.

Old moves	
7g6 7d3	New variation
7d3	New Main Line
	Overwrite
	Insert
	Cancel

3.1.17 Stopping the variation box from appearing

Entering moves just became easier. The <u>variation dialogue</u> is rarely displayed and when entering an alternative move in the notation a new variation is almost always created directly - without displaying a variation box.

Only on the last move does the variation box appear since experience has shown that this is where errors are corrected.

206	ChessBase 15		
	Old moves		
	8dxc4? 9.0-0 Le7	New variation	
	8d4	New <u>M</u> ain Line	
		Overwrite	
		Insert	

Start - Undo allows you to undo changes. Pressing and holding the CTRL key stops the variation box from appearing.

In the <u>new input mode</u> for games the dialog is always displayed.

3.1.18 Editorial annotation

Board window: (Shift-Ctrl-R)

This causes ChessBase to consult the <u>Online Database</u> and insert game references to the closest matches. This is done in the style of the Chess Informant's "RR" commentary.

3.1.19 Critical positions

Menu: Insert - Annotations Special annotation

You can also right-click the notation and use *Special annotation*.

n Set Medal... Critical Opening Position Critical Middlegame Position **Critical Endgame Position** Pawn structure Piece Path Game Quotation Enter Weblink Training Annotation... Strg+Alt+M Strg+Alt+W Correspondence Header... Strg+W Correspondence Move... Variation Colour...

Label positions according to the following scheme:

Critical position – opening

Marks the current move in blue.

Critical position – middlegame

Marks the current move in red.

Critical position – endgame

Marks the current move in green.

You can use the <u>search mask</u> to find games which contain critical positions.

3.1.20 Removing critical positions from notation

The coloured marking shows that this is a critical middlegame position. This was set manually by the person who worked on the game notation. It can be removed manually.

A right click on the move highlighted in colour starts a context menu.

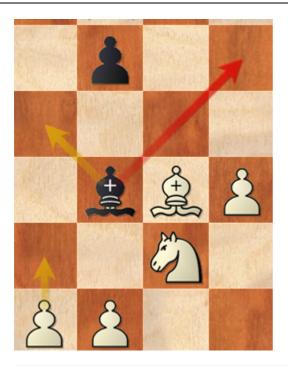
From that menu you now choose Delete - "Delete critical position"

08	ChessBase 15		
	Add to White Repertoire Add to Black Repertoire	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+A Umschalt+Strg+Alt+D	-a- -a-
3	Enter Variation Promote Variation	T Alt+Nach-Oben	
	Delete	+	Delete Variation Strg+
+	Text Before Move	Umschalt+Strg+A	Delete Remaining Moves Delete Previous Moves
	Text After Move	Strg+A	
	l, ?,	11	Delete All Commentary Umschalt+Strg+
1	+-, =,	= >	Delete Multimedia Commentary
	Set Prefix	S.►	Delete Correspondence Commentary
	Special Annotation	# ▶	Delete Training Commentary
	Move Time	Strg+J	Delete Colour Commentary Strg+Alt+
	Insert Diagram		Delete Fritz Commentary Umschalt+Alt+
	Fold	•	Delete Text Commentary
	✓ Show Material		Delete Critical Position
	✓ Show Tooltips		Delete Path/Structure
	Choose Font		Delete Quotation
-	Close		Delete Weblink

This does away with the coloured highlighting of the move which will then appear in the desired colour, namely black.

3.1.21 Graphic commentary

ChessBase uses coloured arrows and squares to illustrate tactical points and make strategic themes and plans more clear. The graphic elements are entered using a combination of mouse and keyboard:



Mark square green, draw green arrow	Press Alt key and click square or draw line from a to b.
Mark square red, draw red arrow	Press Alt + Shift and click square or draw line from a to b.
Mark square yellow, draw yellow arrow	Press Alt + Ctrl and click square or draw line from a to b.

If you draw a line with the same colour again you erase it. The graphic commentary is <u>stored together with the game and appears</u> <u>automatically during replay</u>.

See also

3.1.22 Coloured circle in the notations?

In the notation you now often find a coloured symbol. What does it mean?



This symbol points out that within the notation there is some <u>graphic commentary</u>. After a click on the symbol the relevant graphic commentary is immediately displayed on the chess board.

3.1.23 Medals

Medals are coloured marks that are given to games which have some extraordinary aspect – best game, tournament decider, model game, novelty, repertoire, strategy, tactics, etc. They appear as stripes in the games list and define the character of the game.

Medals	Annotator	-
	Avrukh,B	
	Roiz,M	
	Har Zvi	
	Avrukh,B	

Games from ChessBase Magazine with medals.

The following medals are available in ChessBase:

✓ Best game	Sacrifice
Decided tournament	Defense
Model game (opening plan)	Material
📝 Novelty	Piece play
Pawn structure	🔲 Endgame
V Strategy	Tactical blunder
Tactics	Strategical blunder
With attack	🔲 User

How to set medals

- Right-click a move and use Special annotation Set Medal
- Keyboard: Type quotation mark (")"

You can search for games with medals in the search mask.

You can set the user medal directly in the games list by typing a plus ("+") on selected games.

3.1.24 Removing medals

Many games, e.g. those from *ChessBase Magazine*, have <u>Medals</u> attached to them. Whenever a game stands out in some particular way, it gets a medal. Medals appear in the form of coloured stripes in all game lists so that the relevant games attract one's attention straight away.

Frequently one or several medals can be found at the start of the game notation immediately before the first move.

<u>B</u> est game	Sacrifice
De <u>c</u> ided tournament	<u>D</u> efense
Model game (opening plan)	M <u>a</u> terial
✓ <u>N</u> ovelty	Piece play
Pawn structure	Endgame
St <u>r</u> ategy	Tactical blunder
✓ <u>T</u> actics	 Strategical blunder
<u>W</u> ith attack	✓ User

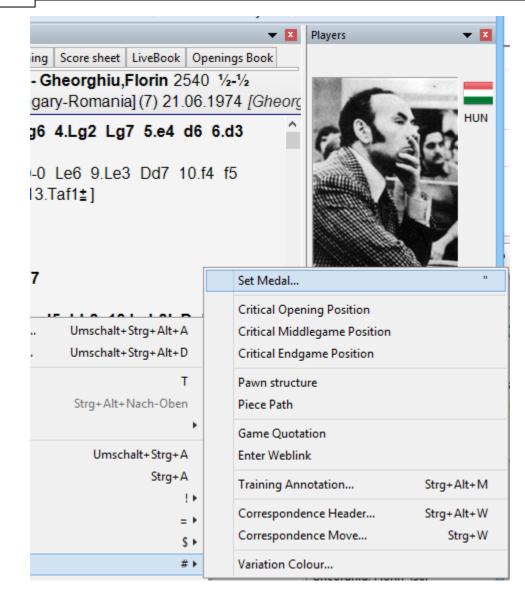
You can now use the mouse to uncheck the boxes which have been ticked in order to remove those medals from the notation.

3.1.25 Bookmark games in ChessBase

There is no separate bookmarking feature, but there is a way to do this.

At the point in the game where you want to insert your "**bookmark**", right-click on the move, select "Special annotation" from the popup menu, and select "Set medal" from the submenu.





Choose a medal type (I typically select "User") and click "OK".

Decided tournament Model game (opening plan)	Defense
Model game (opening plan)	
	Material
Novelty	Piece play
Pawn structure	Endgame
Strategy	Tactical blunder
Tactics	Strategical blunder
With attack	✓ User

Then be sure to use "Replace game" (File/Replace) to save your bookmark.

To find your game later, either look for the medal in the game list (if it's a small database) or use the "Medals" tab in the search mask to look for all games containing the type of medal you use for your bookmarks. When you double-click on the game to load it (after a search), the game will be loaded with that exact position already on the chessboard.

To "unbookmark" a game, just right-click on the move, select "*Special annotation/Set medal*", click on the proper medal box to remove it, and click "OK".

3.1.26 Color bars

In the game list you find sometimes color bars that appear in the information for a game.

19.08.1851	c	
1851	VCS	
1851		
1851		
1051		

What do they mean?

To get more information take a look at the definitions.

1. Open the game for which you want to see what the colors mean.

2.Right Click on any move. Special Annotation -> Select Medal

3. Check or uncheck any box to see what color is associated with it.

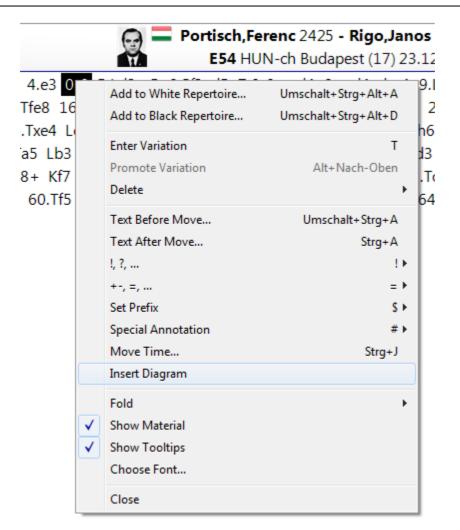
3.1.27 Insert a diagram before the first move

Rightclick for example on the 1st move of the game. The hotkey **Ctrl+Shift+A** open the "*Enter Game Text*" window before a move.

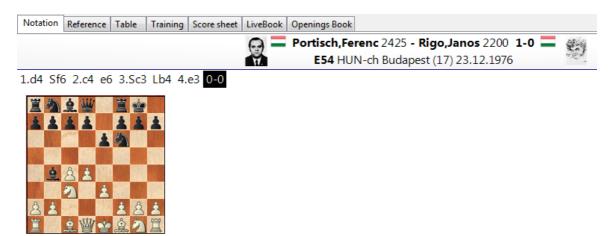
Type the text "Diagram" and click OK.

Insert a diagram that appear when the game is printed out

Click on the move that you want the diagram to appear after. *Rightclick -> Insert Diagram*



In the game notation you should see the Diagram.



5.Ld3 c5 6.Sf3 d5 7.0-0 cxd4 8.exd4 dxc4 9.Lxc4 b6 10.Lg5 Lb7 11.Se5 Lxc3 12.bxc3 Dc7 13.Te1 Sbd7 e5 17.Dh5 e4 18.Tae1 Dxc3 19.Lb5 Dxd4 20.Td1 Sf6 21.Txd4 Sxh5 22.Lxe8 Txe8 23.Td7 Lc8 24.Td8 Txc q6 28 Txh5 Lxa2 29 q4 Sq7 30.Lf6 h6 31 Th8+ Kh7 32 Ta8 Le6 33 Txa7 q5 34 f3 Kq6 35.Ld4 Ld5 36 Kf

Remove a diagram from being printed out

216 ChessBase 15

Click on the move before the word Diagram in the game score and then rightclick -> Insert Diagram. In the game notation you can see that the word Diagram has disappeared.

3.1.28 Pawn structure and piece path

Board window: Insert Annotations Special annotation Pawn structure/Piece path

Pawn structure
Piece Path
Delete Path/Structure

Displays the pawn structure or the path of a piece during the game.



You can display the piece path by simply pressing "&".



Both diagrams disappear when you click anywhere or press a key (e.g. cursor right for the next move).

3.1.29 Saving games

When you enter a game it is initially only stored in memory. Use **Save** or **Save Game as** to store it permanently in a database. A save window appears in which you can type in all the relevant data about the game.

Please read carefully Changed coventions

n	File	2			
e a	2	New	Þ	Н	Save
e		<u>O</u> pen	Þ	200	Save Position
F	Н	Save	۲	txt	Textfile
()]	Ľ	Save Game As			Save Book
1	\bigcirc	Save To Cloud			

The game (or <u>database text</u>) are stored at the end of the database.

You can also store a Game in the <u>Cloud</u> directly.

File Home	Insert	Board	Report	Analysis	Training	V
New	► Re	cent Games	;			
_	1	Kasparov, G-	Beliavsky,A, (Candidates qf.	2 1983	
<u>O</u> pen	۱ <u>2</u>	Kasparov, G-	Bradbury,N, I	London sim 19	983	
Save	<u>■</u> 1	Kasparov, G-	Bradbury,N, I	London sim 19	983	
		Kortschnoj, \	/-Kasparov,G	, Luzern ol (M	en) 1982	
Save Game A	s <u>5</u> I	Kortschnoj, \	/-Kasparov,G	, Luzern ol (M	en) 1982	
Save To Cloud	<u>6</u>)	Ye,J-Tong,Y,	Lee Cup 4th	Beijing 1997		
Print	۲.	Atalik, S-Alte	rman,B, Lee (Cup 4th Beijin	g 1997	
Diagram List	► <u>8</u>	Anderssen, A	-Dufresne,J,	Berlin 'Evergr	een' 1852	
allie	<u>9</u> 9	Stellung für	Suchtiefe-, 3	/92-04 aus PL	(1992	
Send Send	• 10	Kasparov, G	-Short,N, PC/	A-World Cham	pionship 1993	3
Publish to W	eb					
Goto Fritz						
			🐧 Option	s 📵 Custor	mize 🛛 🕺 Clos	se

If you opened the <u>board window</u> (Ctrl-N) from a <u>database window</u>, the game is already linked to a database and can be saved there without further query. You can save it in a different database by using Save as, which produces a file selector in which you can browse for the database you want. The file selector also appears if you use Save with a game not opened in a database.

The "Board Points" option can be selected for tournament data.

Team Tournament
Board Points

This means that tournament tables are displayed according to board points rather than team points, as is the case at events such as Olympiads.

3.1.30 Changed conventions for the saving and replacing of games!

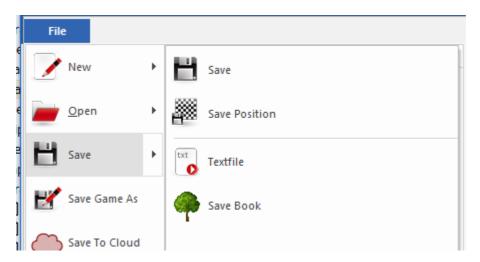
In all previous versions of the program (up to and including version 13) a difference was made between *Save* and *Replace*. This procedure has been changed with ChessBase 14.!!!!

Reference	219
-----------	-----

 \overline{W} hen you saved in previous programs, the modified version of the game was added <u>to</u> <u>the end of the database list</u>. *Replacing* changed the game notation without duplicating the game. This way of working does not fit in with the Windows standard and with the procedures which users know from other Windows programs.

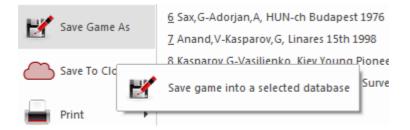
For that reason a radical step has now been taken starting from version 14 and the routine for the saving of games has been changed.

If you edit and modify a game, then **Menu File Save** (key combination CTRL-S), <u>replaces</u> the game notation/list entry.



Therefore the shortcut CTRL-R which you previously used to replace a game no longer exists and thus does not work.

In order to save a game <u>at the end of the games</u> list as a new game, the following procedure is required: **Menu File Save Game as**.



If you select this option, the program will offer you a choice of databases in a clear dialog. With it you can determine the database into which the game is to be saved.

TT

220	ChessBase 15	
	Select Database	
	kasparov	
	MyInternetGames Mega Database 2016 Opening Encyclopedia 2016 CloudClip bs2830 CloudClip Be	
	OK Cancel ior	

Should the desired database not be in the list, then a click on the button with the three dots starts the Windows file selection dialog.

Here you can select any database on your system into which to save the game.

Along with the changes made to the saving routine, moreover, the database format has been optimised for quicker saving. This is important especially for those databases which keep growing in size and which contain several million games. Saving/replacing within an enormous database such as our Mega now takes up much less time.

Note:

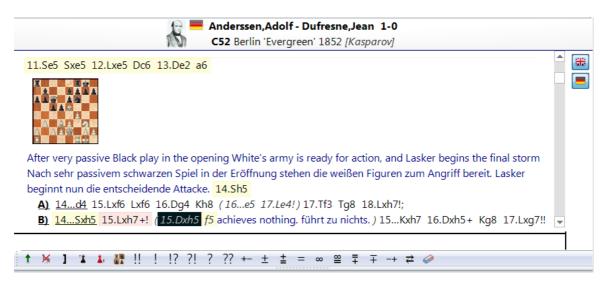
And to help you better understand the new save function here is another practical example. For instance, a user loads a saved position and modifies it by entering moves. Then he would like to replace the existing game/position. This will not work because after the modification the link to the position he has loaded no longer exists. Thus a new game has been generated which in no way has a corresponding link to the database

So in this example the user cannot replace the game! If the user loads the new game/ position and only alters the game data, the original game can be replaced.

To sum up: from CB 14 on Save game means to <u>replace the game</u> and "Save as new game" saves a new game, according to the Windows standard.

3.1.31 Merging games

Select a number of games either by holding down the Ctrl key while clicking on individual games, or by holding down the Shift key and moving the band down the list with the cursor keys. Hit Enter to merge them all into a single variation tree. The first game becomes the main line, the others are given as <u>variations</u>.



You can merge games even more precisely: highlight a game or games in the list and then use <u>Drag & Drop</u> to insert them into the notation of the current game.

Merging a single variation

You can use <u>Drag & Drop</u> to copy individual variations from one game into another. If you have two board windows open you can grab a variation (by its first move) in one notation and drag it into the second. It will be inserted there as a new line. You do not need to worry where you drop it, ChessBase will automatically find the correct place to insert it.

Merging identical games

If a number of people have annotated the same game you may want to merge these analyses into one single annotated game. When you do so there are certain conventions you should stick to:

• Define one game as the parent game. It's commentator is regarded as the main commentator and his name will appear in the games list.

▶ When you merge the analysis of another commentator (by simply dragging the entire game into the first one) you should manually type in the name of its author the first time there is a deviation from the parent game's analysis. The name is entered as <u>text commentary</u> in the game. All other commentators should be listed in the same way, as text the first time their commentary appears.

Reordering the merged variations

You can create very large openings repertoires by merging games and variations. Normally the variations will be inserted in the order in which they were encountered. There is a function with which you can considerably improve the structure of the variations. **Click Insert – Variations – Reorder variations.** The variations will be reorganized on the basis of chess criteria. The most important continuations become the main variations, i.e. all lines that have a large number of subvariations will be promoted at all levels to main variations.

3.1.32 Tipp Merging Games

A user would like to insert comments and variations and then merge multiple games to get an overall variation tree, but unfortunately, the initial moves have been played in many different orders to allow for uniformity.

How can you avoid unwanted variations being shown in the tree when merging games?

You have to return to the initial starting position (i.e. the very start of the game) and input the desired move order as a variation. You can then go to the start of the variation, and select "Replace moves" from the "Insert" -> "Variations" menu.

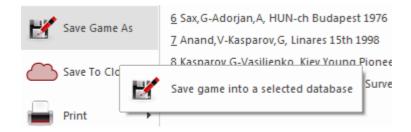
See also the chapter about Coloured Notation

3.1.33 Replace game

In all previous versions of the program (up to and including version 13) a difference was made

between "Save" and "Replace".

This procedure has been changed with ChessBase 14.



When you saved in previous programs, the modified version of the game was added to the end of the database list. Replacing changed the game notation without duplicating the game. This way of working does not fit in with the Windows standard and with the procedures which users know from other Windows programs.

For that reason a radical step has now been taken starting from version 14 and the routine for

the saving of games has been changed.

Note: Please read carefully the topic "<u>Changed conventions for the saving and replacing of</u> games!"

3.1.34 Input and saving of illegal positions

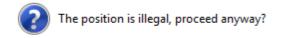
<u>ChessBase supports the input and saving of illegal positions</u>.

This can be useful for demonstrational purposes or for explaining certain concepts.

The following example shows a position in which neither side has kings.



If you wish to save or enter an illegal position, a dialog box appears notifying you that the position is illegal according to the FIDE rules of chess.



224	ChessBase 15
-----	--------------

You can, however, setup an illegal position and record moves in that position.

Moves can be entered and saved in a database just as for a legal position.

3.1.35 Training

3.1.35.1 Threat Animation

Board window: Training- Threat as Arrow.



Important: Please enable the Thread section in the options!

Threat	
Threats	
Generate threats	

This shows the strongest threat in the position if it exists:



Also interesting is Create Threat as arrow, which suggest a move that creates the strongest threat:



This might not be the best move in the position, but it is meant as a kind of tactical brain storming which highlights tactical possibilities.

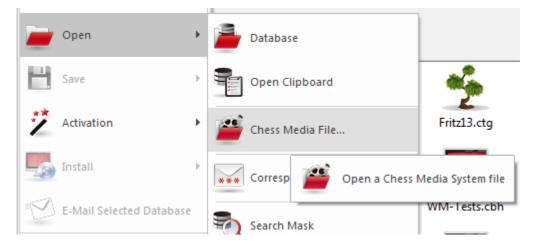
3.1.35.2 Chess Media System

ChessBase can replay video streams with embedded chess information (moves and annotations). This is called the *Chess Media System* and provides an excellent way for chess training on your computer.

Normally you open Chess Media lessons by clicking on the media symbol in a <u>database</u> <u>text</u>.

Click Show Contents of DVD.

You can also open the media files directly, they have the file name ending ".wmv": Using the database window, they will appear as icons if you view the contents of a folder. In the board window. Or call menu *Menu File - Open - Chess Media File* either in the database window or in the board window.



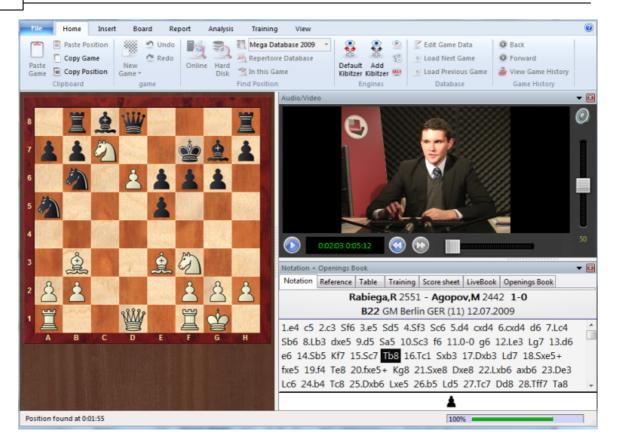
Or open the Chess Media pane in the board window and click the Open button.

The Chess Media System requires Window Media Player. You can download this from <u>www.microsoft.com</u>.

At the left you see the current playing time, and underneath it the complete length of the video lecture.



ChessBase 15



There is a button on the left to start or stop the video.



The two arrows beneath the playing time allow you to jump to a new game (chapter) if more than one game is contained in the video.

You can use the slider below the buttons to jump to any position in the video. The graphical chess board is automatically synchronised with the lecture.

3.1.35.3 Create training lessons

Board window: Insert Annotations Special annotation Training annotation

or easier

Training Annotation	 ✓ Create Threat as Arrow ✓ Threat as Arrow Hints 	Play Out Openings Against Fritz App ChessBase Account
Insert an training quest		

En	De	Fr	Es	It	Ne	Pt		 	
Which a	nswer sl	hould fo	llow?						4
	ult Wron Help1 Help2	g	300	0	ove Move I Multipl Bxc3 Bxc3			New Replace Delete Geedback	
ОК		Ren	nove	D	<-> E		<u>H</u> elp	Ca	ncel

You can also right-click a move or press Ctrl-Alt-M.

• In the training definition window you can type in the question and define possible answers. Click one of them and define it as the correct solution.

• In the move list the main continuation (solution) is given at the top. All variations present at that point in the game are also displayed. But you can also type in other moves (and click New) or remove some (and click Delete).

• If you click the microphone button you get the media recorder and can speak in your question. The sound track is played back when the student reaches the critical position.

• Enter a score, which defines the number of points the student gets for a correct solution. Also give scores for the other moves. In some cases you will want to give a negative score for a wrong solution.

Specify the time (in seconds) in which the solution must be found.

• Click on the buttons Help1 or Help2 and input additional instructions or tips. More about this topic in <u>Feedback for training positions</u>

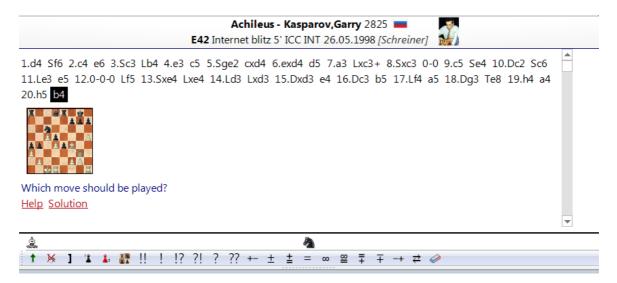
• Default wrong allows you to define (or record) the text and possibly add graphic commentary that should appear if the student chooses the wrong move. There is a standard answer which you can set by clicking Default wrong.

▶ In the help and feedback dialogs you can add coloured squares and arrows on the chessboard to demonstrate themes. You can even remove pieces by dragging them off the board – click the original square to get them back.

• In all of the above remember to set the <u>language</u> tab correctly ("En" for English). The "D < ->E'' button copies commentary from German to English.

3.1.35.4 Solve training lessons

Entering <u>training annotations</u> in a game generates teaching material for chess training. When the game is replayed the rest of the notation is hidden from the student who is required to find the correct move in the position.



The student gets a certain amount of time, and every wrong attempt loses points (a very quick solution earns bonus points). The total number of points is stored in the database and can be monitored in the <u>database properties</u>.

The training database is a special kind of database which directly starts the question

when you double click it. Every training question is beeing displayed in the game annotation with a symbol which looks like this: ***.

When the question is answered correctly, the colour of this symbol changes to green, otherwise to red. When one of the buttons of the dialog has the text Help, you can click it when you have no idea on how to solve the position. However, this will cost points!. When the question is answered, or you have clicked on the button "*Solution*", you can click on the button "continue" to proceed. The program will automatically jump to the next training question until all questions are done. Sometimes, you need to jump to the next game in the database for the next training question. Press F10 to do so.

3.1.35.5 Training notation

Clicking the **Training** tab in the notation window brings up a special kind of notation which is useful for training purposes.

Notation + Openings Book 🗸 🗸 🗸							
Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Openings Book							
Achileus - Kasparov,Garry 2825 🚃 🛛 🛣							
E42 Internet blitz 5' 26.05.1998 [Schreiner]							
Which move should be played?							
21.Th4							

In this mode only the last move is displayed, so you can try to guess the continuation.

3.1.35.6 Training database

Database window: Edit Properties button "Training"

A database that only contains training material can be defined as a *training database*. In the properties select *Training* in the list of database types.

Lessons done	0	
Points reached	0/0=0%	
🔲 Random Training		Reset
ОК	Help	Cancel

Clicking on the button Training displays the number of training lessons done and the

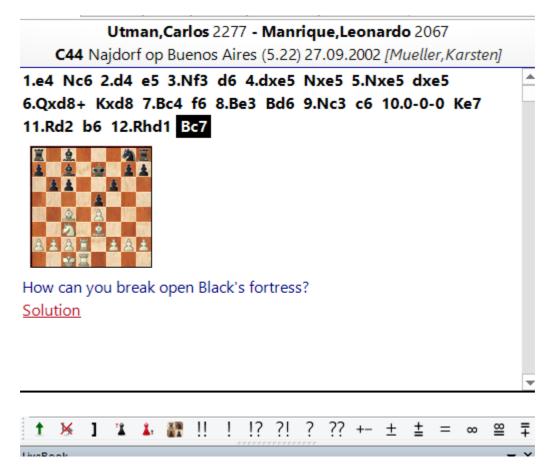
points that were earned.

If you switch on the Random training box then you get a random lesson every time you double-click the database icon. ChessBase will actually remember which positions have already been presented and repeat them only after all the games have been loaded at least once. In this way you can spend several weeks working with a collection of tactical or training positions and then repeat the lessons with the positions in a different order (which amounts to a good memory test). Reset deletes all records and starts the database again.

3.1.35.7 Training questions with diagrams

With the help of diagrams pre-prepared training questions can be presented in a more elegant and less complicated form.

One example of this:



A training question now always contains a diagram and links one can click on for any integrated help or for the solution to the task.

11.Rd2 b6 12.Rhd1 Bc7



How can you break open Black's fortress?



3.2 Finding Games

3.2.1 Filtering a games list

Every games list (also every players, tournaments, etc list) can be filtered with the <u>search mask</u>.



Click the button Filter List or hit **Ctrl-F**.

The program offers the option of permanently <u>saving pre-defined searches</u> and loading them again when required. Above all that saves a lot of time with frequently used searches and speeds up your work with the program.

3.2.2 Direct Search in a Database List

It is possible to start a search for players in the database list.

ım	C Filter List Filter			ielect All Goto Line	Tour	Next Tournament naments		ate/dea ritztraii Activat	n
		Set a	condition	o miter th		Date	1	VCS	
	1-0	4	7 D00	FRA-c	h Narbon	ne 21.08.1	997 \	VCS	
	0-1	4	2 B18	FRA-cl	h Narbon	ne 21.08.1	997		1
	1/2-1/2	3	7 B08	FRA-cl	h Narbon	ne 21.08.1	997		
	1-0	44	4 B66	FRA-cl	h Narbon	ne 21.08.1	997 \	/Cs	Г
0	S Inline	Hard Disk	Prepare Against	Find Player E	List Player	-	Edit Account	Logg Pitter t	
S	earch	games		Players			Ches	sBase A	Accoun
		Ð	Find gam	es in the r	eference d	atabase (Ums	chalt+S	itrg+F)	e T
I		kasparo	v	Pcschach. (CBH)	cbf Co	llect Openin	gs	Eröffnu samn	-

While in a database window use the ribbon *Home Filter List* to start the dialog for filtering games in the current database.

3.2.3 Saving searches

The program offers the option of permanently saving pre-defined searches and loading them again when required.

Above all that saves a lot of time with frequently used <u>searches</u> and speeds up your work with the program.

Either start the <u>games list</u> of the database which is to be searched or right click on a $database \ symbol - > Search$. Define your search criteria.

MEER DATABAS	Lection Employeedin 2017-6	
	Open	Eingabe
lega Dat	Search	Strg+F
	Opening reference E-Mail Selected Database	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
	Edit	Þ
internet	Remove	Entf
	Delete All Files	Umschalt+Entf
-	Tools	۱.
LCT2.CI	Properties	Alt+Eingabe

Click in the search dialog on the Save button.

○ White ○ Black	Text	🕅 Good gar	nes
	🔲 Not	Reset	
Annotations Position	🔲 Material	Manoeuvres	🔲 Medals
	L	oad	Save

The file dialog is now brought up via which you can save the settings for your search. The file extension for search files is *.*dbsearch*, the standard pathway to the saving of search criteria can be found in the sub-directory "*SearchMask*" in the user directory.

Take care than when choosing a name for your search that it is a meaningful one so that when you have a lot of them it is easy to pick out the one you are looking for.

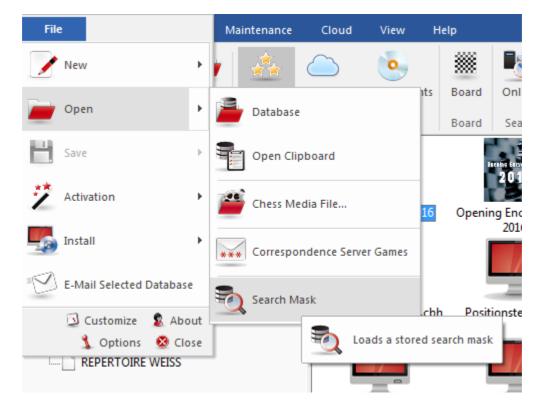
:	carlsenagainstweakerplayers dbsearch
:	Search mask (*.dbsearch)

With the button marked **Load** in the search mask you can reload the pre-defined search and then use it in the selected database! This works for all possible criteria in the search mask.

The option of saving should above all interest those chess lovers who use the program to frequently search for specific material or positional constellations.

The possibility to save these search criteria permanently and to reload them saves valuable time.

The *file menu* also offers under *Open* the option of directly loading pre-defined search masks.



3.2.4 Tips on searching for a player

Question: In the <u>reference database</u> how can I conduct the search for a player if I do not know exactly how his or her name is spelled? For example, I would like to search for the player "Tomasz Szczepanowski" or "Thomasz Szczepanowski" and have a look at his games. What is the best way to solve this problem?

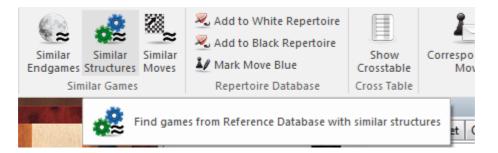
Answer: When the spelling of a player's name is in doubt help can be found in the player index which is created in every database. The following screenshot shows the display of the player index which provides the solution to the specific problem described.

Szczepankow.	K	2		w		2	Со
Szczepanowski	Tomasz	26	1892	m	-		9
Szczepanska	Anna	9		w			9
Szczepanska	Justyna	8		w			7
Szczepanski	Andreas	18		m	-		1
C======!.: ↓	A	11			•	Ŧ	
Search: Szczepano	0						•

It is obvious why this method should be preferred. You can rapidly find the player you are looking for among similar names and then go on to play through his or her games!

3.2.5 Interactive search for structures

In the Board window under *Report* Similar structures you can filter out from your reference database games in which similar structures, e.g. in the pawn formation, can be found.



In ChessBase 14 the relevant entry from the <u>search mask</u> is now started automatically with the entry <code>Position</code> .

Game data	Annotations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoeuvres
					 'Look for' board 'Or' board 'Exclude' board 'Exclude' board 'Exclude' board 'Exclude' board Mirror Horizontal Vertical First Iength Iength Iength Iength Int Int
					Copy board Reset

Unlike in earlier versions you can see in the search mask specifically the positional motifs for which the program is filtering the reference database. In addition, the dialog allows you the possibility of modifying the <u>search criteria for your position</u>.

3.2.6 Search for games between players whose Elo ratings differ greatly

In the search mask the program offers the possibility of targeting your search on games played between a particularly strong player and an opponent with a drastically inferior rating.

Such searches can be carried out with the aid of the button *Difference* in the search mask.

None	One	🔘 Both	Avg
Differe	nce	600	
Result			
1-0	0-1	1/2-1/2	0-0

Let us assume you are interested in those games of Garry Kasparov which he played during his active career against players whose Elo rating was clearly much lower than his.

Let us take an example:

Game data	Annotations	Position	Medals	Material	Manoeuvres	
<u>W</u> hite:	K	asparov			G	Wins only
<u>B</u> lack:						
		Ignore col	ours			
Tourname	ant:				Elo	
	21 IL .				2500 🚔	- 3500
<u>Annotator</u>	:					
					None	One 🔘 Both 🔘 Avg
🔲 <u>Y</u> ear:	2	016 🌲	- 2016	·	☑ <u>D</u> ifference	600
ECO:	A	00	- E99/	99		
Move	es: 0		- 22	·	Result	
110000		•	22	-	<u>1</u> -0	<u>0</u> -1 <u>½-</u> ½ 0-0
					I Marta	Charles Charle

In it we are looking for all the games of Kasparov which he played against opponents whose Elo rating was around 600 points lower than his. The search window in Mega immediately comes up with the relevant games from the database.

Restore Game Search Result White Elo W Black Elo B Result Vear Notation VCS Kasparov, G 270 Cagliero, H 1980 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov, G 2700 Cagliero, H 1980 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.c3 Sf6 4.Ld3 Lg4. Kasparov, G 2700 Garrido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.ld5 5.c6 3.ltd 6 4.Ld3 Lg4. Kasparov, G 2700 Girrido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.ld5 5.c6 3.ltd 6 4.Ld3 Lg4. Kasparov, G 2700 Girrido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.ld5 c4.cd 4.Sc3 d5 Kasparov, G 2700 Maiques.R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.ld5 c4.cd 4.Sc3 dx.e4. Kasparov, G 2700 Maiques.R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d6 3.ld5 e4.cd 4.Sc3 dx.e4. Kasparov, G 2709 Preiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 d5 3.lc4 c4 4.Sc3 dx.e4. Kasparov, G 2709 Preiro,J 1970 1-0 1992	Stop Process		mo								
Notation Openings Book Value Clock Visits		Search Result									▼ ×
White Elo W Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS Vinite Elo W Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS Vinite Elo W Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS Vinite Elo W Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS Vinite Elo W Black Elo B Result Year Notation VCS Vinite Elo W Garrido Fernan. 1902 1.e4 c5 2.sr3 d6 3.cd Sr64.td 3.cd Sr64.td 3.cd Sr64.td 3.cd 3.cd 3.cd 4.cd 4.sr3 d5 5 Kasparov.G 2790 Garrido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.sr3 d6 3.lb5 + Sr7 4.0-0 S. Kasparov.G 2790 Maigues.R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.ls 3 d6 3.lb5 + Sr7 4.0-0 S. Kasparov.G 2790 Maigues.R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.ls 6 3.ls 6 4.e4 d.s d.d Kasparov.G 2790 Maigues.R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.ls 6 3.ls 6 4.cd d.d Kasparov.G 2790 Pareiro.J 1970 1.e4 c5 2.ls 6 3.ls 6 4.cd d.d Ls 6 3	2000 s 🝟 👊 👘 👘 💑	Restore Gan	ne			Sear	ch Result				
Kasparov,G 2710 Forbes,C 1890 %-% 1984 1.cd e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Cagiero,H 1980 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Cagiero,H 1980 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Garido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Garido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g4 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Garido Fernan. 1905 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.g4 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6. Kasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.Sf3 b6 3.lg5 c5 4.ead 5 5. Kasparov,G 2790 Mascovich,F 2005 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.lg5 bf3 3.Lt6 exf6 4.ead .l. Kasparov,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.lg5 bf3 3.Lt7 exf6 4.ead .l. Kasparov,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.ed e5 2.lg5 bf3 3.Lt7 exf6 4.ead .l.		White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation		VCS	E(^
Kasparov,G 2790 Caliero,H 1980 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d6 3.c3 S76 4.ld3 1g4 Kasparov,G 2790 Garrido Fernan 1905 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d6 3.c3 S76 4.ld3 1g4 A B C D E F G H MuttA 1900 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d6 3.c3 S76 4.ld3 1g4 Notation + Openings Book VX Kasparov,G 2790 Gimenez,I 2075 ½-½ 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d6 3.ld5 S7 d5 3.c4 c6 4.S2 dxc4 Kasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d6 3.ld5 2.S73 d5 3.c4 c6 4.S2 dxc4 Kasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.S73 d5 3.lxf6 e.st3 dx d5 4.st3 dxc4 Kasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.st3 d5 3.lxf6 e.st3 dx d5 4.st3 dxc4 Kasparov,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.e4 c5 2.st3 d5 4.xtd5 e.xtd5 e.xt		Kasparov,G	2710	Forbes,C	1890	1/2-1/2	1984	1.c4 e6 2.Sf3	b6 3.g3 Lb7 4.Lg2 Sf6		E1
A B B B C		Kasparov,G	2790	Cagliero,H	1980	1-0	1992	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3	d6 3.c3 Sf6 4.Ld3 Lg4		B5
Image: Solution + Openings Book		Kasparov,G	2790	Diani, J	2100	1-0	1992	1.d4 d5 2.c4 d	dxc4 3.e4 c5 4.d5 Sf6		D2
Notation + Opening: Book Xasparov,G 2790 Hutt,A 1900 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:ST3 66 3:L55 + 367 4:0+0 S. Notation + Opening: Book Xasparov,G 2790 Hutt,A 1900 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:ST3 66 3:L55 + 367 4:0+0 S. Notation + Opening: Book Xasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:ST3 66 3:L55 + 367 4:0+0 S. Kasparov,G 2790 Maiques,R 1995 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:ST3 66 3:L55 + 367 4:0+0 S. Kasparov,G 2790 Moscovich,F 2095 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:L45 K53 ed. L Kasparov,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.64 K5 2:L45 K53 d5 4:cx45 ex. Kasparov,G 2790 Pinus,R 2005 1-0 1992 1.d4 K5 2:c4 63 3:Sc3 d5 4:cx45 ex. Kasparov,G 2790 Sanchez Lopez,J 2050 1-0 1992 1.d4 K5 2:c4 63 3:Sc3 d5 4:cx45 ex. Kasparov,G 2805 Swol,M 2140 1-0 1993 1.d4 K5 2:c4 63 3:Sc3 d5 4:cx45 ex. Kasparov,G 2805 Swol,M 2140 1-0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Kasparov,G</td><td>2790</td><td>Garrido Fernan</td><td>1905</td><td>1-0</td><td>1992</td><td>1.e4 c5 2.Sc3</td><td>Sc6 3.f4 e6 4.Sf3 d5 5</td><td></td><td>B2</td></td<>		Kasparov,G	2790	Garrido Fernan	1905	1-0	1992	1.e4 c5 2.Sc3	Sc6 3.f4 e6 4.Sf3 d5 5		B2
2 A B C D E F G H Notation - Openings Book Notation - Openings Book Notation - Openings Book Notation - Openings Book Reference Table Training Score sheet () C1 Cordoba sim 1992 1.04 St6 2.473 e6 3.143 c5 .54 e3 d5 5 Kasparov., G 2790 Pinus.R 2005 1.0 1992 1.0 1993 1.0 1993		Kasparov,G	2790	Gimenez,I	2075	¥2-¥2	1992	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3	d6 3.Lb5 + Sd7 4.0-0 S.		BS
Kasparov,G 2790 Moscovich,F 2095 1-0 1992 1.d4 f5 2.Lg5 Sf6 3.Luf6 exf6 4.e3 d. Kasparov,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.e4 e5 2.Ld5 Sf6 3.Luf6 exf6 4.e3 d. Notation + Openings Book		Kasparov,G	2790	Hutt,A	1960	1-0	1992	1.d4 Sf6 2.Sf3	d5 3.c4 c6 4.Sc3 dxc4		D1
Kasparov.,G 2790 Moscovich,F 2095 1-0 1992 1.d4 f5 2.Lq5 Sf6 3.Ltxf6 exf6 4.e3 d. Kasparov.,G 2790 Pereiro,J 1970 1-0 1992 1.e4 e5 2.Lq5 Sf6 3.Ltxf6 exf6 4.e3 d. Notation + Openings Book	1999 2 A 🛨 🙆 🛛 🖤 🛓 A 🛨 Herrice	Kasparov,G	2790	Maiques,R	1995	1-0	1992	1.d4 Sf6 2.Sf3	8 e6 3.Lg5 c5 4.e3 d5 5		D
A B C D E F G H		Kasparov,G	2790	Moscovich,F	2095	1-0	1992	1.d4 f5 2.Lg5	Sf6 3.Lxf6 exf6 4.e3 d		A{ ≡
Kasparov,G Z790 Sanchez Lopez,J 2050 1-0 1992 1.d4 5f6 2.c4 e6 3.Sc3 d5 4.cxd5 ex Notation + Openings Bok Training Score sheet 1 Kasparov,G 2805 Bartosik,O 2030 1-0 1992 1.d4 5f6 2.c4 e6 3.Sc3 d5 4.cxd5 ex Kasparov,G Z805 SwoLM 2140 1-0 1993 1.d4 5f6 2.c4 e6 3.Sc3 d5 4.cxd5 ex Kasparov,G Z805 SwoLM 2140 1-0 1993 1.d4 5f6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc3 d5 4.sc3 d5 4.sc4 d5 5.sc3 d5 4.sc4 d5 5.sc4 d5 4.s		Kasparov,G	2790	Pereiro, J	1970	1-0	1992				C1 D:
Notation + Openings Book X asparov, G 2805 Bartosik, O 2030 1-0 1993 1.d4 d6 2.e4 Sf6 3.f3 g6 4.Le3 Lg7 5. Notation Reference Taking Score sheet X X X asparov, G 2805 Bartosik, O 2030 1-0 1993 1.d4 d6 2.e4 Sf6 3.f3 g6 4.Le3 Lg7 5. Kasparov, Garry Z790 - Pereiro, Jorge 1970 1- X Xasparov, G 2805 Wayner, J 2150 1-0 1994 1.c4 c6 2.St3 Sf6 3.Sc3 d5 4.St3 lg7 Kasparov, G 2805 Wayner, J 2175 1-0 1994 1.c4 c6 2.St3 Sf6 4.cvd5 cx C10 Cordoba sim 1992 Kasparov, G 2805 McShane, L 2145 1-0 1994 1.c4 c6 2.st3 Sf6 4.cvd5 cx C6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0 Kasparov, G 2785 Pandis, I 2090 1-0 1996 1.c4 d6 2.c4 e6 3.sc3 Sf6 4.cvd5 cx L12.Tad1 Le7 13.c4 Sf6 14.Lc2 Dc8 Kasparov, G 2785 Pandis, I 2090 1-0 1996 1.c4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.sc3 Lg7 d.4.sd6 Strife1	A B C D E F G H	Kasparov,G	2790			1-0	1992	1.d4 d5 2.c4 e	e6 3.Sc3 c5 4.cxd5 exd.		DE
Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Score sheet Training Score sheet Training Score sheet Training Score sheet Score sheet Training	Notation + Openings Book										DE
Kasparov,Garry 2790 - Pereiro,Jorge 1970 1- C10 Cordoba sim 1992 Kasparov,G 2815 Fontaine,R 2150 1-0 1994 1.c4 c6 2.S73 5f6 3.s.3 d5 4.e3 e6 5 C10 Cordoba sim 1992 Kasparov,G 2815 Fontaine,R 2150 1-0 1994 1.c4 c6 2.S73 5f6 3.s.3 d5 4.e3 e6 5 c6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0 Kasparov,G 2785 Agistriotis,M 2090 1-0 1995 1.c4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.Sc3 3f6 4.cxd5 cx 12.Tad1 Le7 13.c4 Sf6 14.Lc2 Dc8 Kasparov,G 2785 Pandis,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.e4 e5 2.s73 Sc6 3.Lb5 a6 4.Le4 Sf6 15.Tfc1 Te8 16.Le5 Sd7 17.De4 Sf8 Image: Control of the state st		Kasparov,G									BC
Kasparov,G 2805 Wapner,J 2175 1-0 1994 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.sc3 Sf6 4.cxd5 cx. C10 Cordoba sim 1992 Kasparov,G 2805 Wapner,J 2175 1-0 1994 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.sc3 Sf6 4.cxd5 cx. c6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0 Agistriotis,M 2090 1-0 1996 1.c4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.sc3 Sf6 4.cxd5 cx. 12.Tad1 Le7 13.c4 Sf6 14.Lc2 Dc8 Kasparov,G 2785 Pandis,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.c4 e5 2.St3 St6 4.cxd5 ex 15.Tfe1 Te8 16.Le5 Sd7 17.De4 Sf8 Immunoity Immunoity <tdi< td=""><td>Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet</td><td>Kasparov,G</td><td></td><td>Swol,M</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>D!</td></tdi<>	Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet	Kasparov,G		Swol,M							D!
C10 Cordoba sim 1992 Kasparov,G 2805 McShane,L 2175 1-0 1994 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.c53 5f6 4.cxd5 cx c6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0 Kasparov,G 2805 McShane,L 2145 1-0 1994 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.c53 5f6 4.cxd5 cx 12.Tad1 Le7 13.c4 Sf6 14.Lc2 Dc8 Kasparov,G 2785 Pantia,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.c53 5f6 4.cxd5 cx 15.Tfe1 Te8 16.Le5 Sd7 17.De4 Sf8 Kasparov,G 2785 Papathanasiou,P 2185 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.c53 1cg7 4.e4 d6 V Kasparov,G 2785 Papathanasiou,P 2185 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.c53 1cg7 4.e4 d6 V Kasparov,G 2785 Pantia,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.c53 1cg7 4.e4 d6 V Kasparov,G 2785 Pantia,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.c53 1cg7 4.e4 d6 V Kasparov,G 2785 Papathanasiou,P 2185 1-0 1996 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.cs3 1cg7 4.e4 d6 V Move Games Result Elo-Av Date Evaluation Visits [%]	asparov.Garry 2790 - Pereiro.Jorge 1970										D4
c6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0 1995 1.dc4 92.dg5 10/g2.dg5 10/g2.dg5 <td></td> <td>Kasparov,G</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>D:</td>		Kasparov,G									D:
Color 10, De2 Sd7 11, L14 0-0 Kasparov,G 2785 Pandis,I 2090 1-0 1996 1.e4 e5 2.sf3 Sc6 3.Lb5 a6 4.La4 Sf6 12.Tad1 Le7 13.c4 Sf6 14.Lc2 Dc8 Kasparov,G 2785 Papathanasiou,P 2185 1-0 1996 1.e4 e5 2.sf3 Sc6 3.Lb5 a6 4.La4 Sf6 15.Tfe1 Te8 16.Le5 Sd7 17.De4 Sf8 III III III III III III III IIII IIII IIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	CIO Cordoba sim 1992	_									A:
12. Tad1 Le7 13. c4 Sf6 14. Lc2 Dc8 15. Tf61 Te8 16. Le5 Sd7 17. De4 Sf8 18. Dg4 f6 19. Lg3 Dd8 20. h4 Ld6 21. h5 VerBook Move Games Result Elo-Av Date Evaluation Visits [%]	c6 9.0-0 Lb7 10.De2 Sd7 11.Lf4 0-0										D:
15.Tfc1 Te8 16.Le5 Sd7 17.De4 Sf8 18.Dg4 f6 19.Lg3 Dd8 20.h4 Ld6 21.h5 Wove Games Result Elo-Av Date Evaluation Visits [%]	12 Tad1 Le7 13 c4 Sf6 14 Lc2 Dc8										CE
18.Dg4 f6 19.Lg3 Dd8 20.h4 Ld6 21.h5 V LiveBook View Games Result Elo-Av Date Evaluation Visits [%]		Kasparov,G	2785	Papathanasiou,P	2185	1-0	1996	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4	g6 3.Sc3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E8 +
Move Games Result Elo-Av Date Evaluation Visits [%]	15.1fe1 1e8 16.Le5 Sd/ 1/.De4 Sf8	•									F
	18.Dg4 f6 19.Lg3 Dd8 20.h4 Ld6 21.h5	▼ LiveBook									▼ ×
t ⊯ 1 ¼ L ∰ !! ! ? ?! ? ??		Move	Games	Result Elo-A	v Date	2	Evaluation	Visits [%]		
	1 🕺 1 🗓 👪 👪 👭 🕂 🕴 ? ?	?									
86% 6 sec								86%		6 sec	

What is exciting in connection with this function is the question as to whether during his active career Kasparov ever lost to a clearly weaker opponent, possibly even with White? So in the search mask we do not tick "Ignore colours" and set the game result to be 0:1 (a win for Black).

The result is impressive, since Mega can only find a single game from 1996, played of course in a simultaneous and not therefore a genuine tournament game.

Image: Paste Position Image: Paste Position Paste Copy Game Game Copy Position Clipboard game	Online Hard Disk	Mega Datal Maga Datal Maga Repertoire Maga Maga Repertoire Maga Find Pertoire Maga Maga Datal	White Black	8	Default Kibitze Add Kibitzer Remove Kibitze Engines	¥	 Edit Game Data Load Previous Game Load Next Game Database 	© © Game Histo	ry
	Search R	esult							▼ ×
8 🗑 🍐 🍐 🔟 🧆 🎄 📲 🖉	Restor	e Game		Sea	rch Result				
	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B Result	Year	Notati	ion	VCS	ECO
	Kasparo	ov,G 2785	Lurie,M	2070 0-1	1996	1.c4 Sf	6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 -	4.Sf3	A16
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	▼ × LiveRook								•
A B C D E F G H Notation + Openings Book	- × LiveBook		Perult Ele A		Evaluation	Vicito	[9/]		+ • X
Image: A model Image: A mode	▼ × LiveBook Move	Games	Result Elo-A	/ Date	Evaluation	Visits	[%]		
Notation + Openings Book Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Kasparov, Garry 2785 - Lurie, Michael 2070	▼ × LiveBook Move		Result Elo-A 63% 2466 60% 2445			Visits 29867 13436	52		
Notation + Openings Book Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Kasparov, Garry 2785 - Lurie, Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996	 ★ × LiveBook Move 4.g3 	Games 1318	63% 2466	2016-Okt-28	=	29867	52		
Notation + Openings Book Notation + Openings Book Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6	 ▼ × ↓ LiveBook Move ↓ 0- 4.g3 ↓ 4.5f3 	Games 1318 501	63% 2466 60% 2445	7 Date 2016-Okt-28 2016-Okt-5	= = =	29867 13436	52 23	_	
Notation + Openings Book Notation + Openings Book Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4	 × LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 	Games 1318 501 69 62 7	63% 2466 60% 2445 46% 2383 61% 2464 86% 2460	 Date 2016-Okt-28 2016-Okt-5 2016-Okt-3 2016-Apr-30 2015 	= = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617	52 23 9		
Notation + Openings Book Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet Kasparov, Garry 2785 - Lurie, Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996	 × LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 4.Da4+ 	Games 1318 501 69 62 7 7 3	63% 2466 60% 2445 46% 2383 61% 2464 86% 2460 33% 2368	 Date 2016-Okt-28 2016-Okt-5 2016-Okt-3 2016-Apr-30 2015 2015 	= = = = = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617 268	52 23 9 10 1 0	-	
Notation + Openings Book Notation + Openings Book Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4	▼ × LiveBook Move 0 0- 4.g3 4.sf3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 4.Db3 4.Db3 4.e3	Games 1318 501 69 62 7 3 2	63% 2466 60% 2445 46% 2383 61% 2464 86% 2460 33% 2368 50% 2248	 Date 2016-Okt-28 2016-Okt-3 2016-Okt-3 2016-Apr-30 2015 2015 2015 2015 	= = = = = = ±	29867 13436 5440 5826 617 268 360	52 23 9 10 1 0 1		
Notation + Openings Book Notation + Openings Book Kasparov,Garry 2785 - Lurie,Michael 2070 A16 Jerusalem sim 15.10.1996 1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 d5 3.cxd5 Sxd5 4.Sf3 g6 5.e4 Sxc3 6.bxc3 Lg7 7.La3 0-0 8.Lc4 c5 9.0-0 Dc7 10.De2 Lg4 11.h3 Lxf3	 × LiveBook Move 4.g3 4.e4 4.d4 4.Db3 4.Da4+ 	Games 1318 501 69 62 7 3 2	63% 2466 60% 2445 46% 2383 61% 2464 86% 2460 33% 2368	 Date 2016-Okt-28 2016-Okt-5 2016-Okt-3 2016-Apr-30 2015 2015 	= = = = = =	29867 13436 5440 5826 617 268	52 23 9 10 1 0		

So, during his career Kasparov never had a "misfire" in his tournament games against clearly weaker opponents!

3.2.7 Searching for positions

Problem: A further problem has cropped up with ChessBase which was not present in ChessBase 10. Specifically, in ChessBase14 I have set up various databases (Megabase 2017 as my reference database, a correspondence chess database, various databases of my own for other tournaments, etc.). Now, e.g., I would like to search for a position from one of my own games not in the reference database, but in the correspondence chess database or in another database.

How can that option be achieved?

Answer: You can, for example, carry out the desired search as follows.

Start the board window with the desired position on the board. Leave that window open and change to the database window.

Right click on the database which is to be searched. Now choose from the context menu "Search".

In the search mask change to the tab $\ \textit{Position}$. There you will find the entry $\ \textit{Copy}$ board .

	 ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ <		Image: second system Image: second system	 'Look for' board 'Or' board 'Exclude' board Mirror Horizontal Vertical First 11 Length 1 Last 15 Reset
Game data	Annotations Include lines	Position	aterial 🔲 Mano tacks	oeuvres 🔲 Medals
	Filter activ		Load	Save

After this has been activated, you will see that the program calls up the actual board position and considers it as the search criterion. A click on OK and the search is then executed.

3.2.8 Searching for annotated games

How can I find annotated games which correspond to a specific ECO key?

In the <u>database window</u> mark the database which contains the annotated games. A right click on the database symbol starts a context menu which gives you the possibility to start the search mask immediately.

In the <u>search mask</u> you have to enter the required criteria. As a first step start the tab *Game data* and fill in the ECO code which applies to the games, here we have chosen B01.

As a second step you can determine in the search mask which comments are to be taken into account. For that click on the tab $\ \ Annotations$,

The parameters chosen in our example will search only for variations, textual commentary and training questions.

So you highlight the game entry directly in the games list and play through the games with the desired search criteria.

<u>Tip</u>: With Chessbase you can save the pre-defined search criteria permanently for future use!

3.2.9 Sorting games in the list

To sort games in a games list, click on the *column title* which should be the sorting field:

White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation
Achileus		Kasparov,G	2825	0-1	1998	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 e6 3.Sc3 L
Adams,M	2630	Kasparov,G	2805	1-0	1993	1.d4 Sf6 2.Lg5 d6 3.Lxf6
Adams,M	2715	Kasparov,G	2851	¥2-¥2	2000	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cx
Adams,M	2620	Kasparov,G	2780	0-1	1992	1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.Sc3 c6
Adams,M	2741	Kasparov,G	2804	0-1	2005	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cx
Adams,M	2715	Kasparov,G	2851	¥2-¥2	2000	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cx
Adams, M	2716	Kasparov,G	2812	0-1	1999	1.e4 c5 2.Sc3 d6 3.g3 Sc
Adams,M	2680	Kasparov,G	2820	¥2-¥2	1997	1.e4 c5 2.Sc3 e6 3.Sf3 a
Adams,M	2655	Kasparov,G	2805	0-1	1995	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.Lc4 S
Adams,M	2715	Kasparov,G	2851	¥2-¥2	2000	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.c3 Sf6
Adams,M	2742	Kasparov,G	2838	¥2-¥2	2002	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cx
Adianto,U	2598	Kasparov,G	2838	0-1	2001	1.d4 Sf6 2.Sf3 g6 3.g3 L
Adorjan,A	2525	Kasparov,G		1/2-1/2	1979	1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 e6 3.d4 cx
•						•
LiveBook						

This sort is virtual. If you close the window, it will be lost. To fix the sort order, call Menu: **Tools Fix Sort Order**.



Arrange games in database according to current sort mode

Sample applications

<u>Search</u> for games that are less than 25 moves long. Right-click the <u>search result list</u> and sort according to Elo average. You will get short games by strong player at the top.

Search for the games of your next opponent and sort them according to ECO.

Search for annotated games and sort them according to annotator.

<u>Hint</u>: You can change the order of games manually: Drag & Drop a selection of games (Ctrl-Click) to the new position. This is useful also for changing the order of printing and merging games. To move games in the list over longer distances, use Edit-Copy and Edit-Paste on the list.

3.2.10 Online database

On the server <u>www.chesslive.de</u> there is a newly designed online database of unannotated games that is kept updated with new and historic games on a weekly basis. ChessBase (in the activated version) can access this database directly and extract material from there.

There are several ways to access data in the online database.

1. Click on the Ribbon *Online* in the database window.



2. Board Window - Ribbon Online

In contrast to previous versions of the online database the access is practically without delay, depending on the Internet connection, thanks to inbuilt accelorators and the fast Server. This makes it a powerful tool for a player to prepare himself or to examine tournaments.

Search in www.chesslive.d	le	X
Player/Tournament		
Text	Kasparov Linares	
	Advanced	
	Reset	
ОК	Help	Cancel

Just like Google the program interprets what the search text means.

Example: Enter "Kasparov Linares" in the search box.

The program interprets the input correctly and filters the games from the online database that match this search criterion.

Klick "Advanced"

The search criteria are entered in the dialog box.

Player				
Player				
Elo >=		0		
📝 White	V Black			
Wins	V Draws	Losses		
Opponent				
Opponent				
Elo>=		0		
Fournament				
Tournament				
/ear				
Year	0	- 2012	•	
	Reset			

There are many practical ways to search. For instance, you can filter all the recent games of a player with White from the online database. By right clicking in the game list you see under the heading <u>Opening Reference</u> a summary of the opening repertoire of the selected player.

In the reference display you can see the most commonly played variations. By pressing the buttons + and – you can change the number of variations displayed.

By double clicking in a line you enter the moves in the board window up to the move you have clicked on (fast forward). Critical Line shows the moves which are statistically the strongest for both sides..

<u>Please note</u>: To prevent server overload the search results from the ChessBase Online database <u>are restricted to 1000 games</u>. If that is the number of games retrieved you should narrow down your search to make sure you are getting all matches.

See also <u>troubleshooting</u> section if you are unable to connect to the ChessBase server.

3.2.11 Annotated games

A ChessBase Account is linked directly with ChessBase. Many functions of the web apps complement this intelligently and provide a maximum amount of chess information. A novelty for all users of the web apps: all annotated games from the Mega database are now available online to every premium user. It will in the future be possible to load these annotated games directly both from CB 14 and from the web apps, e.g. the Live database.

Like that, Premium subscribers have direct access to the annotated games and are no longer obliged to access them only from their copy of Mega on their local computer. Therefore you can now look at, play through or analyse the annotated games wherever you may be with your smartphone, tablet or any computer with internet access!

3.2.12 Browse Positions

Is it possible to browse positions by interactively moving the pieces instead of filtering by a position set up by the user. This would greatly speed up and simplify my searching of positions, instead of having to set up all the pieces in the Filter tool or go through the opening keys. Please let me know if it is possible to do this with ChessBase.

This is possible. Just open ChessBase, start with the initial position, click on "Online" and use the opening moves tree to go through the game.

	Notation + Openings Book 🔹 🗙	Online Database					▼ ×
8 🚊 🛕 👑 🏟 🚖 🚊	Notation Reference Table Training Sco + >	Restore Game		1000 Game	s (15869)	
	Kasparov, Garry 2775 - Vaganian, Rafael	Moves	Games	Trans S	core	Last pla	*
	A33 World Cup (12) 08.1989 [Bulletin]	4.g2-g3	7548	428 5	8.7%	2016	
6 🦣 🦓	1.c4 c5 2.Sf3 Sf6 3.Sc3 Sc6	4.d2-d4	5869	20 6	2.3%	2016	
		4.e2-e3	1902			2016	=
5	4.d4 cxd4 5.Sxd4 e6 6.g3 Db6	4.e2-e4	336			2016	
4 8	7.Sdb5 '!' Bulletin. Bulletin: 'am		132			2016	
	schärfsten: Ribli in der	4.b2-b3	36			2016	
3 🦄 🖏		4.a2-a3	21			2014	
28 4 48 48 4	'Sonntagszeitung Zürich'. Ruhiger	4.Nc3-d5	8			2007	-
	ist 7.බ්b3 oder 7.බ්c2.' d5	White	Elo W	Black	Elo	B Result	Year ^
	'!?' Bulletin. Bulletin: 'N'	So,W	2794	Eljanov,P	2741	1/2-1/2	2016-Okt-
A B C D E F G H	[7Se5 Euwe 8.Lg2 a6 9.Sa3	Aronian,L	2795	Anand,V	2776	1/2-1/2	2016-Sep-
	Lxa3 10.bxa3 Sxc4 11.Db3 Dxb3	Aronian,L	2795	Gelfand,B	2743	1/2-1/2	2016-Sep-
	12.axb3 Sa5 13.Tb1 d5	Giri,A	2755	Navara,D	2742		2016-Sep-
		Giri,A	2769	Anand,V	2770		2016-Aug-
	14.Sa4N]	Ding,L	2755	Anand,V	2770		2016-Aug-
	8.Lg2 '!' Bulletin.	Navara,D	2742	Kasimdzhano			2016-Sep-
	[8.cxd5? Sxd5 9.Sxd5 exd5	Hou,Y	2658	Inarkiev,E	2732		2016-Sep-
	•	So,W	2770	Caruana,F	2804		2016-Jun-1
	10.Dxd5 Le6∓]	Wang,Y	2730	Leko,P	2712		2016-Jul-9
		Kovalyov,A	2617	Nakamura,H Bok.B	2789		2016-Sep- 2016-Jul-3 +
	↑ × 1 × 1 № 1 1? ?! 1	Vachier Lagra	2798	DUK,D	2013	72-72	2010-Jul-3 *
		· [10051			
				100%			

ChessBase 15

246

3.2.13 Intelligent Searches in the Online Database

Database Window - Online



Just like Google the program interprets what the search text means.

Example:

Enter "Kasparov Linares" in the search box.

Player/Tournament	
Text	Kasparov Linares
	Advanced
	Reset

The program interprets the input correctly and filters the games from the online database that match this search criterion.

	Search Result									▼ ×
	Restore Gan	ne			168 G	ames found				
	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation		VCS	E 1
	Kasparov,G	2804	Anand,V	2786	1/2-1/2	2005	1.e4 e5 2.	Sf3 Sf6 3.Sxe5 d6 4.Sf3 Sx		C
	Anand,V	2786	Kasparov,G	2804	1/2-1/2	2005	1.e4 c5 2.5	Sf3 Sc6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Sxd4		В
	Topalov,V	2757	Kasparov,G	2804	1-0	2005	1.e4 c5 2.5	Sf3 Sc6 3.Sc3 e5 4.Lc4 d6		В
	Kasparov,G	2804	Topalov,V	2757	1/2-1/2	2005	1.e4 e5 2.	Sf3 Sc6 3.Lb5 a6 4.La4 Sf6.		С
a na sha ka ka ka ka ka 🗴 🔟 🚊 🎯 🍲 📰 📰 🗶 ka	Kasparov,G	2804	Leko,P	2749	¥2-¥2	2005	1.e4 c5 2.	Sf3 Sc6 3.Sc3 e5 4.Lc4 d6		В
ABCOLFOH	Adams,M	2741	Kasparov,G	2804	0-1	2005	1.e4 c5 2.	Sf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Sxd4 S.		В
	Leko,P	2749	Kasparov,G	2804	1/2-1/2	2005	1.e4 c5 2.	Sf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Sxd4 S.		В
	Kasparov,G	2804	Adams, M	2741	1-0	2005	1.d4 Sf6 2	.c4 e6 3.Sc3 Lb4 4.Dc2 d5.		E
	Kasparov,G	2804	Vallejo Pons, F		1-0	2005		c4 c6 3.Sf3 Sf6 4.e3 Lf5 5		D
mmmmm	Vallejo Pons,		Kasparov,G	2804	0-1	2005		.d4 e6 3.c4 dxc4 4.e4 b5		D
Iotation + Openings Book	Kasimuznano		Kasparov,G	2804	0-1	2005		c4 c6 3.Sc3 Sf6 4.e3 e6 5		D
📲 💳 Kasparov,Garry 2804 - Leko,Peter 2749 1⁄2-1⁄2 💳		2804	Kasimdzhanov		1/2-1/2	2005		Sf3 Sf6 3.Sxe5 d6 4.Sf3 Sx.		С
	Kramnik,V	2777	Kasparov,G	2831	1/2-1/2	2004	1.d4 d5 2.	c4 dxc4 3.Sf3 e6 4.e3 a6 5.		D -
L.e4 c5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Sc3 e5 4.Lc4 d6 5.d3 Le7 6.Sd2	•				ш					•
g5 7.h4 Lxd2+ 8.Lxd2 Sf6 9.0-0 Le6 10.f4 Lxc4	▼ LiveBook				******					• ×
	Move	Games	Result Elo	-Av Dat	te	Evaluation	Visits	[%]		-
	7Lxd2+	61	63% 25)9 201	L6-Nov-9	=	1559	58		_
1 🐱 1 🛣 👪 👯 !! ! !? ?! ? ?? +- ± ± =	° 7Lh6	46	70% 24	25 201	6-Okt-20	=	886	33		-
							100%			

ChessBase 2018

3.2.14 Position search in the online database

Chessbase allows access to a newly developed enormous online database which uses optimised search accelerators to give almost immediate replies to searches. For this to be effective it is necessary to have a fast Internet connection.

In the board window a position search in the online database can be started at any time by hitting the enter key. The search can also be started by using the menu *Window - Panes - Online Database.*

Flip Board Strg+F Find Position in Mega Database 2016... Umschalt+F7 Find Position in kasparov... Online... Find Position in Repertoire White... Umschalt+Strg+Alt+F Add to White Repertoire... Umschalt+Strg+Alt+A Find Position in Repertoire Black... Umschalt+Strg+Alt+L Add to Black Repertoire... Umschalt+Strg+Alt+D Opening Report Opening Classification Strg+Alt+C Find Novelty Umschalt+F6 Novelty Annotation Umschalt+Strg+R Umschalt+Strg+Alt+O Board Design...

Rightclick on the Chess board is also possible.

The search result displays information in two windows:

1. List window

In the list window there is a list of the games in which this board position occurred. It is possible to sort the columns to adapt this display. For instance, clicking on the header ELO W sorts the list by the white player's Elo. All the games in which White had a high Elo rating are moved to the top of the list.

Restore G	ame		1000 0	Fames (S	3836)			Search	1	
Moves	Games	Scor	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Nota	-
5Nd5-b6	2795	60.39	Rojano Cano,F	2127	Fier,A	2570	1/2-1/2	2010	5St	-
5c7-c6	992	59.69	Movileanu,D		Damia, A	2315	0-1	2010	5St	
5d6xe5	48	72.99	Milliet,S	2367	Bissieres,M	2344	1-0	2010	5c6	
5Bc8-e6	14	64.39	Penner,M	1921	Elsing, J	2140	1/2-1/2	2010	5c6	
5e7-e6	9	77.89	Petersen,S	2262	Elsing, J	2140	1/2-1/2	2010	5сб	
5Bf8-g7	2	100.0	Elez,S	2136	Radovanovi	ic,M 2116	1-0	2010	5St	
5Nb8-c6	1	100.0	Benderac,S	2323	Bozovic,N	2246	1/2-1/2	2010	5St	
5Nd5-b4	1	100.0	Rudolf,A	2393	Alvarado Di	az,A 2068	1-0	2010	5St	
			Dgebuadze,A	2537	Sadkowsky,	D 2255	1-0	2010	5St	
			Zepeda,L	2169	Sadkowsky,	D 2255	0-1	2010	5St	
			Rundgren,A	1940	Skovgaard,I	2059	1/2-1/2	2010	5Sb	
			Corrales Jimen.	2590	Nogueiras S	anti. 2570	1-0	2010	5St	
			Cano,L	2214	Castro Roja	s,O 2367	0-1	2010	5St	-

2. Reference display

Below the board window a list of all the continuations is displayed which were used in the games found in the database. Moves can be selected by using the arrow keys. The program displays the following information about the selected move almost immediately:

- Number of games
- Success rate
- Year in which the move was last played

<u>Tip</u>: It is also possible to search in the online database while kibitzing at Playchess. com.

3.2.15 Updating the search window of the online database

When playing through a game it is useful to switch on access to the online database.

Right click chess board - Online

~		<u>A)</u> 8.1	<u>el</u> Sc6
1	X	Δ1)	<u>9.Lf1</u> Oll,L b4?!N 1
e.	Flip Board	Strg+F	kb4 Tc8 16.Lg5 a5 :
	Find Position in Mega Database 2016	Umschalt+F7	13 Le7 18.Se5±);
	Find in selected Database		<u>9.Sxc6</u> dxc6 10.e5
	Online		g4 0-0 16.axb5 cxb
	Find Position in Repertoire White	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+F	13 Td8 (110-0-0

Whenever the search window of the online database is opened in the board window, then every action or change on the board is immediately brought up to date and you get a list of the games which contain the present position on your board.

Reference

249

	Notation	n + Openings Bo	ok				▼ ×	Online Database				* >
11 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (Notatio	n Reference	Table Tr	aining Sc	ore sheet Oper	nings Book		Restore Game	27 (Games found		
		Kasparov,	Garry 28	25 - Top	alov, Veseli	n 2740 1-0	D	Moves	Games	Trans Sco	re La	ast pla
		B43 Sofia	m 25' ra	pid (4) 0	3.05.1998 <i>[K</i>	ostakiev,DI		9.Be2-f3	10	15 66.0	% 20	014
				/				9.c2-c3	6	0 91.7	% 20	016
		B2b) 9	<u>Lxc6</u> 10	.Sd5 Lxc	15 11.exd5	Tc8 1-0 Bar	rua	9.Rf1-e1	5	8 73.1	% 20	016
2 2 2	Terr II	Dibyendu	-Bischof	f Klaus/I	t (open), Cal	cutta (India)	9.Qd1-d3	2	2 25.0	% 20	013
				110000/1	e (open)/ ear	currana,	<i>'</i>	9.f2-f4	1	9 20.0	% 20	011
		1997 (16)	1					9.Bc1-e3	1	4 80.0	% 20	014
	2 8.Sa4	Lb7 9.c3						9.f2-f3	1	0 0.0%	20	001
	[9.]	_f3=]						9.Be2-d3	1	0 0.0%	20	011
A B C D E F G	H 9Sfe	-										
A B C D E F O	101054004							White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	8 Res
	[9	.Lxe4!? ∆10.	cxb4 Lx	b4 11.Le	e3 Sc6 12.f3	Ld5 13.S	хсб 👻	Efimenko,Z	2624	Volokitin,A	2681	1/2-1
								Oparin,G	2488	Van Kampen, R	2565	1-0
								Asrian,K	2597	Agrest,E	2607	1/2-1
		🖌] 🦹 🛔		?	?! ? ??	+- ± ±	= ∞	Kasparov,G	2825	Topalov,V	2740	1-0
	LiveBoo						▼ X	Petrov,M	2449	Bojkovic,S	2233	1-0
					1	1		Perez Garcia,R	2315	Morales Garcia	. 2259	1-0
	Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluation	Visit:	Wieczorek,O	2374	Kanovsky,D	2478	0-1
	9.Lf3	13	77%	2437	2015-Dez-9	=	496 ≡	Brenjo,S	2505	Zivkovic,V	2429	1-0
	9.Tel	5	70%	2381	2016-Sep-17	=	501	Xu,Y	2478	Koneru,H	2508	1/2-1
	9.c3	4	88%	2544	2016-Aug-12	±	842	Munguntuul,B	2261	Koneru,H	2622	1-0
	9.f4	3	0%	2314	2006	1	239	Brenjo,S	2484	Zivkovic,V	2407	1-0
		2	0%	2257	2000	+ 	45 -	Puranik,A	2257	Karthikeyan,M	2444	0-1
	9.Dd3											

In earlier versions it was necessary to explicitly click on "Search"; this step is now done away with and the search for information about games is made even simpler.

3.2.16 Game History

The *game history* stores every game you load and enter. This helps you to find material you looked at a couple of days before. Furthermore the game history creates an automatic backup of your analysis work.

In the left hand Explorer panel you will find a new entry for the month in progress. A click gives you access to the games you have looked at and worked on previously in that month.

In the right hand panel a database is listed with the games which were loaded and worked on during that day. Using it you can have access to games you have recently looked at without cumbersome searching. You open a games list with a double click on its symbol.



When you work on a big analysis, ChessBase automatically saves your work every ten minutes into the game history to limit the damage by e.g. a sudden power failure.

There is one database for <u>every day</u>. Click on Game History in the folders pane of the database window, then open the year and month folder. You can search in all databases of the selected folder. Click on the search button at the bottom of the folder pane:

To delete all databases in a path, right-click on the path and select Delete. This will

send all files to the recycle bin.

Game History Board window ...

Apart from the database window it is also possible to access the games that you have loaded during the current sitting in the <u>board window</u>. This is possible by using the Game History section of the Home ribbon.



The two arrows, Back and Forward, allow you to scroll through the games you have loaded in this session. They are loaded directly into the game notation.

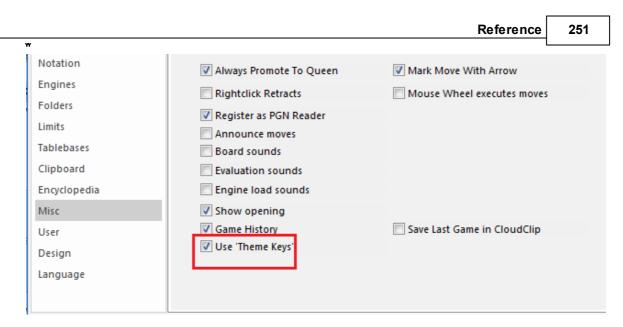
If you click on the small arrow next to "Game History" the program opens a game list containing all the games loaded during this session.

Question: For a few days now I have kept getting the problem of a message box appearing to state that CB cannot access a history database.

I can of course confirm this with OK, but the message then promptly reappears. At this point the only way to stop ChessBase is now via Task manager. If ChessBase is then restarted and, e.g., I wish to input a new game with Ctrl + N, the same thing starts all over again.

Answer: The program applies a protocol to the user's chess activities. All games which are saved and loaded are clearly stored according to year, month and day. This protocol can be found in the left-hand window pane under "*Game History*".

The error message tells us that the database is damaged. The simplest way to solve the problem is to delete the database that is to be found in the pathway described in the error message.



Alternatively you can simply deactivate the "Game History" in the options dialog under Misc .

3.2.17 Clever game handling

In ChessBase whenever you load several games at the same time, it is nevertheless possible to keep an eye on the various windows you have opened. You either switch between the individual windows with the standard hotkey combination **ALT-TAB** or you look down to the Windows taskbar.

Every window you have opened there is represented by a small button.

The program offers you some useful functions which help you to customise the way it works to suit yourself. Let us assume that you have loaded a game into the board window. In that board window there exists on the menu underneath the tab File the heading *Recent games*.

ChessBase 15		
File		Recent Games
📝 New	*	<u>1</u> Kasparov, G-Sokolov, A, URS-ch U18 Vilnius 1975
pen Open	•	2 Kasparov, G-Averbakh, Y, Moscow clock sim 1974
<u>open</u>	,	3 Sarkisov, R-Kasparov, G, AZE Spartakiad 1974
Save	•	4 Kasparov, G-Kantsler, B, Leningrad 1975
Save	r	5 Styazhkina,A-Tomilova,E, RUS-chT rapid (Women) 2
Save Game As		<u>6</u> Queen's Pawn various-3.¥g5 h6 4.¥f6 £f6, Survey 2
		7 Katalanisch-
Save To Cloud		8 Travkina, A-Belenkaya, D, RUS-chT rapid (Women) 20
		9 Kasparov, G-Muratkuliev, S, Baku tt U18 1973
Print	•	1 <u>0</u> Badrinarayan, S-Xu, R, ACT-ch Canberra 2016

There you will find links to the latest games you have loaded and played through. A click enables you to immediately load again any one of these games in the short list.

In addition you will find under <u>Game history</u> the last games you have loaded and worked on. You will find a chronological listing of these in the left-hand pane of the database window, the database explorer.

3.2.18 Search for sacrifices

Search mask: Position - Sacrifice

A sacrifice is a sequence of moves in which one side gives up material and then gains an advantage. The ChessBase sacrifice search does a look-ahead in all tactical situations and for this reason takes somewhat longer than the other searches. The algorithms were written by Dr. Christian Donninger, the author of Nimzo.

Simple sacrifice search

In the search mask click the Position tab and switch on the "Sacrifice" checkbox.

Sacrifice

All white combinations of David Bronstein

Open your Big or Mega database by double clicking it.

Click on the button Filter below the games list to get the <u>search mask</u>.

Enter the name Bronstein for the family name and David for the first name of the white player.

Remove the check in the box Ignore colours.

Choose 1-0 for the result in the Game Data and check the box Sacrifice in the Postion tab.

3.2.19 Search in the Online database

Board window: Ribbon Online



The online position search has its own pane in the board window. When you click the Search button on the top right the program will use your Internet connection to log into the <u>ChessBase online database</u> and display all the games in which the current board position occurred. This should normally take only a few seconds.

• If you click any game in the search result list it will be automatically displayed in the notation window. Click the *Restore game button* to return to your original game.

Online Databa	ise										
Restore Game											
Moves	Games	Scor									
8d6xe5	159	51.39									
80-0	14	71.49									
8h7-h6	10	75.09									

Click on a *column title* to sort the list by this column.

The search result from the ChessBase Online database is restricted to 1000 games.

3.2.20 Search in the reference database

Board window: Click Ribbon Harddisk (Shift-R)

• Click on the Search button to list all games in which the position on your main board occurred.

• If you click any game in the search result list it will be automatically displayed on the main board and in the notation window. Click on the appropriate board button in the task bar to return to your original game.

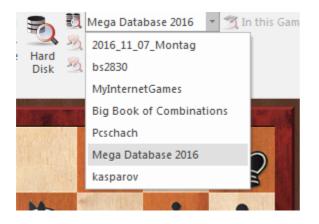
• You can click on the header Elo W or Elo B to get the games of the strongest players to the top of the list.

• Repeated searches in the <u>reference database</u> will increase the speed due to a special <u>turbo cache</u>. The speed depends on the amount of RAM installed in your computer.

• You can hold down the Alt key to <u>drag and drop</u> one or more games from the search result window into your current game. The moves are <u>merged</u> into the game notation.

Fast Switch of the Search Database for the "Reference" in the Board Window

It is possible to switch the search database for the reference display in the board window with a single click.



By doing this you can check what games have the current board position in another large database.

3.2.21 Reference database

The **reference database** is the standard database used for searches, classification, opening reports, novelty detection, etc. Usually it is your biggest database with the best annotations and opening keys (e.g. Big or Mega Database).

This is how to define your reference database in the <u>database window</u>:

- 1. Right-click the database symbol.
- 2. Click Properties.
- 3. Activate Reference database.

C:\ChessBase Dat	en \Datenbanken \Mega Database 2016.cbh
Studies	Training
Blitz Computer chess Problems	Show Protocol
Patzer Gambit BdF	Reset Protocol
Match Biography Multimedia	6466288 Games
Important Text Download	106707 Keys, 100339 Positions
E-Mail Opening book Chess Media	Reference-DB
Reference	Repertoire White
Name Mega Database 2016	🔲 Repertoire Black
	Always open text

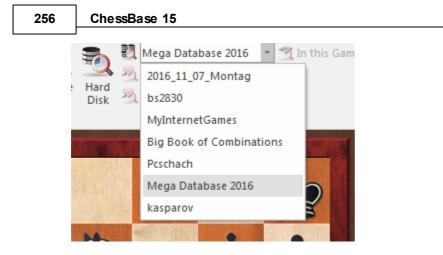
The reference database will always be found in <u>My databases</u>. If you right-click the database window and select View – Details you will see that it is listed as your "Reference database".

ChessBase automatically installs a big database of more than 7 Million games in the standard installation.

If you want to install a recent database from DVD, insert the DVD into your drive.with ChessBase running. The program will then automatically display the contents of the DVD. Right-click on the icon of the big database and select **Install Database**.

Fast Switch of the Search Database for the "Reference" in the Board Window

It is possible to switch the search database for the reference display in the board window with a single click.



By doing this you can check what games have the current board position in another large database.

3.2.22 Search for similar endgames

Board window: Report - Similar Endgames



If you have an interesting endgame in the <u>board window</u> you can load all the games with similar <u>endgames</u> from the database with a single click.

	Insert	Board	Report	Analysis	Training Vie							0
Novelty Same Annotation Player		🏂 Theme C	v) Classificatio lassifificatior	Simila n Endgam	r Similar Simila ies Structures Move Similar Games	r 🚺 Ma	d to White Reper d to Black Repert ark Move Blue pertoire Databas	oire Ci	Show rosstable oss Table	Correspond	dence Correspondence Header Corr chess	
					Notation + Ope	enings Boo	k					▼ 🗵
	NUMBER OF	NO STATES	*	A REPORT	Notation Ref	erence T	able Training	Score sh	eet Live	Book Open	iings Book	
7										•	arry 2800 1⁄2-1⁄2 💻 👔	
	antisated				[42Te5	43 So2:	•1					
6		and the state		1	43.Sg2 Te		- 1					0
			8	9	45.5gz Te	<u> </u>						
5	CHARTER IN	ALC: NUMBER	2 1	100/0600	A							
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACT		A DECK DECK DECK			8							
4				≥		1 1.	!! ! !?	?! ?	?? +-	± ±	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	
4						11 1 ,	!! ! !?	?! ?	?? +-	±±	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	-
4 3 <u>&</u>					<u>† × 1</u>	_	!! ! !?	?!?	?? +- Search		= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	▼ [
					Search Result	2	II I I? Black	?! ? Elo B			= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+ Notation	
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4					Image: Search Result Restore Game	2			Search .	Result		VC:
					Image: Search Result Restore Game White	e Elo W	Black	Elo B	Search . Result	<i>Result</i> Year	Notation	VC:
					Image: the second se	e Elo W 2380	Black Kovacevic,P	Elo B 2400	Search Result 0-1	Result Year 1994	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.Sr	VC: :3 e5
					t >] Search Result Restore Game White Ristic,N Bologan,V	e Elo W 2380	Black Kovacevic,P Nunn,J	Elo B 2400 2580	Search Result 0-1 0-1	<i>Result</i> Year 1994 1993	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.S 1.e4 d6 2.d4 Sf6 3.Sc3 g6 4.f4 1.d4 Sf6 2.Sc3 e6 3.Lg5 d5 4.e5 1.Sf3 Sf6 2.g3 d5 3.Lg2 Lf5 4.c4	VC: .3 e5 .g7 5 e c5 i c6
2 <u>2</u> 1	C			а 1 1 1 1	t M] Search Result Restore Game White Ristic,N Bologan,V Ponyi,A	e Elo W 2380 2520	Black Kovacevic,P Nunn,J Kaposztas,M	Elo B 2400 2580 2290	Search . Result 0-1 0-1 1-0	Result Year 1994 1993 1980	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.St 1.e4 d6 2.d4 Sf6 3.Sc3 g6 4.f4 1.d4 Sf6 2.Sc3 e6 3.Lg5 d5 4.e2	VC: .g7 5 .g7 5 .c5
2 <u>2</u> 1	C	D E		н.	total tearch Result Search Result Restore Game White Ristic,N Bologan,V Ponyi,A Parfenova,O	Elo W 2380 2520 2135	Black Kovacevic,P Nunn,J Kaposztas,M Repkova,E	Elo B 2400 2580 2290	Search . Result 0-1 0-1 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1994 1993 1980 1993	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.S 1.e4 d6 2.d4 Sf6 3.Sc3 g6 4.f4 1.d4 Sf6 2.Sc3 e6 3.Lg5 d5 4.e5 1.Sf3 Sf6 2.g3 d5 3.Lg2 Lf5 4.c4	VC: -g7 5 -g7 5 -c5 + c6 re6 L.
2 <u>2</u> 1	C	D E		2	t Image: Search Result Restore Game White Ristic,N Bologan,V Ponyi,A Parfenova,O Di Paolo,R Burgess,G Daniilidis,A	Elo W 2380 2520 2135 2260	Black Kovacevic,P Nunn,J Kaposztas,M Repkova,E Meier,R Perovic,D Adorjan,A	Elo B 2400 2580 2290 2340 2390 2515	Search . Result 0-1 0-1 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1994 1993 1980 1993 1995 1990 1988	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.S 1.e4 d6 2.c4 Sf6 3.Sc3 g6 4.f4 1.d4 Sf6 2.Sc3 e6 3.Lg5 d5 4.e3 1.Sf3 Sf6 2.g3 d5 3.Lg2 Lf5 4.c4 1.e4 d5 2.exd5 Sf6 3.c4 e6 4.db 1.d4 d5 2.c4 Sc6 3.Sc3 Sf6 4.Sf 1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Sx	Lg7 5 6 c5 4 c6 8 e6 L. 3 e6 d4 Sf
2 <u>Å</u> 1	C			н	t K] Search Result Restore Game White Ristic,N Bologan,V Ponyi,A Parfenova,O Di Paolo,R Burgess,G	Elo W 2380 2520 2135 2260	Black Kovacevic,P Nunn,J Kaposztas,M Repkova,E Meier,R Perovic,D	Elo B 2400 2580 2290 2340 2390	Search . Result 0-1 0-1 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1/2-1/2	Result Year 1994 1993 1980 1993 1995 1990	Notation 1.e4 c5 2.5f3 Sc6 3.Lb5 Sf6 4.St 1.e4 d6 2.d4 Sf6 3.Sc3 g6 4.f4 1.d4 Sf6 2.Sc3 e6 3.Lg5 d5 4.e5 1.Sf3 Sf6 2.g3 d5 3.Lg2 Lf5 4.ct 1.e4 d5 2.exd5 Sf6 3.c4 e6 4.db 1.d4 d5 2.c4 Sc6 3.Sc3 Sf6 4.Sf	VC: -3 e5 -g7 5 - c5 - c6 - c6 - c6 - d4 Sf

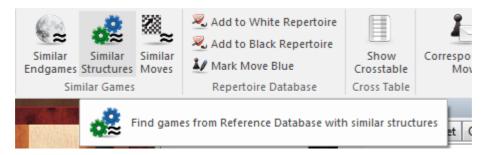
The games are sorted by similarity. The program takes account of pawn structures

Reference	257
Reference	257

(passed pawns, blocked pawns, connected pawns, chains, isolanis, backward pawns) and the relevant positioning of the pieces (rooks behind passed pawns, rook is cutting the king off, king in a square, wrong bishop, etc). The search is very fast on 64 bit multiprocessor systems because the search can be distributed among the processors.

3.2.23 Search for similar middle game structures

Board window: Report - Similar Structures



Unlike in earlier versions you can see in the search mask specifically the positional motifs for which the program is filtering the reference database. In addition, the dialog allows you the possibility of modifying the search criteria for your position.

With one click the program loads all the games with similar pawn structures from the <u>database</u> and sorts them by similarity to the current game.

			SALE OF STREET, ST.				- ARM	Notation + Openi	ngs Boo	k					- 🖬
	-		A 1112	100	-	ato		Notation Refere	ence Ta	able Training	Score sh	eet Live	Book Open	ings Book	
8					1	99	188		3	Kasparov,	Garry 2	2815 - S	hort,Nig	jel D 2665 1-0 🕂 🚈	
7	Rais		1	*		2			*	 _ D	46 Lo	ndon ra	pid m (3)	1993	
				-		-	X	1 Cf2 dE 2 o	1 06 1					6.e4 a6 7.Lxc4 c6 8.Dd1 Le7	
6					En										
					1									xd5 14.Ld2 a5 15.Tc1 Sb8	
5		1233		AT US	17.4			16.Lb5 Sa6 1	17.Db3	3 Tc8 18.Tc3	Sc7 1	.9.Ld3 L	.b4 20.Lx	kh7+ Kxh7 21.Sg5+ Kg8	
				書名的	ne destroy	1.	2101	22.Th3 Te8	23.Df3	Dd7 24.Dh5	6 Kf8 2	25.Sh7+	Ke7 26	.Lg5+ f6 27.Sxf6	
4	8		â :	å	1.36			1-0							
		100000			200										
2		The second	2		6)	4. 19									-
3		132333					10.000	6							
2		Ż			2	8	2	t 🖌]	1 1.	? 1	?! ?	?? +-	±±	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	
2	Ë	2	<u>.</u>				÷	↑ ⋈] Search Result	1 1	? î	?! ?	?? +-	± ± :	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	▼ 🖾
2		<u>ن</u> B		E			<u>к</u> н		' 1 1 ,	? î	?!?	?? +- Search	eeeeee	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+	▼ 🖾
2	A	В	20 0	E			≟ ⊪⇒	Search Result]	11 1 1? 1	?!? Elo B		eeeeee	= ∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+ Notation	▼ 🖾 VC: ▲
2	×	B	20 0	E		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	÷.	Search Result Restore Game]			Search . Result	Result		
2	A	B	20 0	Æ		Carlor Ca	<u>.</u> н.	Search Result Restore Game White	Elo W 2815	Black	Elo B	Search . Result	<i>Result</i> Year	Notation	
2	X	B	20 0	E		2 C	÷.	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G	Elo W 2815	Black Short,N	Elo B	Search Result 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993	Notation 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 dxc.	
2	A	в	20 0	E	F	C C C	÷.	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G Schouwerwou.	Elo W 2815 2151	Black Short,N Keizers,P	Elo B 2665	Search Result 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993 2004	Notation 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 dxc. 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 Sf6 4.Sc3 e6 5	
2	A	B	20 0	E	F	G	÷.	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G Schouwerwou. Samusenko,A	Elo W 2815 2151 2308	Black Short,N Keizers,P Kirpichnikov,V	Elo B 2665	Search . Result 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993 2004 2007	Notation 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 dxc. 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 Sf6 4.Sc3 e6 5 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 Sf6 4.e3 g6 5	
2	X	B	20 0	E	F	C C	÷.	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G Schouwerwou. Samusenko,A Marchio,E	Elo W 2815 2151 2308 2284	Black Short,N Keizers,P Kirpichnikov,V Idrizaj,A	Elo B 2665 2380	Search . Result 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993 2004 2007 2000	Notation 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 dxc. 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 Sf6 4.Sc3 e6 5 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 Sf6 4.e3 g6 5 1.Sf3 d5 2.c4 c6 3.d4 dxc4 4.a4 Sf6	VC: ^
2	•	B	20 0	E	F	G	£ #	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G Schouwerwou Samusenko,A Marchio,E Hiel,L	Elo W 2815 2151 2308 2284	Black Short,N Keizers,P Kirpichnikov,V Idrizaj,A Matton,E	Elo B 2665 2380	Search . Result 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993 2004 2007 2000 2002	Notation 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 5f6 4.5c3 dxc. 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 5f6 4.5c3 e6 5. 1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 5f6 4.e3 g6 5 1.5f3 d5 2.c4 c6 3.5f3 5f6 4.e3 g6 5 1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.5f3 5f6 4.lg5 Le7.	VC: ^
2	A	B	20 0	E		C C	È.	Search Result Restore Game White Kasparov,G Schouwerwou. Samusenko,A Marchio,E Hiel,L Lindemann,N	Elo W 2815 2151 2308 2284 1741	Black Short, N Keizers, P Kirpichnikov, V Idrizaj, A Matton, E Ehrhardt, E	Elo B 2665 2380 1441	Search . Result 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0	Result Year 1993 2004 2007 2000 2002 2000	Notation 1.573 d5 2.c4 e6 3.d4 Sf6 4.Sc3 dxc. 1.64 d5 2.c4 c6 3.Sf3 Sf6 4.Sc3 e6 5 1.64 d5 2.c4 c6 3.Sf3 Sf6 4.e3 g6 5 1.64 d5 2.c4 c6 3.Sf3 Sf6 4.e3 g6 5 1.64 d5 2.c4 c6 3.d4 dxc4 4.a4 Sf6 1.64 d5 2.c4 d5 3.Sf3 Sf6 4.lg5 1.c7 1.c4 d5 2.cxd5 Dxd5 3.Sc3 Dd8 4.c9.	VC: ^

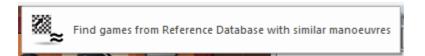
The program also takes account of the positioning of the pieces (rooks on open rows, queen and bishop on the same diagonal, the position of the kings).

258	ChessBase	15
-----	-----------	----

The search is very fast on 64 bit multiprocessor systems because the search can be distributed among the processors.

3.2.24 Search for similar moves

Board window: Report - Similar Moves



With one click the program finds games with similar pawn structures where similar moves were made.



Search Manoeuvres: Bg5xf6, Be7xf6

The games are sorted by their similarity with the current game.

Unlike in earlier versions you can see in the search mask specifically the positional motifs for which the program is filtering the reference database. In addition, the dialog allows you the possibility of modifying the search criteria for your position.

		10	- K	arnov An	atoly 2755	- Kasnarr	w Garn	2775 14-	1/2			
		0	•	•	-	•	•			100		
	_	6 3.Sc3 Lg	17 4.e4	4 d6 5.Sf	3 0-0 6.Le	2 e5 7.0	0-0 Sc6	8.d5 Se7	9.Sd2	a5	10.a	3 Sd7
f5 12.b4	Kh8											
Kina's Indi	an: Classic	al Main Line	(6e5	7 0-0 Nc6):	8 Be3 and 8 o	d5 Ne7, no	t 9 Ne1					
									4			
: 1 🔊 .			!!!	<u>(]</u> (()	'+-±≛	- ∞	≌ +	+ -+ 4	<i>\</i>			
Search Result												
Restore Ga	ne				Se	arch Result						
											-	
White		Black	_	o B Result	Year	Notation			VCS		1	Annot
Karpov,A	2755	Kasparov,G			1989			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		Bulleti
Umezinwa,(ì	Griego,D	233		1990			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Johnsen,K		Hermansso	n,E 229		1992			:3 Lg7 4.e4 0-i		E97		
Hammes,M	2305	Prescha,F		1-0	1996			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Kobylkin,E		Smirnov,P		0-1	1993			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Amura,C	2405	Dolmatov,			1991			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		Wahls
Peralta,E	2210	Watanabe,			1991			4 Lg7 4.Sc3 0·		E97		
Mirovshchil		Gulkov,I	23		2003			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Hammes,M	2220	Simon,H	210		1994			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Arlandi,E	2445	Van Wely,L			1996			:3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97		
Farago,I	2475	Vogt,L	250		1990			4 Lg7 4.Sc3 Sf		E97		Knaak,
Bogdanovsk	i,V 2440	Maksimovi	c ,B 238	30 1/2-1/2	1991	1.d4 Sf6 2	2.Sf3 q6 3.c	4 Lq7 4.Sc3 d	6	E97		
LiveBook												
Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluation	Visits	[%]					
12.b4	716	56%	2476	2016-Nov-1	=	11596	96					

3.2.25 Same players

Board window: Report - Same Players

f5 12.b4 K		Main Line (C	-5.7.0	0.01-02-0	De2 and C							
	Classica	ai iviain Line (6				3 d5 Ne7, not 9 Ne1						
1 🕺]	1 1		!? ?!	???	+- ±	± = ∞ ≌ ∓	∓ -+ ⇄ 🧉	2				
Search Result												•
Restore Game					S	Search Result						
White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation		VCS	ECO	т	Annotator	
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2770	1/2-1/2	1991	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E97	0		
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	1/2-1/2	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E92			
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	¥2-¥2	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E92			
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2770	¥2-¥2	1992	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E88			
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	¥2-¥2	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E87			
Karpov,A	2725	Kasparov,G	2805	0-1	1993	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E86	0		
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	1-0	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E87	0		
Karpov,A	2688	Kasparov,G	2838	1-0	2002	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 d5 4.Sf3 Lg7		D92	0		
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	1/2-1/2	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 d5 4.cxd5 Sx		D85	0		
Karpov,A	2730	Kasparov,G	2800	1-0	1990	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 d5 4.cxd5 Sx		D85			
Karpov,A	2616	Ivanchuk,V	2771	1-0	2012	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 g6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E90			
Karpov,A	2628	Morovic Ferna.	2560	lick to ope	2015	1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 q6 3.Sc	3 Lg7 4.e4 d6		E90			

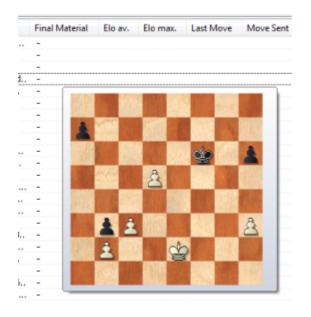
This function loads games played by the same players, whether against one another or against other opponents. The results are sorted by similarity to the current game.

This function uses up to date information from the online database, so an Internet connection is needed to use it.

260 ChessBase 15

3.2.26 Final Material

The <u>games list</u> has a column which displays the material in the final position of the game. If this column is not visible, rightclick on the column header to switch it on.



Click on the column header to sort the games list by final material. The games with naked kings will come on top, the early draws with full material at the bottom of the list.

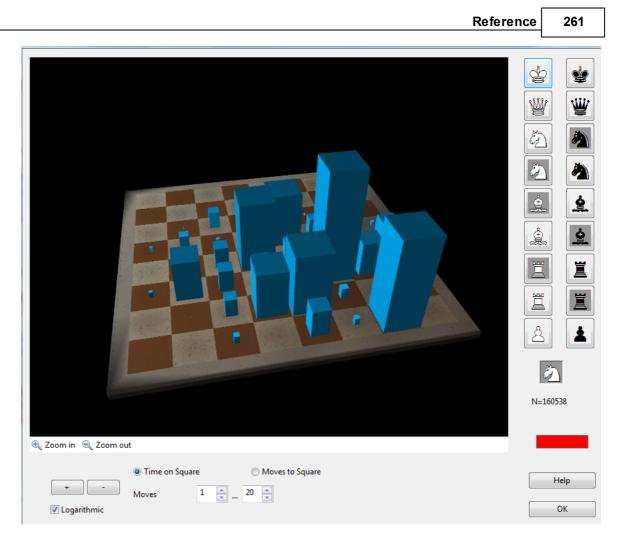
This information might have to be generated for existing databases.

3.2.27 Piece probability

List window: Statistics - Ribbon Piece probability (or right-click, or Shift-S)



For any group of games, e.g. an openings system, this function generates statistics of the movements of each piece on the board.



Piece probability graphically displays the squares on which a piece tends to move or stay. This is particularly useful in opening training, where there are important conclusions to be drawn. For instance, if you discover that in a set of games from the Ruy Lopez Marshall Attack (C89), in which Black was successful, he tended to move his queen to h4, h5 and h3, his king's rook to the e-file and especially e6 (to support the attack with the queen) and his pawns to f5, f4 and g5, then this may give you a completely new insight into the ideas behind the opening system.

Piece symbols

The probability display is always for an individual piece, which you click on the right. You must differentiate between the queen- and kingside pieces, i.e. the dark and light-squared bishop, the king- and queenside knight and rook. Below the board there are some control buttons with which you can change the perspective of the board and the scale of the columns (click "+" or "-" if they are too large or small).

Time on square/Moves to square

The size of the columns signify the relative frequency with which a piece was on a given square. You can switch between the amount of time it spent on that square and how often it was moved to the square (i.e. ignoring how much time it spent there).

Moves from ... to

This allows you to display statistics for only a certain phase of the game.

▶ +/-

Changes the scale of the graphics.

Logarithmic

The logarithmic display makes it easier to display larger fluctuations.

3.2.28 Statistics

List window: Tools Statistics

Select a set of games in the list (e.g. <u>search</u> for all the white games of a player). If only one game is selected the entire list is used. Click *Statistics* in the list window menu. You can also right-click or press 'S').



You can click on Result, Length (of games), Years and ECO codes to get a statistic display in each of these categories. If you enter a player name you get the statistics of that player only. These are given from the point of view of the player, i.e. "1-0" is for the number of games the player won, even if it was with black, and "0-1" for the number he or she lost. "White" and "Black" considers only games of one colour.

3.3 Finding Players

3.3.1 Player encyclopedia

The ChessBase DVD contains a player encyclopedia with pictures and data for more than 120,000 international tournament players.

The encyclopedia is also online!

You can <u>automatically update</u> the player encyclopedia that you have installed. We regularly publish an updated version of the encyclopedia with new players and updated Elo ratings. Depending on your settings the program accesses the encyclopedia on the

server and updates the enclyclopedia that you have stored locally.



It is installed automatically with the program.

Search in the player encyclopedia

You can browse directly in the encyclopedia for players, ranking lists, etc.

Photo pane in the board window

Call Menu Window – Panes – Photos in the board window to display pictures and flags of the players in a loaded game. If you click on one of the photos the <u>ID-Card</u> of that player appears.

	Notat	tion + C	penin	gs Boo	k																	▼ ×
	1.d4	Sf6	2.c4	l g6	3.Sc3	Lg7	4.e4	d6	5.Sf3	0-0	6.Le2	e5	7.0-0	Sc6	8.d5	Se7	9.Sd2	a5	10.a3	Sd7	11.Tb1	▲ ▼
	+	×	1 1	1			12	21 2	???	+	+ +	_	~ [®]	÷	Τ	. →	4					
	Playe									· -				+	Ŧ	-	~					▼ ×
					al.												-					
					•	The second	RI	JS									3 D		RUS			
					Ľ	M											I	Sec.				
	-				Karp	oov, An	atoly (3	8)								k	asparov,	Garry	(26)			
	LiveB	ook																				▼ ×
	Mou	_	Gar		Popult	Flo	A-2 F	lato		Evolue	tion	Vicite		19/1								

▶ The <u>Player dossier</u>

In this function ChessBase uses the encyclopedia to display pictures and the data of the player.

Additional information in the <u>Player index</u>

In the player index, the flags, elo numbers, titles, etc. come from the Player Encyclopedia. You can switch this off with View – Use Encyclopedia in the player index menu.

Entry help in the <u>Save mask</u>

When you are entering the names of players you can type in part of it and then click the question mark button to the right of the entry line. A list of names appears from which you can choose the correct one.

Entry help in the <u>Player index</u>

When you are editing players' names in the player index you can use the question mark button to consult the player encyclopedia, making it easier to get the spelling right. This is useful to standardize spellings.

See also <u>Player Encyclopedia as List ..</u>....

3.3.2 Player Encyclopedia online

You can <u>automatically update</u> the player encyclopedia that you have installed. We regularly publish an updated version of the encyclopedia with new players and updated Elo ratings. Depending on your settings the program accesses the encyclopedia on the server and updates the enclyclopedia that you have stored locally.

These settings can be selected in the program's options menu.

Menu File - Options - Encyclopedia:

Notation	tion Engin		Folders		Limits	1	[ablebases		Clipboard		
Encycloped	Encyclopedia		isc		User	0	Design		Language		
Select path chreiner\Documents\ChessBase\Playbase\ Browse											
Player	Encyclo	pedia Fi	rom Serve	er							
Player	Encyclo	pedia Lo	ocal Only								
Disable	e Player	Encyclo	pedia								

Off = No player encyclopedia

This option is useful for slow computers with very little free disk space.

Local = Use the installed player encyclopedia

This option should be used on a computer that has no Internet connection, or a very slow Internet connection.

Server = The program accesses the data on the server and gradually updates the locally stored encyclopedia.

Select Path = Where the local player encyclopedia is stored. If the path is left empty an empty encyclopedia is created which will be filled with data from the server.

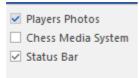
Note: If you start with an empty player encyclopedia you will only see the data in the main window that has already been received from the server, i.e. the cache. In case of doubt use the locally installed encyclopedia, because it will automatically be improved by the server data.

3.3.3 No information from the player encyclopaedia?

No information from the player encyclopaedia, e.g. photos in the <u>notation window</u>, are displayed although use of the menu File-Options-<u>Player Encyclopaedia</u> is activated?

Notation	tion Engines		Folde	rs	Limits	Ta	blebases	Clipboard			
Encycloped	lia	Mi	sc		User	D	esign	Language			
Select path chreiner\Documents\ChessBase\Playbase\ Browse											
Player I	Encyclop	oedia F	rom Serve	er							
Player I	Encyclop	pedia L	ocal Only								
🔘 Disable	e Player	Encyclo	pedia								

Start ChessBase and select a GM game from one of the database lists between two well-known players. Under the menu "*View*" click on "Players Photos" so that a tick is displayed.



Instead of a small picture a large photo will immediately be displayed (including I.D. card and a series of other photos) e.g. Carlsen at various stages of his career (from childhood to world champion).

With a chess game loaded you will find under "*View*" many interesting options e.g. direct activation of the reference display or book analysis.

3.3.4 ID-Card

In the **ID-Card** of a player you can find all the information available in the player encyclopedia.

Player Index - ID Card



Show personal information (Strg+Alt+B)

For the pictures there is a date and the name of the photographer. Click $\langle - \text{ or } - \rangle$ to browse through all the photos available. If you click on Elo profile you can track the <u>Elo development</u>.

Last Name.	Kortschnoj		and the second		
First Name.	Viktor Lvovich			Million .	-
Birthday.	1931		- 1	· ····································	Summittee of
Deceased.	06.06.2016 (85)				
<u>T</u> itle.	GM			TOP	
	2499 (05.2016) Trend: 0-0		-	1	KA-
Country.	Switzerland		1	EVI	
Elo Profile Dossier		•			F
			Pi	toto: Benjamin Bartels	ā
				ca. 2006	
			<	1/81	>
Close					

The Dossier function goes through the games of your reference database to create a <u>player dossier</u>.

3.3.5 Player index

List window: Click **Player** tab

The players index is sorted alphabetically.

Reference	267
-----------	-----

Text Games	Players Tour	naments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game Title	e Openi	ngs				
Last name	First Name	Total	Elo	Title	m/w	Cou	Native	*	Games			
Kortschnoj	Viktor	41	2499	GM	m	•	_		White	Elo W	Black	
Korzubov	Peter	1	2456	IM	m	=			Kasparov, G	2812	Kortschnoj, V	
Kostaviolas	L	1							Kortschnoj, V	2600	Kasparov, G	
Kouatly	Bachar	3	2454	GM	m				Kasparov,G Kortschnoi,V	2827	Kortschnoj, V Kasparov, G	
Kozul	Zdenko	1	2618	GM	m				Kortschhol.v	2639		
Krabbe	Tim	1	2274		m				Tournaments			
Kramnik	Vladimir	123	2810	WC	m	-			Co Title		Place	D
Krasenkow	Michal	1	2627	GM	m	-		-	11 Candida	tes sf1	London	11
•		III					F		5 Paris Im	mopar	Paris	11
Search:									•	III		
					-						1009	6

Type the first letters of a player into Search below the list to find a player.

Text Games Players Tournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game Last name First Name Total Elo Title m/w Cou. Kortschnoi Strg+W Prepare against White Korzubov Prepare against Black Strg+B Kostayiolas Search white games Umschalt+Strg+Alt+W Kouatly Search black games Umschalt+Strg+Alt+B Kozul ID-Card Strg+Alt+B Krabbe Dossier Strg+D Kramnik Krasenkow Player statistic Improve Player Names... Search: Edit... F2 Delete Entf Jearchion Choose Font... Search for si Search for si Close Alt+F4 Same player This gives you only the whit

Right-click a player to get the following menu:

• Search White/Black

This gives you only the white or black games of the player.

• ID-Card, Dossier

This calls up the <u>ID-Card</u> or generates a <u>Dossier</u> of the player.

Player statistic

This shows <u>statistics</u> of the player's games in the current database (opponents, results, openings).

Edit

This allows you to edit the player's name. If there are a number of entries of the same

player with different spellings mark them all with Crtl-click and use Edit to unify them. But be careful: if you include a different player by mistake you will not be able to find him again after you have changed the names.

Most of the above functions are also in the Tools and Edit menus.

See <u>Player preparation by mouse click</u>

You can close the games list or tournaments list panes by right-click close. To reopen them, use menu Window -> Panes. You can <u>rearrange</u> the window panes in the usual fashion with the splitter bars.

3.3.6 Player dossier

List window: Player Index button "Dossier"



or Player encyclopedia – Dossier

This generates a report with the complete personal and chess profile of a player. The report contains biographical data and pictures, statistics on the player's games, his or her openings, career, results against individual opponents and a selection of spectacular positions for training purposes. Generating the report presupposes that a reference database is defined and ChessBase has access to the player encyclopedia.

See Player preparation by mouse click

When you generate a dossier you can set some parameters, mainly to determine how detailed the report will be.

Repertoire	From year 1800
© Coarse	First Name Length 99
normal Fine	Max. Photographs 1
	Career
	Games with mate

Repertoire

Select the level of detail for repertoire analysis from coarse (only a few lines, terminating early) to fine (many lines, terminating late). In the report the player's repertoire with white and black is given, with the best and the worst lines highlighted. You can click each line that is given to retrieve the games.

From year

You can limit the investigation to only the recent games of a player by setting this value.

First name length

This determines how many letters of the first name will be given to uniquely identify players. Using just a few letters (e.g. one) will produce neater columns on low resolution displays.

Max. photographs

This limits the number of photos that will be included – otherwise in the case of celebrities like Kasparov and Anand there may be pages and pages of portraits.

• Career highlights

Retrieves the best tournament results of the player and his most spectacular games.

You can save the report into the database, just like any <u>database text</u>, but it is not really necessary to do so. Regenerating it in exactly the same form takes just a minute or two.

3.3.7 Search in the player encyclopedia

Database window: List Player Encyclopedia (Ctrl-F2)



You can also search for individual players or generate lists, as in the following example:

Players			
#	Last name	First Name	Elo
105311	Kaspar	Boris	
105312	Kaspar	J	
105313	Kaspar	Jonas	
105314	Kaspar	Ladislav	
105315	Kaspar	Michal	
105316	Kaspar	Reinhold	1950
105317	Kaspar	Ric Rudolf	1859
105318 105319	Kaspar	Willi	2053
105319	Kaspar Kasparavicius	Laimutis	2033
105320	Kasparak	Ivo	2134
105321	Kasparek	R	
105322	Kasparek	Vit	
105323	Kaspari	Michael	
1	Kuspun	menuer	
Search: Kas	oar		
Scarcin KdS	yai		
Last Name	Kasparov		
First Name			
First Name			
# Games		-	
" Games		_	•
O Bot	h 💿 Male	0	Female
Title	Ignore	- WCH	4
	-3		
Elo	0	- 3000	
C		D:	
Country	(none)	Pictu	nes
Native	(none)	•	
Dial	04 04 4000 T		
Birthday	01.01.1900	- 10.11.20	016 🔲 🖛 🔳
Death Day	01.01.1900	- 10.11.20	016 🔍 🗖
Death Day	01.01.1900	J 10.11.20	
	Res	et	
	Activate		

Search for an individual player

If you start typing in the name of a player, after five characters (or earlier if you click the Search button) a list of players will appear. All other options are automatically switched off. A "P" in front of the name in the list means there are pictures available.

• List all players of a country

Select or type in the three-letter code of a country.

> List female players under 20 with photos in the encyclopedia

Uncheck Male, set Age = 1 - 20, check Photo.

> List all FIDE title holders over 70

Title, Alive, 70 – 120.

Find all players who have risen sharply in the last four lists

Activate Riser.

You can combine any of the search criteria. Click Search when you have finished defining what you want.

Clicking a player in the list and then Details will bring up the <u>ID-Card</u> of the player. There you can get a more detailed <u>player dossier</u>.

3.3.8 Player Encyclopedia as List

The contents of the <u>player encyclopedia</u> can also be displayed as a list.

The list view can be displayed by using the ribbon List Player Encyclopedia in the <u>database window</u>.

This window offers the same possibilities as the windows for the <u>tournament index</u> and <u>player index</u>.

If you type the first letters of a player's name in the input box ("Search") all the matching names are listed.

Players			
#	Last name	First Name	Elo
105311	Kaspar	Boris	
105312	Kaspar	J	
105313	Kaspar	Jonas	
105314	Kaspar	Ladislav	
105315	Kaspar	Michal	
105316	Kaspar	Reinhold	
105317	Kaspar	Ric	1859
105318	Kaspar	Rudolf	
105319	Kaspar	Willi	2053
105320	Kasparavicius	Laimutis	2134
105321	Kasparek	Ivo	
105322	Kasparek	R	
105323	Kasparek	Vit	
105324	Kaspari	Michael	
•	-		
Search:	Kaspar		

Example: Let us assume you want a list of all German grandmasters. Enter the following data in the search dialog:

Search player	installer And B	
Last Name First Name	[
# Partien	-	
Ø Both	🔘 Male	Female
Title	GM 👻	🔲 WCH
<u>E</u> lo	0 -	3000

<u>Title</u>: Select from the pulldown menu the title GM. <u>**Country**</u>: Select GER for Germany.

The program then filters all German grandmasters who are listed in the player encyclopedia. The list can be adapted to your needs by using the column sorting.

Using filters

The filter dialog of the player encyclopedia offers the following search criteria:

Family Name: Search criteria player's name

First Name: Player's first name

<u># Games</u>: The search only considers players who have played at least this number of games.

Both / Man / Woman: This is used to decide by sex if the name is the same. Both lists all players with this name whatever their sex is.

<u>Title</u>: Select from the pulldown menu the title which the selected players must have. **<u>Elo</u>**: This narrows down the selected players by their strength.

Country: What country does the player play for?

<u>Country of Birth</u>: The country where the player was born, which is not necessarily the same country that the player plays for.

Date of Birth / Death: This narrows down the selection by when the player was born or died. By clicking on the small arrow you can pick a date from the small calendar.

3.3.9 Spelling of players' names

Standardizing the spelling of players' names is very important for the practical usefulness of a database. All functions which refer to players rely on the standardized spelling. The large databases offered by ChessBase – the Big and <u>Mega Databases</u> – have been meticulously edited and all the players's names are correct.

The best way to standardize names is to make use of the <u>player encyclopedia</u>. You can do this very easily when <u>saving games</u>: simply type in a few letter of the name and then click the "?" button.

White	Gralka	Przemyslaw	?	

ChessBase will retrieve the player you want from the <u>encyclopedia</u>.

3.4 Database Management

3.4.1 Databases

What is a database? A database is a collection of chess games. A database is a single collection – you may have a number of separate "databases". You talk of the "Kasparov database" or "My King's Indian database". Databases contain the moves of games and information on the players, the tournament, result, etc. They can also contain text reports. The games may contain analysis and commentary, including videos and sound tracks, which will be displayed when you replay the games with ChessBase.

ChessBase displays these in its <u>database window</u>, where each database is given as an icon and can be opened with a double click. Opening a database will list the contents of that database.

File Home Report	Maintena	ince Clo	ud View	Help								100%	C				0
Properties Backup Database Delete Search Booste Maintenance	er 🚻 Delete	notate DB	Remove Deleted Games	Check	ind Double (ort Database nprove		Cannib Upda	alize	File Type	F Factory s Settings	:e						
Folders	energia Vete	and a second	4	È.				1	ъ Т						Į.	ľ	-
Game History 2016 - November	Mega Databa	Opening Encyclope		kasparov	Pcschach (CBH)		ollect	Eröffnu samm		yInterne	Big Book of Combinati		Positions (CBH)	test WM-Tes		g.cbf 3H)	
📔 Purchased Data 😰 Cloud Databases	=	PC-Test	1-	=			2.CBF				bt2630.cbf	=	bs2830.4		test oneho	<u> </u>	=
My Databases	pitterspos	2000.cbh	endgame (CBH)	yazgac.cbf (CBH)	Sunepos		BH)	koenigs	ssic	mr1.cbf (CBH)	(CBH)	pitterspos	(CBH		ttest onend	ur.con	
REPERTOIRE SCHWARZ	kaufm1.cbf	f mr2.cbf	mr3.cbf	guckmal.cbf	mobil.cbf	pawr	nstru	pittersp		une.pgn	New	illegal.cbh	Reperto	ire Reperto	ire N	ew	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(CBH)	(CBH)	(CBH)	(CBH)	(CBH)	. (C	BH)				Database		Black	White	e Datab	ase	-
🔎 Search 🕒 Big Icons	🗟 Open	🗮 Details	Tile x12	Small Icons 🧈	••• Medium	Icons	*** Big I		28 Huge		Giant Icons						
New Games	Database Pr	eview: collect	openings		_					_						1	▼ ×
	Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mov	ECO	Tournar	nent	Date	VCS R	Medals	A 🔶 🚮	72.01	Karpov,Ana	toly 275
Playchess.com		Irregular Op Nimzowitse		Opening		Line Line	28 22	A00 A01				Vc VC				1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 q6	
- ayenessicom	÷													-			
Done - Symbols 32															https://d	e.chessbase.	com al

All games you enter in ChessBase are saved in Databases. If you save a new game it is added to the end of the database.

There are two kinds of databases: Normal games databases and <u>openings books</u>. These contain openings positions, not games.

See also File names and extensions

Which databases are useful?

With ChessBase you have access to the online-database. This is a database with appr. 7 Mio. games, which will be regularly updated. In order to use it you have to be connected to the internet. If you want to work offline and do some searches for chess material, you need a database with a lot of chessmaterial. We recommend to use Mega Database with the same Mio. games, 68000 of them annotated.

Creating own databases

When you start ChessBase there is only one database available, which you may never delete: The Clip database. It will be helpful when collecting games and copying them from one database to the next one. We recommend to install in addition the MegaBase as a source for the search for chess-material.

Start either with the shortkey "ctrl+x" or with the feature File *New Database*. You will see a well-known window like the one beside. Choose the directory were you want to store your database and then enter a name for the database. In our example it is "My Work". Take some time in the beginning and think about a clear structure in your chess-directories and databases.

It is up to you which databases you will create. It is, in the first lane, a matter of personal taste. Keep an eye to get the balance between databases with a readable amount of games on the one side and the number of databases on the other side.

However, from experience we know two useful databases:

- My Games A database to store your own games
- My Work A database like a desktop. The database to save working copies of all

games you intend to analyse and change the notation or variation. Later on you might copy them in theme databases you have created

In order to make it easier for you to work with your different databases you are able to set properties for each database. Just mark the database and choose the right mouse button and the feature properties- The window on the left side will be opened. According to the theme you might choose from the selection. Scroll down as you have a wide choice. The database will receive an icon which make it easier to remember the database. In the example we have added the analysis icon to our work database "My Work".

We recommend to use the Mega Database as <u>reference</u> database. It is the most reliable source of chess information available. Just mark the MegaBase and use the way described above.

3.4.2 Database types

You can set the database type by right-clicking the icon in the <u>database window</u> and selecting Properties. The type you select determines which icon is associated with it.

C:\ChessBase Daten\Dat	enbanken\Mega Database 2018.cbh
Studies	Training
Blitz Computer chess Problems	Show Protocol
Patzer Gambit BdF	Reset Protocol
Match Biography Multimedia	7187893 Games
Important Text Download E-Mail	106707 Keys, 100339 Positions
Opening book Chess Media Reference	✓ Reference-DB
Name	Repertoire White Repertoire Black
Mega Database 2018	Always open text Pin to favorites
	Pin to favorites

You can also set a number of other options for a database in the Properties menu.

Name

276 ChessBase 15

The descriptive name under the database icon can be different from the more technical filename.

Training

Makes it a special <u>trainings database</u> where you store lessons, while ChessBase keeps track of the score.

Show protocol

This displays all the databases that were copied into the current one (the "import protocol").

Reset protocol

Clears the import protocol, e.g. before the publication of a database.

Reference database

This makes it a special <u>Reference database</u> which ChessBase consults on all major questions (unless you specify otherwise).

Repertoire database

This is a database in which ChessBase looks after your <u>Repertoire</u>.

Always open text

When the first entry in a database is a text report it is automatically opened when you first start the database. After that you can only open the text manually. You can click this option to make it open every time you start the database.

Pin to Favorites

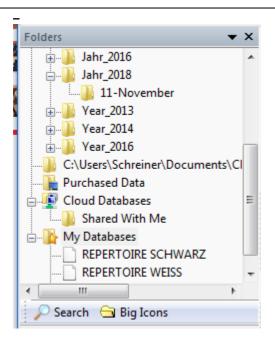
This entry allows you to determine which database will be offered when you are saving a game.

Whenever the user saves a new game, instead of the file dialog box what is displayed first is the <u>Favourites</u> list. By following the procedure described previously the user can permanently enter a DB so that it can be immediately selected in the dialog box for saving.

See also <u>database formats</u>.

3.4.3 My databases

In the folder window you will always find the entry "**My databases**". This is the place where you collect links to your favourite databases and directories. It is your "home" database window.



Ctrl-F12 always takes you to the "*My databases*" window.

How to get a database into your "My databases" window Click *Menu File Open Open Database* (or press Ctrl-O, or right-click the database window and select Add/open database). Select a database in the file selector that appears (it only displays files that ChessBase can read). All databases you open this way are automatically inserted as links into the "My databases" window.

Alternatively you can drag any database symbol from another folder onto "*My Databases*" in the folder view.

Alternatively you could drag a database from Windows Explorer onto "My Databases" in the folder view or in the icon view.

How to get a directory into your "My databases" window

You can also right-click the window and select Add Folder Shortcut. The directory is not copied, but is only inserted as a link into *My databases*.

How to remove a database symbol

Click the database symbol and then *Edit Remove Database Symbol*. You can also right-click the database symbol or press *Delete*. This removes the link but leaves the database intact. Click *Edit Delete All Files* or press Shift-Delete and the database files will be physically deleted.

278	ChessBase 15	
	<u>_</u>	
	Open	
	Search	

Search	Strg+F
Opening reference	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
E-Mail Selected Database	
Edit	•
Remove	Entf
Delete All Files	Umschalt+Entf
Rename	F2

How to remove a directory symbol

Click the directory symbol and then *Edit* Remove Database Symbol. You can also right-click the directory or press Delete. This will always remove only the link to the directory. You can not delete an entire directory physically from within ChessBase.

Eingabe

See also <u>Directly deleting databases</u>

3.4.4 Database symbols

The database symbols show you what type of database each games collection is.



Single-click a symbol to see the games in the database preview window.

Double-click a symbol to open the list window.

Large database symbols for high resolutions

This can be selected using the buttons underneath the database explorer.

It is also possible to view a DVD's contents with a single click.



Right-click a symbol to open a menu of functions working on this database.

Open (Enter)

Opens the <u>list window</u> with the games of the database. **Search (Ctrl-F)**

Brings up a <u>search mask</u> which allows you to search for specific games.

E-Mail Selected Database

Sends the database as E-Mail.

Remove Database Symbol (Delete) Remove the link to the database or directory (but leave the files intact). **Delete All Files**

Physically deletes the files.

Rename

Change the name below the icon.

Tools

Opens a submenu with <u>database maintenance tools</u>.

Properties (Alt-Enter)

Allows you to set the properties of a database.

All of these functions are also to be found in the menus (File, Edit, Tools). There are a few additional menu and keyboard functions that work on databases:

Edit – Copy (Ctrl-C)

Remembers the marked database for copying.

Edit – Paste (Ctrl-V)

Inserts the "copied" games into the currently highlighted database.

Select several databases

This can be done by clicking one database, by Ctrl-clicking a number of databases, by clicking one and Shift-clicking the last, or by dragging a box around a set of icons. After that you can right-click or press Ctrl-F to start a search across all the marked databases.

3.4.5 Creation date of a Database

There are different ways to display the databases in the database window. This is how they look using the large symbols.



You are shown more information if you display the databases in the Details view.

Title	Games	Format	Path	Date	Usag
Mega Database 2	7187893	Refere	C:\ChessBase Daten\Datenbanken\Mega Database 2018.cbh	11.11.2018	32
Opening Encyclo	5629050	CBH	C:\\ChessBase\Ency\Bases\2016\Opening Encyclopedia 2016	11.11.2018	52
Fritz13.ctg	270198	CTG	C:\ChessBase Daten\Books\Fritz13.ctg	10.11.2018	8
🛆 kasparov	2549	CBH	C:\ChessBase Daten\Bases\kasparov.cbh	11.11.2018	171
Pcschach.cbf (CB	851	CBH	C:\ChessBase Daten\Datenbanken\Testsets\Pcschach.cbh	10.11.2018	48
🛆 Eröffnungen sam	357	CBH	\ChessBase\MyWork\sammeln.cbh	10.11.2018	2
Collect Openings	357	CBH	C:\ChessBase Daten\collect openings.cbh	10.11.2018	3
🌽 MyInternetGame	306	CBH	\ChessBase\MyInternetGames.cbh	11.11.2018	35
🍃 MyInternetKibitzi	185	CBH	\ChessBase\MyInternetKibitzing.cbh	10.11.2018	11

The column **Usage** shows how often you have opened the database. The column **Created** shows the creation date of the databases, which you might want to use for sorting the list.

Date	Usage	Created
1.10.2010	5	30.9.2010
1.10.2010	382	2.9.2010
28.9.2010	11	19.11.2009

Note: The program removes database symbols if a database has not been used for a long time. The database is still available on your hard drive and will be displayed if you load it again.

3.4.6 Directly deleting databases

It is possible to <u>completely delete</u> <u>databases</u> in the database window.

You need to follow these steps:

Select the database in the database window by clicking on the database icon.

Click on the ribbon *Maintenance Delete all files*.

Ŵ	Delete all fi	iles of	selected	database	(Umso	halt+Entf)
D. D. C. C.		2111.05		Is /Us Is /	VV	Vatara	

It is also possible to right click on a <u>database symbol</u> and select Delete all files in the context menu.

Open	Eingabe
Search	Strg+F
Opening reference	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
E-Mail Selected Database	
Edit	Þ
Remove	Entf
Delete All Files	Umschalt+Entf
Tools	Þ
Properties	Alt+Eingabe

This opens a dialog box with the following options:

O Delete Physically
O Move To Waste Basket

3.4.7 Tip for a new installation

You would like to or have to install ChessBase on another machine. On the old computer you have <u>many databases</u> with icons in the main window "<u>My Databases</u>" and these should now be imported as they are.

If you have imported exactly the same file paths to the same data entries then it is not necessary to import these databases "by hand".

In the **DBItems.ini file** under the index "My Documents\Chessbase" this information is saved.

Naturally, this is only possible when the paths on the new computer are identical to those installed on the previous computer!

3.4.8 Default book

The default book is an <u>openings book</u> which is automatically updated whenever you add games to your <u>reference database</u>.

This is how to define your default book:

Create an openings book (Database window: **Menu File New Database**, select the database type Books with the extension *.CTG).

Click the openings book and select *Edit Properties* (in the normal or right-click menu).

Switch on the Default book checkbox.

	D:\CB-Datenb	oanken\Books\Fritz13.	ctg
E-Mail Opening book	*	4	Training
Chess Media Reference			Show Protocol
Repertoire Update			Reset Protocol
Strategy Playchess			
Tutorial		270198 Games	
Top Chess Brilliancies		0 Keys, 0 Positior	15
Women Chess		-	

When you copy a set of new games into your reference database then you should click on Update default book in the <u>copy games mask</u> that appears.

This will cause all the games to be copied into your default book as well.

Note: There is no openings book on the ChessBase program DVD. You can generate one from the Big Database 2004. Simply drag & drop the database icon on the book icon.

See also: <u>Copy games to book</u>

3.4.9 Advanced Database Management

Database window: Maintenance (or right-click, Tools).



Backup Database (Ctrl-Z)

This creates a backup or <u>archive copy</u> of a database in a single compressed file.

Remove Deleted Games

Games marked for deletion are permanently remove from the database

Check Integrity

This conducts an integrity test on a database to identify and correct errors.

Find double games

Identifies <u>doubles</u> and marks them for deletion.

Sort database

<u>Sort the games</u> of a database according on year and tournament only and fixes this sort order. You have the choice between ascending or descending. This function is maintained from the CB 8 program because some users do not like to see that some functions are disappeared.

Unannotate DB

Removes all commentary and variations from a database.

Cannibalize

Extracts all games from the selected database which are not already contained in your <u>reference database</u>. When you execute this function you will be prompted to create a new database in which the cannibalised games are stored. There you can examine them and copy the ones you consider interesting into your reference database.

Improve

Automatically completes tournament data like category and number of rounds if they are missing.

Rename files

This renames all the files belonging to the database, including multimedia directories.

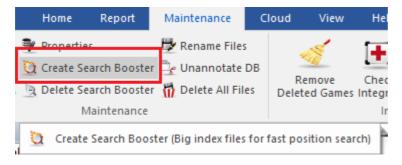
Create/delete search booster

The <u>search booster</u> increases the speed of game retrieval by a factor of up to 100.

3.4.10 Search booster

For ChessBase 15 we have developed a new and more efficient format for the search booster. This optimises especially searches for positions within large databases.

You can create new search boosters for every installed database via the menu item *Maintenance* Create Search Booster.



The search boosters are stored in a separate sub-folder of the target folder in which the database is located.

 ▲ [] ▲ [Books] ▲ [Eröffnungen] ▲ [Mega2013] ▲ [Megabase] 	<dir> <dir> <dir> <dir> <dir> <dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir>
Differsbackup.accelerators]	<dir></dir>
[pittersbackup.patterns] [Playbase] [TB3]	<dir><dir><dir><dir><dir><dir><dir><dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir></dir>
□ [TB4] □ [TB5]	<dir> <dir></dir></dir>
🛅 [Testsets]	<dir></dir>

3.4.11 Clip database

The "*Clip database*" stores references to games from different databases. It is a virtual database that behaves just like a normal one, except that it is not stored permanently. Typically, in the clip database you collect games you encounter when browsing through or searching in other databases. Since the clip database only stores references, changes like marking games for deletion or unannotating will happen on the original games.



This is the symbol of the clip database. You will always find it in the "<u>My databases</u> " window.

See also Clip Database

How to get games into the clip database

In the <u>database window</u> drag a database icon onto the clip database.

▶ In a <u>list window</u> mark one or more games (Ctrl-click, Shift-cursor keys or Ctrl-A for all games), right-click and use *Edit Clip or Unclip*. You can also mark the games and press F5.

▶ In a <u>list window</u> mark one or more games and press Ctrl-C (copy). Switch to the database window, click the clip database and press Ctrl-V (paste). You can also use Copy and Paste in the Edit or in the right-click menu.

• In the <u>players index</u>, the <u>tournament index</u>, <u>annotators index</u> or <u>source index</u> you can mark one or more entries and press F5 (or right-click) to copy the games into the clip database. The clip database is stored to disk when you leave the program and is available the next time you start. Again, it does not store the games, only references to them.

How to remove games from the clip database

• Open the clip database (double-click), mark games using Ctrl-click, Shift-cursor keys or Ctrl-A for all games, right-click the selection and use Remove Selected (or

press F5). You can also use Edit – Remove unselected games to remove all the others.

• List window: Click Remove Selected in the Edit menu to remove the marked games.

▶ List window: Click Erase Clipboard in the Edit menu (or press Ctrl-Alt-V) to remove all games.

• Right-click the clip database symbol and use Erase Clipboard (or press Ctrl-Alt-V). Erasing games from the clipboard does not remove or delete them from the databases.

How to copy games from the clip database to a different location

• Mark games in the clip database list and use <u>Drag & Drop</u> to move them into another list or onto a database symbol.

> Drag the clip database symbol onto another database symbol.

• Mark games in the clip database list, or click the clip database icon, and press Ctrl-C. Click a destination list or database symbol and press Ctrl-V.

3.4.12 Clip database for web-based use

There exists a fixed and new cloud database: the "*Cloud Clip*". All the games you have played or played through with any of the web apps are <u>automatically stored</u> in it.



In the "*Cloud Clip*" you will find for example games which you have played through on our news website with the PGN replayer or games/positions against the web version of Fritz or in tactical training.

It is called up in CB 14 via the *Cloud* menu.



If, for example, you click on Playchess.com, you will see your games on the server.

A click on Tactics shows the tactical positions you have worked on up until then, whereas clicking on "Website" displays all the games which have played through on our news pages with the PGN replayer.

For this to work it is absolutely necessary to log in with a valid ChessBase account. This is the case both for the login via CB14 and for the web app you have selected.

Should no contents be displayed, games have to be saved there first of all.

Here is how: Be logged in to the news page and click on a game in the replay board.

Play a game against fritz.chessbase.com.

Solve tactical positions on tactics.chessbase.com.

This function is particularly useful when playing through games with the PGN replayer on our news site. A mouse click and the game is immediately available to work on in CB 14. By means of ALT-TAB you can switch between the two uses, meaning that no further downloads are necessary to make use of the games in CB 14.

Now a practical example.

Log on under ChessBase 14, if you have not already done so, with your access data. *Start menu Login.*

Start in parallel your internet browser and with your access data log on to your ChessBase Account and open the news page with the latest news from the world of chess.

For the moment there is a report about the match Anatoly Karpov - Jan Timman with a lot of games. The games can be played through in the PGN replayer.

Now you change with Alt-Tab to the database program which is opened in parallel and click on the database *Cloud Clip*. The game can now be found in the database list of Cloud Clip, and can thus be loaded directly into the program and worked upon.

5	Quick Board 🗧					CI	oudClip	: 31 Gam	es				- •
File	Home S	tatistics (Games Players	Openii	ng Keys	View			T K			Cillin,	
Paste	Delete Copy Clip or Unclip	E Full Ga Segoe UI First	•me Header • • 13 • 0 \$	Board	Q Filter List	Edit Game Data	G 🖂	lect All	Cross Table Tou	Next urnament	Activate/deactivate Fritztrainer		
0	Clipboard	Pr	operties	Board	Filter		Edit		Tournar	ments	Activate		
Text	Games Opening	s											
Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mo	ECO	Tourna	iment	Date	^		
1	Vidit,S	2686	Lalith,B	2586	1-0			chess.c	om IoM M	05.10.20	16		
2	Karpov, A		Timman,J		0-1			4th Ba	samro Mat	08.10.20	16		
3	Kramnik, V	2808	Vocaturo, D	2583	1-0			42nd (lympiad B	13.09.20	16		
4	Berescu, A	2454	Kuzubov, Y	2635	0-1			36th B	enasque O	10.07.20	16		
5	Ruether, M	1793	Ferster, F	2170	0-1			Werne	r-Ott-Open	. 16.07.20	16 🗸 🗧 🚔 🚔 🏯		
C													
											10	0%	

Thus you no longer need to do any downloading to extend your own game collections with CB 14!

3.4.13 Database file selector

The *file selector* is used to open a database, create a new one or add it to the database window.

	LU12.cbh	12.06.2001 16:12	ChessBase Datenb	Z KB I III tur di	e Province and a second second
Computer	mobil.cbh	13.10.2001 17:47	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB Vorsch	au 👘
🚰 System (C:)	moretest.cbh	30.05.2001 00:42	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	
Daten1 (D:)	mr1.cbh	12.06.2001 22:00	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	
Ra Daten2 (E:)	mr2.cbh	24.05.2002 12:48	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	
	mr3.cbh	25.01.2001 02:13	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	
📮 Netzwerk	onehour.cbh	15.05.2001 03:40	ChessBase Datenb	2 KB	
	awnstru.cbh	13.10.2001 21:55	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB	1000
	Pcschach.cbh	25.01.2001 21:57	ChessBase Datenb	39 KB	TT KAS
	PC-Test 2000.cbh	13.10.2001 08:42	ChessBase Datenb	зкв 🔻	A Contraction of the second seco
Dateiname:				s (*.CBH,*.PGN,*.CBV,*.C	BZ,*.CBONE,*.CBCLOUD)
			Database PGN files		BZ,*.CBONE,*.CBCLOUD)
				(*.CBONE)	1
te Überschrift				CBCLOUD)	
te überschrift				s old (*.CBF)	
elcode Topic Eigenschaften			Books (*.0		
				(*.CBV, *.CBZ)	
					V, *.CBZ, *.CTG, *.CBONE, *.CBCLOUD, *.CBF)
				es (*.cms;*.wmv)	

Look in: allows you to find a drive and directory. The window displays directories and ChessBase database files. A double-click on a file will open it directly.

Folder Shortcut

Database window: Right-click, Folder shortcut

View	•
Sort Symbols	•
Open Database	Ctrl+0
New Database	Ctrl+X
Database	Strg+O
Add Folder Shortcut	
Windows Explorer	

This is used to add a folder shortcut to your <u>My databases</u> window.

ChessBase 15

3.4.14 Copy games

288

The simplest way of copying games is to use the "<u>Drag & Drop</u>" function in the <u>database window</u> (i.e. drag one database symbol onto another). When you do so the following dialog appears:

Source: <u>G</u> ames	Opening Encycl	-	=	5629050 Games
Append to:	yazgac.cbf (CBI	+)		
Classification	l.	Update	Ref Booster	
🔲 Don't copy si	ngle doubles	Always	Import Ann	otations
🔽 Copy multim	edia files	Update	Default Boo	k
ОК		Help		Cancel

The Copy games dialog also appears when you drag games from one list to another or onto a database icon. You can also use the right-click menu in the <u>games list</u> or on a database symbol. Use *Edit Copy* to copy the games and *Edit Paste* to paste them into a different database.

The Copy games dialog shows you the source and destination databases. The games are copied (appended) to the end of the latter. If you have already copied them, or some of them, you will generally be warned. You also have the following options:

Games

The program offers to copy all games. Naturally you can change the number of the first and last game in order to copy only a selection.

• Opening classification

If the destination database has an openings key installed ChessBase will offer to sort the games into the key while they are being copied. You can deactivate this option if for some reason you want the games to remain unclassified.

• Theme classification

The same applies to the theme key. If one is present in the destination database ChessBase will classify the games into it while it copies them.

Don't copy single doubles

This option is used to prevent more than one copy of a game from entering the

database. It is only available if the destination database has an openings key installed. Naturally the function is very much slower than normal copying, since for each game the program has to check whether it is already present in the database. The speed depends on the quality of the openings key of the destination database.

Always Import Annotations

If you are copying games and instruct ChessBase to skip doubles, you can in addition specify whether annotated games should be copied or not. If you tell ChessBase to "Always Import Annotations" (i.e. games with variations and commentary) then it will copy annotated games even if they are already present in the destination database.

> Copy multi media files

This option is normally switched on, audio and picture files are copied as well when copying games (e.g. those from a ChessBase Magazine DVD). If you do want the multimedia files you can switch the option off.

Update Default Book

If the destination database is your <u>reference database</u> and you have installed a <u>default book</u> then it is advisable to have the book updated when you are copying the games.

Copying games with a right click

The program makes it possible for you to <u>copy into a new database</u> games which you have selected (highlighted) from the games list.

To do so you proceed as follows.

In the games list of the database, highlight the games you wish to copy into a separate database. You are able to highlight games with Ctrl+mouse click or SHIFT+mouse click.

Then right click – Output – Datenbank starts the Windows file selection dialog, from where you can select the target database into which you want to copy the new games.

After the choice of the target database the game(s) are immediately copied.

3.4.15 Choosing good games

Chessbase makes it possible to put predefined values in the <u>search dialog</u> or the list views to make sure that only good games are displayed.

In order to do this the program must first set up the necessary data in the database.

Load a database. The setup is carried out in the <u>game list</u> using the menu *Games* - *Bad Game Set*.

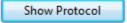


This can improve the quality of the data displayed by only referencing good games. This function only takes into account games in which at least one player has an Elo rating above 2350 or at least one of the players has an IM or GM title. The function excludes blitz, rapid and simultaneous games. Games are excluded that are shorter than seven moves, and drawn games less than 20 moves long are also excluded.

3.4.16 Import protocol

The import protocol of a database keeps trach of all the databases that were copyied into it. ChessBase uses this to warn you if you try to copy the games of a database twice.

You can view the import protocol by clicking Show protocol in the <u>databases</u> <u>properties</u> (right-click a database icon, select Properties – Show protocol).



Clicking Reset protocol will erase the records.

The information about which games have been imported is stored in the "INI'' file of the database.

3.4.17 Delete game

Game list: Edit Delete

Or right-click selected game(s), or press Delete. Or click the button below the games list.

Reference

291

Number	White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mo	ECO	Tournament	Date	VCS	
682	Zueger, B	2400	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	41	D34	SUI-Kasparov	1987		
683	Kasparov, G	2735	Short, N	2615	1-0	60	A90	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
684	Short,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	52	B80	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987	0	
685	Kasparov, G	2735	Short, N	2615	0-1	50	D02	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
686	Short,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	56	<u>852</u>	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
687	Kasparov, G	2735	Short, N	2615	1-0	52	A41	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		Zueger,Beat 2400 - Kasparov,Gar
688	Short, N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	1-0	45	B80	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
689	Huebner, R	2615	Kasparov,G	2735	0-1	36	A21	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		1.c4 Sf6 2.Sc3 c5 3.g3 e6 4.Sf3 d5 5.cxd5 exd5 6.d4 Sc6
690	Karpov, A	2710	Kasparov, G	2735	1/2-1/2	42	E60	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		7.La2 Le7 8.0-0 0-0 9.La5
691	Kasparov, G	2735	Huebner, R	2615	1/2-1/2	48	D20	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		cxd4 10.Sxd4 h6 11.Le3 Te8
602	Karnarov G	7775	Karnov A	2710	10	50	E10	SWIET Chose Wor	1097	Þ	Tarrasch Defence: 6 g3 Nf6 7 Bg2 Be7

The games are marked for deletion. You can repeat the operation to unmark them.

To physically remove the games from a database click it in the <u>database window</u> and use *Maintenance Remove deleted games* (see <u>database tools</u>).



This operation is irreversible!!!

3.4.18 Tip Deleting Games

When you delete the game using either the delete key or the right click menu option, it appears as faded and a line drawn through it but the games are marked only for deletion.

Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game Titl	e Op	enings				
Number	Whit	e	Elo W	Black	E	lo B	Result	Mo	ECO	Tournament	Date	VCS	*
682	Zueg	ger, B	2400	Kasparov,G	27	735 (0-1	41	D34	SUI-Kasparov	1987		
683	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short, N	26	515 1	1-0	60	A90	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
684	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov,G	27	735 ()_1	52	880	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
685	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short, N	26	515 (0-1	50	D02	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		_
686	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov, G	27	735 (0-1	56	B52	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		_
687	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short,N	26	515	L-O.	52	<u>A41</u>	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
688	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov, G	27	735 1	1-0	45	B80	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
689	Hue	bner, R	2615	Kasparov, G	27	735 (0-1	36	A21	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
690	Karp	ov,A	2710	Kasparov,G	27	735 -	<u>/2_1/2</u>	42	E60	SWIFT-Chess Wor	<u>1987</u>		
691	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Huebner, R	26	515	1/2-1/2	48	D20	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
692	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Karpov, A	27	710 1	1-0	59	E12	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
693	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Kortschnoj,	V 26	525	1/2-1/2	51	A13	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
694	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Larsen, B	25	565 1	1-0	24	D40	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
695	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Ljubojevic, L	- 26	520 1	1-0	38	B06	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
666 C				C1 1 1 1		•				owner of the	4007		

You can repeat the operation to unmark them.

Here a description how it works.

Open the database that has the game you want to delete.

Click on the game you want to delete.

Press the delete key on your keyboard or Rightclick - Edit - Delete



The game should now have a line through the information.

Go to the database window. And select the database with the marked games.

For the <u>database</u> you want to finish deleting games from select Menu Maintenance Remove Deleted Games.

3.4.19 Deleting a Database

You can delete every database displayed in your database window with ChessBase.

You must be shure that you want to do this. After deleting the database you can't recover it!

In the start screen, the <u>database window</u>, are all the databases listed.

Select (mark) the database you want to delete in the database window.

Delete all files of selected database (Umschalt+Entf)

A new dialog appears.

 Delete Physically Move To Recycling Bin 	
ОК	Cancel

Select the option "Delete Physically" the delete all files of the database from the harddisc.

3.4.20 Rename a Database

Question: Can I change the name of the actual database, not just how the name appears in the database window?

Go to the <u>database window</u>. Here you should see all the your databases listed. When you Start your ChessBase, the first screen you'll see is the database window. In many ways this screen is your "desktop" for using your ChessBase program.

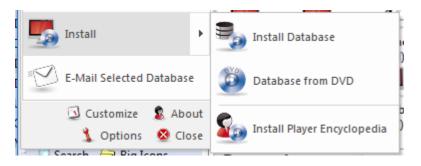
In ChessBase select -> Tools -> Database -> Rename Files.

Maintenance	С	loud	View	Help	
Rename Files	DB	R Dele	emove ted Games	Check Integrity	📸 Fin 🛃 Sor 🛃 Imp
				Impr	ove
🛃 Rename a	ll file	es of th	e selected	database	

This open the dialog window which will let you enter the new name of the database.

3.4.21 Install database from DVD

```
Database window: Menu File Install Database from DVD
```



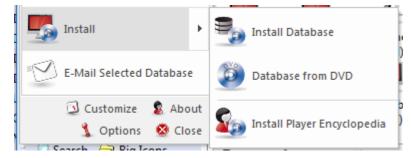
The function automatically copies a large database from DVD. It is the best way to install the Mega or Big databases on your hard disk. You will find the installed database on your <u>My databases</u> window

If you have a database DVD in your drive it will be automatically offered for installation. If the contents of the DVD don't automatically appear, click on the Find DVD Path button and give the right path.

It is also possible to view a DVD's contents with a single click.

3.4.22 Install database on hard disk

Database window: Menu File Install Install Database



This copies the selected database with all attached files onto your hard disk. The database can either be added to a database of the same type in <u>My databases</u>, or it can be copied as a separate database.

Typically you will want to add an installment of <u>ChessBase Magazine</u> to your <u>reference</u> <u>database</u>. The program will suggest an appropriate directory in your ChessBase <u>data</u> <u>directory</u> (My Documents / ChessBase / Bases) on your hard disk. Once it is installed the database icon will appear in your My database window.

3.4.23 Update of the Reference Database

The program makes it possible to automatically keep the <u>reference database</u> up to date. The program includes a serial number for this purpose.

Note: This download service is only available for one year.

The update is started in the database window with the button "New games"



The program starts the Login dialog.

Click "Activate subscription!.

In order to use the update service you have to register with the button $\ Create \ new \ account$.

To register you need to enter a valid email address and a password. The program will tell you if the registration was successful.

After registering log in with your account details (email address and password). The program now offers various sets of downloads.

In the window on the left you can see a list of the <u>available downloads</u>. You can see the number of games and information about the status of each download.

In the window on the right there is a text with detailed information about the selected download.



After selecting a download the window on the bottom right lists all the databases included in this download. This list also includes detailed information such as the number of games in the database, the date, etc.

After selecting a download in the left window you must enter a serial number so that the download can be approved. Click on "Register download" to open a dialog box to enter the serial number.

After entering the serial number the download status changes to *subscribed* .

Now the download can be started by clicking the button Download games .

After downloading the games the user can decide what to do with them.

Add to..." is the usual method. The new games are automatically added to the reference database and classified. This is done automatically for the user.

Note: Please make sure that you have already defined a <u>reference database</u> in the program.

Users who prefer to examine the games first before adding them to the reference database should select **"Save as separate database**". The database is copied onto the user's hard drive and a new database symbol is created in the database window. You can now examine the database yourself before adding it.

The downloaded material is usually a collection of games from current tournaments, but there may also be historical games. Updates are offered frequently, as soon as they have been edited and prepared for download. The games are the ones that will be used by the editors of future versions of the Megabase and Big Database.



3.4.24 Games subscriptions

The login is automatic. If you have already registered your weekly games updates under your ChessBase account, there is no more you need to do.

Everything works as previously.

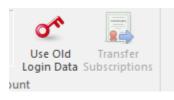


Start the Download in the database window the button "New Games ".

P	Search 😑 Big Icons	
	New Games	
	Playchess.com	

If, however, you still have an old access method (email + password) for games updates, there are now two possibilities:

a. To login in the old access manner, you must first log off from your CB access. You will find in the panel another button "*Use Old Login Data*". In the dialog box, enter your old access data.



Logging in then continues as it did previously.

b. But you can also transfer your previous update subscriptions on to your CB access. You will find a button in the panel for this too. For that you must be logged in with your CB account to which you wish to transfer the subscriptions. Enter your old data into the dialog box.

a	Transfer Subscriptions	5	
	Trai	nsfer Subscriptions	<u> </u>

After confirmation, all subscriptions will be transferred to CB access.

If you no longer remember your password, you can request that a new one for your old access be sent to your email address.

Please note that in order to call up this dialog you must first log off from CB access. (see a) $% \left(\left({{{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathbf{x}}}} \right) \right)$

3.4.25 Downloads Reference Database

Question: By mistake I've deleted the reference base with the downloaded games. I have subsequently re-installed the Megabase. However, it won't update (with new games...) because I had already downloaded them before deleting the Megabase (Status "downloaded"). Can I somehow reset the status and download the data again?

Answer: Games can be downloaded more than once.

- 1. Simply mark the games to be downloaded and then click on "Load selected entries".
- 2. The downloading of games can be carried out using the following steps:
- 3. After logging onto the Update-Server mark the game updates which you wish to download (clicking the left mouse key or shift key to make a multiple selection).
- 4. The next step is to click on the "Load Selected Entries" in the upper menu.
- 5. The program now collects all of the selected updates. Depending on the speed of the computer this can take a few minutes. Wait until this is completed before carrying out the next action.
- 6. Finally the dialogue box appears "Select database" where you can select whether the games should be attached to the reference database (in this case Mega2015) or whether the games should remain as individual databases. You can, if you wish, also call up another database by click on the three points and specifying this in the Windows-Selection box.
- 7. Click OK to start importing the games.

Important: Adding updates to a large database such as the Mega Database can, depending on the speed of your computer, take a long time to update due to the classification.

Tip: It is recommended to carry out both procedures - add the data to Mega as well as keeping a copy of the individual databases. The advantage of this is that you then have an overview of the database updates on your hard drive.

These are automatically stored in the folder *Download* - *Subscription*.

3.4.26 Copy games to book

You can copy games into an <u>openings book</u> to extend it. You can <u>drag & drop</u> another database symbol onto the book symbol, or drag & drop a selection of games list or opening keys onto it.

Games	1 - 927	•
Length		
O Absolute length	ECO-relative length	
Length	20	*
Include variations		

Games

You can set the number of games you want to copy.

Length

Crucial for the size of the resulting tree is the length of the variations which are put into the tree. It is not very meaningful to put entire games into it, so you should truncate them at a specific point.

ChessBase allows you to limit the length of the variations in two different ways.

- 1. You can specify that the absolute length of every variation should be exactly "n" moves.
- 2. It is usually much more sensible to limit the length of the variations relative to the ECO classification. This results in long variations for theoretical main lines (ECO classification position found late in the game) and short variations for side lines i.e. early deviations.

Obviously, if you choose a shorter length the tree will be compact. But then you are liable to lose some valuable information. If you choose a very large value then the tree will be gigantic, and it will contain a lot of superfluous information. A good practical

value for adding games to the tree is the default of ECO + 20.

Variations

You can also include variations, i.e. analysis that might be included in the games. But these are not included in the statistical analysis.

3.4.27 Manage Databases

ChessBase stores games in <u>databases</u> The <u>database window</u> is your control center to access, copy, delete, edit, merge and backup databases.

File Home Report Mainte	nance Cloud	View H	lelp			h.	U		// @
	Vly Cloud Si Ibases Databases	how Contents of DVD	Board	Online Hard Disk	Prepare Against		.ist Player cyclopedia	Log Off DerAmateur	CEED .
Сору	Database		Board	Search games		Players		ChessBase Acco	unt
Folders ×	22441	2016		* <u>*</u>	1	b T	^	1-	
11-November	Mega Database 2018	Opening Encyclope		ritz13.ctg	kasparo	ov F	Cschach.cb (CBH)	f Eröffnungen sammeln	E
⊕]]) Year_2014 ⊕]]) Year_2016	0					-			
C:\Users\Schreiner\Documents\Cl Purchased Data Cloud Databases	Collect Openings	MyInternetG	am MyIn	ternetKibitz	Positions (CBH)		/M-Tests.cb	h bugg.cbf (CBH)	
Shared With Me My Databases	=			I_{-}			=	=	
REPERTOIRE SCHWARZ REPERTOIRE WEISS	pittersposbase2	PC-Test 2000).cbh en	dgame.cbf (CBH)	yazgac.cbf	(CBH) S	ounepos.pgr	n LCT2.CBF (CBH)	-
Image: Image	📑 🗟 Open 📰 🛙	Details 🔡 Tile	e x32 Smal	Lons 📲 M	edium Icons	*64 Big Ic	ons x128 Hi	uge Icons 🛛 🛛 🗛 🗛 🗛 🗛 🗛	
🔎 Search 🔄 Big Icons	Database Preview:	kasparov							▼ ×
	Num White		Elo W Bla	ck	Elo B	Result	Moves ^	EX DEPARTOR	
VPDATE New Games	5 Kasparo	v.G	Ave	erbakh.Y		1-0 4	48		
	6 Sarkisov			parov,G			35 1		
	7 Gasarjar	n,A	Kas	parov,G			56 I		-
Playchess.com	8 Sarkisov		Kas	parov,G		0-1	39 🔻	-	Ŧ
	•						•	NUMBER OF THE STATE	

• Open a database for browsing in a <u>list window</u> by double-clicking on its symbol in the database window.

- Copy games by <u>Drag & Drop</u> or by menu Edit Copy and menu Edit Paste.
- Edit type and title of a database by right-clicking on the symbol Properties.

• Call <u>advanced database management</u> functions by right-clicking on the symbol – Tools.

▶ The most important tool is to <u>backup</u> a database into a single compressed file: *Right-click, Tools* Backup Database.

J-TESUZ	Eult			1	ign cerziebr (ebri)	-	Elo B
ls 📷	Remove		Entf		Huge Icons x256 Giant Icons	h,Y	
arov	Delete All Files	Umsch	halt+Entf			▼ × v,G	
	Tools			١	Backup Database	Strg+Z	
	Properties	Alt+	Eingabe		Remove Deleted Games		
	Kasparov, G	0-1	56	-	Check Integrity		
	Kasparov,G	0-1	39		Find Double Games		e da
					Sort Database		
					Unannotate DB		
	• • Edit type and	title of a dat	abase b	у	Cannibalize		

3.4.28 Database path

The database path for ChessBase is the place where it will automatically install or create new databases. Also your games played on the chess server playchess.com are store here.

4 🌗 ChessBase	-	Name	Änderungsdatum	Тур	Größe
퉬 Analysis		MyInternetGames.cbc	18.10.2014 00:03	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB
🌗 Bases		MyInternetGames.cbe	04.04.2010 13:05	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB
🌗 Books		MyInternetGames.cbg	18.10.2014 00:03	ChessBase Datenb	23 KB
🖻 鷆 Cloud		MyInternetGames.cbh	18.10.2014 00:03	ChessBase Datenb	13 KB
🌗 CompBase		MyInternetGames.cbj	18.10.2014 00:03	ChessBase Datenb	22 KB
History		MyInternetGames.cbl	05.11.2014 14:01	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB
鷆 LetsCheck	-	MyInternetGames.cbm	04.04.2010 13:05	ChessBase Datenb	1 KB

The default database directory is *My Documents* (*ChessBase*). This is consistent with the Windows standard and should not be changed.

My documents\ChessBase\Bases

This is where your Mega Database and all other large databases will be installed.

- My documents\ChessBase\Books This is for the openings books.
- My documents\ChessBase\CompBase

Here you will find the databases that our chess playing programs generate, e.g. for engine matches and when they automatically save games.

My documents\ChessBase\Internet

For games automatically downloaded from the Internet.

- My documents\ChessBase\Repertoire
- For repertoire databases
- My documents\ChessBase\NoGames

All ChessBase-generated files which are not game databases.

If you play on the chess server, the database path will contain the databases

> MyInternetGames Games you played.

- > MyInternetKibitzing
- Games you watched.
- > MyInternetTournaments
- Games of tournaments you organized on the server.
- > MyInternetMachineGames
 - Games you played in the machine room.

3.4.29 Archive database

Database window: Maintenance Backup database

Compress all files of a database into a single archive file. (Strg+Z)

The selected database is compressed into a single file. The degree of compression depends on the contents of the database, but you should achieve a space saving of about 30% to 50% (considerably more if there is a great deal of text commentary). It is the best way to create and maintain backup copies of your databases. This is especially true of games collections with numerous commentary and multimedia files. ChessBase will find them all and include them in the archive file.

The archive file has the ending **"CBV"**. The <u>database window</u> will show such archive files. If you double-click them, ChessBase unpacks and opens the original database.

Encrypting databases

For strong players the opening preparation they carry around to tournaments in a notebook computer may represent a security problem. ChessBase offers an encryption function to protect your work.

To encrypt a database, click it and then press Ctrl-Z (or click Backup database) as described above.

In the dialog that appears click "Crypted"

▶ Type in a <u>password</u>, twice to avoid spelling errors. You can use spaces. The password is case sensitive, so you must type in capital letters exactly like you did originally.

• ChessBase stores the database in an encrypted archive with the <u>file extension</u> CBZ. It then offers to delete the original database, which is usually appropriate.

Important notes

After you create an encrypted archive, the original database files are physically deleted! ChessBase asks you to confirm this, because the files can never be recovered. The program overwrites them with random characters before deleting them, to ensure that they cannot be reconstructed with disk utilities. So make sure you type in and remember the password correctly. Otherwise your database will be irrevocably lost.

ChessBase encrypts files using a *DES algorithm*. There is no back door so we cannot help you to retrieve files if anything goes wrong. If you forget the password, your work is gone forever.

3.4.30 Edit menu in games list

In ChessBase you can copy games freely from one place to another. In the games list you can do this with the right-click menu "Edit

Edit	•
Opening reference on selection	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
Selection to Book	Umschalt+Eingabe
Replay games automatically	
Output	+
Cross Table	Т
Statistics	S
Piece Probability	Umschalt+S
Overview	0
Create game title	
Tactical Analysis	
List Format	+
Close	

Copy

Remembers the selected games which can then be copied (pasted) to another list or database. You can also mark the games and press Ctrl-C.

Paste

After you have "copied" games you can use "paste" to insert them in the current database or list. You can also press Ctrl-V.

Delete

Marks the selected games as deleted (grey and struck out). You can do the same with the Delete key. Repeating will "undelete" the games. There is a special function to <u>physically delete the games</u>.

Select all

Selects all the games in the current list (Ctrl-A does it too). This is often used in connection with "Copy" to copy all the games in the list.

Copy or Unclip

The selected games are put into the <u>Clip database</u>. You can also press F5.

Replace with ...

If a game is loaded in a board window, you can replace the selected game in the database physically with this loaded game.

Filter games

This calls up the <u>search mask</u> (as does Ctrl-F). In the search result list you can keep adding criteria to narrow down the search until enough games are filtered out to make

the list managable.

Edit game data

Allows you to edit the game data (players names, tournament, etc.) of the selected game. If more than one game is highlighed, ChessBase will check if one player is present in all the games. If this is the case you can edit the name and Elo rating of that player.

More...

Several special editing functions, e.g. for setting a common <u>source</u> or tournament for the selected games.

Tactical Analysis...

The program offers in the form of "Tactical analysis" an extra function for automatically checking games for mistakes and tactical inaccuracies.

3.4.31 File names and extensions

All files which belong to an individual database have the same name, but their suffixes are different:

NAME.CBH	= Game data ("H" is for game "header").
NAME.CBG	= Game moves and variations ("game").
NAME.CBA	= Annotations (text commentary).
NAME.CBP	= Players index.
NAME.CBT	= Tournament index.
NAME.CBC	= Commentators index.
NAME.CBS	= Source index.

These files contain the minimal game information in a database. If you delete the CBA file all commentary will be removed from the games – but not the moves and the variations, which are stored in the CBG file. If you delete the CBG file the database can still be opened and many operations carried out (e.g. openings, players, tournament indexes, statistics). You can even load individual games, but of course there are no moves to play through. It is not recommended to delete files of a database, if necessary, please be sure to have a backup before doing so.

NAME.CBE	= Team index.
NAME.CBJ	= Second header file, team information, <u>final material</u> .
NAME.CBM	= Multimedia baggage in HTML database text files.

Those files contain additional information to the games. If they are lost, information is irrevocably lost, but the games will still be fine.

NAME.CBB= Search booster.NAME.CBGI= A second smaller search booster.NAME.CIT= Index file for fast player/tournament/team access, automaticallygenerated, if lost.= Index file for fast player/tournament/team access, automatically

generated, if lost.

White Repertoire

WhiteRepertoire

cbclhdr

cbclatt

The first two contain hashed information on the games in a database. It increases the speed of retrieval by a factor of 100. These files are generated by the program and they are not critical.

NAME.CKO = ChessBase key, openings. NAME.CPO = ChessBase positions, openings. These files contain the openings keys for a database. The CKO file contains the names of the keys and the record numbers of the games for each key. The CPO file contains the positions which ChessBase uses to classify a game and determine which openings variation it contains. NAME, CKN + .CPN= General theme key, theme definitions. NAME.CK1 + .CP1 = Tactical theme key and definitions. NAME.CK2 + .CP2 = Strategic theme key and definitions. NAME.CK3 + .CP3 = Endgame theme key and definitions. These keys make use of definitions created with the help of the search mask to classify games according to various themes. NAME.CTB NAME.CTG NAME.CTO These three files make up an openings book. NAME.CBV = Archived ChessBase database. NAME.CBZ = Encrypted archived ChessBase database. This is used to store all of the database components in a single, compressed file. You can use it to backup your work or send databases by email. The .CBZ file is protected by a password which you enter when you archive the database and need when you open it again. = Database initialisation file. NAME.INI The name and type of the database are recorded in this text file. In addition, this is where ChessBase saves the import protocol and the type of database. \NAME.BMP = Multimedia subdirectory for picture files. \NAME.AVI = Multimedia subdirectory for video files. \NAME.WAV = Multimedia subdirectory for sound files. When you record or copy a multimedia file the corresponding directory is automatically created in the directory where the database is located. NAME.CBF = Old ChessBase games file. NAME.CBI = Old ChessBase index file. = Commonly used ASCII textfile format. NAME.PGN ChessBase 7.0 can read and write files in the old ChessBase format and the ASCII format known as PGN which is widely used on the Internet. NAME.PGI = ChessBase (redundant) index into a PGN file, not essential. <DIR> 05.11.2014 13:03 **[**..] 05.11.2014 20:30 White Repertoire ini 40 WhiteRepertoire cbcloud 6.588 05.11.2014 20:30 WhiteRepertoire cbclmov 0 05.11.2014 13:03

0

0

05.11.2014 13:03

05.11.2014 13:03

Files of the CB Cloud Databases.

3.4.32 Check integrity

Database window: Maintenance Check Integrity

Check the technical integrity of all database files.

Databases can sometimes become corrupted. The files can be damaged by viruses, a damaged disk surface, power surges or failures during a write operation, etc. Also, file operations outside of ChessBase may cause problems.

The integrity test <u>checks a database for errors</u>. It will also attempt to repair any damage it finds. Since this is a delicate operation you should definitely make a <u>backup</u> of the files before you use the integrity check.

3.4.33 Search booster

The "*search booster* is a file which is used to increase the speed (by a factor of about 100!) at which ChessBase can find positions, material and manoeuvres. The search booster consists of a file which has the extension ".CBB". It can be generated by the program for any database. The file uses 52 bytes per game. You get greater speed in return for using more space on your hard disk, and must decide whether the trade-off is desirable on your system.

Create Search Booster

When you search for a position in a database without a search booster ChessBase asks you whether you want to create one to speed things up. You can interrupt the process at any stage and even work with a partially completed search booster. In that case the first part of the search will be very fast, the second much slower. You can always complete the process at a later time – in fact the program will remind you when you copy new games into the database.

You can also manually create or delete a search booster: right-click a database symbol and select Tools – Create search booster.

If you want to get rid of it use Delete search booster.

For ChessBase 15 we have developed <u>a new and more efficient format</u> for the search booster. This optimises especially searches for positions within large databases.

The search boosters are stored in a separate sub-folder of the target folder in which the database is located.

金[]	<dir></dir>
🛅 [Books]	<dir></dir>
🛅 [Eröffnungen]	<dir></dir>
🗀 [Mega2013]	<dir></dir>
Megabase1	<dir></dir>
[pittersbackup.accelerators]	<dir></dir>
pittersbackup.patterns]	<dir></dir>
问 [Playbase]	<dir></dir>
🧰 [ТВЗ]	<dir></dir>
🗀 [TB4]	<dir></dir>
🗀 [TB5]	<dir></dir>
🗀 [Testsets]	<dir></dir>

Example:

When I do a search of a certain position in Chessbase of my Mega Database, I only get up to 2006 (and I know there were more games in the following years up to 2016).

It helps when you delete the Search Booster and create a new one!

Highlight the Database in your Database window. Use "Tools – Database – Delete Search Booster" to delete the current booster, and then "Tools – Database – Create Search Booster" to create a new one. The whole process will take a couple of minutes.

Now run "Create Search Booster". This should also take a few minutes.

After that you are fine to go.

3.4.34 Automatic Correction of Player Names

To have any statistical relevance the names of the players must be spelt consistently. For instance, Gary Kasparov, Garry Kasparov and G. Kasparov would be treated as three different players.

ChessBase allows you to automatically correct spelling variations of player names in the <u>player index</u>.

Load the <u>player index</u> of a database. Click on the heading "Player" in the list.

The function can be found in the menu Players - Improve Playernames.



After completion the program tells you what it has changed in a small information box.

3.4.35 Filter – Good Games

Open the <u>game list</u> of a database. The option - *Create good/bad game* set decides whether these flags are set for the database and used while searching



In the dialog for game search Chessbase offers the parameter "Good Games ".

Good games

Using this parameter the results can be greatly be improved by considering the quality of the games in the list. For instance, this function only considers games in which at least one player has an Elo rating above 2350 or one player had an IM or GM title. This function excludes blitz, rapid and simultaneous games. It also excludes games with less than seven moves and drawn games with less than 20 moves.

3.4.36 Database formats

ChessBase can read and write databases in different formats:

> The ChessBase format (extension CBH)

This is the native format, with powerful indexes and fast searches across multiple databases. It also supports a large number of annotation features, including graphic and spoken commentary, videos, text reports, and many other functions described in this reference. Double-clicking a file with this symbol will automatically start ChessBase and open the database.

The book format (extension CTG)

This is the database format for <u>openings books</u>.

> The PGN format (extension PGN)

"<u>Portable game notation</u>" is a text format that is very popular for E-mail and on the Internet. Most chess playing programs can handle PGN.

This is how to create a PGN file:

In the <u>database window</u> click Application *Menu New Database*. In the <u>database file</u> <u>manager</u> select "PGN" as the file type. Use <u>Drag & Drop</u> to copy games into the new database. They are automatically converted into the PGN format.

CBF format

This is the file format of earlier versions of ChessBase. You can right-click a CBF database and use "Convert to new format" to make it a CBH file.

CBONE format

ChessBase now supports a new database format with the extension ***.cbone**. This format is listed in the dialogs for opening and saving files. The advantage of this format is that in contrast to the CBH format the whole database is stored in one file. This makes the format suitable for backups and for sending to other people. If you use a large number of small files you should consider using this format. It is possible to exchange games between CBH, CBF and PGN databases. You can create databases in any of these formats and copy games into it.

CBCloud Format

The CBCloud format is made up of only four files. There are no index files for the players, tournaments, etc. The same data can be stored as in the CBH format, but due to the lack of index files there are less functions to access the data. Sorting and two-level deleting is possible.

See also List of all filenames.

3.4.36.1 *.cbone

ChessBase supports <u>a new database format</u> with the extension ***.cbone**.

This format is listed in the dialogs for opening and saving files.

The advantage of this format is that in contrast to the CBH format the whole database is stored in one file. This makes the format suitable for backups and for sending to other people. If you use a large number of small files you should consider using this format.

3.4.37 Register File Types

Ribbon Maintenance Register file types



In Windows different file types are associated for different programs, based on their extensions. For instance, double clicking on a file with the extension *.jpg will automatically open a graphics program.

This is also the case <u>for the file types used by ChessBase</u>. Databases and position trees have their own extensions. If the file types were not automatically registered during the installation of the program it can be done later with:

The program now asks you if you want to register all the file types used by the program.

3.4.38 Database Indexes

List window: Click tabs at top of games list

	Clipboard	d	Pro	perties	Board	Filter		Edit	Iournan	nents	Activa	te
Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources Te	ams Game	Title Op	enings				
Number	Whit	e	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Mo	ECO	Tournament	Date	VCS	*
682	Zueg	ger, B	2400	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	41	D34	SUI-Kasparov	1987		
683	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short, N	2615	1-0	60	A90	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		-
684	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	52	B80	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
685	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short,N	2615	0-1	50	D02	London m 25' rap.	04.02.1987		
686	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	56	B52	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
687	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Short,N	2615	1-0	52	A41	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
688	Shor	t,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	1-0	45	B80	London m 25' rap.	05.02.1987		
689	Hue	bner, R	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	0-1	36	A21	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
690	Karp	ov,A	2710	Kasparov, G	2735	1/2-1/2	42	E60	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
691	Kasp	arov,G	2735	Huebner, R	2615	1/2-1/2	48	D20	SWIFT-Chess Wor	1987		
€02 ∢	Kaen	G	7775	Karnay A	2710	1 0	50	E10	CU Doubleclick to op	pen! 7	ŀ	•
											10	00%

This displays the games sorted by different indexes or "keys":

Player index Tournament index Annotator index Source index Team index Openings index General themes Tactics Strategy Endgame Final material (subkey in the gameslist)

If any of the keys are not present ChessBase will generate them for you.

3.4.39 Folders

Menu File Options	Folders
Notation Engines	Database path C:\Users\Schreiner\Documents\ChessBase Browse
Folders	Temporary Books
Limits	D:\TempTree Browse
Tablebases	biowse
Clipboard	
Encyclopedia	
Misc	
User	
Design	
Language	
	OK Cased Apply Hale

Here you tell ChessBase where you normally keep your databases, where it should store temporary books, and where the <u>players encyclopedia</u> and the endgame tablebases are located.

3.4.40 Find double games

Database window: Maintenance Find double games (also in right-click menu)

📸 Detect double games and mark one of each pair as deleted

When you put together a database from different sources you often have the problem that more than one copy of some of the games are present. ChessBase provides you with a powerful tool to identify and eliminate doubles. Select a database in the <u>database window</u> and click Find double games. You will get a <u>dialog box</u> in which you can specify the criteria which define the doubles and tell the program what to do with them.

First game		Decisio	n		
1		© Ah	ways delete first gam	e	
		© Ah	ways delete second g	Jame	
Number of moves		Ke	ep 'better' game		
0		Keep different annotators			
V Clip doubles		Delete annotated games			
✓ Ignore Result		Merge annotated games			
🔲 Ignore year		Re Re	place annotated gan	nes	
Names	Tournamer	nts	Moves	Similar moves	
Exact	Exact		Exact	© Slow	
Similar	Similar		Similar	Fast	
Ignore	© Ignore		Faster		
	Remov	e Delete	d Gamer		

First game

If you have added a few games to a large database you can start from the game number of the first imported game. This will save a lot of time, since ChessBase does not have to check all the original games against each other.

Number of moves

Checking very short games (especially those with zero moves) wastes time and is usually pointless. You can avoid it by selecting a minimum game length.

Clip doubles

This copies all identified doubles to the <u>clip database</u>. You can browse through them there if you want to manually check the doubles ChessBase wants to remove.

Ignore result

If the quality of the games is very low the same game can be given with a different result. You can make ChessBase identify them anyway. It takes longer for the program to process the database, but more doubles are found.

Ignore year

Sometimes even the year might be incorrect, and you will want to make ChessBase find doubles with different dates attached to them. This slows down the process but produces more hits.

Names exact / similar / ignore

If you select Similar then similar spellings will be accepted as belonging to the same player, e.g. Müller = Muller, Yussupov = Jussupow, Kortschnoj = Korchnoi, etc. Capitals and small letters will also be ignored.

> Tournaments exact / similar / ignore

Similar spellings will be considered as being identical.

Moves exact / similar / ignore

Once again you can determine how exact a match must be for ChessBase to consider the games identical. If you want to be radical and mark anything that smells like a double, use Ignore. ChessBase will then compare games not by moves but by <u>ECO</u> <u>classification</u> only. It will probably find quite a few games which look similar but aren't really doubles at all.

Always delete first/second game

Normally ChessBase will remove the first game when it finds doubles, on the assumption that the second will be more recent and the more correct of the two. If you have a very good database and add games to it you may want to switch to deleting the second game instead. It also keeps the tournaments intact (i.e. they will remain together in the database).

• Keep 'better' game

The better game is the game with more header details like Elo ratings, publisher source, first names, etc.

b Delete annotated games

Annotated games are treated specially. Normally the program does not want to delete double games which contain annotations, since information could be lost in the process. If you click on Delete annotated games, they will be deleted just like any other double.

Merge annotated games

If you choose this option the game with the lower game number in the database will be loaded and merged with the other one. The contributors of the annotations will be get be noted in the game. Then the lower number game will then be replaced by the merged version.

Replace annotated game

If you import a batch of annotated games, removing the original entries with a doubles search will ruin the tournaments. Replace annotated game causes ChessBase to replace the original game with the new annotated version.

Remove doubles does not physically remove the games from the database, it <u>marks</u> them for deletion. If you want them removed you must click the database and use *Maintenance Remove deleted games* (see <u>database tools</u>). This operation is irreversible.

3.4.41 A tip on searching for doubles

When in ChessBase the dialog for the <u>search for doubles</u> is started, there is in the dialog box the section "*Similar moves*".

Similar moves
Slow
Fast
Faster
○ Faster

What exactly is the effect of the options "Slow, Fast, Faster"?

This parameter allows the user to stipulate the procedure for the checking for doubles. The setting "Slow" brings the most precise results and the greatest number of matches, but requires more time to do so.

3.4.42 PGN format

The PGN or Portable Game Notation format is an internationally recognized standard for recording games in ASCII notation. It is especially popular on the Internet because the games are stored as plain textfiles and can be edited – or theoretically even typed in completely – with a simple text editor. On the other hand, the use of storage space is much less efficient than in the ChessBase format – you need about seven times as much space to store the same games in PGN.

ChessBase can read and write PGN games files. As a user you do not need to worry about conversions. You simply address the PGN database directly, like any other database file. In order for ChessBase to read a PGN file it must have the extension ". PGN". You may have to rename a textfile first if it doesn't have the correct extension.

Once the PGN file is in the <u>database window</u> you can list out the games, load any of them and replay them in the board window. You can even add games to the database, by entering them or copying games from another database. Naturally they will be saved in PGN format, appended to the end of the file. You can copy individual games from the PGN file, or in fact the whole PGN database, into a standard ChessBase database. During the process they will be automatically converted.

In order to load a PGN file you need to set the "Files of type" field in the <u>Database file</u> <u>selector</u> to "PGN".

PGN Downloads from the Internet

Databases from the Windows TEMP folder are no longer added as symbols to "My Databases". Such databases can come about from doing something like opening an email.

If only one game is loaded a board window automatically opens.

3.4.43 PGN Downloads from the Internet

Databases from the Windows TEMP folder are no longer added as symbols to "*My Databases*". Such databases can come about from doing something like opening an email.

If only one game is loaded a board window automatically opens.

See also <u>Cloud Clip</u>

3.4.44 Saving Games in PGN

The PGN or **Portable Game Notation** format is an internationally recognized standard for recording games in ASCII notation. It is especially popular on the Internet because the games are stored as plain textfiles and can be edited – or theoretically even typed in completely – with a simple text editor. On the other hand, the use of storage space is much less efficient than in the ChessBase format – you need about seven times as much space to store the same games in PGN. ChessBase can read and write PGN games files. As a user you do not need to worry about conversions. You simply address the PGN database directly, like any other database file. In order for ChessBase to read a PGN file it must have the extension ".PGN". You may have to rename a textfile first if it doesn't have the correct extension.

Once the PGN file is in the Database window you can list out the games, load any of them and replay them in the board window. You can even add games to the database, by entering them or copying games from another database. Naturally they will be saved in PGN format, appended to the end of the file. You can copy individual games from the PGN file, or in fact the whole PGN database, into a standard ChessBase database. During the process they will be automatically converted.

Start the Software and create a new PGN file: File New Database



Here you must first select the File format "**PGN**" on the very bottom of that dialog box.

New Database	.pgn							
PGN files (*.PG	N)							
Databases (*.Cl	3H)							
PGN files (*.PG	N)							
Single file (*.CE	ONE)							
Cloud (*.CBCL	DUD)							
Databases old (*.CBF)							
Books (*.CTG)								
All Databases (N, *.CTG, *	.CBONE, *.C	BF)				
Collins,S	2490	1-0	A00	NOR-chT 1415	02.11.2014	3.5		
Comis,5	2490	1-0	AUU	NOR-0111415	02.11.2014	2.2		

When you have successfully created that new and empty PGN database you can copy games from other databases into it.

3.4.45 Password

When you compress a database to an <u>archive file</u> you have the option of encrypting it with a password. You have to enter your password twice to avoid typos. The filename has the ending **CBZ**.

Important note

After you create an encrypted archive, the original database files are physically deleted! ChessBase asks you to confirm this, because the files can never be recovered. The program overwrites them with random characters before deleting them, to ensures that they cannot be reconstructed with disk utilities. So make sure you type in and remember the password correctly. Otherwise your database will be irrevocably lost.

ChessBase encrypts files using a powerful DES algorithm. There is also no secret master password or back door, and we cannot help you to retrieve files if anything goes wrong. **So if you forget the password, your work is gone forever**.

3.4.46 Network capability

ChessBase has a certain degree of networking capability. A database in a network can be read and probed by a number of users simultaneously. But writing to the database is only possible when nobody else is accessing it.

The same applies to Fritz. For instance, if an engine match or tournament is running on a computer, another computer can access the files over the network and load games or generate a tournament table.

3.5 General

3.5.1 Elo ratings

Elo ratings, invented by the Hungarian statistician Professor Arpad Elö, express the playing strength of chess players. Strong club players may reach 2000 points, International Masters are usually 2300 to 2500, Grandmasters up to 2700, with a very small number of players exceeding event that (Garry Kasparov is the only player in history to exceed 2800). Twice a year the world chess federation issues an Elo rating list with ratings for tens of thousands of players.

Here's a list of rating categories

Playing strength Player category

1000-1000	Average club player
1600-2100	Strong club player
2100-2300	International league player
2300-2450	International Master (IM)
2450-2650	Grandmaster (GM)
2650-2850	Supergrandmaster, world champion

3.5.2 ECO classification

The abbreviation ECO stands for "*Encyclopedia of Chess Openings*", a standard reference for openings that is published by the Chess Informant. Individual variations of an opening are denoted by abbreviations like "C43" (Petroff with 3.d4) or "D89" (Grunfeld Indian Exchange – main line). The system has become universally accepted and is also used by ChessBase.

In the <u>search mask</u> you can specify a range of openings (and combine this with players, length, result, etc.). Click on the ECO checkbox and enter ECO codes, e.g.

"C43″	and	"C45″	for all games from C43 to C45
"C"	and	"C45″	for all games from C00 to C45
"C45″	and	nothing	for all games from C45

The number behind the slash in the code ("/99") denotes the subvariations. The ECO code is embedded in all games supplied by ChessBase and displayed in the games list. If a set of game you get from somewhere else does not contain or has incorrect ECO codes you can have them inserted by ChessBase.

Use Games list: Games Set ECO codes



This will insert or correct the ECO codes in all the games.

- 1. Volume C covers the French Defense and all double King pawn openings.
- 2. Volume B covers all 1.e4 openings in which Black replies with something other than 1.e6 or 1.e5.
- 3. Volume D contains all of the double Queen pawn openings and all openings in which 3.Nc7 Bg7 doesn't follow the opening moves 1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 g6 (that's what the parentheses mean in the list above: that those moves are not played -- so, in other words, it's the 1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 openings in which 2...g6 is played, but 3.Nc3 Bg7 doesn't follow).
- 4. Volume E has the openings in which either 2...e6 or 2...g6 3.Nc3 Bg7 follow 1.d4 Nf6 2.c4.
- 5. Volume A contains everything that doesn't fall into the categories of the other four volumes (stuff like the English and the various flank openings).

3.5.3 ChessBase Magazine

Every two months a unique electronic chess magazine is published: ChessBase Magazine contains over 1000 games from the best tournaments throughout the world. A majority of them are extensively annotated, often by world class players and often with easy-to-understand text commentary. There are special sections for opening surveys, gambits, tactics, middle and endgames, blunders. ChessBase Magazine presents the ultimate training material for ambitious players.



ChessBase Magazine also contains multimedia reports from current tournaments, private interviews with top players, video commentary of their games. Listen to Kasparov explaining his games against Deep Blue, Kramnik bemoaning a loss, Anand telling a hilarious chess aneDVDote.

If you want to try out ChessBase Magazine you can order it from your national ChessBase distributor or order directly from our web site: <u>www.chessbase.com</u>.

3.5.4 **Commentary symbols**

When annotating chess games you can make use of a set of well-known languageindependent commentary symbols. These consist of chess figurines (little piece symbols instead of letters) and evaluation symbols, all of which are given below. In ChessBase you can enter the symbols by right-clicking the notation, with the help of the <u>annotation palette</u> or with special <u>keyboard shortcuts</u>.

Hear is a list of the commentary symbols and what they mean:

!	Good move	\odot	Zugzwang
!!	Excellent move	Ē	Centre
!?	Interesting move	X	Weak point.
?!	Dubious move		Only move
?	Mistake	L	with
??	Blunder		without
¢	King	«	Queenside
Ŵ	Queen	》	Kingside
Ð	Knight	V	Endgame
Ê	Bishop		Pair of bishops
Ï	Rook		Bishops of opposite colour
Å	Pawn		Bishops of same colour
\rightarrow	Attack	8	With compensation for material
↑	Initiative	±	White has the upper hand
₹	Counterplay	ŧ	White stands somewhat better
Δ	With the idea	ω	Unclear
0	Space	∓	Black stands somewhat better
\oplus	Zeitnot (time trouble)	Ŧ	Black has the upper hand
0	Development	\Box	Better is
\Leftrightarrow	File (line)	1/2	Draw
$\overline{\mathcal{N}}$	Diagonal	ð	Passed pawn.

3.5.5 **Chess notation**

One of the most important factors in the advancement of chess knowledge was the invention of a efficient notation to describe moves. It is done with the help of piece names, eight file letters (a - h) and eight rank numbers (1 - 8).



In long algebraic notation you use the piece letter, followed by the start and destination squares. Example: **1.Ng1-f3**.

In short algebraic notation you use only the destination square whenever possible. Example: 1.Nf3, because only the knight on g1 can move to f3. If there is an ambiguity you have to supply an additional letter or number. Example: 5.Nbd2 if two knights can move to d2, one from b1 and one from f3. If the knights are on b1 and b3 you would write N1d2.

Pawn moves are given without a letter for the pawn. Example: 1.d2-d4 or 1.d4 Captures are denoted with an "x". Example: 3.Nf3xd4 or 3.Nxd4. Checks are marked with a "+", checkmate is "#".

You can switch between long and short algebraic notation in the *Menu File* Options Notation.

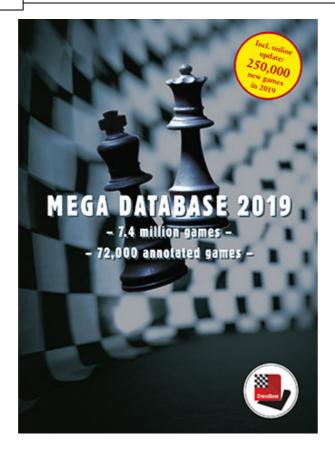
01	.d4 (1.0	12-d4	01	.P-Q4	0	1.424	4
К	D	S	L	Т	В		X +	•
	KQNBRP Figurines							

To switch on the coordinates right-click the chessboard and select <u>Board design</u>. *Click coordinates* on or off.

3.5.6 Mega Database

The exclusive annotated database.

Contains more than 7.4 million games from 1560 to 2018 in the highest ChessBase quality standard. 72,000 games contain commentary from top players, with ChessBase opening classification with more than 100,000 key positions, direct access to players, tournaments, middlegame themes, endgames. The largest top class annotated database in the world. The most recent games of the database are from the middle of October 2018.



A ChessBase Account is linked directly with ChessBase. Many functions of the web apps complement this intelligently and provide a maximum amount of chess information.

A novelty for all users of the web apps: <u>all annotated games from the Mega</u> <u>database are now available online</u> to every premium user. It will in the future be possible to load these annotated games directly both from CB 14 and from the web apps, e.g. the Live database.

Like that, Premium subscribers have direct access to the annotated games and are no longer obliged to access them only from their copy of Mega on their local computer. Therefore you can now look at, play through or analyse the annotated games wherever you may be with your smartphone, tablet or any computer with internet access!

Some noteworthy points about the Mega Database:

Carefully corrected gamescores

A large percentage of the games originally appeared in annotated form in ChessBase Magazine. In the process of annotating the games many errors in the game notation were discovered. They were also screened by other experts and went through numerous other quality controls before they were included in the Mega Database.

• Unified spelling of players' and tournament names

Without standardized spelling of players' names a number of database functions would

become less reliable or useless (<u>player dossier</u>, preparation for specific opponents). ChessBase invests a lot of effort into correctly identifying all the players in a tournament and making sure all spellings are standardized.

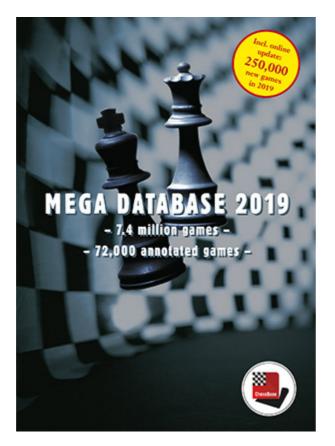
• Careful editing of Elo ratings

All statistical analyses in a database rely on complete and accurate rating information. This is especially true of openings statistics, the success rates and evaluation of variations, repertoire suggestions, <u>sorting</u> of games and many other functions that use information on the relative strengths of different players. So ChessBase takes great pains to insure that <u>Elo ratings</u> are included correctly for every player in every game.

3.6 Openings

3.6.1 Define reference database

You are trying to execute a function that requires a <u>reference database</u>. ChessBase needs to know which database it should use for reference purposes and will usually suggest the largest one it finds in <u>My databases</u>.

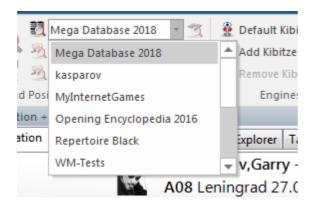


If that is the right one simply click OK. If you want to make another database your reference database click Browse.

Fast Switch of the Search Database for the "Reference" in the Board Window

It is possible to switch the search database for the reference display in the board

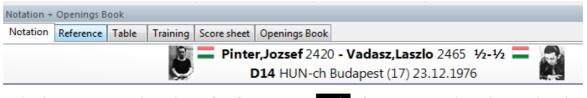
window with a single click.



By doing this you can check what games have the current board position in another large database.

3.6.2 Opening Reference

Click the tab **Reference** in the notation window to get an opening reference to the current position:



1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.cxd5 cxd5 4.Sf3 Sf6 5.Sc3 Sc6 6.Lf4 Lf5 7.e3 e6 8.Ld3 Lxd3 9.Dxd3 Ld6 11.0-0 0-0 12.Tfc1 Tfc8 13.a3 1/2-1/2

The opening reference is based on a fast background search in the Online Database.



Clicking on the Reference tab in the <u>board window</u> starts the automatic opening reference. In the background the program performs a fast search in the Online

Database for the current board position. The information is displayed much faster than in previous versions.

Moves	Games	Score	Last played	Hot	Best players
5.Bf 1-d3	629	62.7%	2010		Kramnik, Bareev, Lautier, Sokolov
5.Nb1-c3	470	49.4%	2010		Nakamura, Zvjaginsev, Ehlvest, Kr
5.Bf1-e2	257	61.1%	2010		Gelfand, Lautier, Gurevich, Speelm.
5.Nf3-e5	147	50.0%	2009		Leitao, Savchenko, Zhao
5.Nb1-d2	80	37.5%	2009		Li Shilong, Pushkov
5.g2-g3	71	53.9%	2009		Nikolic, Iturrizaga Bonelli
5.g2-g4	37	48.2%	2005		Volkov, Rotstein
5.Qd1-c2	35	44.4%	2003		
5.b2-b3	29	54.5%	2009		Schneider
5.c4xd5	26	22.5%			Jakubowski
5.a2-a3	18	46.2%			
5.h2-h3	6	25.0%			

There is useful information in the different columns.

Moves

This lists all the moves played in this position.

Games

This is the number of games in which the move being displayed was played.

Score

This is the points scored by continuing with this move.

Last Played

When was this continuation most recently played?

Hot

The "Hot" column shows the continuations at top level.

Finally there is a list of the **best players** who used this continuation, the average Elo rating, or which players used this continuation most often.

Tip: Clicking on one of the displayed continuations enters this move on the chess board. By using the <u>arrows</u> you can navigate in the list, playing and undoing moves.

Below the move list there is a summary of the most commonly played lines.

Main Line: 5 Le2 Sf6 6 0.0 Ld6 (153 Games)											
4											
N=	63,	63%	5.Le2	Sf6	6.0-0	Ld6	7.b3 De7	8.Lb2		÷	
			5.Sc3								
N=	59,	47%	5.Ld3	S£6	6.0-0	Ld6	7.Sc3				
N=	66,	67%	5.Ld3	Sf6	6.0-0	Ld6	7.b3 0-0	8.La3			Q
N=	71,	58%	5.Ld3	Sf6	6.0-0	Ld6	7.b3 De7	8.a4			
N=1	18,	64%	5.Ld3	Sf6	6.0-0	Ld6	7.b3 De7	8.Lb2	0-0	^	0

Main Line: 5.Le2 Stb 6.0-0 Ld6, (153 Games)

See Parameters for Reference Search ...

This summary gives the following information:

```
    N = Number of games
    % = Success rate as a percentage from White's perspective
The line as played
```

By using the buttons +/- and the keys +/- you can change the number of lines being displayed. Double clicking on a line carries out the moves up to the move that was clicked on in the notation (fast forwarding).

Main Line shows the moves that were statistically the strongest for both sides.

The <u>game list</u> being displayed lists the games that were played with this continuation. Right clicking on a game and selecting Copy into Notation simplifies commenting the opening of the original game. It is possible to refine the information by sorting the columns and using the filter options.

3.6.3 Name of the opening

After you have loaded a complete game into the board window, the opening is displayed by name.

Notation + Openings Book											
1.d4	d5	2.c	4 c	63	.cxd5	ōo	d5	4.St	3 S	f6 !	5
Slav Defence: Exchange variation withBf5											
1	×	1	1	1,		!!	!	!?	?!	?	

You will find the information immediately above the toolbar along with the functions needed to edit the notation. In this line you will also find information concerning differences in the distribution of material in the game in question.

3.6.4 Searching in the online shop

You are playing through a game in the <u>board window</u> and would like to know whether there are in our online shop materials which delve more deeply into the selected opening variation?

This question is easily answered.

In the menu bar you will find the entry "Home - Find in Shop".

Reference

325



A click immediately launches the browser and a search for materials dealing with the chosen opening system is initiated.

recommandations





notation

1.e4 e5 2.Nf3 Nc6 3.Bc4 Bc5 4.D4 Bxb4 5.c3 Ba5 6.Kg1 d6 7.d4 Bq4

Tip: In the shop window you can refine the search for relevant material by clicking on the appropriate move in the notation.

3.6.5 Show Hot Variations

If you activate the <u>reference</u> view in the <u>notation window</u> the program continually carries out a search in the background based on the current board position. It uses the games it finds to show useful information about the variation line being played.

There is a new column called Hot.

Hot	Best players
	Morozevich, Granda Zuniga, Vaga.
	Ponomariov, Gulko, Berkes, Jussup
	Gutman, Todorcevic
	Blatny, Motwani

The board shows a standard position in the Spanish opening.



The main continuation is 8...d7-d6. However, the **Hot** column shows that at top level the continuation 8...d7-d5 is preferred. In the game list the games of the strongest players are displayed first.

8d7-d6	5073	55.4%	2009	Ivanchuk
8d7-d5	4531	48.1%	2009	Anand, Iv
8Lc8-b7	134	67.9%	2008	WoDra, (
8Sc6-a5	92	73.9%	2009	Fernando
8Tf8-e8	38	65.8%	2000	Smagin
8h7-h6	17	67.6%		

The complete line of the fashionable jot line is shown as the main line. The number of games is displayed in which the hot variation was played.

The criteria for the classification as "hot" are the date when the games were played and the average Elo of the players.

3.6.6 Opening reference for databases

Opening references can be created for any databases.

Report - Opening reference

Right clicking on a database icon in the <u>database window</u> opens the context menu.

Percent Print 201	1940.00 6	*	Ì-	
	Open		I	Eingabe
Op Encyclo	Search)		Strg+F H
0	Openi	ng reference	Strg+Alt+	
	E-Mail	Selected Databa	ase	T
bugg.c	Edit) he.cbf
	Remo	ve		Entf
	Delete	All Files	Umscha	alt+Entf
bs2830.	Tools			► f (CB
- el	Prope	rties	Alt+	Eingabe
			77	77
New Dat	abase	illegal.cbh	Repertoire Black	Repertoire Whi

Enter your moves on the chess board. The <u>opening reference</u> uses the position on the board to give you information from the database.

Note: The statistics displayed are based on the games in the selected database.

3.6.7 Opening reference for groups of games

The <u>opening reference</u> can also be used for groups of games.

First select the <u>games in the list</u> which are to be used to create the opening reference.

Menu Statistics - Opening reference on selection



Or right click on the game list to start the context menu.

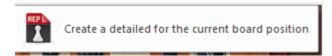
Short,N	2615	Kasparov, G	2735	1-0	45
Hue Kari	Edit			•	36
(asj	Opening referen	ce on selection	Strg+Alt	+Eingabe	42
Kas	Merge Selected (Games		59	
(as	Selection to Bool	k	Umschalt	+Eingabe	51
Kasj	Replay games au	tomatically			24
Kasj	Output			•	38
(as	Cross Table			т	24
(asj				-	34

Note: Opening reference on selection generates the statistics view based <u>on the games that have been selected</u>.

3.6.8 Openings report

Board window: Right-click the chessboard

Menu Report - Opening report



This is one of the most powerful instruments for openings study available today – and it is very easy to use. Before trying it out you must make sure that a <u>reference</u> <u>database</u> has been defined, so that ChessBase will know which material to use for its openings report.

Now let us assume you are interested in a particular openings line. With the critical position on the board click Openings report. With no pre-stored information ChessBase will go through the million or so games in your reference database and generates a comprehensive report on what it finds (this is known as "data mining").

Opening report

1.d4 Sf6 2.c4 e6 3.Sf3 b6 4.Sc3 Lb7 5.a3 d5 6.cxd5 Sxd5 7.e3



1174 Games in 'Mega Database 2014'

This is what it contains:

The *historical development* of the variation

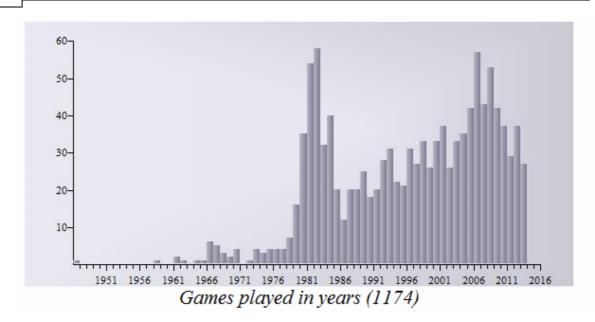
This includes the earliest and latest games. Click any of the entries on the top to load the game. The "fashion index" gives the percentage of games relative to the entire database.

Notable players

Lists the players who have used the line, and their success rates. You can click the game links, or on any of the players' namesfor information on the player.

Statistics

This shows you how each side is scoring, the percentage of decisive games, the average length, etc.



Best moves

Tells you which moves which are scoring best. This is computed on the basis of the number of games, success rates, Elo performance, Elo average of the opponents, number of players with Elo > 2550, results in recent games and the popularity of each move in recent years. The most interesting games are listed, and you can click them to load and study.

Main and critical lines, repertoire and plans

ChessBase shows you the main lines and the critical line. The latter is the one in which both White and Black make the statistically most promising moves. Once again you can click the games to load and replay. ChessBase also tells you what you should play and shows which plans are involved.

4. Moves and Plans

<u>a) 7...Le7</u>

Black scores averagely (44%)

played by: Ivanchuk, 2729, 0.5/1; Vallejo Pons, 2697, 0.5/1; Karpov, 2694, 1.5/3; Bareev, 2670, 0.5/1; Akopian, 2660, 1/1;





Jobava, B - Naiditsch, A 1-0; Karpov, A - Najdorf, M 1-0; Bareev, E - Lutz, C 1-0; Polugaevsky, L - Petrosian, T 1-0; Kramnik, V - Bareev, E ½-½; Kasparov, G - Najdorf, M 1-0

The openings report is a <u>database text</u> in HTML format.

In addition to the report ChessBase also generates an <u>Opening Reference</u> for the variation you are studying.

3.6.9 Openings classification

Openings classification in ChessBase refers to the identification of the openings variation in the <u>openings key</u>.

Text Games	Players	Tournaments A	nnotator So	ources Tea	ams Game Title	Openings				
A11: 1.c4 c6 2.		1 -0								
A11: English C	<u>- 2</u>							808		
-2(2.b4 - A00;2.e4 - B10;2.d4 - A40) 54										
-2.d3 d5 36										
2. ₩44 63									1	
-2	.b3 (e5	- A20)						14	4	
- 2	d5	3						43		
		3. ≜ b2	_					43	-	
i i i Games								•	x	
White	Elo W	Black	Elo B	Result	Year	Notation		Dolge,Heinz - Feibert,Fr		
Dolge,H		Feibert,F	2225	1-0	1989	2Sf6 3.Sc3 e6 4.d3 Le7 5.e3 0-0.		A11 RLPF-ch Seniors (3) 1	.98	
Kuffer, J		Wuerth,M		1-0	1993	2Sf6 3.Sc3 d5 4.cxd5 Sxd5 5.e4.		1.c4 c6 2.Da4 Sf6		
Skembris, S	2525	Wells, P	2490	0-1	1994	2g6 3.Sf3 Lg7 4.g3 e5 5.Sc3 Se.		3.Sc3 e6 4.d3 Le7 5.e3 0-0 6.b4 d5 7.d4		
Fiorito,F	2435	Sorokin, M	2535	0-1	1995	2g6 3.Sc3 Lg7 4.g3 f5 5.Lg2 Sf6		Ld7 8.c5 b6 9.Tb1 b5		
Williams,S	2250	Levitt, J	2420	¥2-¥2	1995	2g6 3.g3 Lg7 4.Lg2 d6 5.Sc3 e 5		10.Dc2 a5 11.a3 Dc7	Ŧ	
l ehmann 7	2225	Acs P	2370	1-0	1995	2 e5 3 5c3 5f6 4 n3 1c5 5 1 n2 0-		English Opening: 1c6		
						,	100%			

This is how it works:

The program plays through each game backwards and compares every position it encounters with all the positions contained in the classification positions of the openings key. As soon as a match is encountered it knows under which key it must classify the game. The reason for playing through the game backwards is that we are interested in the deepest position, i.e. the one that identifies the most detailed variation.

When you install a new key (Tools – Classification) in the <u>list window</u> or click the Openings tab) all the games of the database are classified into the key in the same way.



Classifying the current game In the board window click *Report*

In the board window click *Report* Openings classification (or press Ctrl-Alt-C).

🏷 Opening Classification

ChessBase will use the <u>openings key</u> of the <u>reference database</u> to retrieve all games from the <u>same opening</u>.

3.6.10 Collect Openings

The function *Collect Openings* is very useful for viewing openings in the database window. The function always applies to the database selected in the <u>database window</u>



The program generates a new database that contains all the games that start with the same moves (openings variant) gathered together. This gives you a good overview of the openings in the database, just like the openings encyclopedia.





kaufm1.cbf (CBH)



Text	Games	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Game title	Openings	Themes	Tactics	Strategy	Endgames
Number	r White	2	Elo W	Black		Elo	B Result	Moves	ECO	<u>^</u>		
1	Irreg	ular Ope	eni				Line	28	A00			
2	Nimz	owitsch	-La	Opening			Line	22	A01			
3	Unus	ual line	s af	King's Ind	ian Attac	:k	Line	34	A04			
4	Réti	Opening	g: N	Capablanc	a System	s	Line	52	A07			A LAL
5	King	's Indiar	1 IIII	Attack			Line	25	A08			
6	Engli	sh Oper	ning	Replies fo	r Black		Line	42	A10			
7	Engli	sh Oper	ning	b3 by Whi	te		Line	28	A12			
8	Engli	sh Oper	ning:	1еб			Line	22	A13			
9	Engli	sh Oper	ning	b3 by Whi	te		Line	36	A14			
10	Engli	sh Oper	ning:	1Nf6			Line	48	A15	Engl	ish Openin	ıq: Unusual - Replies for Bl
11	Engli	sh Oper	ning	d5			Line	17	A16		•	A10
12	Engli	sh Oper	ning	Bb4			Line	36	A17	1.c4	L e fi	*
13	Engli	sh Oper	ning:	Flohr-Mike	enas Syst	e	Line	24	A18			Sf6 3.q3 e6 4.Lq2
14	Engli	sh Oper	ning:	Flohr-Mike	enas Syst	e	Line	42	A19			-0 6.Sc3 d5 7.cxd5
15	Engli	sh Oper	ning:	1e5			Line	44	A20			h8 9.b3 Sc6 10.Lb2
16	Engli	sh Oper	ning	2 Nc3			Line	36	A21			Lg8 12.d3 Dd7 13.a3
17	Engli	sh Oper	ning	Indian: Lin	nes witho	ut.	Line	48	A24		sparov, G (2 ris 1990 1 -	2800)-Short,N (2635)

There is an overview of the openings system in the database list. The function generates notation for a variation tree with suitable games being shown as examples.

333



This function is especially useful if you apply it to databases that contain your own games. You are given an overview of the openings theory that is <u>relevant to your own</u> <u>playing</u>.

3.6.11 Openings book

Board window: Notation – Book tab produces the <u>book</u> window.

The openings book contains positions and full information on all the moves played in them. ChessBase has fast access to this information.

There are two types of trees:

Book databases: Here you collect games in a database which is stored permanently on your hard disk.

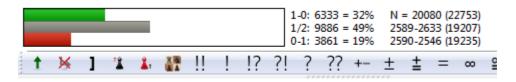
On-the-fly trees: It is possible to generate a tree very quickly from any selection of games, e.g. all the white games of a particular player. Right-click the games and select Game to Book (or press Shift-Enter).

• How to create a new openings book

Database window: *Menu File New Database*. In the <u>file selector</u> select Books (*. CTG) in the field "Files of type:"

How to <u>copy games into an openings book</u> Select games, press Ctrl-C to copy, click the database symbol of the tree and press Ctrl-V to paste.

You can also Drag & Drop games or an entire database into the tree.



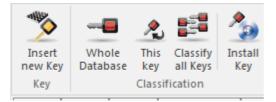
The ChessBase openings book recognizes all transpositions, even those that were not played in the games from which the book was compiled. Positions with reversed colours are also not differentiated – everything is considered from the point of view of White. After the moves 1.d3 d5 2.d4, for instance, the 2...c5! is given and you get a perfect Queen's Gambit with reversed colours.

The ChessBase openings books (with the CTG extension) can be directly read by the chess programs Fritz, Shredder, etc. as well as a number of other chess engines. With an openings book they can play the moves in the initial stages of the game instantly, without calculating anything themselves. So it is very easy to use ChessBase to create, edit or extend an openings book for Fritz and friends.

3.6.12 Classify whole database

List window: Openings - Opening Keys Classification

This reclassifies the entire database into all keys (openings, themes, strategy, tactics, endgames).



If you interrupt the process ChessBase will remember how far the classification had proceeded, and you can continue the process again. The program will offer to continue where it left off (game number x). If you enter game number "1" it will reclassify the entire database.

If no key is installed, four buttons appear, please read on at: Install new key.

3.6.13 Find novelty/compare

Board window: Rightclick – Find Novelty (Shift-F6)

Flip Board	Strg+F
Find Position in Mega Database 2016 Find Position in Mega Database 2016 Online	Umschalt+F7
Find Position in Repertoire White	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+F
Add to White Repertoire	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+A
Find Position in Repertoire Black	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+L
Add to Black Repertoire	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+D
Opening Report	
Opening Classification	Strg+Alt+C
Find Novelty	Umschalt+F6
Novelty Annotation	Umschalt+Strg+R
Board Design	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+O

ChessBase lists the games in the <u>reference database</u> which are closest to the current game.

The games appear in a <u>search result window</u> and are sorted according to the degree of similarity to the original game.

	arease.	THE REAL	Ser and and	R ST ST ST ST				Notation + O										▼ ×
	-	10	L.S. R.F.	ate	*	1			📲 🚺 De	egraeve	Jean	Marc	2540 - I	Neiman,Er	nmanue	2315 1	L-O 🚺 🧗	
8		2		22	-		Ï	8.c4 Lb4-	-?!N									
7	8		1 4 1			8												
								1 ×	1 1		11	? ?!	? ??	+- ± ±	= ∞	≌ ∓	∓ -+ ≠	0
6	W		2			1.11		Search Result	-									▼ ×
5		(11)R)		NY DE	10.96 %	÷ Charles		Restore Gar	ne				Search	Result				
		R Local	2		nr de Tra	2		White	Elo W	Black		Elo B	Result	Year	Notatio	n		VCS 🗠
4			8 8	Sec.	1. 534	NAME		Degraeve,J	2540	Neiman,	E	2315	1-0	1997	8Lb4+	9.Sbd2 Sd7	710.0-0 f5 11.a3.	VCS
		1.1			100.00			Mojzis,M		Nemec,	Г		1-0	1996			0.Sbd2 Lb4 11.e.	
3		8	888	8 8	pn		100 BOX	Ostojic,N	2416	Damjano	ovic,D	2273	1-0	2006).Lxe7 Sxe7 11.Sc	
2		Z	E		2			Meduna,E	2445	Krivoshe	ey,S	2420	1-0	1995	8f5 9.0		Sbd2 Sgf6 11.Lxf.	-
2	8	1 184			8	8	8	· · · ·	0570		•		• •	****				•
-	\simeq			12124	\square	Δ		LiveBook										▼ ×
1	Y	ED		t			¥	Move	Games	Result	Elo-A	v Date	2	Evaluation	Visits	[%]		
	-			B	1.			8Sd7	1	100%	2273	2006	5		18	6		
	A	B	C D	E.	1	G	H	8f5	1	100%	2420	1995	5		12	4		
				加嚴				8Lb4+	1	100%	2315	1997	7	=	250	89		
		-																
	NO.	Y.M.			102 125										100%			

• In the original game the board jumps to the position in which the novelty was played (i.e. where it branches away from existing games).

• You can click on a game in the list to view the moves. Click the Restore game button to get back to the original game.

▶ Right-click the search results list and use Edit – Select all. Then drag the games into the original game. They will be merged into the notation and make it easy to see where the deviations occurred. Naturally this all happens in memory and leaves the game in the database intact.

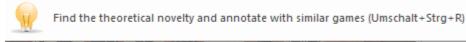
• You can Ctrl-click only some of the games to mark them, then click Restore game to get back to the original game, and drag the selection into the game notation.

▶ You can save the search results in the <u>clip database</u> by marking the games (as described above), then right-clicking and using Edit – Clip or Unclip. You can also press F5.

• The Find novelty function only works properly if there is a <u>reference database</u> present and it is <u>sorted in an openings key</u>. The openings key should also be of the very highest quality.

3.6.14 Novelty Annotation

Board Window - Report - Novelty Annotation



There is an easy way to display novelties in openings systems in the board window.

In the board window there is a ribbon *Report* Novelty Annotation. This searches the <u>online database</u> if there is an active Internet connection.

In contrast to previous versions ChessBase no longer uses the installed <u>reference</u> <u>database</u> but the online database, because it is always up to date. This guarantees that the current trends in the openings system are accurately displayed.



The program inserts the relevant games into the notation as variations. The novelty is marked in the notation with a capital \mathbf{N} .

Halkias,S (2526)/Mallorca 2004/CBM 104] 13.h4 Se5 14.Ld3N [Predecessor: 14.Dg2 b4 15.Sce2 Lb7 16.g5

3.6.15 Openings Key

3.6.15.1 What are classification keys?

In the games list you see the following tabs:

Text Games Players Tournaments Annot	tor Sources Teams Game title Openings
--------------------------------------	---------------------------------------

These are classification systems in which the games are automatically sorted by the program.

<u>Openings keys</u> are defined by positions. The deepest <u>classification position</u> decides into which key the game goes.

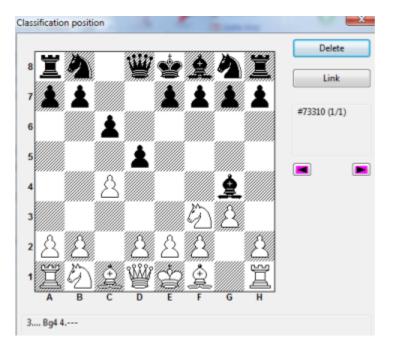
<u>Theme keys</u> are defined by the <u>search mask</u>. All games that match the criteria are sorted into the key associated with the definition.

As part of the ChessBase package you get pre-defined keys for large and small databases. If you are technically minded you can modify them or develop your own keys and classification systems. This is especially rewarding in the area of theme keys.

338 ChessBase 15

3.6.15.2 Show classification positions

List window / Openings tab: Right-click an opening and select Show positions



A key can contain more than one classification position, which may be needed to increase the accuracy of classification. If you right-click a key and click "Show positions" the classification positions are displayed. The window has a board and two important buttons:

Delete

This will remove the displayed position from the classification system. Keys with no classification position will never have games sorted into them. But they can serve as root keys for deeper subkeys.

▶ Link

This links the position on the board to the key in the key memo. Games in which the position occurs will in future be sorted into the other key.

3.6.15.3 Openings key

List window: Click Openings tab

Statistics	Games P	layers	Open	ing Keys	View					0
urineCB LetterS 🔻	15 ▼ 0 🖗 Bo	ard	List	Edit Game Data Edit	C	ross Ne able Tourna	ament	Fritztra	iner	
Players Tournar	ments Annota	tor So	urces 1	Teams Ga	me title	Openings	Themes	Tactics	Strategy	•
29 1	. e5 2				Eng	lish				
										-
		- 222)							-
_	• -		, 							-
2 ĝb	1 3								342	9
2 d6	(3.e4 - H	307)							390	ο.
										F.
						******				▼ 🗵
Elo W Black		Elo B	Result	Year		Notation			VCS	EC
	Properties Players Tournar ening: 1e5 29 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.9 1 2.0 2 2 2 2 d6	urineCB LetterS ▼ 15 ▼ 0 ♀ Properties Bo Properties Annota Properties Co Properties Co Properties Co Properties Properties Properties Properis Prope	urineCB LetterS ▼ 15 ▼ 0 ₩ Board Properties Players Tournaments Annotator So ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 2 2 c6 3 2 @f6 (3. @c3 - A22 2.@c3 2 @b4 3 2 d6 (3.e4 - B07)	urineCB LetterS • 15 • 0 Filter Board Filter Properties Board Filter Players Tournaments Annotator Sources 1 ening: 1e5 29 1e5 2 2. 1 2233 2e5 2 2. 2. 1 2233 2	urineCB LetterS • 15 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 •	urineCB LetterS • 15 • Board Filter List Data Properties Board Filter List Edit Game Data Edit Game Edit Players Tournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game title ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 Eng 2 2 c6 3 2 ©ff6 (3.@c3 - A22) 2.@c3 2 @f6 (3.@c3 - A22) 2.@c3 2 @b4 3 2 d6 (3.e4 - B07)	urineCB LetterS • 15 • Board Filter List Board Filter Edit Game Data Edit Tournamer Properties Board Filter Edit Game title Openings ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 English 2 2.g3 2 ©f6 (3)c3 - A22) 2 ©f6 (3)c3 - A22) 2 @f6 (3)c3 - A22) 2 @b4 3 2 d6 (3.e4 - B07)	urineCB LetterS • 15 • Board Filter List Board Filter Edit Game Data Table Tournament Tournaments Properties Board Filter Edit Game title Openings Themes Players Tournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game title Openings Themes ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 English 2 2.g3 2.g3 2 @f6 (3.@c3 - A22) 2.@c3 2 @b4 3 2 d6 (3.e4 - B07)	urineCB LetterS • 15 • Board Filter Edit Game Data Edit Game Tournament Activate/de Fritztra Properties Board Filter Edit Coross Next Table Tournaments Activate/de Fritztra Players Tournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game title Openings Themes Tactics ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 English 2 2 c6 3 2 ©f6(3.©c3 - A22) 2.©c3 2 §b4 3 2 d6 (3.e4 - B07)	urineCB LetterS • 15 • Board Filter List Board Filter Edit Game Data Edit Tournament Tournaments Activate Properties Board Filter Edit Game Edit Tournaments Activate Players Tournaments Annotator Sources Teams Game title Openings Themes Tactics Strategy ening: 1e5 29 1 e5 2 English 13556 2 1489 2.Qf3 589 2.g3 1620 2 c6 3 1620 2 Qf6 (3.Qc3 - A22) 4260 2.Qc3 4300 2 Qb4 3 3420

Openings keys are indexes to games based on the opening variations – you have instant access to the games through the openings moves or variation.

The openings keys have two main properties:

- The games in a database are automatically classified by the program into the correct openings keys and subkeys.
- An openings key can be expanded. It is therefore easy to modify an existing key and make it include the most detailed variations of your repertoire.

ChessBase databases come with presorted openings keys. But the program will also install a big or small openings key in any database and sort all games into it.

Functions in the openings key window

The openings key is displayed in a special key window, which works very similarly to the normal <u>games list</u> window. On the right you can see the number of games. Use the cursor keys to navigate to the openings hierarchy, like you do in the folder pane of the Windows File Explorer. Cursor right openes a sub tree, cursor left closes it. If a key contains games, they will be shown automatically in the <u>games list</u> below the keys.

Note that you can <u>rearrange</u> the game window in relation to the keys.

3.6.15.4 Key functions

ChessBase can classify games into keys. These keys define openings, general themes, strategy, tactics and endgames.

Normally you will simply use the keys that are included with the databases you purchase. Experienced users may want to modify these keys or create entirely new ones. For them there are a number of functions that are best accessed by right-clicking a key in the index.

Classification => This key	
Insert key memo	Umschalt+Einfg
Show Positions	
Define New Position	
Define key memo	Strg+M
Transfer Key	
Assign Manually	Umschalt+Strg+A

Insert new key

This inserts a new key at the highligh bar. In the case of the openings keys a board window must be open and the classification position must on the board.

▶ Edit...

You can change the name of the key. In <u>theme keys</u> this also allows you to change the definition of the search mask.

Classification

All the games of the highlighted key will be reclassified. This is generally used when you have created new subkeys and want the games to be sorted into them.

Delete

Removes the highlighed key.

Insert key memo

This allows you to move a key.

Define New Position

An openings key can (and usually should) have more than one classification position. This is the command to attach a new position to the key. It must be on the board of the last board window you opened.

Transfer Key

The selected key and all its subkeys are copied to the selected database (in the <u>database window</u>). It is added to the the main level of the original key. Use the <u>key</u> <u>memo</u> to move it to its correct place.

Assign manually

Assigns the game in the board window manually to the highlighted key. This is an old function that is seldom used, since the automatic classification has become much

more accurate than in previous years.

3.6.15.5 Insert new key

Inserting a new openings key (Insert)

- 1. Make sure that the classification position is on the board in a board window.
- 2. Click Openings in the list window and right-click an openings key. Select Insert new key.
- If there is no key to click, use the Insert key.
- 3. The classification position is displayed. Click OK and type in a name for the key.

Inserting a new theme key

1. Click Themes, Strategy, Tactics, or Endgame in the list window.

2. Right-click and select Insert new key.

- If there is no key to click, use the Insert key.
- 3. The search mask appears. Fill out the criteria for the theme key.
- 4. Type in the name of the key in the entry line that appears.

3.6.15.6 Install new key

List window: Click Openings, Theme, Strategy, Tactics or Endgame



If there is no key present you will get the above buttons. Click Install big or small key. In the first case you will get a detailed ECO-style key, in the second a small descriptive key. You can also click Select a key to browse for a key that is attached to another database. This will be copied to the current database and all games will be sorted into it. Finally you can install an empty key and start defining classification positions or criteria yourself.

Empty

The new key will not contain any entries, you must define all of them yourself. **Small**

Install a small key with general classification. For the opening this is a descriptive key. **Big**

Install a big key for a large games collection. For the opening this is a giant key based on the <u>ECO classification system</u> and containing around 55,000 classification positions. **Browse**

Allows you to search for and install a key that is being used with another database.

3.6.15.7 Define/Insert key memo

List window: Click Openings, Theme, Strategy, Tactics or Endgame

If you decide that you want to move a key up or down in your list, right-click on the key you want to move. A popup menu will appear; select "Define key memo" in this menu (or press Ctrl-M). You've just told ChessBase that this is the key you want to move. Click once on the key that appears immediately above the position where you want the moving key to appear. Right-click on it and select "Insert key memo" from the popup menu (or press Shift-Insert). ChessBase will then move the first key to the new spot on the list. Once in a while, particularly when you try moving a key to the very top or bottom of a list, ChessBase will insert it above the key you've highlighted, so it may take a bit of tweaking on your part to get the list just right -- but it's certainly "doable".

You cannot use these functions to move an entry from one database key to another. Use <u>transfer key</u> to do that. But you can use Define and Insert key memo to move a subkey up or down in the list.

3.6.15.8 Transfer key

This is how to transfer a key from one database to another:

- 1. Open a database and in the <u>list window</u> click the key tab (e.g. Openings).
- 2. Switch to the database window and select a database (click it).
- 3. Return to the key and right-click the key you want to transfer. Select Transfer in the menu that appears.

The key (not the games it contains) will be copied to the other database and inserted at the end of the key that is present there.

I want to transfer a thematic classification key that I have created myself to another database.

Unfortunately, this only works with opening keys. The "Transfer" option cannot be selected from the thematic key context menu. Transfers don't work for any other keys (other than opening keys). The program does not support the transfer of thematic keys.

3.6.15.9 Sorting Keys

How do you go about changing the order of an existing opening key e.g. the order (sorting) of sub-keys?

Deleting and creating a new key is possible (when creating a new one this comes at the end) but rather time-consuming.

Changing how an opening key is sorted can be done as follows:

- First open the opening index and select the various keys.
- Right-clicking starts the context menu.

Edit	•
Opening reference on selection	Strg+Alt+Eingabe
Load/Merge selected games	Eingabe
Selection to Book	Umschalt+Eingabe
Output	+
Classification => This key	
Insert key memo	Umschalt+Einfg
Show Positions	
Define New Position	
Define key memo	Strg+M
Transfer Key	
Assign Manually	Umschalt+Strg+A
Statistics	S
Show Map	М
Piece Probability	Umschalt+S
Font	

Start the function "Define key memo" (Strg-M).

Now change to the key which should be added before this key.

Petroff	Output	•
Ruy Lopez	Classification => This key	
1.e4 e5 ot	Insert key memo	Umschalt+Einfg
1.e4 other Queen's Ga	Show Positions	

Here you will find the function in the context menu => "Add Key Memo" (Shift. + Insert Key).

Then delete the original key and the desired sort will be carried out.

3.6.16 Repertoire

3.6.16.1 Repertoire database

The repertoire database is a collection of annotated games or variations in which you look after your repertoire. In it you collect all information on the openings systems you like to play. To make a database your repertoire database right-click the icon in the <u>database window</u> and select Properties. In the dialog that appears click the "Repertoire database" checkbox.

Please take also a closer look to the <u>Repertoire Training</u> in the <u>Board window</u>.

ChessBase has a number of functions that will help you look after and even automatically update your repertoire.

In ChessBase you can manage your <u>opening repertoire</u> in two databases, one for White and one for Black.



You can create the repertoire databases at any time by selecting *Report -> Create Repertoire* in the database window and accessing a database with your own games.

If you already have a single repertoire database that you created without separating colours in ChessBase 12, the function Report -> Create Repertoire offers the possibility to divide it into White and Black. ChessBase uses the moves that you have marked Blue. It is strongly recommended to divide your repertoire into White and Black.

In the board window, use the function Report -> Repertoire -> Mark Move Blue.

This marks the moves in your games which should be added to your repertoire. This builds a repertoire report for new game collections or searching in the repertoire database. There is no sense in marking all your games with 1.e4 in the repertoire report just because 1.e4 leads to a line in your repertoire database with Ruy Lopez.

How to add games to the repertoire database

First of all you can save or copy games into your repertoire database, just like any other database. With a game in the board window right-click the board and select Add to repertoire. There is also the same command in the Tools menu, and you can press Shift-Ctrl-Alt-A.

ChessBase will save your game with the variations which are already stored in the repertoire database. If the game is very similar to an existing repertoire game, ChessBase will suggest <u>merging</u> the two games in the repertoire database. You can let it do so or overrule it and save the game as a separate entry. If your game contains a completely new line the program will save it as a new game. It will even suggest a suitable name for it (e.g. "Sicilian Four Knights").

If no repertoire database exists, ChessBase will automatically create one and add an icon to your database window.

Defining the repertoire

You can load games from your repertoire database and add analysis or commentary. When you manually add a game to your repertoire there are two way of determining from which move on the game represents your repertoire.

1. In the repertoire database a game is only considered from the first branching point onwards. For instance if you have entered the moves 1.e4 e5 2.Nf3 Nc6 3.Bb5 a6 (3... Nf6), then the first position of your repertoire is the one after 3.Bb5. Games beginning with 1.e4 e5 2.Nf3 Nc6 3.Bc4 are ignored, as are, of course, games beginning with 1.e4 c5.

 If you have a single game or variation without branching lines in your repertoire database, you can specify the first relevant position by annotating it as Critical opening position: right-click on the move, chose Special annotation – critical opening position.

• Compare game to repertoire

With a game loaded in the board window right-click a position and use Search in Repertoire. ChessBase will open a search result window and list all games from your repertoire database in which the position occurred. The same command is to be found in the Tools menu, and you can press Shift-Ctrl-Alt-F to execute it.

Searching for repertoire games

With a repertoire database it is easy to search for games that match this repertoire. Simply call up the <u>search mask</u> (Ctrl-F) and click In repertoire. This will retrieve all games in a database which are relevant to your repertoire. Remember that you can also click a directory with many databases or in fact an entire partition of your hard disk and use the search mask to find all repertoire games there.

> The repertoire scan

This function is a quick and elegant way to find out what's new in your openings systems. Let us assume you have just received a delivery of new games, e.g. an Internet download or the latest issue of ChessBase Magazine. Click File – New – Repertoire scan. ChessBase will generate a report of all games which are important for your repertoire. The report is a <u>database text</u> with separate sections for each of the repertoire lines. The games are given as links and can be clicked for instant load and replay. They are sorted by player Elo and degree of annotation.

Note that you can best view very dense repertoire games by switching to <u>table</u> notation, and you can print them out nicely using the <u>print repertoire</u> option.

3.6.16.2 Immediate Access to the Repertoire Database

There are other useful ways to access games you have processed in the board window.

Next to the Game History button there is a button called Database .

This allows the user access to the currently selected database directly from the board window.

It is also possible to access the repertoire database directly from the board window.

Clicking on the command *Repertoire Database* in the Find Position section searches for the current position in the repertoire database.

A game can easily be saved in the repertoire database. Just right click on the board, and then select *Add to repertoire*.

346

3.6.16.3 Add game to repertoire

Board window: Rightclick Add to repertoire

Online	
Find Position in Repertoire White	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+F
Add to White Repertoire	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+A
Find Position in Repertoire Black	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+L
Add to Black Repertoire	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+D
Opening Report	
Opening Classification	Strg+Alt+C
Find Novelty	Umschalt+F6
Novelty Annotation	Umschalt+Strg+R

This adds the current game to your repertoire database.

ChessBase offers you two alternatives:

> Add the game as a new entry

The game is saved at the end of the repertoire database

Insert in

The current game becomes a variation of a game in the repertoire database.

After saving or inserting the game you can open the <u>repertoire database</u> in the <u>database window</u> and enter remarks to the game if necessary.

3.6.16.4 Creating a Repertoire Database

ChessBase makes it easy for the user to create a <u>repertoire database</u>. This is a collection of annotated games or variations that are used as the basis of a personal opening repertoire. The systematic upkeep of your own repertoire is an essential part of your preparation.

First you must create a repertoire database manually. To do this you must have a database that only contains games and variations that are part of your repertoire. To define a database as a repertoire database right click on a database and select Properties. Then tick the box Repertoire Database.

_		
C:\User	s\Pitter\Documents\ChessBase\Rep	ertoire.cbh
Gambit BdF	<u>^</u>	Training
Match Biography Multimedia		Show Protocol
Important Text		Reset Protocol
Download E-Mail Opening book	9 Games	
Chess Media Reference	0 Keys, 0 Position	5
Repertoire Name	•	
Repertoire	Reference-D	В
	Repertoire Data	atabase

The program can also support users who <u>do not yet have their own repertoire</u> <u>database</u>.

Let us assume that you are replaying a game that is significant for your repertoire.

Right click anywhere in the board window and select Add to repertoire.

You can also use the ribbon *Report* Add to repertoire.



If no repertoire database has been defined yet the program will offer to create a <u>new</u> <u>repertoire database</u>.

Automatically start reperto	ire database
Build from my playche	ess.com games
Select database with n Create empty database	
	Ξ
ОК	Cancel

You can choose between the options:

Build from my Playchess.com games: This creates a database using your games on

the server. In the following dialog you can choose the player's name.

Select database with my games: This is when you already have games stored in a separate database.

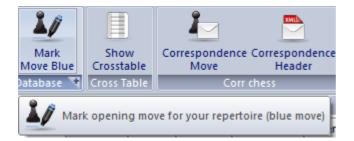
Create empty database: This puts the game into a new database, which you can later add to.

There are differences to earlier versions of the program. The user can add games to the repertoire database <u>directly from the board window</u>.



Clicking on the small arrow next to the Repertoire database button opens the repertoire database.

Mark move blue sets this search position for the repertoire report. In earlier program versions all the alternate variations were also added, which was sometimes imprecise.



If you add a game to the repertoire database by this method the position is shown that is used as search criterion for the repertoire functions.

3.6.16.5 Repertoire print

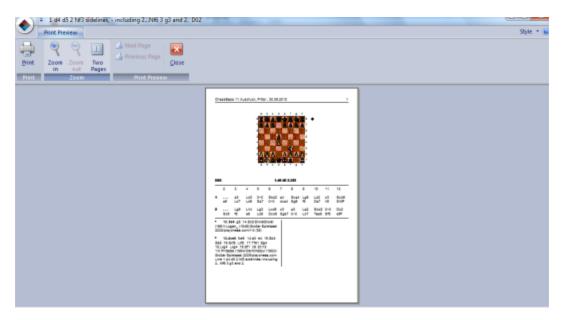
Board window: Menu File Print Print Repertoire.



If you have a richly annotated game, or if you have merged a number of games from one variation into a large variation tree, then it is advisable to print it out in the form of an ECO-type repertoire table.

You can try it out quite easily. Go into the <u>openings index</u> and search for your favourite line. Mark all the games and press Enter to <u>merge</u> them into a (temporary) game tree. Click *Menu File Print Repertoire*.

In the print preview you can see what your page will look like:



3.7 Printing and Publishing

3.7.1 Output menu in games list

List window: Rightclick Output

Kasnarov G	0-1 25	8 84	Baku	_
Edit	•	:84	Baku tt U18	
Opening reference on selection	Strg+Alt+Eingabe	:04	Kiev Young Pioneers	
Selection to Book	Umschalt+Eingabe	89	Vilnius	
Replay games automatically		:68	Moscow clock sim	
Output	÷.		Print Selection	
Cross Table	Т		Print multiple training	
Statistics	S		Page Setup	
Piece Probability	Umschalt+S		Printer Setup	
Overview	0		Printer Setup	
Create game title			E-Mail Selected Games	
2			Selection To Text file	
Tactical Analysis			Database	
List Format	•		Publish to Web	
Class		1.7	UDC ob U19 Vilnius	-

Selected games can be printed, sent by E-mail or published as HTML pages directly in the <u>games list</u>. To do this mark the games and right-click in the games list. You can select games with Ctrl-click or Shift-cursor keys, or use Ctrl-A to select all.

Page setup

This opens a dialog box in which you can set all the print parameters of ChessBase.

Print selection

This brings up a print preview before printing the selected games (click Print to actually start printing).

> Print multiple training

Use this to print out <u>training material</u>. ChessBase will produce two sheets, the first containing all the positions of the selected games which have a training commentary, the second with the solutions. You get a print preview.

Email

The selected games are sent as a <u>compressed archive file</u> (CBV) by email. Your default e-mail client is automatically started with an empty email form and with the correct attachment. You can set the default e-mail program in the Windows Control Panel – Internet Options – tab Programs.

• Selection To Textfile

Creates a text file of the selected games in different formats.

Database

The program makes it possible for you to copy into a new database games which you

have selected (highlighted) from the games list. In the games list of the database, highlight the games you wish to copy into a separate database. You are able to highlight games with Ctrl+mouse click or SHIFT+mouse click.

Then right click – Output – Datenbank starts the Windows file selection dialog, from where you can select the target database into which you want to copy the new games.

Publish Games

It is possible to create <u>EBooks</u> with ChessBase. An EBook is an electronic version of a classic book. There are different formats available. Some formats need a reading device, whereas others can be read on a computer with Reader software.

Publish to Web

It is possible to <u>publish one or more games</u> on the Web. This is also possible using Facebook's "Share link".

Board Window - File - Publish to Web

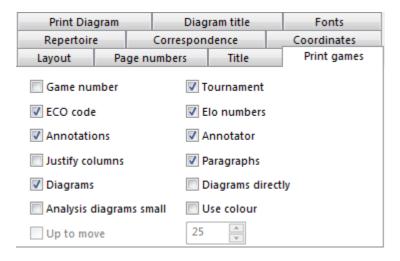
This publishes the game in the current board window to the web.

3.7.2 Page setup

Board window: Menu File Print Page Setup



Following options are available:



• **Layout:** Defines the page layout. The borders are set in points. Each point corresponds to 1/72 inch which is appr. 0,35mm, so in this example the borders are 12,6mm. The game can be divided over more colums and you can set the gap between

the colums. Seperator will insert a vertical line between the colums.

• **Numbers**: You can switch on/off the page numbers, have it centred, left or right aligned and select top or bottom. If the first page should start with a different number, you can enter the number in the First page field.

▶ **Title:** You can select the head and/or footline for the title(s). There are special symbols which can be used in the textfield. @N will insert the user name which is entered in menu: Tools - Options - tab user. @D inserts the date of the printout.

Print games

• **Repertoire:** This tab is used for the function menu: File – Print – Repertoire only. Print Diagram inserts the diagram of the position which is achieved before the deviations in the table start. ECO code inserts the ECO code before the game notation. Line evaluation inserts a chess evaluation symbol at the end of a line.

• **Correspondence:** There's a choice between letter or card format. The latter should be selected in the printer setup and have a landscape printing position. Letters can be folded into two or three pieces in order to form a card-like appearance. When you offer a proposal, check the proposal checkbox. Repeat more moves includes the moves previous played in the game. The position of the addresses is given in x/y coördinates, where you need to consider the margins set in the layout and where each point equals 1/72 Inch. Example: My address 10 / 20 means that the x coördinate is 36 (border) + 10 = 46 from the left side of the paper. This corresponds to 46 x 1/72 = 0,64Inch or 16mm.

• **Coordinates:** For setting the coordinates around the diagram if any.

• **Print Diagram**: Here you can set the size for the Diagram. It should however be noted that the largest possible size is determined by the size of a column. When there are two columns, the maximum size is appr. 180 points, corresponding to 180x0.35=63mm. Printing a game will ignore the indent setting, but this value is used when the Print Diagram is used. Flipped will put the board upsite down, mark side to move adds a white or black circle on the right side of the board and diagram numbers inserts the number of the diagram. When the Style has been set to board on screen, the option colours and arrows will be available. The coloured fields and arrows can be made by using graphical commentary.

• **Diagram title:** You can select or enter text which will be printed above or under the diagram.

▶ **Fonts:** Select the fonts for the notation (selecting a figurine font secures a good printing of the chess commentary symbols as well, not only for the figurine notation), the diagram (modern, old or USCF pieces, as long as it is a Diagram Font) and for printing your own and opponent address for the correspondence move. When you encounter problems with printing the diagrams, especially with the empty white fields, select the *ChessBase - Alternate font type*.

3.7.3 Page setup - Print games

Board window: Menu File Print Page Setup tab Print games.

Game number	V Tournament
📝 ECO code	V Elo numbers
Annotations	Annotator
Justify columns	🔽 Paragraphs
📝 Diagrams	Diagrams directly
🔲 Analysis diagrams small	Use colour
Up to move	25

- Game number: inserts the record number from the gameslist.
- ECO code: inserts the ECO code of the game.

▶ Annotations: works only after searches when printing several games from a list. Example: You want to print an overview of a repertoire by someone. You search for "Player" and print the games and print Up to move 15 to get the opening. You do not want the analysis of the games, but the openings played. Here you can switch the annotations off.

Justify colums: will fill up the the text with spaces in order to get two straight "newspaper-like" margins.

• **Diagrams:** enables the diagrams to be printed which are inserted in the game by using a rightclick on a move and insert diagram.

• **Analysis diagrams small:** is used for diagrams which are inserted in variations and it will print the diagram smaller than normal to indicate the difference between the game and annotations.

• **Up to move:** See Annotations, works only after searches when printing several games from a list.

- **Tournament:** inserts the name of the tournament.
- Elo numbers: inserts the Elo ratings of the players.
- Annotator: inserts the annotator of the game.
- **Paragraphs:** forces the program to start a variation on a new line.

• **Diagrams directly:** the diagram is inserted at exactly the same point as entered in the annotation. When this option is off and the diagram does not fit in the remainder of a column, the game notation continues and the diagram is inserted at the top of the next column.

• **Use color:** will set the font color for the commentary in blue, which can be used

with color printers.

Back to Page setup

3.7.4 Publishing of Games in the Internet

ChessBase can export games as HTML. This allows the replaying of games in a web browser. This code can be integrated into web pages.

It is possible to publish one or more games on the Web. This is also possible using *Facebook's "Share link*".

Board Window - File - Publish to Web

Publish to Web

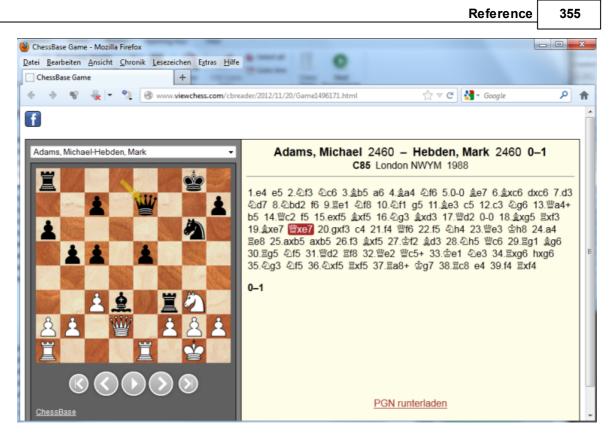
This publishes the game in the current board window to the web.

To publish several games at once you have to do the following:

In the database list select several games. Right click the selection, then select

5, IVI	2400 NUUTIII,S 2343 72-72 31	D10 TOUROU IAAA 1141 T300
5, M	2460 Westerinen II 2205 1.0 22	C96 London NWYM 1988
en, N	Edit	B14 London NWYM 1988
en, N	Opening reference on selection Strg+Alt+Eingabe	E15 London NWYM 1988
en, N	Merge Selected Games Eingabe	B06 London NWYM 1988
en, N	Selection to Book Umschalt+Eingabe	D38 London NWYM 1988
son,	Replay games automatically	D58 London NWYM 1988
son,	Output +	Print Selection
son, son,	Cross Table T	Print multiple training Hebden, Mark
)	Statistics S	E1
>	Piece Probability Umschalt+S	Page Setup Dista Star
>	Overview O	Printer Setup Lb4+ 6.Ld2 Le
)		E-Mail Selected Games 9.Lg2 0-0 10.0
)	List Format	Selection To Text file h6 13.Db2 Te8
n,A	Close	Publish to Web 16.Se5 Dd5 17
n, A 🖵	2010 KIIIQ,D 2020 V 1 41	Tad8 20.b5 St
n,A	2510 McNab,C 2410 1-0 36	B08 London NWYM 1988 Txd4 23.Txb7
n,A	2510 Norwood,D 2470 ¹ / ₂ - ¹ / ₂ 8	A37 London NWYM 1988 26.Txa7 Txd2
-		29.Lxd7 T8xd7

The result looks like this:



The program generates a game notation which can be replayed comfortably in a board. Clicking anywhere in the notation opens the position in the board. If more than one game has been published, the user has a dropdown menu to decide which game he wants to replay.

f



Note: After accessing the website the link is in the Windows clipboard. The link can now be used for announcements on the Web or the publication of games.

This makes it easy for webmasters to present chess related information to their readers. The necessary HTML code can be copied from the Windows clipboard and integrated into the HTML page.

3.7.5 Creating EBooks

It is possible to create *EBooks* with ChessBase. An EBook is an <u>electronic version</u> of a classic book. There are different formats available. Some formats need a reading device, whereas others can be read on a computer with Reader software.

ChessBase exports EBooks <u>only for chess positions and tactics puzzles</u>. At this moment the output of complete chess notation is not considered useful and has not been implemented.

ChessBase exports EBooks in two formats, the open format **Epub** and the **Mobi** format that is used by Amazon for publishing EBooks.

The following example shows how to export an EBook:

First we load a database with chess positions. Then we select the positions that are to be exported in the game list.

Right click Output Selection to text file starts the following dialog:

Format	F	onts	RTF		HTML	
Text		PGN	GN		EBook	
EPub Mobi				ı		
	=	C:\Program	n Files∖7za.	exe		
KindleGen Internet	_	C:\Program	i Files\kino	dleger	n.exe	

Select the **EBook tab** and the format *Epub* for the first attempt. It is only possible to export files in this format after installing the <u>external software 7za.exe</u>.

Clicking on the button Internet opens a web page to download this software.

Home 7z Format IZPA SDK Download FAQ Support Links	Download 7-Zip 7-Zip 4.65 2009-02-03 Download Download Download Download	for Window Type .exe .msi		Download Description	
Home 7z Format LZMA SDK Download FAQ Support Links	2009-02-03 Download Download Download	.exe	32-bit		
7z Format LZMA SDK Download FAQ Support Links	Download Download			7-Zip	
LZMA SDK Download FAQ Support Links	Download	.msi		7-Zip	
FAQ Support Links	Download	.msi	x64	7-Zip	
Support Links			204		
	Download		IA-64		
	-				
	Download	.zip	32-bit	7-Zip Command Line Version	
source forge	Download	.tar.bz2	Any	7-Zip Source code	
Forum	Download	.7z	32-bit	7z Library, SFXs for installers, Plugin for FAR Manager	
	Download	.tar.bz2	Any	LZMA SDK (C, C++, C#, Java)	
Chinese Simpl. Chinese Trad. D Erench Z German Z Japanese O Polish O	Download links re Download 7-Zip 7-Zip files at Sour Other versions ca 7-Zip at Source Fr	9.15 beta (rce Forge n be found at	2010-06-20):		

Download the command line version of the program and install the file.

<u>Download</u>	.zip	32-bit	7-Zip Command Line Version
-----------------	------	--------	----------------------------

Start the program in ChessBase by clicking the button **7za**, which opens a dialog to select the path of the command line interpreter.

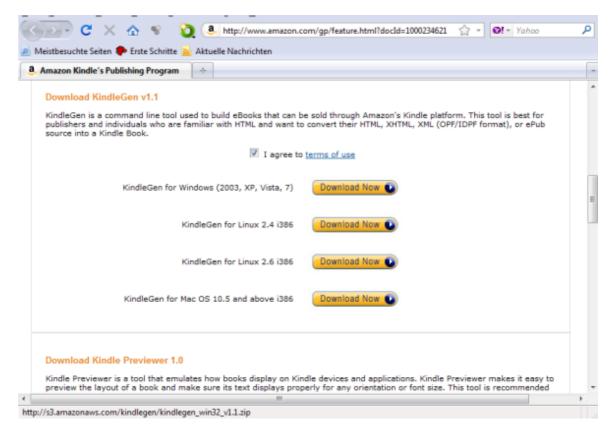
🐚 Organisieren 👻 🏢 Ansichten 💌 🍯	Neuer Ordner		0
a riegiani i nes	Lang 7.c.exe 7.z.exe 7.z.exe 7.z.exe 7.z.exe 7.z.f.X.exe	Fire Dat Erst	p Große teibeschreibung: 7-Zip Standalor ma: Igor Pavlov teiversion: 4.65.0.0 teidatum: 04.09.2010 11:02 iBe: 523 KB
7za.exe Anwendung Änderungsdat	um: 03.02.2009 12:21	Größe: 523 KB	8
Dateigame: 72a.exe		•	Programme (*.exe) Otjinen Abbrechen

After this you can directly export the EBook.

ChessBase 15		
Ordner	•	
 PlayBase PocketFritz3Converter ServerTournament Stats Temp Textfile 	-	
Dateiname: game.epub		•
Dateityp: EBook files (*.EPUB, *.M	OBI)	Neu anlegen Abbrechen

Amazon's Mobi format is installed in the same way.

Select the format *Mobi* in the dialog box. Clicking the button Internet opens up Amazon's download page. Download the program **kindlegen.exe** and install it on your computer.



Clicking on the button **KindleGen** opens a dialog to select the path where you installed the program. You can now export positions in the **Mobi format**.

The Mobi file can now be distributed to be read with Amazons free Kindle-Previewer.

3.7.6 E-Mails from ChessBase

ChessBase can send E-Mails with positions, games or databases. This needs a Default E-Mail Client (like Outlook) installed on your system. If that is the case, sending messages from ChessBase is simple.

> Database window: Menu File – E-Mail Selected Database



This dispatches the selected database. You can also right-click the database and click *E-Mail Selected Database* in the menu.

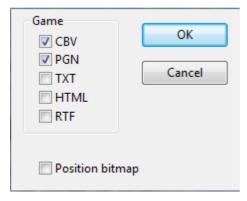
▶ <u>List window</u>: Select games, right-click and use Output – E-Mail Selected Games Dispatches the selected games.

In both cases the mail client pops up and allows you to type in the recipient.

▶ Board window: Menu File Send Send game/position



Dispatches the current game or position. The following dialog appears:



You can specify in what format the message is sent. If you include CBV or PGN ChessBase will create the required databases on the fly and attach them to the message. It will also send the game in plain text or RTF. If <u>diagram positions are marked</u> in the game, a bitmap diagram will be added if you wish.

3.7.7 Diagram List

360

To print several diagrams in one go, formatted on one or more pages, use the diagram list.

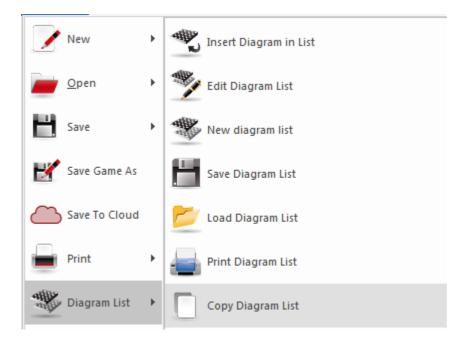
Board Window: Menu File - Diagram List.



A diagram list can be copied via the Windows clipboard directly into a word processing program, e.g. Microsoft Word.

The interface used by the program is the universal RTF format, which is recognised by all the usual word processing programs.

Boards window Menu File Diagram list Copy diagram list .



This enables you to rapidly put together training sheets and later edit them with your word processor.

3.8 **Program Configuration**

3.8.1 DirectX

ChessBase uses the **DirectX graphics library** for the Windows operating system.

The minimum version required is DirectX 9. Please visit www.microsoft.com to download the latest version.

ChessBase will run without DirectX if you do not use the real 3D board.

For the 3D board you also need a graphics adapter which supports $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DirectX}}$ functionality.

3.8.2 DGT Board

Board window: Board DGT Board

The DGT board is a wooden sensor board.



You can connect it to ChessBase for move entry.

The connection of the DGT board and the operation of the driver is described in the DGT manual.

There are different drivers available for the <u>32-bit and 64-bit versions</u> of our programs. You can download the appropriate driver from the <u>support pages</u> of the DGT website.

3.8.3 Language

362

Options Language

Options		i i Et llomous	Kistrar IIV	N Load Nort (amo	×
Options					
Notation					
Engines	Program Lang	uage			
Folders	English	•			
Limits	Alternative An	notation Languag	e		
Tablebases	English	•	-		
Clipboard					
Encyclopedia	🔘 One	Both) All		
Misc	Transcript				
User	🔘 (none)	Oyrillic	Greek		
Design					
Language					
		ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help

In this dialog you select which language you want the program to run in, which is also the first language for the game commentary. You can select a second language for the commentary and specify whether one, both or all languages should be displayed in annotated games (ChessBase supports text commentary in different languages).

If a game contains no commentary in the languages you have selected then all languages will be displayed, so that you do not miss anything.

3.8.4 Limits

Menu File Options Limits

Notation Engines Folders	Maximum Board Windows Maximum Database Windows	5 A
Limits		
Tablebases	RAM: 3263MB	
Clipboard	Cache Size Reference DB	700
Encyclopedia		
Misc		

Maximum board windows

This determines how many board windows may be opened at any one time. When you load a new game ChessBase will automatically replace the previous game when the limit is reached. This helps you keep the desktop manageable.

Maximum database windows •

Determines how many list windows can be opened simultaneously. Again ChessBase replaces the last one when the maximum is reached.

Number of recent games

This determines how many recently loaded games should be displayed in the Menu File Recent games.

Number of recent databases

This determines how many recently loaded databases should be displayed in the Menu File Recent databases.

RAM

Displays how much memory is available on your system. It refers to installed, not free memory.

Cache for reference database

ChessBase reacts to repeated searches in the reference database by caching (holding) large chunks of the database in memory, making all operations much faster. If you have a lot of RAM (512 MB or more) most of the reference database will be cached. After the first search you will notice that there is no more hard disk activity, and that the search has speeded up by a factor of more than ten.

3.8.5

Right click retracts

Right-clicking the board normally produces a search menu. But when you are entering large numbers of games you might want to use it to retract moves. The right-click retract allows you to enter an alternative move which overwrites the original one without a query.

Register as PGN reader

ChessBase registers it own <u>database formats</u> in the Windows Explorer. This means that double-clicking a database file will open it with ChessBase. You can also have it do the same for PGN files files if you want.

Announce moves

Read out entered or replayed moves loudly.

Board sounds

Sounds for setting up the board, the ticking of the clock and the moves are played during a game.

Evaluation sounds

A sudden rise/drop in the evaluation of an <u>analysis engine</u> is accompanied by a warning sound.

Show Opening

Shows the name of the current opening in the status line.

Game History

Enables automatical saving of all your work in the daily history database.

• Use Theme Keys

Theme keys are only available optionally. Searching for <u>similar endgames</u> or <u>similar</u> <u>structures</u> is more precise and delivers much more exact results. Here you activate or deactivate them.

Mouse Wheel execute Moves

If you would like to navigate quickly through the notation of a game, you can do so very quickly with the mouse wheel.

Save last Game in Cloud Clip

In the options you can specify whether the most recently opened game should be saved in the Cloud Clip database.

Yellow Arrow

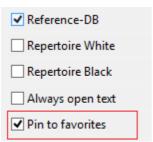
When you load a game from a database and play through it the move which was last played (as in the case of our chess programs) is highlighted on the chess board with transparent yellow arrow. That allows you t see at a glance which was the last move played in the game which is in our view helpful. If you do not wish to see this move highlighted you can deactivate the display.

Mark Move with Arrow

When you load a game from a database and play through it the move which was last played (as in the case of our chess programs) is highlighted on the chess board with transparent yellow arrow.

3.8.6 Favourites list

A right click on a database symbol displays the dialog with the properties for that database.



This entry allows you to determine which database will be offered when you are saving a game.

litle	Pinned
koenigssicherheit1	Yes
pittersbackup	Yes
Mega Database 2017	Yes
meinsystem	Yes
MyInternetKibitzing	Yes
MyInternetGames	No
World Championship 1886-2000	No
World Championship 1886-2000	No
schwarzrepertoire1e4	No
French Advance	No
Repertoire-Black Database	No
BackupMyMoves	No
WhiteRepertoire	No
murks	No
schachcomputertest	No
emise	No
nygames	No
Caro-Kann	No
/azgac	No
test	No
CloudClip	No

Whenever the user <u>saves a new game</u>, instead of the file dialog box what is displayed first is the Favourites list.

By following the procedure described previously the user can permanently enter a DB so that it can be immediately selected in the dialog box for saving.

A click on **Other** .starts the file selection dialog with which you can choose any database stored on your hard disk to which to save the game.

3.8.7 Optimize Real 3D Board

To use the real 3D Board, you need a fast graphics adapter which supports 3D rendering in hardware. It should be compatible with <u>DirectX</u> 9 or better. If there are any problems, please try to download recent driver software for your graphics adapter. Check the Microsoft Windows Update page or the web site of the hardware manufacturer.

Important: Usually only the latest drivers of a graphics adapter bring optimal performance.

If you do not use the real 3D board, you do not need DirectX.

3.9 Correspondence Chess

3.9.1 ICCF Correspondence Chess Server

Playing on a <u>correspondence chess</u> server allows games with very long time controls (several days per move). Usually the players only log into the server when they want to make a move.

ChessBase offers an interface to the *ICCF correspondence chess server*. The **International Correspondence Chess Federation** (**ICCF**) ist the world's correspondence chess organisation, and it organises several international correspondence chess tournaments.

The principle is very simple and uncomplicated. After entering a move the playing time of the opponent is activated. The opponent is informed that a move has been made, and it is also possible to send personal messages.

This is how games are played on the ICCF correspondence chess server with Chessbase:

1. Menu File - Open - ICCF-Games

Correspondence Server Games

This opens the connection with the ICCF server.

2. Then you have to log on to the server with the username and password that you have been given by ICCF.

3. After logging in there is a game list containing the games you are currently

playing.

- 4. Load a game and call the function to make the move.
- 5. The program presents a dialog box to input the move

You can use the text field to send personal messages to your opponent.

6. After clicking on OK the move is sent to the opponent.

3.9.2 Correspondence chess management

See also ICCF Chess Server

ChessBase has extensive management functions for correspondence chess players. It will look after correspondence games, keep track of progress, present them in the best way possible, print out cards, and send email to your opponents.

	Open	F	Database		nts	Board Board	Online Search	Hard Disk games	Prepare Against	Find Player Playe	List Player Encyclopedia rs	Log Off	Edit Accour Che
184	Save	F	Open Clipboard	1	Form	at Pat	h						Date
	1		a open cippourd		Refere C:\ChessBase Daten\Datenbanken\Mega Database 2016.cbh						5.11.2		
22	Activation		- AN			C:\.	\ChessB	ase\Ency	\Bases\201	6\Open	ing Encyclopedi	a 2016	. 5.11.2
		·	Chess Media File		CTG C:\ChessBase Daten\Books\Fritz13.ctg					7.11.2			
					CBH	C:\(ChessBase	Daten\E	Bases\kaspa	rov.cbh			5.11.2
	Install	*	Correspondence	e Server Games	CBH	C:\(ChessBase	Daten\[Datenbanke	n\Tests	ets\Pcschach.cb	h	11.10
					CDU	- 01		.					11.10
E-Mail Selected Database		Login	to corr	espond	ence ches	s server ((CCF et al.) a	and disp	lay the list of my	games	11.10		
		_	Search Mask										5.11.2
	🔟 Customize 🛛 🤱 Abou	Jt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CBH	C:\.	\Datenba	anken\T	estsets\Big	Book of	Combinations.	cbh	5.11.2

These are the available functions:

• To start a correspondence game you must first fill out the <u>correspondence header</u> for the game:

Board window: Insert – Annotations – Special annotation – Correspondence chess header (Ctrl-Alt-W)

• For each move you are going to send you must enter a <u>correspondence move</u> commentary:

Board window: Insert – Annotations – Special annotation – Correspondence move (Ctrl-W)

• To send a correspondence chess move click: Board window: Menu File – Print Print Correspondence card.

• To get a report on the status of the game click: Board window: File – Print – Print Correspondence report.

• To e-mail a correspondence move or report click: Board window: *Menu File Send Send correspondence move/report*.

Note: The correspondence header only needs to be entered once for a game, but every move of the game must get a "correspondence move" commentary. This keeps

track of the time spent by each side. When you have executed a move for yourself and inserted the correspondence move commentary you can print out the letter or postcard you send to your opponent.

How to play a correspondence game

This is basically how you start and maintain a correspondence game:

Click the New game button or press Ctrl-N.

Press Ctrl-Alt-W to get the header mask. Fill out the header form as explained in the next sections.

Enter your opponent's first move (e.g. 1.e4) Press Ctrl-W and fill out the <u>commentary form</u>. <u>Save the game</u> (Ctrl-S) and ponder your reply. Load the game and enter your move (e.g. 1...e5). Press Ctrl-W and fill out the commentary form.

Click File – Print – Print Correspondence card. Mail the card to your opponent.

[Alternately click File – Send – Send correspondence move if you are playing by E-mail]

<u>Replace the game</u> (Ctrl-R) in the database.

Special games list for correspondence games

In the <u>games list</u> of your correspondence database you find special correspondence columns: Last Move, Move sent, Time White, Time Black. On the games list use *right-click List Format Correspondence Info* to make those columns visible.

Correspondence Notation

ChessBase supports entering games and printing in correspondence notation. Just type 5254 in the starting position. To switch to correspondence notation, call Menu Tools – Options – Notation – 1.4244.

Question: Why is there no shortcut for the option "Send correspondence chess move by E-Mail"?

Answer: You can create a keyboard shortcut yourself via Customize .

🛛 🖳 Customize keyboard shortcuts

You can find this on the programme's file menu.

3.9.3 Correspondence header

Board window: Insert Annotations Special annotation Correspondence chess header (Ctrl-Alt-W)

Time control

Start: the day on which the tournament begins. The date is important for the time controls, since all moves played before this date do not use up any of the allotted time.

Time control 1 up to move... In recent time it has become normal to accelerate the game after a given number of moves. Enter this number here if that is the case in your game.

Time control 1: Specify how many moves must be played in how many days during the first period. 10 moves in 30 days is the most common time control in correspondence chess.

Time control 2: Specify how many days there are in the second period. The rate of play is the same as the first period.

Colour: Specify which colour you have in the game.

Game info

This just gives you information on the current status of the game: time used, time left, average postal time for each side, days left until the next time control, etc.

Email

Maximum days: In correspondence chess by E-mail or fax the maximum remaining days are restricted. After every time control all the left-over days are cancelled.

Use time: There is a special rule which specifies that any move that arrives within 24 hours has used zero days. This can lead to a problem. If a move is received at 23:59 hours the time spent until 23:28 hours on the next day is zero, until 23:59 it is one day and until 00:00 it is two days. This is not a programming bug, it is required by the rules.

Use stamp: If you use time and are playing an E-mail game you can deactivate the time stamp in the dialog of the correspondence chess move.

ICCF: The ICCF (International Correspondence Chess Federation) demands a special format for the email, which looks like a table. When you activate this box, this format is generated.

Append PGN: The game is attached to the email in PGN format.

Attach Diagram: A diagram in the JPG format is attached to the email.

Subject: The text in this entry will be copied to the subject line in the email program. You can use this to easily manage your emails when you play more correspondence games simultaneously.

Notation

Standard notation: Normally people tend to use the numeric correspondence chess notation. Here you can switch to standard algebraic.

Address

Type in your own address and the address of your opponent. Include the E-mail addresses if you are playing by E-mail. This will be used by your E-mail client when you send a move.

Vacation

Enter the vacation periods for both sides. This information is taken into

370 ChessBase 15

consideration in the calculation of the time controls. You can add or remove vacation periods. ChessBase sorts the entries, removes overlaps and merges them into one vacation.

Signature

Enter your own complimentary close like Yours sincerely, name.

3.9.4 Correspondence move

Board window: Game Annotation Special annotation Correspondence move (Ctrl-W)

Received, replied, stamped

Here you can enter when you (or your opponent) received the postcard or the E-mail, when the reply was made and when the postcard was stamped. To calculate the time used (to print on the postcard) ChessBase will only use the days from "Received" and "Stamped". "Replied" is only for your information. The times in the right column are only activated if you have activated Use time in the <u>correspondence header</u>.

Penalty / set manually

According to the rules of correspondence chess there is a penalty of subtracting some days from your time account if you overstep the time allocation for a move without previously informing your opponent. These penalty days are entered here. ChessBase will take them into account when calculating the time controls. You can also override the rule and set a value manually.

• 1st / 2nd repetitions

Keeps track of move repetitions.

Offer/accept/refuse draw, resign

If you activate any of these the information will be stored in the game and printed on the postcard.

Move is unclear

Sometimes the opponent's move may be ambiguous, or it may be illegible. Activate this to inform him of the circumstance.

• **Time overstepped** – this checkbox is automatically activated when ChessBase sees that the time limit was exceeded.

▶ Propose move / "If-moves" – in order to propose a continuation for your opponent you must execute the move on the board and click this checkbox for that move. You have to enter your reply as well (the point of proposing a move). You can enter a whole series of moves, or propose a number of alternatives, always marking the opponent's move as a proposal – but not your own, which can remain without commentary. The dates will be ignored. Before you print out the card you must go to the position in which you actually execute your next move. ChessBase will print out the card with your move and the proposal(s).

3.10 Engines

3.10.1 Installed engines

ChessBase shares a common directory for chess playing engines with programs like Fritz, Hiarcs, Shredder etc.

The program's engine interface uses with the specifications of the current Windows version, for example Windows 7/8. This means that in future engines will no longer be stored in the folder /Program Files/ChessBase/Engines, they will be stored in /Program Files/CommonFiles/ChessBase/Engines.

Engine	Autor
Deep Fritz 13	Frans Morsch
Fritz 11 SE	Frans Morsch
Fritz 13 SE	Frans Morsch
UC) Fritz 16	Vasik Rajlich
UCI Houdini 6.02 Pro x64	1-popc Robert Houdart
UCI Houdini 6.02 x64-pc	pc Robert Houdart
UCI Komodo 12.1.1 64-b	it Don Dailey, Larry Kaufman, a
UCI Komodo 12.1.1 64-b	it M Don Dailey, Larry Kaufman, a
UCI Stockfish 9 64 POPC	NT T. Romstad, M. Costalba, J. K

After the installation you will find the Fritz engine and the current version of Crafty in the new folder. The chess engines of earlier program versions will still be in the folder / Program Files/ChessBase/Engines.

What do these changes mean for the user? The answer is simple: nothing at all. All the engines can still be used by Chessbase. This is true for recent engines as well as for older chess engines like Fritz 7 and Shredder 7.

<u>UCI engines</u> can be used wherever they are, in any folder or any disk on the computer. The configuration files with the extension ***.uci** are always saved in the folder / Documents and Settings/Username/Application Data/ChessBase/Engines.UCI.

When you install new ChessBase programs the engines are automatically put into the Engines directory.

Cloud Engines ...

3.10.2 Default engine

Menu File - Options - Engine

Board window: Home - Default Kibitzer.

In this dialog you can make one <u>analysis engine</u> your default engine. You can also set

the <u>hash table size</u> for this engine.



The default engine starts whenever you click the button on the right in the tool bar (or press Alt-F2).

In the <u>board window</u> you can use the menu Engine – Add: (engine name) to start the <u>default engine</u>.

3.10.3 Load Engine

Board window - Add Kibitzer



Add a Kibitz engine pane to analyse or assist in a game (Strg+K)

This brings up a dialog box in which your can load <u>engines</u> and set <u>different engine</u> <u>parameters</u>.

Engine	Autor
Deep Fritz 13	Frans Morsch
Fritz 11 SE	Frans Morsch
Fritz 13 SE	Frans Morsch
00 Fritz 16	Vasik Rajlich
UCI Houdini 6.02 Pro x64-po	pc Robert Houdart
UCI Houdini 6.02 x64-popc	Robert Houdart
UCI Komodo 12.1.1 64-bit	Don Dailey, Larry Kaufman, a
UCI Komodo 12.1.1 64-bit M	Don Dailey, Larry Kaufman, a
UCI Stockfish 9 64 POPCNT	T. Romstad, M. Costalba, J. K

-> <u>Cloud Engines ...</u>

Advanced offers you more possibilities.

For example:

	Engine parameters	
	Clear Hashtable	
Hashtable size Maximum		1536 MB
Hashtable size		↓ 1152 ▼
 ✓ Default Engine ✓ Use Tablebases ✓ Smart CPU usage 		
ОК	Help	Cancel

Clear hash tables: This removes all information from the hash tables (which might have been filled in an earlier search).

Engine parameters: click to set the engine parameter available for the selected engine.

Hash table size: This is important if you are looking for optimum strength, especially in longer time control.

Permanent brain is the term for thinking on the opponent's time. This is an advantage because the engine often guesses what the opponent is going to play and then has already calculated its reply.

Tablebases are special endgame databases which allow the program to play fivepiece endings perfectly (even find them in the search).

Use Tablebases: If endgame tablebases have been installed the program can play the best moves from the tablebases without using the engine, as long as a position with five or less pieces is on the board.

Smart CPU Usage

A deep engine starts on a computer with hyperthreading (i7 4 Cores + 4 Hyperthreading) with only 4 Threads/Processors. On a computer without hyperthreading (i5, AMD) it starts with n-1 Threads/Processors. If this option is turned off it runs as in older versions.

Exception: The user has defined the number of threads/processors explicitly, for instance by defining a UCI engine.

Cloud loads the main window of Engine Cloud so that you can load cloud engines.

If you select an engine in the list that has been defined as not the standard engine the tick before the engine's name is removed.

Note: <u>UCI engines</u> can also be used as the standard engine in ChessBase.

3.10.4 Loading multiple instances of an engine

Many engines can be loaded more than once in the same window.

This allows more possibilities in the analysis mode "Deep Position Analysis".

It is possible to run evaluations with one variation and with several variations at the same time.

3.10.5 Hash tables

<u>Analysis engines</u> or Kibitzers use "hash tables" to store positions that have already been examined, in case they turn up again in the search tree. This speed things up tremendously, especially in the endgame.

You can set the size of the hash tables in the <u>Add Kibitzer</u> dialog. ChessBase will give you a plausible value for the hash tables. You should try to use the maximum, since that speeds up the engine tremendously. But if you go too high then Windows will start "swapping" on your hard drive, which will slow down the program to a snail's pace. So if your hard disk is being accessed constantly during analysis it means that the hash table size is too large. Reduce it until there is no hard disk activity during analysis.

Hashtable size	
Maximum	1536 MB
Hashtable size	▲ 300 ▼

The programs Deep Fritz and many others "learn" with their hash tables. If you are analyzing a very complex position and go down certain lines these programs remember them, especially winning and losing variations. When you return to the position they suddenly understand it much better. It is then that they come up with new and interesting ideas.

3.10.6 Engine parameters

Maximum

Hashtable size

Engine parameters
Clear Hashtable

Board window: Home	Add Kibitzer - Engine parame	ters

This is a function for experts – normally the default values will do fine when you work with an analysis engine.

1536 MB

300

The engine parameters influence the analysis style of the engines. For instance increasing aggressiveness will generally make a program find mate combinations faster.

376 ChessBase 15

In certain engines you will find more and different parameters to set. For example, Nimzo allows you to set piece values, which is useful when you are solving studies.

3.10.7 UCI Engines

What is UCI?

This program was designed as a multi-engine system. This means that the graphical user interface and the actual chess engine (the module that calculates moves) are strictly separated. They use a pre-defined interface to communicate with each other. UCI stands for Universal Chess Interface. It is a new communications standard defined by *Stefan Meyer-Kahlen*. The UCI interface is closely related to the "Winboard" protocol. This means that existing Winboard engines can be very easily adapted by the authors to run under our interface.

For these programmers the new UCI interface has the following advantages:

• The engine can be run under an interface which has numerous advanced testing facilities that allow them to improve the strength of the engine.

• The engine runs at full performance and strength without the need of additional adapters.

• The engine will become available to a large number of users, who are able to install it without the need for complicated configuration, as is often the case with Winboard.

• The UCI protocol may be used without any license fees, for private and for commercial purposes.

Note: UCI Engines can also be used as default analysis engines in Chessbase 10.

A UCI Engine is installed using the menu Home UCI Engine.



The dialog has two purposes:

- 1. A new UCI engine can be selected and made available to ChessBase.
- 2. The parameters of an engine that has already been installed can be modified. The modified engine can then be saved under a different name.

	Reference	377
Engine C:\Program Files*.exe		
Author		
Name		

Parameter

With regard to renaming engines there are certain restrictions. The original engine name must be contained in the new name. If the engine is saved with the standard settings the name must be left in its original form, i.e. you will not be able to edit the engine name at all. On the other hand if you change the default parameters then the name must also be changed (retaining the original name as part of the new one). The name of the engine author cannot be removed. However you do not need to modify it when you change the parameters.

Installing a UCI engine

Priority

Below normal

Before a UCI engine is displayed in the engine dialog (F3) it has to be installed. This is done in a few simple steps:

- 1. Select the option Create UCI engine.
- 2. Next you must tell the program where the UCI engine is located. This is done by point and click in the file selector that appears. Use "Browse" and locate the UCI engine on your hard disk.
- 3. The name of the engine and its author are automatically given. Simply click "OK" to install the engine, which will then be displayed in the engine list.

Note that the UCI engine can be stored in any directory on any partition of your hard disk.

Modifying engines

Many UCI engines allow you to modify a number of search and evaluation parameters which influence the playing style of the engine. To change the parameters proceed as described above. In the Create UCI engine dialog click on the button Parameters. Each UCI engine will display the parameters which can be changed, and which vary for different engines. If you change any of the parameters the input fields for "Name" and "Author" become active and can be modified, within the constraints described above. After clicking "OK" the new engine is registered and will appear in the Fritz engine list, together with the other UCI and native Fritz engines.

<u>Please note</u>: modifying and storing an engine with a different name does not create a new copy of the engine on your hard disk. Only the modified parameters are stored under the new name and applied to the engine when this is started.

3.10.8 Extended Options in the Engine Window

In the <u>engine window</u> the user now sees a new display of the <u>number of processors</u> <u>used</u>. This display is only relevant for computer systems with several processors and programs that are able to use more than one processor.

Kibitzer: Komodo 8 32-bit	• ×
Komodo 8 32-bit 💽 🔍 🔍 3 CPUs 🔒	🖸 💋 Disconnect 🦹 Settings
● = (0.26) Depth=20 14Dc7 (1/26) 1061 kN/s	14Dc7 15.Kb1 0-0-0 0.38 depth=26 Stoc
14Dc7 15.Kb1 0-0-0 16.a3 Kb8 17.Le2 Dc5 18.Dh3 h5 19.The1 Tc8 20.Dd3 h4 21.Lg4 Thg8 22.Lf3 Ka8 23.Te2 Kb8	14Dc7 15.f5 0-0-0 0.45 depth=24 Kom 14Dc7 15.f5 10-0-0 0.00 depth=21 Deet
White has an edge: = (0.26) Depth: 19 00:00:22 22914kN	Visits=421

Clicking the CPU button in the engine window allows the user to change the number of processors being used.

3.10.9 Extended Engine Information

In the analysis mode the standard engine displays new information in the <u>engine</u> <u>window</u>. Right clicking in the engine window opens a context menu.

	Search options			
	Next Best		Next Best	Y
	Analyse threat X		Search Better	Umschalt+Y
	Clip analysis		Search Clearly Better	Alt+Y
r	Copy to notation		Properties	
		100		

Next Best calculates the second best alternative for continuing. While the engine is calculating this information can be accessed faster by typing the key \mathbf{Y} .

At the beginning of the engine window the best line found so far is displayed in light <u>gray letters</u>.

Kibitzer: Komodo 8 32-bit	▼ ×
Komodo 8 32-bit 💽 🔍 🔍 3 CPUs 🔒	Disconnect Settings
• = (0.26) Depth=20 14Dc7 (1/26) 1061 kN/s	14Dc7 15.Kb10-0-0 0.38 depth=26 Stor
14Dc7 15.Kb1 0-0-0 16.a3 Kb8 17.Le2 Dc5 18.Dh3 h5 19.The1 Tc8 20.Dd3 h4 21.Lg4 Thg8 22.Lf3 Ka8 23.Te2 Kb8	14Dc7 15.f5 0-0-0 0.45 depth=24 Kon 14Dc7 15.Kb10-0-0 0.00 depth=21 Dee
White has an edge: = (0.26) Depth: 19 00:00:22 22914kN	Visits=421

After this possible alternatives are displayed.

Tip: This information is at the beginning of the list view. If you cannot see this information use the scroll bar to scroll back to the beginning of the list.

Hint: The next best move option is only available while the engine is only analysing one line.

Display of the current main line

At the bottom of the engine window the line that is currently being examined is displayed.

The main advantage of this display is that it is constantly updated even if the best line displayed remains unchanged during lengthy processing.

3.10.10 Deep analysis

Most chess players analyse their games interactively. They try out variations on the board and let them be evaluated by <u>chess engines.</u>

This is very good for preliminary analysis so that you can get used to the motives of the position, but sometimes engines need more time to examine a position in detail. For this it is necessary to let an engine examine a position for a long time.

Board window: Analysis - Deep Analysis



In the deep analysis the engine generates a tree with the possible moves.

The analysis is left to run by itself. The longer it runs, the more reliable the variations are. After longer times the search depth is bigger, but not too complex so that the result remains easy to understand. Variations that do not look good after a large search depth are automatically removed. This leads to an annotation with an analysis of the most important moves. This function is an improvement over Fritz's deep position analysis, because no time is specified and the variation tree is dynamically restructured as the search progresses. After the function has been started the program calculates indefinitely and generates an analysis tree with the best moves and replies. The tree is dynamically updated and weaker variations are removed.

The program analyses candidate moves and makes the moves for further analysis, as every chess player would do it himself. This generates a tree which changes from iteration to iteration. Every iteration increases the processor time.

In the notation variations are shown in grey if they do not seem good at the current depth. If a variation cannot be proved to be good at two consecutive depths it disappears from the notation, so that only the best continuations are analysed and displayed.

During the analysis there are two ways you can influence the analysis:



Stop Process: This halts the analysis. The result can be stored as a different game, or the existing notation can be overwritten.

Open Cloud Engines: You can add cloud engines to the analysis to improve the quality. The function then accesses engines that are running in parallel.

One engine makes the candidate moves and creates a variation tree. In the example this is done by Fritz 13.

The additional cloud engines calculate answers to the moves simultaneously, which are then added without losing any time. In the example this is done by the Houdini engine.

The title bar of the engine window tells us what function the engine has.

The candidate engine runs in multi-variation mode, because it has to calculate a lot of candidate moves.

During the deep analysis other engines can be added to the cloud server without interrupting the analysis. These engines automatically adopt the correct roles. If individual cloud engines stop running the analysis continues, as long as at least one local engine is running.

Skip Iteration: This skips an analysis level, which increases the processor time and the analysis depth of the engine.

Note: Variations that are in the notation at the start of the analysis are never deleted and are always analysed, unless they are the results of a previous Cloud Analysis.

Moves that have been marked with a question mark are never analysed.

Reference	381

3.10.11 Cloud Analysis

Board Window - Analysis - Cloud Analysis

Deep analysis with several engines running in parallel

Chess players usually analyse their games and chess positions interactively. They try out moves on the board and let them be evaluated by an engine that is continuously running. Unfortunately there is not always enough time to let the analysis run deeply enough. The opposite method is an analysis that runs by itself, in which an engine examines a position for a long time. There are two ways to do this in ChessBase: <u>Deep Analysis</u> and Cloud Analysis.

Cloud Analysis is a deep analysis in which several engines run in parallel, which saves a lot of time and increases the accuracy of the analysis. These engines either run on different computers, or they all run on one powerful computer, on which they have to share the ressources. The advantage of the Cloud Analysis is that the analysis can be carried out without using the hardware and software ressources of the local computer.

In the Cloud Analysis the engines adopt different roles. One engine always controls the analysis. Another engine evaluates the candidate moves from original position to make sure that the best possible depth is reached. One or more engines evaluate the possible replies to the candidate moves. Their search only changes when the candidate moves change.

A practical configuration is to use two to four engines. One controls the analysis, one evaluates the candidates, and optionally one or two reply to the strongest candidate moves. It is also possible to use several candidate engines if the moves they suggest are different.

If the cloud engines run on other computers the analysis continues reliably even if individual engines stop running. This can happen if an Internet connection is interrupted or someone else takes control of an engine. The controlling engine at least must run on the local computer. If additional cloud engines are added they are automatically assigned roles.

The function offers the deep analysis of a position with several engines that are running in parallel. It can be used with both <u>cloud engines</u> and <u>local engines</u> on your own computer. However, if local engines are used they must share ressources, which makes them slower. Cloud engines can run on other computers that you own, or they can be rented.

This function is only useful if more than one engine is used.



You should use at least two engines. Runs best with cloud engines.

After starting the analysis you can tell the selected engines what they have to do.

Cloud Engine: Houdini 3 Pro x64 ((greekwarrier)	
 Analysis Crawler N Variations 		Expected Answers
Cloud Engine: Deep Fritz 13 (dera O Analysis Crawler N Variations	(Mateur) Root Candidates 3	Expected Answers
ОК	Help	Cancel

In the Cloud Analysis one engine works continually evaluating the candidate moves of the initial position. Another engine (the "analysis crawler") makes these candidate moves and generates a variation tree. Unlike the Deep Analysis (see above) the controlling engine accepts the candidate moves in every iteration without losing any time.

It is also possible for several engines to evaluate replies to the candidate moves simultaneously. These replies will also be accepted without any delay. These engines

work non-stop, and they will only start again when the candidate moves change. By doing this you can build your own cluster.

During the Cloud Analysis it is possible to add other engines to the cloud without interrupting the analysis.

They automatically take over the correct roles. If cloud engines stop running the analysis will continue as long as at least one local engine is still running.

If engines are loaded in advance their roles can be configured. It is more useful to work with different candidate engines so that the analysis is not identical.

Cloud Analysis with locally stored chess engines

You can use this analysis without cloud engines if you have a powerful computer with <u>several chess</u> installed.

Local Engine: Fritz 13		
Analysis Crawler	Root Candidates	Expected Answers
N Variations	3	
Local Engine:		
Deep Fritz 13		
O Analysis Crawler	Root Candidates	Expected Answers
N Variations	3	

To do this start one or more kibitzers in the board window.

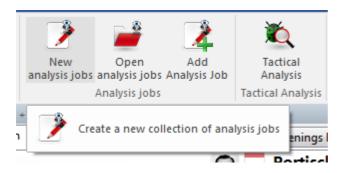
Note: Variations that are in the notation at the start of the analysis are never deleted and are always analysed, unless they are the results of a previous Cloud Analysis.

Moves that have been marked with a question mark are never analysed.

3.10.12 Analysis Jobs

Analysis jobs are a collection of positions which are automatically processed by ChessBase 13. The results of the evaluations by chess engines are stored in a database with the same name, so that you can return to them later to study them.

This function is in **Board Window -> Analysis**.



Clicking on "*New analysis jobs*" generates a file that contains the positions to be analysed. In the standard Windows dialog you can select a folder in which the file with the extension ***.analysis** should be save.

👊 Netzwerk				PositionenPitters.analysis	27.10.2014 00
💷 Systemsteuer	ing	۷	<		
Dateiname:	PositionenPitters.analysis				
Dateityp:	Analysis queue (*.analysis)				
Ordner ausblende	n				Create new

Users can then customize the analysis process by configuring various settings in the "Analysis Setup" dialog box.

385

Analysis Setup	×
Title	Setup
2Sc6 3.Lc4	Default
2Sc6 3.Lc4	Default
12.De3 Dd7	Time = 0:02:00;Va
🔴 18.Lxg5 Da5	Default
17Sdf6 18.Se4	Default
0 120-0 13.Tae1	Time = 0:02:00;Va
🔴 30.Df6 d3	Default
🚔 24.Tb4 Tac8	Time = 0:01:00;Va
Add Position	
Add Position	• Fritz 14
Add Position Default Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2; Engines = Deep	• Fritz 14
Add Position Default Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2; Engines = Deep Total time = 0:15:00; Remaining time = 0:15:0	• Fritz 14

Users can open other boards while the analysis dialog box is open and add positions to the analysis queue by clicking "Add".

Add position This command adds the current board position to the analysis queue. The dialog box remains in view when you open analysis queues - and you can quickly add the positions that you would like to be analysed using the "Add" command.

Edit a position You can configure the settings for each individual position if you do

not wish to use the program's default settings. This is done by right-clicking on the relevant entry in the queue.

Settings To edit the settings for a position in the queue, right-click on it and click $\ensuremath{\textit{Properties}}$.

Title		Setup			
🔵 2Sc6 3.Lc4		Default			
2Sc6 3.Lc4		Default			
🔵 12.De3 Dd7		Time = 0:02:00;Va			
🔵 18.Lxg5 Da5		Default			
17Sdf6 18.Se4		Default			
120-0 13.Tae1 30.Df6 d3	Restart	ime = 0:02:00;Va efault			
24.Tb4 Tac8	Skip	ime = 0:01:00;Va			
24.104 1800	Remove	ine = 0.01.00, va			
	Properties				
	Add Position				
Settings	l	x			
Title 17	Sdf6 18.Se4				
Analysis Type 💿	Variations				
	Deep Analysis				
En	igines				
Number of mainlines	2				
lime	Time 00:02:00				
Merge result with original game					
OK Cancel					

You can then give the position a title, specify the type of analysis or the engine(s) you would like to analyse the position.

Engines	
Engine Deep Fritz 14 x64 UCI Houdini 3 x64 UCI Komodo 8 64-bit	
Add Remove Edit	
OK Cancel	

0:02:00:Variations = 4: Engines = Komodo 8.64-bit. Stocktisl

You can also define how long the analysis should last. Any changes you make are shown in the dialog box under "Setup".

Title	Setup	
🔴 2Sc6 3.Lc4	Default	
🔴 2Sc6 3.Lc4	Default	
🔴 12.De3 Dd7	Time = 0:02:00;Va	
🛑 18.Lxg5 Da5	Default	
🛑 17Sdf6 18.Se4	Default	
🛑 120-0 13.Tael	Time = 0:02:00;Va	
🔵 30.Df6 d3	Default	
💭 24.Tb4 Tac8	Time = 0:01:00;Va	
Add Desition		
Add Position		
<u>D</u> efault		

Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2; Engines = Deep Fritz 14 Total time = 0:15:00; Remaining time = 0:15:00

The time limit and type of analysis can be set individually for each position, meaning you can choose e.g. between a brief analysis with single or multiple variations, or a deep position analysis. Each position can be analysed by up to 6 engines

simultaneously.

Removing a position

To remove a position, right-click on it and select *Remove* to delete the selected position from the analysis queue.

Title		Setup	
🔵 2Sc6 3.Lc4		Default	
0 2Sc6 3.Lc4		Default	
🔴 12.De	3 Dd7	Time = 0:02:00;Va	
🔴 18.Lx	g5 Da5	Default	
🌒 17S	1/C 10 C 1	Default	
9 120	Restart	Time = 0:02:00;Va	
🔵 30.DI	Skip	Default	
🔴 24.TI		Time = 0:01:00;Va	
	Remove		
	Properties		
Add Position			
Default			

The entries with a green <u>symbol</u> have already been processed, the red<u>symbol</u> signifies that the position has not yet been analysed.

Title	Setup
19.Tab1 axb5	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2
🔵 22.c4 e5	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2
34.Dxb7 De6	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2
13.bxc3 Dd3	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 4
27.Sd5 Le6	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2
29.axb4 Tc4	Default
🔵 30Txb4+ 31.Ka3	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 2
140-0 15.Lf3	Time = 0:02:00;Variations = 4
25Sd6 26.a6	Default
25Sd6 26.a6	Default Add Position
25Sd6 26.a6	
	Add Position Default 5 = 4; Engines = Komodo 8 64-bit, Stockfish DD 6

You can add individual positions to the most recently used queues quickly and easily. To do this, you merely have to have already created a queue.

Each queue file has settings, and these apply to all the positions in that queue. Any changes made here always affect all of the positions! The settings can, however, be changed for individual positions. If you would like to analyse a number of different positions with different settings then you can create a new queue file with your desired settings.

7.Sf3 c5 8.Tb1 0-0 9.Le2 b6 10.0-0 Lb7 11.Dd3 La6 12.De3 Dd7 1) Deep Fritz 14: 13.dxc5

[2) Deep Fritz 14: 13.Lxa6 Sxa6 14.De2 Da4 15.d5 Tfe8 16.Sg5 c4 17.Le3 Tad8 18.Tfd1 Lxc3 19.Tdc1 Da5 20.Dxc4 Tc8 21.Db3 Lf6 22.h4 Sc5 23.Lxc5 Txc5 0.23/20]

13...Lxe2 14.Dxe2 Dc6 15.cxb6 axb6 16.Td1 Sd7 17.Lg5 h6 18.Lxe7 Tfe8 19.Td6 Dc7 0.35/20

Tip: You can run multiple instances of ChessBase 13 on a modern 64-bit computer, meaning that multiple analysis jobs can be run simultaneously. Saved analysis queues have the file extension "**.analysis**" and can be loaded, modified or deleted at any time.

"Start/Continue" either starts the analysis or continues the analysis of a queue that

has already been started.

	an (2725) - Kasparov,Garry (2795), World Cl	hampionship PCA 1995 B85 (Anand), 1-0	_ 🗆 🗙
Datei Deep Analysis			0
Stop Process Engines Skip	Analysis: Time =	= 0:02:00, Variations = 2	
Cloud Engine		Info	
8		Spieler Anand, Viswanathan (26) Notation - Euch Manand, Viswanathan 2725 - Kasparov, Garr B5 World Championship PCA New York (9) 1.e4 c5 2.Sf3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Sxd4 Sf6 5.Sc3 a6 6.Le Sc6 9.Le3 0-0 10.f4 Dc7 11.Kh1 Te8 12.Lf3 Ld7 13.Sl 15.Dd3 Tad8 16.Tfd1 Lc6 17.b4 Dc7 18.b5 Ld7 19.Ta	25.09.1995 2 e6 7.0-0 Le7 8.a4 b3 Sa5 14.Sxa5 Dxa5
Kibitzer: Stockfish DD 64 SSE4.2	▼ ⊠	*	
Stockfish DD 64 SSE4.2 Stop 🔍 🧠	3 CPUs		∞ ≌ ∓ ∓ -+
1. ± (0.90): 20.Sxb5 Lxb5 21.Txb5 d5 22.e5 Sd7 2 2. = (0.16): 20.axb5 Tc8 21.Sa4 Dxc2 22.Sb6 Dx	23.c4 dxc4 24.Db1 b6 25.a5 bxa5 26.Tb7 E 🔷 📲	Xibitzer: Komodo 8 64-bit 1. ± (0.59): 20.Sxb5 Lxb5 21.Txb5 Tc8 22.a5 e5 23.fxe5 dxe5 24.Db3 E 2. ± (0.42): 20.axb5 e5 21.f5 Tc8 22.Tb3 Dc4 23.Dxc4 Txc4 24.Le2 Tc7	
B85: Sicilian Scheveningen: 6 Be2 a6, lines with early Be3		100%	

Skip iteration This skips over an entry during analysis.

Show Results

This shows the results of the analysis. The program opens a window with a list of the relevant game entries and the results of the analysis in a preview pane.

File	Home	e Stati	stics Gan	nes Players	Opening Keys	s View		0
Paste	Delet	or Unclip	Self Der Segoe UI First	fined • • 13 • 0 •	l		Cross Next Table Tournaments	Activate/deactivate Fritztrainer Activate
Text	Games	Openings	;					
Number	White	e	Elo W	Black	E		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	arry 2851 - Reynolds,Ori
1	Kasp	arov,G	2851	Reynolds,O				on Festival sim 20.11.1999
2	Kasp	arov,G	2851	Reynolds,O				.Sf3 Sc6 3.Lc4
3	Kasp	arov,G	2851	Reynolds,O				itz 14: Sf6 Fritz 14: 3Lc5 4.d3
4	Kasp	arov,G	2851	Reynolds,O	1000			3 d6 6.Le3 Lxe3
5	Kasp	arov,G	2851	Reynolds,O			2 A A 7.fxe3 0.0	02/21]
6	Avru	kh,B	2620	Kasparov, G	21		4.d3 0.02/	21
7	Avru	kh,B	2620	Kasparov, G	21	++		-
<						中國共產黨主要		
							100%	

By double clicking on the entry in the list, the game is loaded in a board window and you can see the results of the analysis in the notation window.

"Restart" restarts the analysis.

3.10.13 Tactical analysis π

ChessBase 14 offers in the form of *"Tactical analysis"* an extra function for <u>automatically</u> checking games for mistakes and tactical inaccuracies.

Board window Analysis Tactical analysis

Ř		Assisted Analysis			
Tactical Analysis					
Tactical Ana	lysis	Assisted Analysis			
Ope Ref	De	tect Blunders and small	tactics in the	game (Umschalt+Strg	+Alt+U)
	V	artechnol Viletor	2665 1	Constau Carny	505 n 1

In addition the program adds comments and takes into account the following factors:

- Opening theory
- Tactical motifs such as strong moves, combinations, sacrifices and double attacks
- Mistakes, things missed or other critical turning points within the game
- Weak moves which were not played (why can I not take the piece?), often going on to give the tactical refutation
- Threats and attacking motifs
- Defensive ideas, initiative, attack, manoeuvres, endgame classification and illogical game results

You fix the settings in the dialog "Tactical analysis".

Time[s]		20	×
Recommended	20s		
Fine	Medium	Coarse	2
Store evaluati	ons		
🔽 Erase old ann	otations		
V Training			
ОК		Cancel	

The entries are self-evident, the entry Training makes the program embed in the

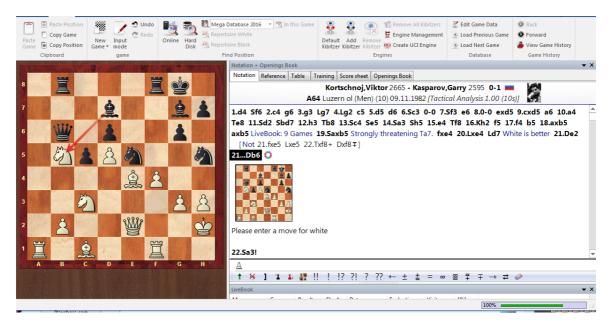
392 ChessBase 15

notation <u>training questions</u>, which are included when the game is played through. The thinking time should not be set too high so that the analysis can be carried out briskly.

On a fast modern computer you receive plausible and reliable results for this form of analysis even with short thinking times. Five to eight seconds per move put you on the safe side here.

Be aware that in the setup dialog the program <u>makes a recommendation</u> for the time setting.

The games are annotated with variations, text, diagrams and commentary symbols.



With this function you can analyse in one go several games from a database.

Mark the games you wish to analyse in the games list with **Ctrl + mouse click** and then open the context menu with a right click.

ame in	Create game title	<u> </u>
MEGA UPDATI	Tactical Analysis	
UPDAT	List Format	

3.10.14 A tip on tactical analysis

When you are doing a <u>tactical analysis</u> in ChessBase, during the analysis the program adds to the notation automatically calculated variations and comments.

The meaning of most entries, e.g. references to comparable games, innovations, positional evaluation by the chess engine switched on at that particular time, etc. is to great extent self-explanatory.

What is the meaning of the numbers, e.g. (82) in the sample game in the commentary. E.g. before Cramling.

6.0-0 D26: Queen's Gambit Accepted: 4 e3 e6 5 Bxc5 c5 sidelines **0-0 7.b3** Bxe3 12.fxe3 Bg4 0-1 (82) Cramling,P (2515)-Peng,Z (2407) Ekaterinburg 2006]

The option to have commentary of this sort has existed for a long time in ChessBase, so primarily it has nothing to do with tactical analysis. Tactical analysis simply uses this option in order to provide some commentary.

The user is specifically given direct information about the game suggested for comparison. The game Cramling,P – Pen,Z ended 0:1 after 82 moves.

The game Jiranek, B – Grothe, M ended 1-0 after 60 moves.

14.Bxf6 Qxf6 1-0 (60) Jiranek, B (1454)-Grothe, M Berlin 2015]

3.11 Engine - Cloud.com

3.11.1 Server Engine-Cloud.com

The new server **Engine-Cloud.com** offers a groundbreaking innovation for analysis with chess engines. It is possible to use the Internet to access chess engines that are running on other computers and use them for your own analysis. Engine Cloud is ideal for people who have several computers and would like to combine them for detailed analysis. It is also possible to run an engine on your computer and offer it to other users in the Cloud.

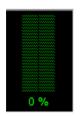
- Increase the quality of your analysis by using different chess engines on different computers, combining the results in a single board window. That is just as comfortable as if you were running the engines locally on your own computer.
- If you own several computers you can use them with Engine Cloud to create a single

analysis. When you do this you have all the ressources of the available hardware and software at your fingertips.

It is possible to remotely access an office computer and use its chess engines in the Interface as if they were stored on your own computer.

- This system offers many advantages to tournament players. They can travel to a tournament with a relatively weak notebook. In between rounds they can use Engine Cloud to analyse positions with the more powerful computers that they have at home.
- Chess engines are extreme applications that demand a computer's complete power. This means that a lot of energy is needed. If you work with a notebook a lot you can use the computing power of other computers to prolong the life of your battery and still use the maximum power for analysis. Another advantage is that the fan doesn't have to be used so much, so the computer runs more quietly during the analysis.
- Powerful computers cost a lot of money. By using Engine Cloud you can pay a small fee to use top engines running on extremely powerful hardware. You can decide for yourself how often you want to use these ressources, so you don't have to invest a lot of money in expensive hardware to make first class analyses.
- For complex analyses you can access several machines at the same time as kibitzers, each running with full power.





- If you own fast hardware and top engines you can use Engine Cloud to offer your ressources to other users for a small fee.
- You can use Cloud Engines to do anything that you would use local machines for, such as analysis, engine matches, or for games in the the Engine Room at Playchess. com.

3.11.2 List View

Database window - Cloud - Cloud Engines



Board Window - Analysis - Open Cloud Engines



After logging into Engine Cloud with your Playchess.com account details you see the start up screen of the server.

396	ChessBase	15
-----	-----------	----

(
Please log in with	n your playchess.com account.
Username	Derdenstein
osemanie	DerAmateur
Password	•••••
Remember Password	
	Enter As Guest

Here you can offer engines, and you can see a list of the Cloud engines offered by other people.

File Home View				_			-								
ile Home View															
-	8 😣	2	- 🔥 -	Segoe UI	•	12 🔻									
	er Private Offer Public Engine Engine Provider	Check Ducat Account Ducats	ts Provider Experience List Ranking		Font										
ne	Provider	Experience	Machine		Nation	Speed	Threads+Hash	Cores	MN/s	Likes	Current Rate	Fix Rate	Booking Fee	Max Fix Ti	Waiting
ritz 13	sundiver	** -	Intel Xeon E31260		-	2.40 GHz	1 + 160MB	4/8(1)	2.08	3	Free	0.30	Free	60 min	In use
Deep Hiarcs 13.2	ben	** -	Intel Core i7 860		-	2.79 GHz	4 + 400MB	4/8(1)	2.40	0	0,02	0,30	0.02	120 min	In use
Deep Junior 12 x64	ben	** -	Intel Core i5-2430	N	-	2.39 GHz	2 + 500MB	2/4(1)	3.13	0	0,10	0,30	0,02	120 min	-
Comodo64 SSE Version 4	sxb	** -	Intel Core i5-2430	N		2.40 GHz	1 + 512MB	2/4(1)	0.86	2	0,02	0,10	0,00	120 min	-
(omodo 4 SSE42 x64	tryme	** 🚥	AMD Phenom II X		-	3.21 GHz	1 + 2048MB	6/6(1)	0.90	1	0,05	0,30	0,00	120 min	In use
eep Rybka 4.1 SSE42 x	c64 tryme	** 🚥	AMD Phenom II		-	3.21 GHz	6 + 2048MB	6/6(1)	0.30	1	0.05	0,30	0,00	120 min	1 Waiting
tockfish 2.2.2 SSE42 x64	tryme		AMD Phenom II X		-	3.21 GHz	6 + 2048MB	6/6(1)	6.62	1	0,05	0,30	0,00	120 min	In use
ritter 1.4a SSE42 x64	tryme		AMD Phenom II X		-	3.21 GHz	6 + 2048MB	6/6(1)	7.78	1	0,05	0,30	0,00	120 min	In use
ritz 13	haschme		Intel Core2 Quad		-	2.39 GHz	1 + 256MB	4/4(1)	2.08	0	0,10	0,30	0,00	180 min	-
łoudini 1.5a x64	tryme	👷 🗘 🗖	AMD Phenom II X	5, 4GB		3.21 GHz	6 + 2048MB	6/6(1)	9.62	1	0,05	0,30	0,00	120 min	In use
						m									
				Data										Pri	ivate Only
Use Engine 🕒 Like Er	ngine 🗙 Cancel Bio	d 💂 Ping Pro	ovider 💈 Persona	Colo											
	ngine 🏋 Cancel Bio	d 🔒 Ping Pro	ovider 💈 Persona	Cara											
	ngine 🗡 Cancel Bio	d 🔒 Ping Pro	ovider 🙎 Persona	oota			******			_	_	_		_	
			ovider 🙎 Persona	Cata								_			
nk you for connecting			ovider 😫 Persona	Unit											
Use Engine ① Like Er : Ink you for connecting come, deramateur! fing Fee: Deep Rybka 4	g to the engine cl	oud.	Lar		loud										
nk you for connectin come, deramateur!	g to the engine cle 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1:0	oud.),05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu		loud										
nk you for connecting come, deramateur! ling Fee: Deep Rybka 4 r bid has been queue	g to the engine cle 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 rd at position 1 in	oud. 0,05 D, total=0 the waiting l	0,05 D, deramateu list.	r->EngineC											
nk you for connecting come, deramateur! ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 r bid has been queue ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4	g to the engine cl 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 rd at position 1 in 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0	oud. 0,05 D, total=(the waiting I 0,05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu l ist. 0,05 D, deramateu	r->EngineC											
nk you for connecting come, deramateur! ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 r bid has been queue ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 r bid has been queue	g to the engine cl 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 rd at position 1 in 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0	oud. 0,05 D, total=(the waiting I 0,05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu l ist. 0,05 D, deramateu	r->EngineC											
nk you for connecting come, deramateur! ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 bid has been queue ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 bid has been queue	g to the engine cl 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 rd at position 1 in 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0	oud. 0,05 D, total=(the waiting I 0,05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu l ist. 0,05 D, deramateu	r->EngineC											
nk you for connecting come, deramateur! r bid has been queue ing Fee: Deep Rybka 4 r bid has been queue	g to the engine cl 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 rd at position 1 in 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0	oud. 0,05 D, total=(the waiting I 0,05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu l ist. 0,05 D, deramateu	r->EngineC											
nk you for connectin come, deramateur! ling Fee: Deep Rybka 4	g to the engine cle 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 ed at position 1 in 4.1 SSE42 x64, #1: 0 ed at position 1 in	oud. 0,05 D, total=(the waiting I 0,05 D, total=(0,05 D, deramateu l ist. 0,05 D, deramateu	r->EngineC											

The list is ordered into columns. By right clicking on a column header you can configure the list to your own requirements.

Reference 397

Experience	Machine		
** 💻	Intel Xeon E31260L	Optimize column widths	Ctrl-+
** 💻	Intel Core i7 860	All Columns	
क्रेट्रे 💻	Intel Core i5-2430N	Hide 'Machine'	
** 💻	Intel Core i5-2430N		
	Intel Pentium G630	Auto Fit Column ('Machine')	
🚖 🛛 📼	AMD Phenom II X	Hide all columns to right ('Machine' ->)	
	Intel Core2 Quad Quoun		4/4(1)

The following information is offered in the columns of the List View.

Name	Provider	Experience	Machine	Nation	Speed	Threads+Hash	Cores	MN/s	Likes	Current Rate	Fix Rate	Booking Fee	Max Fix Time
Fritz 13	sundiver	** =	Intel Xeon E31260L	-	2.40 GHz	1 + 160MB	4/8(1)	2.08	3	Free	0,30	Free	60 min
Deep Hiarcs 13.2	ben	** =	Intel Core i7 860	-	2.79 GHz	4 + 400MB	4/8(1)	2.44	0	0,02	0,30	0,02	120 min

Name

The name of the engine that is being offered.

Provider

The name of the Playchess.com user. You can right click on a column and click on Show User Information.

Experience

The experience rating of the user. It is based on the usage of the engine, the number of different users, the number of Likes, and the amount of ducats that have been earned. You can see also the quality of the Internet connection.

Machine

The hardware configuration of the computer being offered.

Nation

The nationality of the provider.

Threads + Hash

The number of processes that are used by the engine, followed by the size of the hash tables.

Cores

The number of cores and threads that are being supplied by the provider. The example shows that 4 cores with 8 threads are being offered in 1 processor.

MN/s

The performance of the Clound Engine in meganodes per second.

Likes

The number of positive ratings of the user configuration.

Current Rate

The price per minute for the use of the engine, as decided by the user.

Fixed Rate

The fixed price per minute, as decided by the provider.

Max Fixed Time

The time limit for the use of the engine at the Fixed Rate. At the end of this time the user can be outbid.

Booking Fee

The one time booking fee, which is independent of the time used.

Waiting

The number of users that are waiting to use the engine, in the order of their offer for using the engine.

Author

The name of the developer of the chess engine.

Let`s Check

The speed index for the access on the Let's Check server. The higher the index is, the faster green entries appear in Let's Check.

Some information in the list are displayed in different fonts and colours.

Deep Fritz 11	gfroberg	*	Intel Core i7 870		2.93 GHz	4
Houdini 2.0 w32	kjoeller	*	Intel Core2 Quad	1	2.33 GHz	3
Stockfish 2.2.2 JA SSE42 1C	sxb	**	Intel Core i5-2430	-	2.39 GHz	1
Houdini 1.5a x64Michi	<u>keimer</u>	*	AMD Phenom II X		3.31 GHz	5
Deep Junior 12 x64	ben	**	Intel Core i5-2430	_	2.39 GHz	2
Deep Fritz 10	deramateur	*	Intel Core2 Duo E		3.00 GHz	2

If you are using a Cloud engine yourself it is displayed in green and underlined. In this example the engine "Houdini" is being used for analysis.

If an engine is only available for private use it is displayed in the list in blue.

Fritz 10 deramateur	🔶 Intel Core2 Duo E8400
---------------------	-------------------------

The colour of an engine changes to red when an offer has been made for an engine.

冒 Deep Junior 12 x64	ben	**
📄 Fritz 10	deramateur	- **
Fritz 13	sundiver	**
😑 Fritz 13	nag kings	*

This happens when there are several offers for an engine and there is a waiting list.

Waiting
In use
In use
-
-
In use
1 Waiting
In use

If your offer is not the highest the engine will be loaded when the other users have stopped using it. This way of using Cloud engines is useful if you are not at your computer all the time and you want to limit the costs.

If the hardware configuration of a provider changes the text in the Machine column changes to light grey.

Machine	Nation	Speed	Threads+Hash
Intel Xeon E31260L	-	2.40 GHz	1 + 160MB
Intel Core i7 860	-	2.79 GHz	4 + 400MB
Intel Core i5-2430M	_	2.39 GHz	2 + 500MB
Intel Core i5-2430M	-	2.40 GHz	1 + 512MB
AMD Phenom II X6 1090T, 16G	_	3.62 GHz	6 + 2048MB
Intel Core2 Quad Q8300, 3GB	_	2.49 GHz	3 + 192MB

There are various symbols to the left of the engine's name.

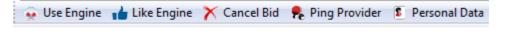
Deep Hiarcs 13.2	ben
📄 Deep Junior 12 x64	ben
Komodo64 SSE Version 4	sxb
📕 Komodo 4 SSE42 x64	tryme
Deep Rybka 4.1 SSE42 x64	tryme
 Deep Rybka 4.1 SSE42 x64 Stockfish 2.2.2 SSE42 x64 	tryme tryme
	-

All engines marked with a green symbol \blacksquare can be used for analysis immediately, by double clicking on the engine's name

If a yellow symbol = is used the engine is being used by someone else, but you can take control of the engine for your own analysis by offering a higher price

The engine name is displayed in red $\overline{\bullet}$ if there is a waiting list for the engine. A red symbol next to the name means that there is a fixed price per minute.

At the bottom of the List window there is a toolbar with commonly used functions.



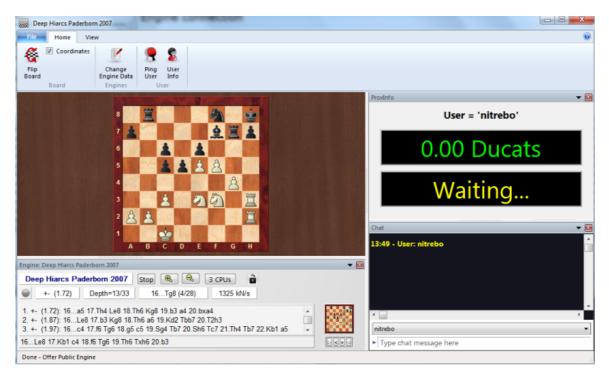
Use Engine

The engine is loaded that is selected in the list.

Like Engine	You can say that you like the engine.
Cancel Bid	This removes your bid from the waiting list.
Ping Provider connection.	This measures the speed of the provider's Internet
Personal Data	This opens the provider's "Personal Data" menu.

3.11.3 Board window with provided engine

If you have made an engine publically available it is started in a <u>separate board</u> <u>window</u>.



If someone is using the engine that you have provided this board window shows you the position that the user is analysing with your engine. The window also shows you information about the user, the time he has spent analysing, and the number of ducats transferred.



You can talk to the user in the chat window.



Change Engine Data offers the chance to change the conditions for an engine's use. If you close the window the engine is unloaded and is no longer available to be used.

3.11.4 Engine connection

After loading an engine for your own analyses by double clicking it and agreeing on payment a connection window is displayed for the cloud engine.

Houdini 3 Pro x64<ÀÍÄÆ> used by deramateur						
The engine is res	erved for you - please load it now in a board window.					
Current Rate:	0,04 Ducats/min					
Limit Rate:	0,04 Ducats/min					
Total Ducats						
	0,04					
Remaining Ducats:	291,69 Ducats					
Budget:	290,00 Ducats					
	Stop					

In this window you can see the price for the use of the engine and how much money you have paid for using the engine so far. Your account balance in ducats is also displayed.

3.11.5 Using a Cloud Engine privately

If you own several computers you can connect them with Engine Cloud and use them for a single analysis.

First you have to start the program on the computer on which the engine is installed. Click on the menu *View* Open Cloud Engines. Log on with the user name of your Playchess.com account. In the selection window pick the engine you want to use as a Cloud Engine and select the option *Offer* private engine.



Now start the program on the other computer that you want to use for the analysis, and select *Open Cloud Engines* again.

Log on with the same account as before. The engine that you have provided is displayed in the list in blue. If you only want to see the private engines in the dialog tick the box Private Only.

					AL 21	-
Only	private	users	can	see	this	engine

Double clicking an engine in the list opens the connection window, and the engine is now shown in the board window ready to be used for analysis or playing games.

3.11.6 Public Cloud Engines

In order to use the public Cloud Engines you would usually need a supply of Ducats. Ducats are the currency used on the server Playchess.com. They are used to pay for services such as private training, and they are also used to pay for the use of Cloud Engines.

Sometimes you can find users who offer their computer free of charge. These engines are marked as Free in the *Booking Fee column*, but there is the chance that another user will take this engine away from you by bidding ducats to use it.

Booking Fee	Max Fix Time
Free	60 min
0,02	120 min
0,02	120 min

You can buy ducats in the ChessBase online shop at <u>www.chessbase.com</u>.

In the column Name the available engines are displayed. If an engine is marked with a green point \bigcirc in front of the name it can be loaded immediately and can be used for your own analysis.



If you are offering an engine for public use you can define the conditions for its use in the Revenue menu.

Engine	Revenue	
Computer Revenue Private Users Ignored Users		
	Booking Fee	0 , 0 Ducats
	Minimum per Minute	0 , 0 Ducats/min
	Reliable Rate (no bidding)	0 , 01 Ducats/min
	Max. Time for Fixed Rate [min]	60
L		
ОК	Help	Cancel

The **Booking Fee** is always charged when an engine is used. It is possible to set the value to zero.

The **Minimum per Minute** should be set to a low rate, but other users can offer a higher amount and take control of the Cloud Engine at any time. You can fix an upper limit for the offer, but only the existing rate is charged if no other user takes control of the engine. This setting is sensible if there is a low demand.

You can be certain of keeping an engine by booking it with the **Fixed Rate**. This rate is a bit higher than the standard rate, but other users are not allowed to outbid you and you are guaranteed control of the Cloud Engine. This is recommended if there is a high demand on the Engine Cloud Server. During the analysis the user never pays more than the price for one minute in advance. If you aren't satisfied with the results supplied by the engine you can stop the analysis. In this way you can try out many engines without risking a lot.

If a yellow symbol \blacksquare is displayed to the left of an engine it is currently being used by another user. If you would like to use this engine you can attempt to outbid the user.

		Reference	405
	■ Bid for Houdini 3 Pro x64 <gasbarof></gasbarof>		
l	The engine is in use, but you may submit a higher bid.		
	Current Rate: 0,01 Ducats/min		
	Booking Fee: 0,00 Ducats		
	Your Limits:		
	Max. Rate: 0 , 03 Ducats/min		
	Budget (Ducats): 290		
	OK Help Cancel		

If an engine is being used a fee is added to the bid which is the same as the current price per minute. This is also the case if a bid is unsuccessful. This is to protect the user of an engine against destructive bids which are only intended to take an engine away from him. If a bid is unsuccesful the user is placed in a waiting list. This means that the bidder gains control of the engine automatically when the previous user no longer needs the engine. After an engine has been booked a new window opems with the current board position and the engine begins the analysis.

If there is a waiting list for an engine the <u>engine's name is displayed in red</u>.

📄 Deep Junior 12 x64	ben	**
🚊 Fritz 10	deramateur	*
Fritz 13	sundiver	**
😑 Fritz 13	nag kings	*

If there is a red symbol $\overline{\bullet}$ to the left of the engine's name the engine has been booked for a fixed price, the reliable rate per minute.

As already stated, an engine can be taken away from another user by offering a higher bid.

406	ChessBase 15
-----	--------------

The engine is currently booked at the reliable rate. You may queue a bid.			
Current Rate:	0,02 Ducats/min		
Costalba and Joona Kiiski	0,00 Ducats		
Your Limits:			
Max. Rate:	0 , 02 Ducats/min		
Budget (Ducats):	290		
ОК	Help Cancel		

As soon as an engine changes hands a window opens that tells the user the status of the engine, the bid and the ducat budget.

By clicking on the button Stop the engine is halted immediately and <u>the payments are stopped</u>.

3.11.7 Offering a public Cloud Engine

Every chess engine that has the engine layout that was introduced in Fritz 11 can be offered as a Cloud Engine. These engines are easily recognisable, since they have the extension ***.engine**.

<u>UCI engines</u> can also be used as Cloud Engines. In the case of UCI engines pay attention to the conditions of the license of the maker of the UCI Engine! The older chess engines can still be used in the GUI, but they are not accepted as Cloud Engines. Only the engines that can be used are displayed in the dialog window.

 $\frac{n}{2}$ After the program has been started use the menu View Open Cloud Engines.



The next step is to log into the server with your existing Playchess.com account details.

Login - Engine Cloud	X	
(
Please log in with	n your playchess.com account.	
Username	DerAmateur	
Password	•••••	
Remember Password		
	Enter As Guest	
ОК	Cancel	

Note: If you log in as a *Guest* you can see the activities of the Cloud Engine server, but you cannot load an engine or take part in the analysis possibilities.

After you have connected to the server click the button Offer Public Engine.



Select an engine from the Load Engine dialog and confirm the selection with OK.

In the configuration dialog for the Cloud Engine you have selected there are the following options:

Engine

Engine	Engine		
Computer Revenue Private Users Ignored Users	-	Please check your engine software license that it is ok to process remote analysis tasks.	
	Nick Name:	Slow Hiarcs	
	Author:	Mark John Uniacke	
	Description:	Deep Hiarcs Paderborn by Mark John Uniacke	
	<u>H</u> ashtable size (MB):	192	
	Web URL:	http://www.fritzcloud.com	

Here you can set the Informations for the used Chess engine.

Computer

Engine Computer	Computer		
Revenue Private Users Ignored Users	Intel Core2 Quad Q8300		
		Defaults	
	This Machine	Cluster Controll	er
	Speed in MHz	24	93 🍨
	Number of Boxes	1	
	Number of CPUs	1	
	Number of Cores	4	
	Number of Threads	4	

This defines the settings for the hardware ressources. *This Machine* copies the settings from the System Properties. By selecting *Cluster Controller* you can define your own settings for the ressources you want to make available, for instance the

", number of cores or threads.

Revenue		
Engine Computer <mark>Revenue</mark> Private Users Ignored Users	Revenue	
	Booking Fee Minimum per Minute Reliable Rate (no bidding) Max. Time for Fixed Rate [min]	0 , 0 Ducats 0 , 02 Ducats/min 0 , 05 Ducats/min 60

This sets the prices for potential users of the engine. The meaning of the individual parameters is described in another part of this Help file.

Private Users / Ignored Users

This adds users who you would like to allow to take part in your private analyses.

If you tick the box *Only private users can see this engine* only the users named here can see the engine that is being offered.

Only private users can see this engine

It is also possible to prevent certain users from using the engine. To do this you have to tick the box Activate ignore list.

Activate ignore list

Notes for the providers of public engines

When you first start to use Engine Cloud you should charge a very low amount for the booking fee. This will assure that as many users as possible will try out your hardware/ software combination. You will definitely receive ducats for providing a cloud engine when users decide to use the engine for a fixed price. In our opinion the first attempts at offereing a Cloud Engine should be used to build up a good reputation among users, who will then go on to make big analyses with the engines.

The server identifies the engine by the user name, the engine name and the hardware key. The system calculates the average speed and sums up the positive ratings for

other users in the Likes column.

3.11.8 Summary of the auction system

It is important to understand the difference between the providers and the users in the Engine Cloud system.

It is possible to be both a provider and a user at the same time.

Renting of a Cloud Engine for a fixed price

The booking fee plus a fixed price per minute has to be paid.

If a red symbol \blacksquare is at the beginning of the row the engine cannot be taken away from the current user by outbidding him. den. Bids can still be made, but they will not be accepted until the current gives up the engine or his maximum time runs out. If the

board window is open the engine starts to analyse this position automatically!

Normally there is a maximum time for renting the engine at the fixed price.

Your Limits:	
Max. Rate:	0 , 10 Ducats/min
Budget (Ducats):	347
	Set reliable rate

At the end of this time there is no more protection against being outbid, but if there are no bids you can continue to analyse normally.

All engines with a green symbol can be used for analysis immediately by double clicking on the engine's name.

The engine is available, you could use it at the current rate or protect against auctions by using the reliable rate.			
Current Rate:	0,01 Ducats/min		
Reliable Rate:	0,30 Ducats/min		
Booking Fee:	0,00 Ducats		
Your Limits: Max. Rate: Budget (Ducats):	0 , 01 Ducats/min 290		
Set reliable rate			
ОК	Help Cancel		

In the dialog window you can see the provider's settings for the current price, the fixed price and the booking fee.

Renting of a Cloud Engine with an auction

In this case you must pay the booking fee and the current rate for one minute. The yellow symbol \blacksquare next to the engine signifies that the engine is being used by another user. If you would like to use this engine for your own analysis you can try to outbid the user.

You can offer a higher rate than is being used with the menu Limits - Max Rate.

Your Limits:		
Max. Rate:	0 , 10 Ducats/min	
Budget (Ducats):	347	
	Set reliable rate	

If you are outbid the price rises automatically, like it does with Ebay bids. Starting with the next minute the user is charged the higher price. If the other bidder withdraws his bid, for instance by logging out, the price falls slowly back to the old value.

If the user's price is outbid he is given a warning and has to react. If he does not increase his price the engine is unloaded after 20 seconds. The new user then pays the higher price that he has offered. Even if the engine is unloaded fast it can take a few minutes for the price to drop to the old level. This means that if there are auctions for popular engines the prices are automatically higher.

Fees

At the end of the rental period the provider pays a transaktion fee of 2% to the server.

If the provider merely unloads the engine, half of the price since the start of processing the last main line is refunded.

When you bid against another user you have to pay the price for one minute to the server even if your bid is unsuccessful. This is to prevent people making bids just for fun.

3.11.9 Hints Engine Cloud

3.11.9.1 Use of Cloud Engines

Can engines be used without paying ducats?

This is possible if you load private engines on your own computers to be used by yourself. This is one of the ways to use the Engine Cloud. You can also use the engines of other users that are listed in the Booking Fee column as FREE.

Booking Fee	Max Fix Time
Free	60 min
0,02	120 min
0,02	120 min

Can I offer a lower price than the currently asked price per minute? Can I negotiate a price?

You can always make an offer. The provider is informed and has the opportunity to lower the booking fee. If he does this the engine is automatically loaded. It is recommendable to load a board window with the position to be analysed in advance. If an engine is loaded while the user is away it immediately starts to analyse the position in the board window.

Can the length of time for using an engine be limited?

This can be done by limiting the ducat budget for using an engine.

Your Limits:		
Max. Rate:	0 , 10 Ducats/min	
Budget (Ducats):	347	
	Set reliable rate	

As soon as the limit is reached the Cloud Engine is unloaded and the current line

including its evaluation is copied into the game notation.

Can engine matches be carried out with Cloud Engines?

Yes. Engine Cloud offers an interesting type of autoplayer. You can load both engines from the Engine Cloud server, or you can load one engine to play against a local engine on your own computer. The Cloud Engines can be used for test suites, permanent analysis on the Let's Check server or in the Machine Room on Playchess.com. If you use a Cloud Engine in this way you should use a fixed price. This makes sure that you will not be outbid and will be able to continue using the engine. If you lost an engine by being outbid you would lose a game.

3.11.9.2 Providers of Cloud Engines

Can an engine be offered just to a small group of users?

In the engine settings there is section for "Private Users". Here you can list the users who are allowed to access your engine.

What do the stars in the "Experience" column mean?

This shows how often a provider's engine has been used.

Experience	
**	
**	
**	
**	

The number of stars is based on the number of times it has been used, the number of different users, the number of Likes and the ducats that have been earned.

What price should I ask for my system configuration?

The price is decided by supply and demand. You should start off by offering your Cloud Engine free of charge. This will allow you to gather experiences and decide on a suitable price.

What does "Max Time for Fixed Rate" mean?

The fixed rate protects the user of a Cloud Engine from being outbid. After the time limit specified by the provider has been reached the Clound Engine is open for new bids, even though the current user can continue if there are no bids.

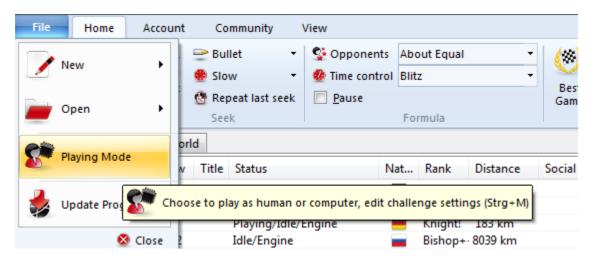
Can more than one engine be offered on a computer?

No. The identification of an engine is a combination of the user name, the engine name and the hardware key. This combination is unique for every engine.

3.11.9.3 Cloud Engines on Playchess.com

Cloud Engines can be used in many different ways. You can use these engines for your own analyses and tests. This can be done for permanent analysis or in the Engine Room on the Playchess.com server.

You can use Cloud Engines in the Engine Room in Playchess.com. Enter the Engine Room and select the option File – Playing Mode – Computer.



Click the button Define Engine to start the Load Engine dialog. There is a button Cloud in this dialog.

If you click this button you are asked to log into the Engine Cloud server.

Now the main window of the Engine Cloud Server is opened in a separate window. You can select the engine you want to use in the Engine Room by double clicking on one of the engine names in the list.

After you have done this a window is displayed for the engine connection, and the engine can be used in the Engine Room in the same way that any local engine can be

used.

There is a confirmation in the Chat window when a Cloud Engine has been loaded.

3.11.9.4 Cloud Game Analysis

Chess players usually analyse their games and chess positions interactively. They try out moves on the board and let them be evaluated by an engine that is continuously running. Unfortunately there is not always enough time to let the analysis run deeply enough. The opposite method is an analysis that runs by itself, in which an engine examines a position for a long time. There are two ways to do this in ChessBase: <u>Deep Analysis</u> and Cloud Analysis.

Cloud Analysis is a deep analysis in which several engines run in parallel, which saves a lot of time and increases the accuracy of the analysis. These engines either run on different computers, or they all run on one powerful computer, on which they have to share the ressources. The advantage of the Cloud Analysis is that the analysis can be carried out without using the hardware and software ressources of the local computer.

In the Cloud Analysis the engines adopt different roles. One engine always controls the analysis. Another engine evaluates the candidate moves from original position to make sure that the best possible depth is reached. One or more engines evaluate the possible replies to the candidate moves. Their search only changes when the candidate moves change.

A practical configuration is to use two to four engines. One controls the analysis, one evaluates the candidates, and optionally one or two reply to the strongest candidate moves. It is also possible to use several candidate engines if the moves they suggest are different.

If the cloud engines run on other computers the analysis continues reliably even if individual engines stop running. This can happen if an Internet connection is interrupted or someone else takes control of an engine. The controlling engine at least must run on the local computer. If additional cloud engines are added they are automatically assigned roles.

The function offers the deep analysis of a position with several engines that are running in parallel.

More details

3.11.9.5 Let's Check

The Cloud Engines can be used on the <u>Let's Check server</u> in the same way as any locally stored engine.

The speed index is based on the speed of the engine's provider, not on the speed of the computer with which you are using Let's Check.

3.11.9.6 Infinite Analysis with a Cloudengine

Every game can be analysed by several Cloud Engines in parallel. Since the Cloud Engines run at full speed regardless of the limitations of the local computer you can come to plausible analysis results very fast.



The above diagram shows the analysis of a position with four different Clound Engines, which are each running at full speed in the board window. As you can see from the Task manager, the CPU load is only 0%.



The Cloud Engines can deliver precise results even on weaker computers.

This type of analysis can also be used while watching a game in the Broadcast Room of the server Playchess.com.

418 ChessBase 15

3.11.9.7 Settings dialog for providers

- <u>Engine</u>
- Computer ...
- Revenue
- Private Users
- Ignored Users

3.11.9.8 Engine

The section **Engine** defines the standard settings for the display of the engine in the Engine Cloud main window.

Engine	Engine	
Computer Revenue Private Users Ignored Users	Please check your engi that it is ok to process	
	Nick Name:	Deep Fritz 13
	Author:	Frans Morsch
	Description:	Deep Fritz 13 by Frans Morsch
	Hashtable size (MB):	512
	Web URL:	www.chessbase.com

Note: Please pay attention to the user license of the software that you would like to use on the Engine Cloud server!

Pick a name that you would like to give to the engine in the list
The name of the developer of the chess engine.
The provider can give a short description of his configuration.
The size of the hash tables in megabytes.
The address of a web site containing further information.

3.11.9.9 Computer

The section **Computer** allows the provider to adjust the system configuration he is offering. If you do not wish to make any modifications simply tick the box "This Machine", and the settings from the System Properties will be used.

Engine	Computer		
Computer Revenue Private Users Ignored Users	Intel Core2 Quad Q83	00 Defaults	
	 This Machine Speed in MHz Number of Boxes Number of CPUs Number of Cores Number of Threads 	 Cluster Controller 2493 1 1 1 4 4 4 	

The option *Cluster Controller* is needed if you have access to a cluster. A cluster is a group of networked computers which act as a single computer to the outside world. A cluster is very efficient for carrying out intensive analyses with chess engines.

If you have access to a cluster and want to offer this, it is displayed as a cluster in the column $\ Cores$.

Cores
4/8(1)
4/8(1)
2/4(1)
2/4(1)
6/6(1)
6/6(1)
4/4(1)
6/6(1)
Cluster
4/4(1)

The following paramaters are available:

Speed in MHz

The processor speed.

420	ChessBase 15	
	」 Number of Boxes	This parameter is only relevant for clusters.
	Number of CPUs	The number of processors that are used.
	Number of Cores	The number of processor cores.
	Number of Threads	The number of parallel tasks allowed in the process.

3.11.9.10 Revenue

Supplying a chess engine costs money, for instance for the electricity used. The section Revenue determines how much users must pay the provider for using his engine.

Engine	Revenue	
Computer Revenue Private Users Ignored Users		
	Booking Fee	0 , 0 Ducats
	Minimum per Minute	0 , 02 Ducats/min
	Reliable Rate (no bidding)	0 , 05 Ducats/min
	Max. Time for Fixed Rate [min]	60

The *Booking Fee* is charged whenever an engine is used. It is possible to set this value to zero.

The *Minimum per Minute* is the lowest price for which a user can use the engine. Other users can bid more than this amount at any time.

The *Fixed Rate* (Reliable Rate) is a higher rate at which bidding auctions are no longer allowed. Other users cannot take control of the Cloud Engine by bidding more. Users pay the *Fixed Rate* when there is a high demand for engines on the Engine Cloud server.

Providers of Cloud Engines

3.11.9.11 Private Users

In this section you can name users who you would like to take part in your private analyses.

Engine	Private Users
Computer	
Revenue	Ben
Private Users	deramateur
Ignored Users	haschme mapi
	Private
	Add
	Remove
	Only private users can see this engine

Tick the box *Only private users can see this engine* if only the listed users should see the engine in the engine list.

Only private users can see this engine

If an engine is only available for private use it is listed in blue and is underlined.

3.11.9.12 [gnored Users

It is possible to forbid certain users to access an engine. The engine is invisible to these users. After the users who are to be ignored have been listed you have to tick the box Activate ignore list.

Activate ignore list

3.11.9.13 Bid Dialog

After double clicking on an engine in the Engine Cloud window a dialog for bidding pops up.

	you could use it at the current rate ctions by using the reliable rate.
Current Rate:	0,05 Ducats/min
Reliable Rate:	0,30 Ducats/min
Booking Fee:	0,00 Ducats
Your Limits:	
Max. Rate:	0 , 05 Ducats/min
Budget (Ducats):	347
Se	et reliable rate

This dialog displays the status of the engine. In this case it is displayed that the engine is available at the current rate.

Current Rate This shows the price that the user must pay to use the engine.

Fixed Rate This is the reliable fixed rate as defined by the provider.

Booking Fee This is the one time fee for using the engine.

In the **Max Rate** the user can agree to pay a higher rate for using the server. If there is a bid against him the price rises automatically, in the same way as Ebay bids. The user is then charged the higher price starting the next minute. If the other user withdraws his bid, for instance by logging out, the price slowly drops to the old value.

If the new bid is larger the user is given a warning and must react immediately. If he does not react the engine is unloaded after 20 seconds.

Note: In the chat window you are informed about the results of bids.

See also

Auction system

Public Cloud Engines

3.11.9.14 Ducats

Ducats are the currency of the Playchess server. You can purchase ducats in the <u>ChessBase Shop</u>.



A ducat is worth about 8.6 cents, 11.6 ducats are equal to one Euro (approximately one dollar). The conversion contains the VAT required by German law. You can buy ducats from the ChessBase shop at this rate.

3.11.9.15 Rating List

In the main window of the Engine Cloud server you can open a rating list based on user experiences.



The rating in the list is based on the time the engine was used, the number of different users, the number of Likes and the ducats that were earned.

ChessBase 15

#	User	Experience	-
1	Gasbarof	492.75	
2	imtkain	451.99	
3	АНДЖ	188.51	=
4	Rechenschieber	167.47	1
5	Aku1GM	110.40	
6	DrRobert	80.38	
7	JoseMariBernad	70.99	
8	catur123 com	62.52	
9	Schon gewonnen	61.74	
10	Heikoschach	53.78	
11	darkraider	50.20	
12	Werewolf	42.97	
13	zdavid13	42.80	
14	Lateef	41.30	
15	Czi	39.22	
16	HappyPhantom	34.09	
17	TryMe	30.91	
18	CoffeeOne	29.89	
19	Fagaro	27.04	
20	Hieronymus	26.27	
21	Fulcrum2000	26.01	
22	Mapi	22.70	
23	YodaWindu	19.14	
24	Aku2GM	16.62	
25	sn95g5	15.74	
26	mw testing	15.35	
17			
26	-	15.35	-
	Show User Info	rmation	

3.12 Let's Check

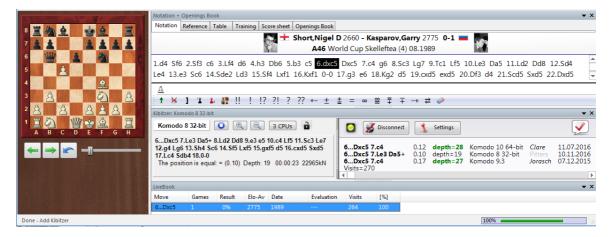
3.12.1 Description

"Let's check" is a new analysis function which will revolutionise the chess world for years to come.

Engine analysis has changed chess forever. This is so obvious that many aspects are now taken for granted. For instance, a slow engine on an old notebook does not always tell the truth, and yet people only wait a few seconds before uncritically making the recommended move. Popular positions are analysed by thousands of players over and over again. This means an immense amount of time and electrical enetgy, both of which are finite ressources.

The program offers help. Every position that has been analysed by anyone at any time is voluntarily saved on a server. The possible engine variations are then available to everyone who looks at this position. We call this system "Let's Check" because detailed analysis can be gained immediately without investing any time.

Whoever analyses a variation deeper than his predecessor overwrites his analysis. This means that the Let's Check information becomes more precise as time passes. The system depends on cooperation. No one has to publish his secret openings preparation. But in the case of current and historic games it is worth sharing your analysis with others, since it costs not one click of extra work. Using this function all of the program's users can build an enormous knowledge database. Whatever position you are analysing the program can send your analysis on request to the "Let's check" Server. The best analyses are then accepted into the chess knowledge database. This new chess knowledge database offers the user fast access to the analysis and evaluations of other strong chess programs, and it is also possible to compare your own analysis with it directly. In the case of live broadcasts on Playchess.com hundreds of computers will be following world class games in parallel and adding their deep analyses to the "Let's Check" database. This function will become an irreplaceable tool for openings analysis in the future.



When you store a variation in Let's Check you can add your name to it. If your analysis is later replaced by a deeper evaluation his name is then put in your place. Three variations are possible for every position. Whoever analyses a position deeply for the first time becomes the "discoverer", and his name is connected with the

position forever, even if other users make a deeper analysis. Apart from common theory every position in chess can be "discovered".

There is an honours list for those who have won or discovered variations. Winning a variation is more valuable depending on how often it is visited and how deep the previous variation was. It is also possible to use Let's Check anonymously without entering your name.

Whether you are a beginner, a club player or a grandmaster. With the help of "Let's Check" every chess player can contribute to this database. Especially valuable: whoever analyses a position for the very first time wins the position for himself and his analysis is connected with his own name for the chess world. Who has won the most positions? With the help of deeper analyses you can win positions from other players and enter the honours list of "Let's Check". (All chess engines are allowed as analysis programs, whether single or multi processor versions).

With Let's Check every chess player has access to the current openings theory and the evaluations of the strongest chess engines. The program presents the complete openings theory as a statistics tree. The "LiveBook" shows for every position not only the complete statistics based on the weekly updated Chessbase Online Database (currently over five million games) but also how often a particular continuation was examined in the "Let's Check" database.

LiveBook ...

Game analysis ..

3.12.2 LiveBook

The Let's Check data can be used as an openings book. Since all the openings of the online database are contained the LiveBook is already the largest source of information for openings moves that have already been played. You can use this book to play or just to look up information. The LiveBook is "live" because it can change from second to second. Every position that is checked with the LiveBook is immediately available together with an evaluation.

When a top game is broadcast and the viewers are using LiveBook, a full analysis with evaluations is available in the LiveBook when the game is over.

Anyone can add moves to the LiveBook, regardless of how sensible they are. Just like

 $\overset{\tt w}{a}$ human brain the LiveBook forgets information that is unimportant and rarely accessed.

Notation R	Reference T	able Tra	ining Sc	ore sheet LiveB	ook Openin	gs Book	
0 🎉	Disconnect	. 1	Settings	Sh	op		
Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluation	Visits	[%]
1.e4	761333	54%	2422	2016-Nov-10	=	22584832	47
1.d4	621056	55%	2439	2016-Nov-10	=	14468877	30
1.Sf3**	177485	55%	2437	2016-Nov-10	=	3847569	8
1.c4	120024	56%	2440	2016-Nov-10	=	3401133	7
1.g3	14713	55%	2426	2016-Nov-8	=	491136	1
1.b3	6339	52%	2411	2016-Nov-10	=	441567	1
1.f4	4032	45%	2369	2016-Nov-10	=	521271	1
1.Sc3	2315	48%	2382	2016-Nov-10	=	431699	1
1.b4	1017	44%	2362	2016-Nov-8	=	201257	0
1.d3	423	46%	2353	2016-Nov-10	=	234300	0
1.e3	415	43%	2364	2016-Nov-9	=	439662	1
1.a3	380	47%	2376	2016-Nov-9	=	75809	0
1.c3	172	47%	2376	2016-Nov-10	=	84258	0

Click on the tab *LiveBook* in the notation window.

If you are connected every move you make is stored, so click on "Disconnect" for private preparation. Data is only transferred to the LiveBook when the connection light is green.

Notation + (Openings Bo	ok					▼ 💌
Notation	Reference	Table Tr	aining Sc	ore shee	t LiveBook Openings Book		
0	🖉 Disconned	t 🐧	Settings		Shop		
Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	position	*	
9.c3	34	46%	2417	2012-	Pacificrabbit discovered a position		
9.De2	21	62%	2455	2010	DerAmateur won a variation		
9.Dd2	13	58%	2410	2012-0	Pacificrabbit discovered a		
9.Sxf6+	2	75%	2353	2002	position		Hot Position

The information about the position is displayed in columns.

Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluation	Visits	[%]
9.c3	34	46%	2417	2012-Feb	=	177	45
9.De2	21	62%	2455	2010		90	23
9.Dd2	13	58%	2410	2012-Okt	=	72	18
9.Sxf6+	2	75%	2353	2002		4	1
9.0-0	2	50%	2392	2011	=	39	10

Move: shows the possible moves in this position.

[%]: The frequency with which this move was played. This is based on the games in the LiveBook.

Evaluation: The average of the evaluations added by chess engines.

<u>Games</u>: The number of games in which the move was played.

Result: The average performance of the move.

<u>Elo-AV</u>: The average Elos of the players in the games used.

Dates: The last analysis added to the LiveBook.

Visits: The number of accesses to the position that is being displayed.

If a top game is being played on the chess server and lots of viewers are using Let's Check, then when the game is over it is available in full in the LiveBook with relatively deep engine analyses.

Anyone can add his own moves to the LiveBook, sensible or not. Just like a human brain the LiveBook forgets unimportant material after a while, i.e. information that is rarely updated.

When the engine is running additional information can be found in the engine window when the Let's Check function is active.

Infoboards in the LiveBook

In the LiveBook tab there are two miniature boards.



The left or upper mini-board shows the position which is currently being accessed the

Reference	429
most. The right or lower mini-hoard explains the current chat. If it says, for in	stanco

most. The right or lower mini-board explains the current chat. If it says, for instance, "DerAmateur has won a position"", the position is displayed. Clicking on a line in the chat window displays the position. Clicking on the board copies the position.

3.12.3 Basics

In the <u>LiveBook</u> every position that was analyzed with an engine is stored in a single Opening book.

You can access the Database with Fritz, Komodo or ChessBase and also with our Web Apps!

02:5	5 (02:56	Sorin	m (24	13) - Y	uli (23	73) 🗙	Notation	WELCOM	E, DERA	MATEUR		
1	*	1	w	*	<u>.</u>	*	1	1.Nf3 1 0.7 Nc6 0.8 Bb4	rinm 2413 5 d5 1.8 2.d4 1 Bg 1.6 5.Nc3 0.9 e6 4 15 8.Bb5 3.2 Qe7- 11.Nxd5 3.7 Nxd5 4.4 14 Perd4 7.6 0 0 1 1 Perd4 7.6 0	.7 6.cxd 2 9.Be 1.8 12.Q	52.4 exd 31.9 Nf6 kd50 Rad	5 2.1 11 10. 18 1.2	7.Qb3 0-0 5.6 13.Qh5
							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Local d					
2.0	1.10	1		5		1000	1	Move	Games	Result	Elo A	%	Visits -
	al .	1	1	51		JE.		Move 3Nc6	Games	59%	2386	69	58.50
		8	4	1		4	-	Mave 3Nc6 3c6	Games 1.352 8	59% 81%	2386 2429	69 10	58.50 8.45
		8	اللہ	1		\$	14	Move 3Nc6 3R6 3N18	Games 1.352 8 2	59% 81% 100%	2386 2429 2320	69 10 10	58.50 8.45 8.12
-		8	*		B	\$	1	Mave 3Nc6 3e6 3Nf8 3dxe4	Cames 1.352 8 2 5	59% 81% 100% 50%	2386 2429 2320 2463	69 10 10 6	58.50 8.45 8.12 5.41
		\$	*		Ś	4	1	Move 3Nc6 3c6 3NR8 3dxc4 3Bxt3	Carres 1.352 6 2 2 5 7 7	59% 81% 100% 50% 57%	2386 2429 2320 2463 2381	69 10 10 6 3	58.50 8.45 8.12
Å	Å	\$	*	8 8	创	4	Â	Mave 3Nc6 3e6 3Nf8 3dxe4	Carres 1.352 6 2 2 5 7 7	59% 81% 100% 50%	2386 2429 2320 2463	69 10 10 6	58.50 8.45 8.12 5.41 2.43

Also the computer analysis that was made with the position is stored. If more than

one engine was used then the three deepest analyses will be stored and displayed with the position.

With the LiveBook you have also access to all the games in our <u>Online database</u>, it also includes all the analyzed positions that have yet to appear in a game.

You can find thousands upon thousands of novelties and analysis waiting to be discovered and used for your own Analysis!

When you open a game in Fritz 15, Komodo or ChessBase 13, the notation pane where the moves are recorded has a number of tabs at the top:

Notation +	+ Opening	s Book				▼ 🛛
Notation	Training	Score sheet Liv	eBook Ope	nings Book		
	💋 Disco	nnect 🐧 S	ettings	Shop		-
Move	Games	Result	Elo-Av	Date	Evaluat ^	Gerald Run /
5c4	0	-	-	2011	±	Bouddha#7
5f5	1	100%	2245	1997	= 8	bouuuna#1
5d4	14	32%	2417	2014	= 2	2.2.2
5 8 a5	1	0%	2503	2002	= 8	000
5g6	0	-	-	2012	= 8	
5h5	2	100%	2311	2015	=	2
5b6	0	-	-	2011	= ~	
<					>	< >

Click on the LiveBook to see what it has for that position.

The LiveBook will now show you not only all the moves that exist from this position, but also how many games. It also display the evaluation, based on the computer analyses recorded, and the number of visits.

Evaluation	Visits	[%]	^
ŧ	200	1	
=	772	2	8
=	2004	6	2
=	108	0	2
=	150	0	2
=	248	1	2
=	131	0	\sim
		>	

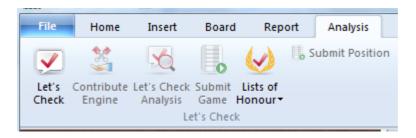
So if you prepare an Opening check the LiveBook. With the Information form the Livebook you also save your time running your engine on a move.

3.12.4 Start Let's Check

"Click on the large blue right arrow in the engine window to start Let's Check.



Alternatively you can start the analysis with the menu Analysis - Let's Check.



Click on *Settings* to enter login details for the chess server to add your name to your analysis.

Connect automatically								
Use Playchess.com account name								
Username	DerAmateur							
Password								
Suppress Noise								
ОК	Ci	ancel						

To work privately click on "*Disconnect*". When the connection button is green you are connected with the server.



Whoever saves a variation in Let's Check can have his name added to it. If a variation

is replaced by a deeper analysis the name is replaced with that of the other person. Up to three variations are allowed for each position. Whoever is the first to analyse a position sufficiently deeply becomes the positions "Discoverer". His name is always connected to the position, even if other users later add deeper variations.

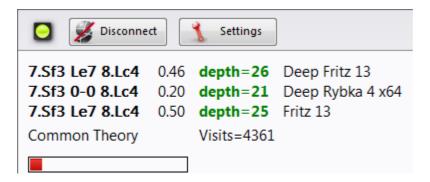
You win a variation if you replace the second or third variation in the list of three variations. You win a position if you replace the first variation in the list. The first variation is not deleted, it just drops down to the second place.

The creation date of the variation is displayed next to the discoverer's name.

DerAmateur	19.11.2012	0	_	(My Line)
KingRik	20.07.2012	0		(Points=0
skalde	09.02.2012	1		(Points=0

The value next to the national flag shows how often a variation was confirmed. The higher this number is, the more trustworthy the information is.

The window also displays whether the position is standard openings theory (main), the number of visits and the main variation.



Progress Bar

Deep analyses are very valuable. The progress bar shows roughly how long it will be until the position has been analysed enough for your name to be added to the book.

As soon as the analysis has been accepted this is displayed in the chat window.



Note: Apart from the already known openings theory every position in chess can be "discovered".

There is an honour list for those who have won positions, i.e. who have named

positions. A win is more valuable the more often a position was visited and the deeper the previous variation was. It is also possible to use Let's Check anonymously without adding your name.

Discovering a position

w

More calculation time is needed to "discover" a position than for standard analysis. The green progress bar jumps back slightly when the next step is displayed.

The system has three levels:

- 1. Fast calculation (black display)
- 2. Deep calculation (green display)
- 3. Very deep calculation (Discoverer, only the first)

Deeper calculations can overwrite the variation, but the name of the person who discovered the position remains. The window also shows whether the position is part of common chess theory, the number of visits, the main line and the depth.

	Disconnect	1	Settings						V
14F	Rfd8 15.Rhd1 Ne7	0.31	depth=22	Fritz 13	DerAmateur	02.11.2011	0	=	(My Line)

The entry *My Line* has to do with the variation that has been discovered (3 half moves) and is currently being displayed in the Let's Check window. The position's discoverer is stored separately and has nothing to do with this information.

The evaluation of the analysis is also displayed.

3.12.5 How should a game be analysed with Let's Check?

A deep analysis that would normally last over an hour can now be carried out in a few minutes.

Submit a whole game for analysis by other engines. (Umschalt+Strg+Alt+G)

The condition for this is that you have already won enough analysis credits by contributing your own engine. The credits system achieves a balance between giving and taking analysis power. For every position that you analyse while contributing your engine you win 1 credit. If you analyse a complete game you win about 1.3 credits per position. This difference is to benefit the server's own interests.

As far as the analysis is concerned it is relatively uninteresting that the evaluations come from different engines. On the one hand today's top programs are so similar that you almost long for a different variation. On the other hand it has no chess value to trust differences of 1/100 pawn values. Engine analyses are subjective because they have been tuned in games of machine against machine. They should only be used as guidelines in non-tactical positions.

How can I access the results of a game I've submitted all at once? In the chat window of the Live Book you can see how many positions have already been analysed. The first results usually arrive after about a minute. As soon as the game is finished select *Lets Check Analysis* in the Analysis tab and click "Add".

Board window: Menu Analysis - Let's Check Analysis - Blunders, Combinations, Training.

Analyse the full game with variations from Let's Check (Umschalt+Strg+Alt+T)

All the calculated variations will be inserted in the game notation.

Analysis Type:	 Blunders, Combinations, Training Retrieval Only Standard Analysis Win Variations
	Advanced

Games played by strong grandmasters are usually available fully analysed in the Let's Check database by the next day. All the important tournaments and championships of the past have already been fully analysed.

For instance, look at the Candidates Zurich tournament 1953. Within seconds each game is commented pointing out possible errors and combinations in the style of a human commentary. Only obvious blunders are commented. If tactics are found training questions will be generated automatically.

To do this for several games at once: In the database list select the games you want to examine, then *Right Click - Edit - Annotate Blunders and Tactics with Lets Check*.

543820	Adams	,м	2460	Westerinen,H	2395	1-0	32	C96	London NWYM	1988		
543821	Het	Edit				۰.		Сору			Strg+C	1
543822	Het	Oneni	na referenc	e on selection	Stra+∆lt	+Eingabe		Paste			Strq+V	
543823	Het		-		oug. Au	-					2	4
543824	Het	Merge	Selected G	ames		Eingabe		Delete			Entf	٤
543825	Hoc	Selecti	ion to Book	c	Umschalt	+Eingabe		Select all			Strg+A	ė
543826	Ηος	Replay	/ games au	tomatically								~
543827	Hoc	Outpu	t			+		Clip or U	nclip		F5	
543828	Hoc	Cross				т		Replace	with <no game="" td="" w<=""><td>indow open></td><td></td><td>P</td></no>	indow open>		P
543829	King											Ŀ
543830	King	Statist				S		Filter Gar	mes		Strg+F	26
543831	King	Piece	Probability		Un	nschalt+S		Edit				3
543832	King	Overvi	iew			0		More			+	d4
543833	King	List Fo	rm at					Annotate	e Blunders and Tacti	cs with Let's Cl	heck	S
543834	Kos	LIST FO	inat				14	A10	Lonaon INVVYM	1988	10.1801 go 1/	. J 5
543835	Kos	Close					41	B92	London NWYM	1988	19.dxe6 dxe6	
540006	Koston		2510	McNah C	2/10	1-0	- 26	POQ	London MM/VM	1000	22.h3 Td8 23.c	5 L

This access of variations is very practical after live games broadcast on the chess server have finished. Games being watched by many viewers are usually available immediately after the game with deep analysis.

3.12.6 What do the green, blue and red letters for the depth mean?

Let's Check recognises three levels of evaluation depth. The "green level" is the lowest and needs about a minute of calculation on a modern computer with a deep engine. Evaluations below this level are ignored when choosing a main line.

0.44 **depth=25** Fritz 13 0.46 **depth=26** Deep Fritz 13 0.20 **depth=21** Deep Rybka 4 x64

The "blue level" is the depth that is needed to discover a position. The "red level" leads to the message "Deep Analysis" in the Chat window. On a modern computer with four processors this can last up to an hour.

3.12.7 Why does the progress bar often jump back after reaching 100%?

The progress bar shows how far you are from reaching the next goal. This can be the depth to win a variation. As soon as this has been achieved the progress bar shows the time needed to win the next variation.

When there is nothing left to win the depth goals for a position have been reached and the message "Deep Analysis" appears in the Chat window of the Live Book window.

3.12.8 Let's Check Server Statistics

You can view the statistical information in real time at any time.

Let's Check Statistics

10.11.2016, 21:22:53

Value	Since midnight	Yesterday (24h)	Total before today
Analysing Users total:	9693	10586	42636
Now Logged in:	3133		
Peak:	3391	3394	4403
Book Requests:	5403039	6331633	114308308
MoveLists:	695019	758387	14440593
New Positions:	0	0	0
Current Growth:	0 pos/min	0 pos/min (av)	
Analysed Positions:	977962	1130533	21536136
Automatic Analysis Jobs:	83653	95278	1855752
Deep Variation Wins:	1768	1724	30372
Discoveries:	1944	2320	34505
Comments:	0	0	4



Deepest Analysis





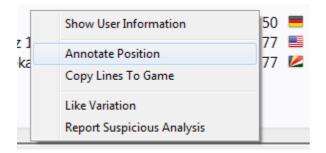


Hottest until now

438 ChessBase 15

3.12.9 Let's Check context menu

Right clicking in the Let's Check window opens a context menu with various functions:



Show User information: This displays information about the user whose analyses have been sent to the Live Book. This is only possible if he has a user name on the Playchess.com server. In the dialog window there is a section containing the statistics. This shows the number of points the user has, and the number of variations he has won. The number of points depends on the value of the positions that have been analysed. The window only contains the total points reached. The number of variations is a number that can change at any time, if another user stores a deeper analysis for this variation. The window also shows how many Likes the user's lines and comments have been given by other users.

Annotate Position: This inserts the analysis of other users into the game notation. Right click in the Let's Check window and then click on "Annotate Position". This copies the analyses from the Let's Check database nested up to four levels deep. Only variations are used that have at least a "green level".

After clicking on the function the evaluation is copied into the notation.

<u>Copy lines to notation</u>: This copies all existing variations (not just the selected variations) into the notation.

The following is an example of copying lines into the notation:

Notation Reference Table Training Score sheet LiveBook Openings Book
Richter, Kurt1 - Abramavicius, Leonhard 1-0
C13 Hamburg ol (Men) [Germany-Lithuania] (8) 18.07.1930
1.d4 d5 2.Sc3 Sf6 3.Lg5 e6 4.e4 dxe4 5.Sxe4 Le7 6.Lxf6 Lxf6 7.Sf3
[7.Sf3 0-0 8.Dd2 0.44/25 Fritz 13/DerAmateur]
[7.Sf3 Le7 8.Lc4 0.46/26 Deep Fritz 13/Clare]
[7.Sf3 0-0 8.Lc4 0.20/21 Deep Rybka 4 x64/Sankara]
7Sd7 8.Ld3 0-0 9.De2 c5 10.0-0-0 cxd4

What does "Engine/Game Correlation" mean at the top of the notation after the Let's Check analysis?

This value shows the relation between the moves made in the game and those suggested by the engines. This correlation isn't a sign of computer cheating, because

strong players can reach high values in tactically simple games. There are historic games in which the correlation is above 70%. Only low values say anything, because these are sufficient to disprove the illegal use of computers in a game. Among the top 10 grandmasters it is usual to find they win their games with a correlation value of more than 50%. Even if different chess programs agree in suggesting the same variation for a position, it does not mean that these must be the best moves. The current record for the highest correlation (October 13th 2011) is 98% in the game Feller-Sethuraman, Paris Championship 2010. This precision is apparent in Feller's other games in this tournament and results in an Elo performance of 2859 that made him the clear winner.

Like Variation/Report Suspicious Analysis: These functions send a report about the evaluation of the selected variation to the server. This is also displayed in the Chat window of the Live Book.

3.12.10 Information in the Chat window

In the Live Book's Chat window you can see important information from the server.

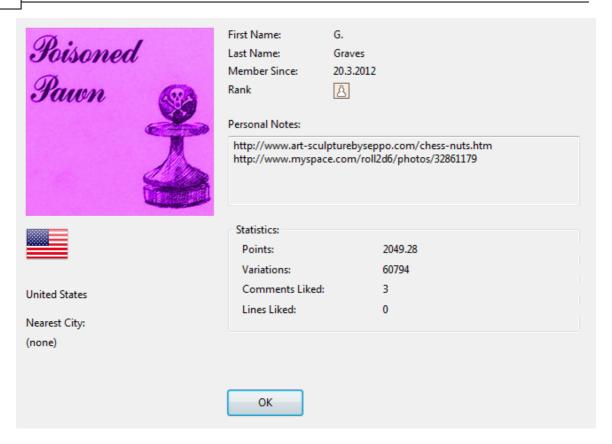
New comments are displayed, and users are also displayed who discover a position or win a variation.

Speed index=49
Gerald Rummel won a variation.
(Palmur)
Pacificrabbit won a variation.
(Mapi)
Ulpius won a variation. (Mapi)
Winston discovered a position
DerAmateur discovered a position
BrentMagnusson won a variation.
(michael555)
BrentMagnusson won a position
(Gormonde)

There is also a context menu for the Chat window.

Show User Information
Clear
Dont Scroll
Font

Show User Information: This displays detailed information about the user whose engine analysis was entered into the Live Book.



The number of points, the number of variations and the ratings are displayed. The number of points depends on the value of the positions that have been analysed. The window only contains the total points reached. The number of variations is a number that can change at any time, if another user stores a deeper analysis for this variation. The window also shows how many Likes the user's lines and comments have been given by other users.

<u>Clear</u>: This empties the contents of the Chat window.

Don't scroll: This freezes the Chat window in its current position.

Font: You can choose a different text font to display the text in the Chat window.

Important information in the Chat window

Warning: N variations = 3

This message appears when the user is running his chess engine in multi-line mode. This results in an analysis which isn't as deep and is of less value for Let's Check, since it profits from analysis that is as deep as possible.

Information about variations that have been won

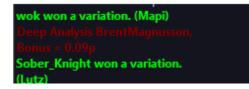
Variations can be both discovered and conquered (won). In the Chat window it is often stated that a variation has been won. What is the meaning of the name of the user that is in brackets?

BrentMagnusson won a variation. (michael555) BrentMagnusson won a position (Gormonde) Gerald Rummel discovered a position.. Pacificrabbit won a variation.

This message tells us that the the other user has sent a deeper analysis to the server that has replaced the variation previously sent.

Information Deep Analysis

"Deep Analysis" goes one step further than discovery, and means that the user has made an extremely deep analysis.



The user also receives bonus points for the ranking list as described.

3.12.11 Commentaries in the LiveBook

The evaluations in Let's Check come exclusively from chess programs. Every position in the LiveBook can be given a text commentary in any language with a maximum length of 139 characters.

Text	Author	Likes	Dislikes	Date	Weight	Language
Bobbys Lieblingszug und sehr stark. 1.c4 finde i	LoveYouNele	2	5	07.11	•	-
Escriba su comentario aquí	Velimirovic	0	0	20.08		5
Jugada del ajedrez clásico, Harry Nelson Pillsbu	Sinmiedo	0	0	05.02		
"d4 und Schwarz gibt entnervt auf." Otto	rolau61	3	2	17.11		-
Fritz(and many other engines)'s favourite	clsg4	0	0	29.09		215
Queen's Pawn Opening.	Panthee	2	2	19.10		
Type your comment here	АНДЖ	0	0	18.11		

Other users can rate these commentaries with either "Like" or "Don't Like". Commentators who are often praised are weighted more and their texts are moved to the top. Texts are only allowed that have to do with the chess content of the current position and do not contravene the copyrights of other authors. Anyone who breaks these rules will be ejected without a warning.

Use: Depending on the size of the LiveBook window the text entry field is at the right or at the bottom. Clicking on "Write" opens the input dialog.



Clicking on a flag selects the language.

Annotations					×
		only comments re respect the copyr			
New Move	!				
				C	
ОК		Hel	р	C	ancel

The commentary can be deleted or edited until someone else rates it.

Tip: Clicking on a commentary opens it in a preview window to make it better to read.

"He must come through this hollow way, no other path leads to Küssnacht" - Friedrich Schiller

The commentary is now displayed clearly in a commentary window.

You can add your own text comment to the Live Book, if the position has not yet been processed, using the menu "Write".

3.12.12 Networked Analysis

Whoever wants to easily climb up the Let's Check Honour List should temporarily "contribute" his engine to the community. The system thinks like one global worldwide chess brain about positions that seem to be interesting to people at the moment, or which may become interesting soon. If you have logged into the Let's Check server the positions may be conquered by you or even discovered for the first time Analysis - Contribute Engine



After this function has been started the engine that the user has "contributed" is used for the analysis of positions that are picked by the server. The server chooses positions based on different criteria, such as their current interest. By using "Contribute Engine" you are aiding in the creation of an online book for other users.

It is possible to abort this function at any time. You can do this by closing the window, starting a new game, or by clicking on the "Contribute Engine" button a second time.

It is also possible to suggest positions for analysis.

Submit Position

These positions are presented to the "contributed" engines. Whoever contributes an engine collects "credits". If your credits account is in the plus positions that you suggest for analysis are treated with a high priority, and they are chosen sooner, Even if you have overdrawn your credits account you can suggest any number of positions, but they will be put at the end of the queue and may even expire before it's their turn.

3.12.13 Game analysis with Let's Check

Menu Analysis - Let's Check Analysis



Let's Check can quickly comment a game with engine variations. If all the positions are already known the full analysis only lasts a few seconds. Blunders are marked with question marks, the best known moves are marked with exclamation marks.

There are four types of analysis:

Open Open Open Open Open Open Open Open Open	
	Bes' Gam
Playing Mode orld v Title Status Nat Rank Distance So	ocial
Update Prog Choose to play as human or computer, edit challenge settings (Strg+M) Playing/Idle/Engine Knight! 183 km S Close I Idle/Engine Bishop++ 8039 km	

1. Blunders, Combinations, Training checks within seconds each game is commented pointing out possible errors and combinations in the style of a human commentary. Only obvious blunders are commented. If tactics are found training questions will be generated automatically.

2. "Retrieval Only" just fetches known variations from the server and does not make any calculations.

3. "Standard Analysis" analyses until the minimum depth is reached to enter a person's name. If a variation with this depth already exists no calculations are made.

4. "Win variations" calculates until at least one variation has been won.

446	ChessBase 15	
	Analysis Type:	 Blunders, Combinations, Training Retrieval Only Standard Analysis Win Variations
		Advanced
	ОК	Cancel

The minimum and maximum calculation time per move limit the calculation time.

<u>Tips:</u>

_

1. After an important live game deep analyses are probably already available for the whole game.

2. If you analyse famous historical games using "Win variations" with a large minimum time it is possible that you will "discover" new positions.

3.12.14 Honours Lists

The program shows two rating lists for the usage of the online analysis.



Weighted Rating List for Let's Check

The rating list is based on the frequency of the engine analyses and the search depth.

er ely cificrabbit ackborn are ngRik voKnights odger	Points 25875.09 23127.91 18352.40 17318.27 13620.93 8959.11 7419.83	
cificrabbit ackborn are ngRik voKnights odger	23127.91 18352.40 17318.27 13620.93 8959.11	
ackborn are ngRik voKnights odger	18352.40 17318.27 13620.93 8959.11	
are ngRik voKnights odger	17318.27 13620.93 8959.11	
ngRik voKnights odger	13620.93 8959.11	
voKnights odger	8959.11	
odger		
-	7419.83	
baluga	6620.15	
chael R	5963.89	
okalinc	5624.53	
rald Rummel	5399.84	
nall-girl	4941.71	
os_00	4803.08	
/pekiller5000	4527.98	
tihistamine	4376.84	
ep Mira	4361.79	
	rald Rummel nall-girl os_00 ypekiller5000 tihistamine ep Mira	rald Rummel 5399.84 hall-girl 4941.71 os_00 4803.08 rpekiller5000 4527.98 tihistamine 4376.84

"Likes" shows a list of the rated commentaries of a user.

448 ChessBase 15

Ranking	And Summer	-	x
#	User	Likes (net)	*
1	A de Diego	32	
2	Fabian Kröger	19	
3	madhatter5	18	
4	Robot 2	17	
5	Riscoresign	14	
6	hemmer	14	
7	Werewolf	13	
8	Panthee	12	
9	SchlampigerKönig	12	
10	MishaTheCat	8	

3.12.15 Speedindex

The speed index is a relative value. It is based on the speed of the computer used by one of our developers.

This value is relevant to the user because it gives an idea how long it will take to calculate a variation.

The lower the number is the longer it will take until a variation becomes green.

3.13 Common questions about Let's Check

3.13.1 Is my analysis always sent to Let's Check?

No. Clicking the button "Disconnect" breaks the connection and no more data is sent via the Internet.



To do this the program must have been activated with a valid activation key.

When Let's Check is active engine analysis is sent to the database, and already existing analyses are received. All queries of a position are stored in the database and counted as "visits". No other data is sent, and no complete games.

If information has been sent it means the user has entered this move notation with the Let's Check feature running.

3.13.2 Can Let's Check be used anonymously?

Let's Check can be used without logging into a Playchess.com account.

In this case you will receive no information about who analysed which position.

3.13.3 What does it cost?

The use of Let's Check is included in the price of the program.

3.13.4 What difference does the power of my computer make?

The program regularly performs speed checks on your computer. Fast computers are at an advantage. By contributing your engine you can process more positions in the same time and win "credits".

Deep engines also have a strong advantage. Analysing in multi-variation mode needs more time. If you log into your Playchess.com account your "speed index" will be displayed in the Chat window.

3.13.5 What engines are allowed?

Every engine that can be used in the User interface can be used for Let's Check.

450

3.13.6 Can variations and evaluations be manipulated?

Since Let's Check is open for all engines it is possible that old, bad or manipulated engines can be used. Destructive content is always possible whenever people can share content in any form of online community.

The hardware power and the processing time of variations play a role, so it will be difficult to falsify an analysis even if an engine has reported having made the deepest analysis.

In the Let's Check window we also see how often a variation has been verified by other users. The system cleans itself, and so unverified variations and the obsolete evaluations of older engines will disappear with time.

3.13.7 Can senseless moves be input and analysed?

All legal positions and moves are valid for analysis. Rarely visited moves without deep analysis expire after a while.

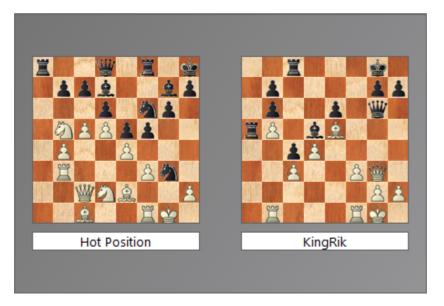
If you don't want to see any senseless moves you should check the option "Hide rare moves".

3.13.8 How are the Let's Check honours lists created?

Points are awarded for winning a variation. The number of points depends on the popularity of the position and the time spent calculating it. The starting position is the most valuable position because it is visited the most. If you lose a variation to someone else you lose some of the points you were awarded for winning this variation, so your points can fall when you are not active.

3.13.9 What do the two diagrams in the LiveBook window mean?

The left (or upper) diagram shows the most popular position, i.e. the position that is being analysed by the most visitors. The right (or lower) diagram shows positions that have been reported as discovered or won in the Chat window.



Clicking on a won/discovered message in the Chat windows displays this position. This position can be copied into the main board (Home - Paste Position). Then the moves of the variation can be played backwards, if they are known to the system.

If the first move of the engine variation leads to a position which also has a deeply analysed engine move this is added to the "main line". This is repeated until no more positions are found or a length of 10 half moves is reached.

3.13.10 Can a text commentary be edited or deleted?

You can edit or delete your own comments until someone else clicks "Like" or "Dislike". Comments can be changed by right clicking on them.

Administrators can correct spelling mistakes or delete comments if they violate copyrights or do not make a chess-related comment on the position. Copyright is deemed to to have been violated if comments are taken from a source that exceed the amount of usually accepted quoting.

3.14 Cloud Databases

3.14.1 Cloud Databases

"*Cloud Computing*" refers to the use of resources such as applications, processing power and data storage on remote computer systems. The connection is made using the Internet from a typical device, such as a PC, smart phone or tablet.

A typical example of cloud computing is the use of our <u>Engine Cloud Server</u>. It is possible to access chess engines that are running on other computers and use them for your own analysis, or you can supply your own engines to be used by other users.

With ChessBase it is now possible for you to store your data not only on your own hard drive but also on our ChessBase servers. This makes it possible for you to access

your data from different devices without having to copy or re-install databases. It is even possible to make your databases accessible to other users as a cloud database.

Of course, you can use external cloud storage such as Microsoft's "OneDrive" to store databases in CBH format. This is a good solution for large CBH databases, and it is supported by ChessBase. However, ChessBase's cloud databases offer many other chess-related functions, for instance web browser access on all platforms.

This has the following advantages:

- You can access your opening repertoire or your stored games from anywhere without using ChessBase.
- You can put games on the Cloud for your friends and teammates to access via their web browsers.
- You can publish a database on the web with a single click.
- These are new functions that make it much easier to exchange chess data.
- There is a new entry Cloud Databases on the left side of the database window.

Folders			\sim				\bigcirc	\sim
Öffentliche Dokumente Netzwerk	Shared With Me	MyMoves Backups	Repertoire Black	CloudClip - Recent Games	computertest	Fritz@chessbase	Meine Verlustpartien	My Games
Game History								
Purchased Data	personal	Playchess.com	Schreiner	selectedPositions	Taktik	Website	Repertoire White	

This allows you to access and view the cloud databases.

3.14.2 DataBase Format Cloud

 ${\color{black} \textbf{Question:}}$ Which format do my games have to be in (PGN or CBH) to upload them to the ChessBase cloud?

The ChessBase-cloud is a feature were you need either ChessBase or a ChessBaseaccount.

If you use ChessBase, you may create a Cloud-database and then your able to enter games by replay them move by move, or just copy and paste them from other ChessBase-databases, either PGN or CBH.

If you use the ChessBase-account exclusively you are able to open in the Web-App "My Games" PGN-files which are stored on your local disc.

You are able to copy this game in cloud-databases which you have created with the Web-App.

3.14.3 Registration with ChessBase Cloud

The registration is free of charge for everyone who has an ChessBase account. This means that the username and password are the same as for your Playchess.com account.

```
Menu Home Cloud Databases (Alt + F12)
```

Folders ▼ × ⊕ Database path ⊕ ↓ ↓ Computer			\sim					\bigcirc
 Öffentliche Dokumente Netzwerk 	Shared With Me	MyMoves Backups	Repertoire Black	CloudClip - Recent Games	computertest	Fritz@chessbase	Meine Verlustpartien	My Games
⊕ 🖸 Game History — 🖸 2016 - November								
Purchased Data	personal	Playchess.com	Schreiner	selectedPositions	Taktik	Website	Repertoire White	
	🕏 Open 🗄 D	etails 🎆 Tile 🗤	Small Icons 🛛 🕺 🕅	fedium Icons 🛛 🚧 Big	Icons x128 Huge	e Icons 🛛 🛛 🗛 🖓 🗛 🗛 🗠 🗛	ins	

If you do not yet have an ChessBase account you can either log in as a guest or use this link to go to a web page to register a new account.

http://playlogin.chessbase.com/playchesslogin/Create.aspx

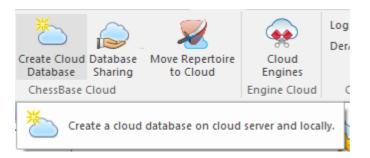
The button "Create Account" opens the page in your web browser.

You can use this same account to use our other online offers. You can play games on <u>Playchess.com</u>, you can try out fritzundfertig.de, you can leave user comments on www.chessbase.com, you can use <u>Let's Check</u> and the <u>Engine Cloud</u>, and you can access the web database database.chessbase.com.

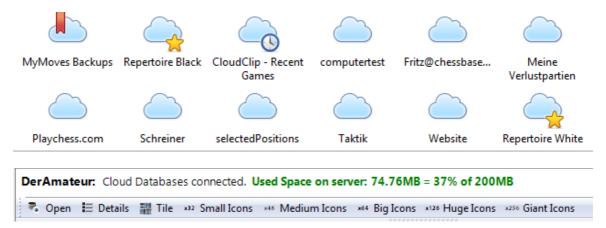
Registration is free of charge.

3.14.4 Create new Cloud Databases

Depending on the level of your ChessBase membership you can create a large number of databases, which you can later delete.



The databases "*My Games*", "*Repertoire White*" and "*Repertoire Black*" are preinstalled. If you try to delete these databases all the games in them are removed, but the databases themselves remain.



The status line below the database symbol gives you information about the account name and the amount of space that is used on the server.

3.14.5 Saving Games

Board Window - File - Save To Cloud



Select the Cloud Database now to save the Game.

Database	*
MyMoves Backups	
😺 Repertoire Black	
🛎 CloudClip - Recent Games	Ξ
Computertest	
Fritz@chessbase.com	
C Meine Verlustpartien	_
🌰 My Games	
le personal	
Playchess.com	_
Cebrainar	

3.14.6 Storage space for the Cloud Databases

The amount of storage that you have depends on the type of membership you have. A free unregistered ChessBase account has 20 MB disc space. That is enough for about 10,000 games.

A basic membership of Playchess.com gives you 100 MB.

A premium membership gives you 250 MB. These amounts are not guaranteed and may be changed at a later date.

See <u>http://shop.chessbase.com/en/categories/42</u> for more details!

When you have run out of space you can delete databases that you no longer need. Alternatively you can delete games from cloud databases by first marking them as deleted and then using the function "*Remove deleted games*".

You can create a new cloud database by clicking on the button "*New Cloud Database*".

This opens a standard Windows dialog, and you can create a new database with the extension ***.cbcloud**.

Bibliotheken				
Netzwerk				
Systemsteueru	ing	¥	<	
Dateiname:	New Database.cbcloud			
Dateityp:	CBCLOUD-Format (*.CBCLOUD)			

The new database is generated both on your local hard drive and on the server. You can begin working on the database locally, importing the games that you want it to contain.

Games can be added to it in the same way as any other database, for instance via the Clip Database.

The server now synchronises the locally stored database with the remote database by copying the games into the cloud database, which can now be accessed by other devices or with a web browser.

3.14.7 Using Cloud Databases offline

Cloud databases can also be used offline. Any changes made will be synchronised the next time there is a connection with the Cloud.

The cloud databases are stored on your computer's hard drive in the folder Cloud in Documents.

3.14.8 Database functions with Cloud Databases

All databases with the extension ***.cbcloud** can be viewed and edited in the same way as other databases.

Games can be stored, replaced, copied and deleted.

It is also possible to filter and sort the game lists.

Differences between CBH and CBCloud Formats

What differences are there between these database formats?

The **CBCloud format** is made up of <u>only four files</u>. There are no index files for the players, tournaments, etc. The same data can be stored as in the CBH format, but due to the lack of index files there are less functions to access the data.

Sorting and two-level deleting is possible.

3.14.9 Deleting a Cloud Database locally

What happens when you delete a cloud database from your computer's hard drive that you want to keep on the server?

When you delete a cloud database on your hard drive you are asked if it should also be deleted from the cloud server.

The next time you open the cloud databases the symbol is displayed, and clicking on it creates a local copy again. Locally deleting a cloud database is sensible if you are looking at your databases on another computer and want to completely remove them afterwards.

3.14.10 Accessing Cloud Databases on other computers

An advantage of cloud databases is that you can access your data from any computer with an Internet connection. If you open your cloud databases on another computer, will all the games be downloaded?

Only the descriptions of the games that are visible in the games list are downloaded. When you click on a game the whole game is downloaded.

It is also possible to download all the games in a Cloud database to work with them locally. This is done by right clicking on a database symbol and selecting "*Cache Cloud Database*".

458	Chess	Base 15		_
	\sim		\bigcirc	
		Open	Eingabe	
	eperto	Search	Strg+F	pitters Rep
		Opening reference	Strg+Alt+Eingabe	
		E-Mail Selected Database		
-		Edit	,	
	Amat	Delete All Files	Umschalt+Entf	17.13MB = 58% of 200 MB
	Open Dase Pr	Tools	,	ig lcons x128 Huge lcons x256 Gi
	ber	Cache Cloud Database		M ECO Tournament [
		Database Sharing	Umschalt+Strg+Alt+S	
		Properties	Alt+Eingabe	

Click a database symbol for a preview here.

 $\underline{\text{Tip}}$: It is also possible to access the same cloud database on two computers at the same time. All changes are synchronised in real time.

3.14.11 Sharing Cloud Databases

Repertoire Black

Cloud databases can be shared with other users.

		Edit the users with whom you share the selected cloud database (Umschalt+Strg+Alt+S)	
	Connec clicking	t to the Cloud Server and select the database that you want to share by on it.	
		Move Repertoire to Cloud	
d	Database Sharing	Login	
	Cloud	t the users with whom you share the selected cloud database (Umschalt+Strg+Alt+S)	

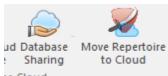
Click on the button "*Database Sharing*" to start the dialog to select which users are allowed to use the database. Alternatively you can right click on a database and

My Games

pitters

Repertoire White

select the option "Database Sharing".



Cloud databases that have been released to be shared can

be recognised by the green icon.

Users who may	access this database	×
User	Rights	
Matthias	Load	
💾 Pitters	Load/Save	
📄 Ben	Load	
L		
✓ Load		
Save		
Save		
Add User	Remove User	
Add Osel	Kentove oser	

Click on "Add User" and enter the ChessBase account name of the user. It is automatically checked if this is a valid account.

If the account does not exist this warning is displayed.

Info	×
Heinz Collin - Unknown User	
ОК	

Each user can be given three levels of access rights:

1. No rights – i.e. only the display of the database list.

2. Reading rights – i.e. loading of games.

3. Writing rights – i.e. storing games.

If you tick "Save", the user has writing rights for the shared database. Otherwise he can load the games in the database, but he isn't allowed to edit them in the Cloud.

How can I set Option 1 in the dialog? --> Untick both boxes.

The status is shown in the column "Rights" and by small symbols to the left of the user names.

User	Rights
Matthias	Load
💾 Pitters	Load/Save
📄 Ben	Load

In the explorer bar of the database window there is an entry "Cloud Databases/Shared with me" $\ensuremath{\mathsf{me}}$

Folders 👻 🗙	\sim				
🖃 📲 Database path					
🗄 📲 Computer					
🗄 📲 Öffentliche Dokumente	lucky12 - My	dsf - Dutch	schachegger - 1.e4		
🗄 🖣 Netzwerk	Games		e5 Bekannte Abs	2еб	
🗄 🙆 Game History					
					Doubleclick to open!
🚊 👰 Cloud Databases					
Shared With Me					
🖃 🏰 My Databases	DerAmateur:	Cloud Databases	connected. Used S	pace on server: 74	.76MB = 37% of 200MB

This displays all the databases that other users are sharing with you. You can see the relation to the other User too.

3.14.12 Publishing Cloud Databases on the Web

Click on the "Cloud" tab. Select a Cloud database and click "*Share*". Select "*Public Web Database*" in the following dialog and write a small description text.

Description:	
My best Games from Playchess.com!	^
	¥.
✓ Public Web Database	
URL: http://cloud.chessbase.com/86/downl	load.html
Test URL	
ОК	Cancel

Clicking on "*Test URL*" shows you how your database will look when it's published on the web.

The PGN Replayer is open and the game are available.



Your standard browser will be loaded, together with functions to replay games, and all the games will be available to be downloaded in PGN format.

Note: If you change the database, for example by adding new games, the web version of the database will be automatically updated. You do not need to use the share function again, and no new files are uploaded.

3.14.13 Repertoire Databases in the Cloud

In ChessBase you can manage your <u>opening repertoire</u> in two databases, one for White and one for Black. It is recommendable to keep these two databases in the Cloud, so that you can look at them on any computer that has ChessBase 13.

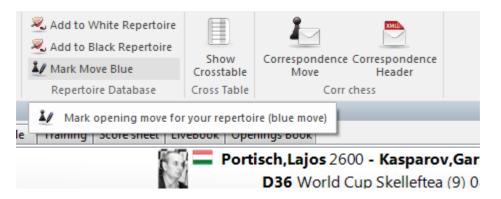
The first time you access the Cloud the program offers to automatically generate repertoire databases for White and Black.

If you accept the offer you can supply the source for the automatically generated databases.

You can create the repertoire databases at any time by selecting Report -> Create Repertoire in the database window and accessing a database with your own games.

If you already have a single repertoire database that you created without separating colours in ChessBase 12, the function Report -> Create Repertoire offers the possibility

to divide it into White and Black. ChessBase uses the moves that you have marked Blue. It is strongly recommended to divide your repertoire into White and Black.



In the board window, use the function Report -> Repertoire -> Mark Move Blue.

This marks the moves in your games which should be added to your repertoire. This builds a repertoire report for new game collections or searching in the repertoire database. There is no sense in marking all your games with 1.e4 in the repertoire report just because 1.e4 leads to a line in your repertoire database with Ruy Lopez.

You can access your openings at any time from any devices. Browser applications are currently being developed with which you can access your repertoire for training purposes without using ChessBase.

3.14.14 Cloud Database Icons

Cloud icons and their features are not displayed permanently in the database window. They disappear?



This is correct. They are dependent on logging in. As soon as you have logged in all the cloud icons are listed under "*My Databases*". When you log out they are removed.









schachegger - 1.e4 schachegger - Siz e5 Bekannte Abs... 2...e6

3.15 Database text

3.15.1 Database text

464

A database text is <u>not a game</u> but a text report, which may contain pictures, videos, positions and links to games, keys, other texts, etc.

		🔮 🕑 Ŧ				
File	Hom	e Edit				
Image: Back Forward Back Forward Home + ************************************						
N	lavigation		Vie	ew	Activ	ate
English	Deutsch	Francais	Espanol	Italiano	Nederlands	Portuguese

It appears like a game in the database list, and can be loaded in the same way.

Database texts can also contain links to video sequences. When you click a video icon the clip is replayed.

ChessBase Magazine usually includes over 30 minutes of video. The database text is created with a special <u>database text editor</u> that is built into the program. To start a new text click New – Text in the database window or press Ctrl-Alt-N.

Sorting database texts

When you sort a database this is how the database texts are handled:

Database texts without tournament data or year are sorted to the top of the database

Database texts with <u>tournament data</u> are placed in front of the tournament, so they appear as the first entry for a tournament in the <u>tournament index</u>. This is used to create a tournament report.

Database texts which contain data on specific rounds of a tournament (round reports) are sorted to the top of each round of the tournament.

3.15.2 Database text header

Database text editor: Text data (F2)

Texttitles	
Language	English
<u>T</u> itle	B. History
Author	Henris
<u>T</u> ournament	Albin Counter- More ?
🔲 <u>R</u> ound	1

The header of a text defines the way it will appear in the games list and its position when you sort the database.

> Titel, author and tournament

These will appear in the games list. The author will also be automatically included in the annotators' index. The title can be different for each language.

Round

If you enter a round number <u>sorting the database</u> will insert the text at the top of the corresponding round of the tournament (round reports).

Details

This is used to enter additional tournament information. This is exactly the same as in the <u>tournament data</u> dialog.

3.15.3 Database text editor

• Database window: Menu File New Text (Ctrl-Alt-N) Starts the database text editor with a new database text. You can also load an exisiting text and edit it.

Database text editor: Editor Mode (Ctrl-W)

After writing a text you can switch it to browser mode in which the text can only be read, not edited. In this mode links and embedded events are activated with a single mouse click (as in a web browser). In edit mode they require a double-click. Switch back to Editor mode if you want to make changes.

• Keyboard functions

The ChessBase editor conforms to most of the normal Windows conventions with regard to typing and editing. The keyboard functions are very similar to those of the Windows notepad.

Ctrl + cursor left/right	Jump one word left/right
Home/End:	Jump to beginning/end of line
Ctrl-Home/End	Jump to beginning/end of text
Shift + cursor keys	Mark text
Shift + Home/End	Mark text to beginning/end of line
Shift-Ctrl + Home/End	Mark to beginning/end of text
Ctrl-A	Mark entire text
Ctrl-B	Marked/following text bold
Ctrl-C	Copy marked text into clipboard (Ctrl-X cuts text)
Ctrl-E	Centre text
Ctrl-I	Marked/following text italic
Ctrl-R	Replace text
Ctrl-S	Save text
Ctrl-U	Underline marked/following text
Ctrl-V	Insert text from clipboard
Ctrl-Z	Undo last operation
Shift-Ctrl-Z	Redo last (undo) operation
Ctrl-0	Switch to standard text
Ctrl-1	Switch to main header
Ctrl-2	Switch to header 2
Ctrl-3	Switch to header 3

3.15.4 Database text multimedia links

Database text editor: Format - Multimedia



In a <u>database text</u> you can embed pictures, sound files and videos. The pictures must be in the Windows BMP format, sound files in the WAV format, and video in wmv. They can only be linked into the database text after you have saved it. The multimedia files are copied in separate directories with the name of the database and the extensions *.bmp, *.wav and *.avi.

Audio and video aliases

This allow you to use audio or video files more than once in a database text, e.g. in the translation of the text in a different language. Clicking Audio or Video alias

produces the list of all the files already used. Choose the one you need. The file is not copied a second time but has two links in the database text.

Links to sound files produce a sound file symbol in the text. When you click this symbol then the audio file will be replayed. WMV files are represented by the first frame of the video.

3.15.5 Database text chess links

Just like a HTML page ChessBase database texts can have links to other texts, pictures, videos, etc. In addition there are a number of chess specific links, such as tournaments, games, keys, players, etc. When a game link is clicked the game is loaded in a separate window for replay.

The links are to be found in the Links menu of the <u>Database text window</u> (you can also right-click in the text editor and select Link). The chess specific links are all to be found in the submenu ChessBase.



Edit Game (Shift-Ctrl-G)

The game must be loaded in a board window. The link is to the game and the exact position that is currently on the board. If the game is in the same database as the text, then the text will merely contain a reference to it. Note that in this case you cannot simply copy the text to another database. ChessBase will not be able to find the quoted game in the new database and so it will not be loaded. If the game is in a different database the ChessBase will copy the entire game (without commentary) into the text. However, only the reference will be visible.

▶ Edit Position link (Shift-Ctrl-D)

Inserts a diagram, which you can define in the <u>Enter position</u> mask. If you have loaded a game the position on the board will be automatically be inserted. You can select the diagram size, coordinates and specify whether it should be a full diagram or just a fragment, which you select from the Format dropdown menu. Mark the diagram and press Ctrl-E if you want to center it.

▶ Edit Cross table (Shift-Ctrl-T)

Click a tournament in the <u>tournament index</u> (you can also click the first game of the tournament in the games list). Switch to the database text and insert the Table link, which will appear as the tournament name. When you click this link a cross-table of the tournament is generated.

Edit Player (Shift-Ctrl-E)

Enter the player's full name, exactly as it appears in the <u>players encyclopedia</u>. To make sure you get the spelling right you should type in a few letters and then click the "?" button for a list of names from the encyclopedia. Choose the one you want. When you click the player link a picture and the biographical details are loaded from the encyclopedia.

Edit Text (Shift-Ctrl-X)

You can create a jump to a different text in the same database. A dialog box displays all the texts that are present, and you can select the one to be linked.

▶ Edit Game list (Shift-Ctrl-L)

This lists the games of a database. You cannot insert a link to the games of a different database.

► Edit Key link (Shift-Ctrl-K)

You can put a reference to an <u>openings</u> or <u>theme</u> index in a database. The key must be opened, but in order to avoid confusion only one key can be active in order for the link to be created.

► Edit Opening book (Shift-Ctrl-B)

This inserts a link to an openings book.

Edit External gamelist (Shift-Ctrl-F)

This inserts a link to the last opened database. Naturally if you send the database with the text to somebody else you must also include the external database, otherwise the link will not work.

Edit Search mask (Shift-Ctrl-M)

This allows you to define a search mask and create a link to it in the text. You can enter a name for the link (e.g. "Short wins"). When the link is clicked the search is conducted on the current database.

3.15.6 Format text

토 프 크	— Line	Arial • 30 •	
📲 Indent	H Format Normal		
	👸 Set Code Page	Text Color B I U	
Alignment	Format	Font	

Language

The language of the database text should be set with the tabs on the top left of the window. Depending on which language is set for the program operation the corresponding language will be automatically loaded.

Format: Header

There are four standard formats: Main header (Ctrl-1), header 2 (Ctrl-2), header 3 (Ctrl-3) or standard text (Ctrl-0). You can also use Define header formats (Ctrl-D) to set the font, colour, alignment and stylefor each of the formats.

Format: Alignment

Use Left align (Ctrl-I), Right align (Shift-Ctrl-R) or Centered (Ctrl-E) to align the marked or following text.

Format: Indent

The left indent is given in points.(each point corresponding to 1/72 Inch)

Format: Style

Use Italic (Ctrl-I), Bold (Ctrl-B) or Underline (Ctrl-U) for the marked or following text.

Format: Font (Ctrl-F), Font size

This allows you to select a font for the marked text. It is advisable to only use standard Windows fonts, otherwise the text may not appear properly on other computer systems where the font is not installed.

Format: Text color (Ctrl-R)

Change color of marked text. You can select a color from the Windows colours palette.

Format: Web Link

Type in the URL of a web site. Clicking the link will start up your Internet browser and connection to the web site given.

Format: Pin note

Mark a text passage and then click Format – Pin note. You will be prompted for a text label, which is inserted in place of the marked text. Clicking the pin note label in the database text makes the original text appear in a separate box. Pin notes help you to make your text neater. You should use them to insert explanations or footnotes to the text.

Format: Text Label

This is a link within a database text. You must enter a text string. When the lable is clicked the program will search for this in the database text and jump to that position. Text labels are very useful for a table of contents at the top of a text, or for jumping to other sections.

Format: Line

Inserts a horizontal line in the text

You can also format text and insert links by marking and then right-clicking it

ChessBase 15

3.15.7 Default Text

470

When a database contains a <u>database text</u> at the first position, you can open this by clicking on the text tab in the <u>database list window</u>:

The Albin Counter-Gambit <u>Training</u>



This training section provides games featuring ideas and plans typical for the Albin Counter-Gambit which should be looked at both from White's and from Black's point of view. The entire training includes the solving of concrete game positions to improve your understanding of typical ideas and plans.

The following games are proposed for training:

Games featuring typical manoeuvres for Black in the Albin Counter-Gambit:

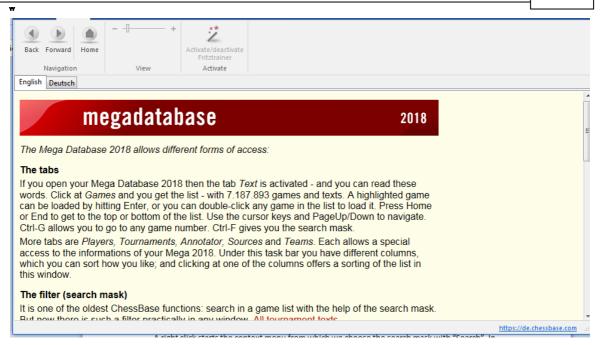
There is no language selection tab in this editor, the text is shown in the program language. To switch between possible other languages, load the database text by double-clicking it from the games list:

Text Game	Players	Tournaments	Annotator	Sources	Teams	Opening	s Th	emes T	actics
Number Wh	ite		Elo W	Black		E	lo B	Result	Mov
The World Champions Text									
The Challengers							Text		
Conditions								Text	
Alekhine								Text	

3.15.8 Looking for and finding database texts

Our database format allows not only the simple saving of games, positions or game data. Databases may also contain extensive texts including embedded links, these are called database texts. All database texts are produced with the integrated ChessBase text editor and contain important information.

The following screenshot shows an example of the way database texts are represented within a games list.



Within the text itself you can immediately access the game being discussed with a click on the link or in Fritz Trainers you can load the appropriate video directly.

Database texts are generally to be found at the start of the games list, but can also be stored in the middle or at the end of the list. You can target a search for database texts in one or more databases.

Let us assume that you would like to search through several databases in ChessBase for database texts. Hold down the Ctrl key and use mouse clicks to mark the databases to be searched.

A right click starts the context menu from which we choose the search mask with "Search". In the search mask, under the tab "Game data" there is the option Text.

In Repertoire No	🔘 White) Black	V Text
Any Text			Not
Time Control		Blitz	🔘 Rapid

If this button is activated, the program will filter out for the window containing the results of your search all those database texts which are present.

<u>Tip</u>: if you frequently make use of a search for database texts, ChessBase allows you to store the criteria for your search and reload whenever you need to! These functions are made available to you in the search mask of the new version of the program via *Load* and *Save*.

4 Support

4.1 Optimize Real 3D Board

To use the real 3D Board, you need a fast graphics adapter which supports 3D rendering in hardware. It should be compatible with <u>DirectX</u> 9 or better. If there are any problems, please try to download recent driver software for your graphics adapter. Check the Microsoft Windows Update page or the web site of the hardware manufacturer.

Important: Usually only the latest drivers of a graphics adapter bring optimal performance.

If you do not use the real 3D board, you do not need DirectX.

4.2 Trouble shooting

• My position (reference) search does not find all games Delete and recreate the <u>search booster</u>, it might be defect

I don't have access to the <u>Online database</u>.

Using the Online database presupposes that you have a proper dial-up network connection installed. When you start your Internet browser the connection should be made automatically. If it is not you will have to manually start it before you try to access games from the Online database from within ChessBase.

▶ The <u>E-mail function</u> of ChessBase does not work, and nothing is sent Your Email program is not registered as your default Email client. Check the settings of your Email client or use the Windows Control Panel – Internet Options - tab Programs. The email program should support Simple MAPI. Netscape 7.1 does not support Simple MAPI.

▶ In the board window the chessboard has letters instead of pieces The <u>diagram fonts</u> have not been correctly installed. Possibly ChessBase did not get the rights to install fonts in your Windows setup. Try to install the fonts manually. They are all to be found in the directory \Fonts on the ChessBase DVD.

When printing diagrams on an HP printer the white squares are too narrow
 Switch to alternate font mapping. In the board window go to File – Print – Page setup
 Fonts and change the font settings to "ChessBase Alternate".

• When printing diagrams on an HP laserjet IIIP printer, characters appear in stead of figurines.

There are two options in the Printer Setup – Fonts: 1. Print True Type Fonts as Bitmap Soft Fonts and 2. Print True Type as Graphic.

You need to set option 2

4.3 Font problems

Problem

In the game notation and in printouts the chess symbols are not given correctly;

or

For the chessboard the wood and marble textures are not available; the board cannot be scaled.

Cause

The TrueType fonts are not correctly installed. This most often occurs when you do not have the required administration rights under Windows.

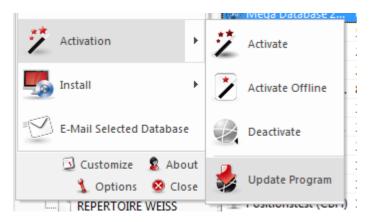
Solution

Install the fonts manually in the Windows Control Panel – Fonts. The fonts are to be found in the *directory* *Fonts* on your ChessBase DVD.

4.4 Support

First of all: Check for <u>updates</u> in the chess server.

Automatic updates as required



Updates are actively supplied for the program

The program is supplied with a help file. When in the program, click on the symbol with a question mark on the top right-hand edge of the screen to open the help file.

Visit the <u>support page</u> on www.chessbase.com for answers to frequently asked questions.



ChessBase Wiki

Do you have any questions about Fritz or ChessBase? Are there any problems in using your Fritztrainer? Please take a look in the new ChessBase Wiki! Find answers, instructions and troubleshooting for the latest ChessBase products. <u>Click here for ChessBase Wiki</u>

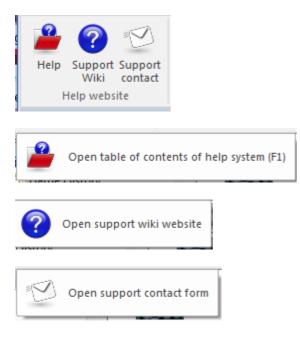
Check the <u>download page</u> of www.chessbase.com for further resources.

Write a mail to our support if this does not solve your problem.

Check for Windows Updates.

You can also access our Help ressources.

Menu Help



4.5 Admin Tool

In the program folder you will find the separate program "ChessBaseAdminTool.exe".

This application is started automatically after the program is started and informs you about the <u>activation</u> status of the installed programs.

In the case of problems with the activation the program can be started manually by double clicking on the EXE file in the program folder.

- Activate starts the dialog for the program activation.
- Activate Offline starts the dialog for the program activation on a computer without Internet access.
- **Deactivate** deactivates the selected program version.

4.6 FAQ on activating / deactivating

Recent versions of our programs come with a serial number. After the program has been installed, it is absolutely necessary to activate the software by inputting this on our activation server. After the software installation the activation dialog box is automatically displayed. This is where – when connected to the internet – you enter the serial number.

Question: On how many computers can one install and activate, for example, the latest version of Fritz or ChessBase?

Answer: In principle it is possible to install, activate and then use each of our programs simultaneously on three different computers. That makes it possible for you to employ your software, e.g., on a desktop computer and a notebook!

Question: I have got a serial number for the chess server and the registration of a ChessBase Account. Although I am certain that the serial number is valid, it is not accepted when I enter it via My account – Enter serial number!

<u>Answer</u>: A valid serial number allows you to unlock an account only once. When the serial number has been used for an activation, its useful life is over and thus the serial number can no longer be used for further activations!

Question: I have bought a new computer. Whenever I want to activate a program with the serial number, I get the succinct reply, the *Serial number is in use*.

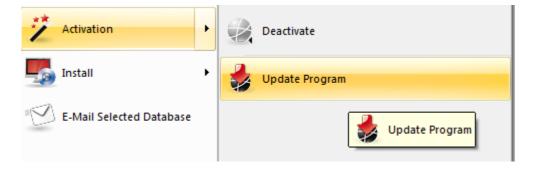
Answer: You absolutely have to make sure that when you change the configuration of your system or acquire a new computer that you have deactivated the program! By doing so you reset the number of times the serial number has been used and you can then input your serial number again when you have changed the configuration or bought a new computer.

The option for deactivation can be found under File Activation Deactivate!

4.7 Updates

The serial number is needed for the first program start.

After entering <u>the serial number</u> the program has unlimited access to the online database and the Updates.



4.8 64 bit versions of Windows

Attention: In the 64 bit versions of Windows it is now the convention to install programs in a different path, "C:\Program Files", and no longer in "C:\Program Files (0x86)".

For this reason only the 3D boards packaged with CB12 can be used, not those included with Fritz. Some older engines might still be found in "C:\Program Files (0x86) \ChessBase\Engines."

4.9 DGT Board 64 Bit

If you have a 64bit application like ChessBase12 64bit or Deep Fritz 14 then you need to connect with the DGT e-Board. At this moment most of the chess applications are 32bit!! If you are not certain and have a 64bit Windows, you can install both 32bit and 64bit drivers.

Download Site is <u>http://www.digitalgametechnology.com/site/index.php/dgtsupport/</u> <u>downloads-2</u>

4.10 Error Messages

4.10.1 Can't open database

ChessBase cannot find or open a database.

Possible causes:

- The database is being used by another program in write-protect mode (see network capabilities)
- The database is corrupted. Run an <u>integrity test</u> and try to repair the database.
- Too many databases are opened simultaneously (not too likely).
- The database has been deleted externally while ChessBase was running (i.e. the icon is still displayed).
- The database was copied from a DVD to your hard disk without removing the write protection (which is on all DVD files). Remove the write protection or use the function <u>Menu File Install Install Database from DVD</u> instead of copying the files with the Explorer.

4.10.2 Database in use, can't delete

You are trying to delete, rename or reorganize a database that is currently in use. Please first close all relevant windows.

The database could also be open from another program, e.g. over the local network.

4.10.3 Only replace game with multimedia commentary

Multimedia commentary (sound, pictures, video) in games and <u>database texts</u> are saved in separate directories and files. This makes certain restrictions necessary. Saving a game in the same database would duplicate all multimedia files. For this reason ChessBase only permits <u>replace game</u>.

4.10.4 Not enough RAM memory

The function you are trying to use requires more RAM memory than is installed in your computer. For instance, <u>finding double games</u> is fast because a lot of information is cached in memory. Without enough memory the function may be painfully slow.

4.10.5 Read/write error

478

ChessBase can open a database but cannot store any games in it.

Possible causes:

ChessBase 15

- The database is corrupted use the integrity check to repair it.
- Your hard disk partition is full.
- Another program has opened the database so that no write operations are possible (see <u>network capabilities</u>).

4.10.6 Wrong database format

The function you have chosen is not possible with this type of database.

Examples:

1. You cannot create keys or a search booster in a <u>PGN</u> database.

2. You cannot access indexes, find doubles or check integrity on a database in the older CBF format.

Solution: Convert the database to the normal ChessBase format (right-click the database symbol).

Index

_ * _

*.cbcloud 456 *.cbone 308

- 3 -

3D board 81, 90, 361, 366, 472

- 6 -

64 bit versions of Windows 476

- A -

A tip on searching for doubles 313 A tip on tactical analysis 393 Aboservice 294 Accessing Cloud Databases on other computers 457 Activation 12 Add game to repertoire 346 Admin Tool 475 Algebraic Notation 148, 318 356 Amazon Analyse 378 Analysis engine 78, 152, 184, 371, 375, 376 Analysis Jobs 384 Annotating games 74, 199, 200, 201, 204, 206, 208, 210, 216, 318 Annotation palette 74, 200 165 Annotator Annotator index 114 Archive database 301, 315 Assisted analysis 190

- B -

Backup 249, 301 Best book line 84 Best game 93 Bid Dialog 422 Board design 168 Board window 70 Board window - Save Game in Cloud 455 Board window with provided engine 401 Book analysis window 84 Book window 85, 171 Bookmark games in ChessBase 211 **Browse Positions** 245

- C -

124 Calling up the search mask 451 Can a text commentary be edited or deleted? Can engine matches be carried out with Cloud Engines? 413 Can engines be used without paying ducats? 413 Can I negotiate a price? 413 Can Let's Check be used anonymously? 449 Can more than one engine be offered on a computer? 414 Can senseless moves be input and analysed? 450 Can the length of time for using an engine be limited? 413 Can variations and evaluations be manipulated? 450 Can't open database 477 Category (Tournament) 176 CBF 307 CBH 303, 307 Changed conventions for the saving and replacing of games! 217 Check integrity 305 Chess Media System 225 Chess Movies 25 Chess notation 318 ChessBase Magazine 317 Classification 316, 334 Classification keys 337 Classification positions 338 Classify whole database 334 Clever game handling 251 Clip database 284 Clip database for web-based use 285 **Cloud Analysis** 381 Cloud Database Icons 463

Cloud Databases 451 **Collect Openings** 332 Color bars 213 coloured circle in the notation? 209 Commentaries in the LiveBook 441 Commentary symbols 318 Contents 11 Coordinates 168 288, 290 Copy games Copy games to book 159, 298 Copying and inserting ASCII and FEN 197 Copying games with a right click 102 Correcting moves 196 Correspondence chess management 29.367 Correspondence header 368 Correspondence move 370 Correspondence Notation 318 Create new Cloud Databases 454 Create training lessons 226 Creating a Repertoire Database 346 Creation date 279 Critical positions 206 Cross Tables 176 CTG 303, 307, 333 CTRL-F6 178 Customising the display of information 102 **Customize Shortcuts** 179

- D -

Database file selector 159. 287 DataBase Format Cloud 452 Database formats 303. 305. 307. 313 Database functions with Cloud Databases 456 Database in use can't delete 477 Database Management 282 Database paths 300 Database Preview 36 **Database statistics** 104 Database symbols 278 Database text 464 Database text chess links 467 Database text editor 465 Database text header 465 Database text multimedia links 466 Database Text Window 99.470

Database types 164, 275 Database window 34 Database window Start 24.299 Databases 24, 273, 276, 299, 305 Deactivation 12 Decriptive Notation 148 Deep analysis 379 Default book 281 45, 371 Default engine Define reference database 321 Delete game 290 Deleting a Cloud Database locally 457 Deleting a Database 292 Description Let's Check 425 Description LiveBook 426 Desian 151 DGT Board 69.361 197 Diagram Diagram list 360 Diagrams within notation 65 Differences between CBH and CBCloud Formats 456 Different Statistical Displays in the Opening Book 88 Direct Search 232 DirectX 81, 90, 361, 366, 472 Discovering a position 431 Display Current Main Line 46 **Docking Window** 19 Double click on the fast board 37 **Double Games** 310 Downloads Reference Database 297 Drag and Drop 183, 241 Driver 366. 472 Ducats 423

- E -

EBook 356 ECO classification 316 302 Edit menu in games list Edit Openings Book 85 Edit player's names 165 Editorial annotation 206 Elo Profile 262 109, 262, 266, 269, 316 Elo ratings

E-Mail 25, 359 Encrypting databases 301 **Endgame Classification** 119 Endgame keys 115 Endgame probabilities 40 Endgames 115, 135, 260 Engine 43, 78, 152, 184, 371, 376 Engine Cloud 393 Engine connection 402 Engine dialog Cloud 418 Engine parameters 375, 376 Engine window 43, 378 Enginelayout 371 185, 196 Enter moves Enter moves with single clicks 196 Enter position 197 EPub 356 Express correction 185 Extend your game collection 285 Extended Book display 87 Extended Information in the Board Window 72

- F -

FAQ on activating / deactivating 475 Fashion Index 42 Fast Switch of the Reference Search 253 Fast Switch of the Search Database 254 Favourites list 365 Feedback for training positions 161 FEN diagram description 197 **Figurine Notation** 148 File names and extensions 303. 305 124, 231, 252 Filter Filter – Good Games 307 Filtering a list 232 **Final Material** 260 335 Find novelty/compare **Finding Games** 23 Flexible headings in the notation window 65 Fold notation 75 Folder Shortcut 159, 287 Folders 158, 310 Font problems 473 Fonts 183, 473 Fonts Commentary Box 203

Format text468Full text search in the Tournament list113

- G -

Game Analysis with Cloud Engines 416 Game Analysis with Let's Check 434 Game analysis with Let's Check 445 Game History 249 Game History Board window 77 Game overview 91 Game Title 119 309 Games indexes Games list 99, 231, 241, 302, 350 Games subscriptions 296 Gaviota EGTB files 157 GM Title 109, 170, 262, 265, 266 322 Good Games Goto Fritz 93 Graphic commentary 208 **Graphics Adapter** 366, 472

- H -

Hash tables 375 Help Menu 38 Heumas 152, 185, 196 249 History Honours Lists 447 How are the Let's Check honours lists created? 450 How can you insert a possible continuation into a saved game? 197 How should a game be analysed with Let's Check? 434

- | -

ICCF Correspondence Chess Server 366 ID-Card 170, 262, 265 Ignored Users 421 Illegal positions 223 Immediate Access to the Repertoire Database 345 Import protocol 164, 275, 290 Improve Playernames 306 Index 309

481

Infinite Analysis with a Cloudengine 417 Info boards 426 Information in the Chat window 439 Insert a diagram before the first move 214 Insert new key 341 Install database from CD 293 Install database on hard disk 294 Install new key 341 Installed Engines 371 Instant Analysis 39 Integrity 305 Intelligent Searches in the Online Database 246 Interactive search for structures 235 Is my analysis always sent to Let's Check? 449

- K -

Kev 115, 116, 117, 118, 260, 331, 337, 339, 340, 341, 342 Kev functions 340 Key memo 342 Keyboard shortcuts for commentary symbols 180 Keyboard shortcuts in games lists 180 Keyboard shortcuts in the board window 181 Keyboard shortcuts in the database window 182 Kibitzer 43, 78, 152, 184, 371, 375, 376 Knock Out 176

- L -

Language 362 Language selection by mouse click 203 72 lay Lavout 31. 70. 178 Let's Check context menu 438 Let's Check Server Statistics 437 Limits 153.362 List View Engine Cloud 395 List window 97, 99, 112, 309 Load and save layouts 70 Load Engine 372 Loading multiple instances of an engine 374 Lock engine 184 Looking for and finding database texts 470

- M -

Main window Engine Cloud 395 Manoeuvres 131 Material 23, 47, 115, 135, 148, 260 Maximum size of the tree of positions 87 Medals 210 Media Player 225 Mega Database 254, 319 Merging games 221, 349 Miscellaneous options 363 Mobi 356 185, 196 Moves Moves highlighted with a yellow arrow 66 Movies in ChessBase 27 Moving Windows 178 Multimedia commentary 199 **Multiple Choice** 226, 228 My databases 276

- N -

Name of the Opening 324 Navigating games with the slider 73 Navigation Chess Board 21 Network capabilities 315 **Networked Analysis** 443 New - Board/Position/Text 46 New Index 119 New input mode for games 187 Next best move 46, 378 no games displayed in player index 111 No information from the player encyclopaedia 265 Not enough RAM memory 477 Notation 47. 75. 92. 148. 318 Notation Window 47.75 Notation Window Toolbar 67 Notes for the providers of public engines 406 **Novelties** 335 Novelty 335 Novelty Annotation 336

- 0 -

Offering a public Cloud Engine 406

Online Database 242.253 **Opening Reference** 254, 322 Opening reference on Database 327 Openings 322, 328 84, 85, 159, 171, 281, 298, 333 Openings book Openings classification 331, 337, 338 Openings key 23, 331, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342 **Openings Key Window** 331, 339, 340 **Openings** report 328 **Options Encyclopedia** 175 Options in the book window 171 Output menu in games list 350 Overview in Diagrams 91

- P -

Panes 178 Parameters for Reference Search 160 Passing on to the openings app 96 Password 315 Patterns 23. 145 Pawn structure 145, 216 PGN Downloads from the Internet 314 PGN Format 303, 307, 313, 363 Photos 109, 170, 262, 265, 266, 269 Piece path 216 Piece probability 260 Piece Set 168 Plan Explorer 58 Player dossier 268 Player encyclopedia 170, 262, 265, 269, 273 Player Encyclopedia as List 271 Player Encyclopedia online 264 Player index 109, 266, 273 Player preparation by mouse click 111 109, 147, 165, 170, 262, 265, 266, 269, Players 273 Playing through games with the mouse wheel 22 Position 145, 197 Position Setup using the DGT board 69 Print Up to move XX" option 25 Printing 351, 353, 360 Diagrams 25 Games 25 Repertoire 349

Score Sheet 92 Private Users 421 378 Processors Progress Bar 431 Protocol 290 Providers of Cloud Engines 414 **Public Cloud Engines** 403 Publisher 114 Publishing Cloud Databases on the Web 461 Publishing of Games in the Internet 354

- Q ·

Quick Access15Quick searches via the input line122

- R -

Rapid input of games 189 Ray Tracing boards 82 Read/write error 478 Rearranging windows 178 **Recent Databases** 97 Reference 254. 322 Reference database 164, 253, 254, 275, 321, 322 Registering for web functions 14 Registration with ChessBase Cloud 453 Remove deleted games 282, 290 Removing critical positions from notation 207 Removing medals 211 Rename a Database 293 92, 221, 343, 346 Repertoire Repertoire database 164. 275. 343. 346 Repertoire Databases in the Cloud 462 Repertoire print 349 Repertoire training 55 222 Replace game Replace game with multimedia commentary 477 Replay arrows 168 Replay Training 49 Retro moves 174 Revenue 420 Ribbons 15 Round Robin 176

- S -

Sacrifice 117, 252 Same players 259 Save Game to Cloud 217 Save mask 165. 167. 217 Saving games 165, 217 Saving Games in PGN 314 Saving searches 232 Score Sheet 92 Screen Layout 19 283. 305 Search booster Search for annotations 130 Search for game data 127 search for games between players whose Elo ratings differ greatly 236 Search for manoeuvres 131 Search for material 135 Search for medals 144 Search for position 145 Search for sacrifices 252 Search for similar endgames 256 Search for similar middle game structures 257 Search for similar moves 258 Search in the Online database 253 Search in the player encyclopedia 269 Search in the reference database 253 Search mask 76, 124, 127, 130, 131, 135, 144, 145, 231, 252 Search mask - Attacks 140 Search result window 76 Searching for annotated games 241 Searching for positions 239 Searching for time controls 146 Searching in the online shop 324 Sending games to the web app Fritz 94 Serial Number 174 Server Engine-Cloud.com 393 Service Pack 476 Setting the notation 148 Settings Computer Cloud 419 Settings dialog for providers 418 Sharing Cloud Databases 458 31, 179, 180, 181, 182 Shortcuts Show classification positions 338

Show contents of DVD 34 Show Hot Variations 326 Show Next Move 87 Showing the name of the opening 67 Single Line Search Input 122 Slider 21 Solve training lessons 228 Sort Tournament Tables 176 Sorting database texts 464 241 Sorting games Sorting Keys 342 Sound 363 Source edit dialog 172 Source index 114, 172 Speedindex 448 Spelling of players' names 273 Standard engine 45. 152 Start Let's Check 431 Statistics 262 Stopping the variation box from appearing 205 Storage space for the Cloud Databases 455 Strategy key 116, 260 Summary of the auction system 410 Support 32, 473 Swiss System 176 Symbol palette 74.200 Syzygy Tablebases 154

- T -

Table notation 92 Tablebases 154, 158, 310 Tactical analysis 391 Tactics 224 Tactics key 117 Taskmanager 39 Teams 165 Teams index 115 Text commentary 201 Theme keys 118 Theory Weight 103 Threats 224 **Tip Deleting Games** 291 Tip for a new installation 281 Tip Search mask 129 **Tipp Merging Games** 222

Tips Game list 101 Tips on searching for a player 234 Title Norm 176 Toolbar 97 Top Game 103 Tournament data 173 Tournament index 112 Tournament tables 176 161, 226, 228, 229 Training Training database 164, 229, 275 Training notation 229 Training questions including those being timed 162 Training questions with diagrams 230 Transfer key 342 Transfer of thematic keys 118 Trends 42 Trouble shooting 472 Trying Out Moves 194 Types of databases 164, 275

- U -

UCI Engines 376 Unplayed transpositions 174 Update 476 Update of the Reference Database 294 Updates 32, 473 Up-dating the search window of the online database 248 Usage 279 Use of Cloud Engines 413 Use of colours for variations within the notation 62 Use Theme Keys 363 useful shortcut Ctrl-F6 39 User name 147 Using a Cloud Engine privately 402 Using Cloud Databases offline 456

Variation dialog 67 Variations 185, 204 Videos 317 Vista 371

- W -

What difference does the power of my computer make? 449 What do the green, blue and red letters for the depth mean? 436 What do the two diagrams in the LiveBook window mean? 450 What does "Max Time for Fixed Rate" mean? 414 What does it cost? 449 What engines are allowed? 449 What is a database 273 What price should I ask for my system configuration? 414 Why does the progress bar often jump back after reaching 100%? 437 Windows 178 Windows Media Player 225 Wrong database format 478